Audio-to-Text Conversion - Model layer

Hugging Face Model Zoo — What to use and when

CTC on raw waveform (self-supervised encoders)

- What it is: Encoder (wav2vec 2.0 / HuBERT / WavLM) + CTC head over characters/BPE.
- Why it matters: Strong with limited labels; simple, fast decoding; easy domain finetuning.

• Checkpoints:

- facebook/wav2vec2-base-960h (EN)
- facebook/wav2vec2-large-960h-lv60-self (EN, SSL-pretrained)
- facebook/wav2vec2-large-xlsr-53 (multilingual pretrain; many finetunes exist per language)
- facebook/hubert-large-ls960-ft (EN)
- microsoft/wavlm-base-plus (pretrained; add a CTC head)
- Best for: Read/clean speech, telephony after light domain adaptation, low-latency CTC decoding.

Seq2Seq on log-Mel (Whisper family)

- What it is: Encoder-decoder Transformer trained on huge weakly-labeled pairs; predicts text tokens (and timestamps).
- Why it matters: SOTA robustness, multilingual, works well zero-shot; timestamps & translation modes.

• Checkpoints:

- openai/whisper-tiny/...-base/...-small/...-medium/...-large-v2/...large-v3
- Distilled: distil-whisper/distil-small.en, .../distil-large-v2 (faster)
- Many domain/language finetunes (e.g., NbAiLab/whisper-small-nob for Norwegian)
- Best for: Noisy, accented, long-form audio; multilingual; needs timestamps or translation.

Conformer / Transducer (streaming-friendly)

 What it is: Conformer (conv + attention) encoder with CTC/Transducer decoding; supports streaming.

- Why it matters: Low latency and strong WER, popular in production.
- Checkpoints (HF hosted by frameworks):
 - SpeechBrain Conformer+TransformerLM (e.g., speechbrain/asr-conformertransformerlm-librispeech)
 - ESPnet Conformer (e.g., espnet/kanbayashi_librispeech_asr_train_asr_conformer_raw_bpe_sp_valid.a cc.ave)
 - Meta wav2vec2-Conformer finetunes: facebook/wav2vec2-conformer-relpos-large-960h-ft
- Best for: Online/streaming ASR, meetings/calls where latency is key.

Massively Multilingual (low-resource coverage)

- What it is: Models trained across 100+ languages; handles very low-resource locales.
- Why it matters: Coverage beats per-language models when data is scarce.
- Checkpoints:
 - facebook/mms-1b-all/facebook/mms-300m (MMS ASR)
 - Whisper multilingual sizes (above)
- Best for: Broad language support, cross-lingual transfer.

Domain-specific finetunes

- What it is: Finetunes on finance, medical, meetings, etc.
- Why it matters: Big gains on jargon, numerals, and acoustics.
- **Examples:** Earnings calls (mozilla-foundation/earnings22 finetunes on Whisper); many language-specific wav2vec2 finetunes like jonatasgrosman/wav2vec2-large-xlsr-53-xx-xx.

Add-ons you'll likely want

- **Punctuation/casing restoration:** Run a lightweight seq2seq/transformer after ASR (search "punctuation restoration" models on HF).
- CTC + LM decoding: pyctcdecode + KenLM for numbers, acronyms, domain terms.
- Diarization: Pipeline ASR with pyannote models when multi-speaker timestamps matter.

Architectural innovations (why these work)

• Self-supervised pretraining on raw audio (wav2vec2, HuBERT, WavLM): contrastive/masked prediction creates strong acoustic representations from hours of unlabeled speech; CTC head fine-tunes with little labeled data.

- **Conformer blocks:** marry local conv (phones/formants) with global attention (long context), improving WER and efficiency, and enabling streaming variants.
- Transducer decoding (RNN-T/Conformer-T): alignment-free, low-latency decoding better suited to streaming than full attention decoders.
- **Seq2Seq (Whisper):** encoder-decoder Transformer trained on massive weakly-labeled pairs; built-in language/task tokens, timestamp prediction, and robustness to noise/domain shift.
- **Multilingual subword vocabularies:** shared tokenizers/BPE that generalize across languages and handle code-switching.
- SpecAugment & speed perturbation baked in training: regularization that survives domain shift.