

# Rackspace Autoscale

## Getting Started Guide

API v1.0 (Jul 2, 2013)

DRAFT  
PREVIEW

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The Rackspace Autoscale service responds to events by changing capacity to meet current needs. This ability to expand the configuration in response to increased workload means that you can begin with a minimal cloud configuration and grow only when the cost of that growth is justified.

This version of the document replaces and obsoletes all previous versions. The most recent changes are described in the following table:

Revision Date	Summary of Changes
Jul 2, 2013	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Initial draft for preview release.</li> </ul>

You can see and experiment with all Rackspace Autoscale API calls at <http://docs.autoscale.apiary.io/>.

To use Rackspace Autoscale, you must be able to set cloud monitoring alarms and create cloud servers and cloud load balancers. You can read API documentation for those and other Rackspace services at <http://docs.rackspace.com/>.



server within the group is at 90%. That alarm triggers a webhook that Autoscale created previously. When that webhook is activated, Autoscale receives the alert and carries out a policy specific to that webhook. This policy says "When this webhook is triggered, create five servers according to the launch configuration, and add them to the load balancer." Autoscale then initiates creation of those servers within the scaling group.

Autoscaling can also work in the opposite direction. A policy can say "When this webhook is triggered, scale down by five servers."



## Note

For the Preview release, scaling down is not implemented. Autoscale can create servers, but you must manually remove those servers when you no longer want them to be active.





- [Next Generation Cloud Servers Getting Started](#)
- [Next Generation Cloud Servers Developer Guide](#)

To learn more about configuring cloud load balancers through an API, see the following information:

- [Rackspace Cloud Load Balancers Getting Started](#)
- [Rackspace Cloud Load Balancers Developer Guide](#)

The Rackspace Open Cloud Community is another place to learn about working with cloud resources through APIs. Within the community, the Developer Forum begins at <https://community.rackspace.com/developers/default>.

### 3.3. Scaling Policies

Scaling policies specify how to change the scaling group. A group can be managed by multiple scaling policies.

The scaling policy describes the following items:

- scaling policy name
- change value (*incremental or per cent*)
- policy cooldown (*in seconds*)
- execute webhook (*generated*)

Within the policy configuration, `policy cooldown` describes, in seconds, how long a group managed by this policy must wait after scaling before beginning to scale again.

## 4. Using the Autoscale API

You can create a oscaling group by following the steps described in this chapter.



### Tip

If you want to try these steps in your own environment, you can use <http://docs.autoscale.apiary.io/> to generate cURL commands.

## 4.1. Step 1: Authenticate

As with all Rackspace APIs, before you can use the Rackspace Autoscale API you must authenticate with your Rackspace credentials.

When you authenticate, you give your credentials to the Rackspace Cloud Identity Service. If your credentials are valid, the Identity Service responds with your Service Catalog, which includes your token, token ID, user ID, and token tenant ID. To make requests of Autoscale, you must use your token tenant id, also known as the tenantID.

If you subscribe to many Rackspace services, your Service Catalog response might be lengthy. For an example of an annotated Service Catalog response, showing how to recognize the token and other elements in both JSON and XML formats, see [http://docs.rackspace.com/auth/api/v2.0/auth-client-devguide/content/Sample\\_Request\\_Response-d1e64.html](http://docs.rackspace.com/auth/api/v2.0/auth-client-devguide/content/Sample_Request_Response-d1e64.html).

After you have your token, you can use it to identify yourself to Rackspace Autoscale and other services.



### Tip

For detailed information about the Rackspace Cloud Identity Service, visit <http://docs.rackspace.com/auth/api/v2.0/auth-client-devguide/content/QuickStart-000.html>.

## 4.2. Step 2: Create a Server and Save its Image

Create a cloud server. You can create a server through the [control panel](#). You can also create a server through the Cloud Servers API by using a [Create Server](#) request.

With the Cloud Servers API, you can use a [List Images](#) request to retrieve a list of options available for configuring your server.

### Example 4.1. Requesting a List of Cloud Server Images

```
curl -X GET -H "Content-Type: application/json" -H "X-Auth-token:{auth-token}"
https://ord.servers.api.rackspacecloud.com/v2/{Tenant-id}/images?type=
SNAPSHOT | python -mjson.tool
```

Customize your cloud server so that it can process your requests. For example, if you are building a webhead scaling group, configure Apache to start on launch and serve the files that you need.

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```
[
  {
    "name": "scale up by one server",
    "change": 1,
    "cooldown": 150,
    "type": "webhook"
  },
  {
    "name": "scale down by 5.5 percent",
    "changePercent": -5.5,
    "cooldown": 6,
    "type": "webhook"
  }
]
```



## 4.5. Step 5: Create Webhooks

### Example 4.4. Creating a Scaling Webhook: Request

```
[
  {
    "name": "gus",
    "metadata": {
      "notes": "This is is note about a webhook. In the response, look
above this line to the href to see the webhook's endpoint."
    }
  }
]
```

```
{
  "webhooks": [
```

```
{
  "id": "de94fb86-1cf5-41cc-913a-84a33a7d37f5",
  "links": [
    {
      "href": "https://autoscale.api.rackspacecloud.com/v1.0/384776/groups/1ce13f33-39c4-46ea-823e-c3726b294df9/policies/33aeaf8e-8a0f-45ca-8275-b3727dea48cf/webhooks/de94fb86-1cf5-41cc-913a-84a33a7d37f5/",
      "rel": "self"
    },
    {
      "href": "https://autoscale.api.rackspacecloud.com/v1.0/execute/1/bd9ba9620b2564c49352e49ce12c81efb64522cdededad2830ce2aee649dca0b7/",
      "rel": "capability"
    }
  ],
  "metadata": {
    "notes": "This is is note about a webhook. In the response, look above this line to the href to see the webhook's endpoint."
  },
  "name": "gus"
}
```

#### 4.6. Step 6: Execute a Scaling Policy

After you define a **policy**, you can activate that policy by issuing a **POST** request against its URL.

### Example 4.6. Activating a Scaling Policy: cURL

```
curl -X POST https://autoscale.api.rackspacecloud.com/v1.0/execute/1/{capability hash}/ -v
```

```
[
  {
    "name": "scale up by one server",
    "change": 1,
    "cooldown": 150,
    "type": "webhook"
  },
  {
    "name": "scale down by 5.5 percent",
    "changePercent": -5.5,
    "cooldown": 6,
    "type": "webhook"
  }
]
```

The **POST** request causes the **scaling policy** to execute, which causes the **scaling group** to transform if it is able to do so.

## 4.7. Step 7: Deactivate and Delete a Scaling Group

### Example 4.7. Deactivating a Scaling Group

```
{
  "name": "workers",
  "cooldown": 60,
  "minEntities": 0,
  "maxEntities": 0,
  "metadata": {
    "firstkey": "this is a string",
    "secondkey": "1"
  }
}
```



For the Preview release, scaling down is not implemented. Autoscale can create servers, but you must manually remove those servers when you no longer want them to be active.

When a group contains no servers, you can eliminate the group by sending a **DELETE** request to its group ID.

```
DELETE /[tenantId]/groups/[groupId]
```