# CA675 Assignment 01: Data Analysis

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# Git Repository link

https://github.com/MariaMonis2/675Assignment01

# Task 01: Data Acquisition

We are required to retrieve the 200,000 posts by viewcount from the stack exchange website. The main issue while acquiring the dataset is that we can download only 50,000 records at a time.

- We should at least execute 4 to 5 queries in total to obtain 200,000 posts. The first step is to figure out the range of values in "ViewCount" field that constitutes the top 200,000 data set. I discovered by doing a series of attempts that lower bound value for "ViewCount" field should be greater than "41423". The data range is explained clearly in DataFetching document uploaded in Git.
  - select count(\*) from posts where posts. ViewCount > 41423 200,008 records
- Since we can retrieve 50,000 records at a time, We can break the query "where posts.ViewCount > 41423" into 4 parts so that each can retrieve 50,000 records sorting them in a descending order.
  - select top 50000 \* from posts where posts. ViewCount < 53350 and posts. ViewCount > 41423 order by posts. ViewCount desc
  - select top 50000 \* from posts where posts. ViewCount < 74800 and posts. ViewCount > 53350 order by posts. ViewCount desc
  - select top 50000 \* from posts where posts. ViewCount < 128000 and posts. ViewCount > 74870 order by posts. ViewCount desc
  - select top 50000 \* from posts where posts. ViewCount > 128000 order by posts. ViewCount desc
- The below query is for retrieving the missed dataset to retrieve 200,000 records select top 150 \* from posts where posts. ViewCount < 41423 order by posts. ViewCount desc

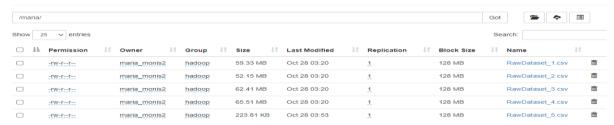
# Task 02: - Data Cleaning and ETL (Extract, Transform and Load) the data Data Cleaning through PIG

I created a cluster(cluster-ad98) under GCP and created a VM instance and uploaded the raw datasets into it. Below is the screenshot for reference.

maria_monis2@cluster-ad98-m:~\$ ls -1			
total 493728			
-rw-rr 1 maria_monis2 m	maria_monis2 62211707	7 Oct 27 21:3	0 RawDataset_1.csv
-rw-rr 1 maria_monis2 m	maria_monis2 54678184	0ct 27 21:2	9 RawDataset_2.csv
-rw-rr 1 maria_monis2 m	maria_monis2 65439234	0ct 27 21:3	1 RawDataset_3.csv
-rw-rr 1 maria_monis2 m	maria_monis2 68689000	Oct 27 21:3	2 RawDataset 4.csv
-rw-rr 1 maria_monis2 m	maria_monis2 229177	7 Oct 27 22:1	9 RawDataset_5.csv

After the datasets are uploaded, the data is cleaned using PIG by running PIG.

#### **Browse Directory**



The dataset is loaded into PIG from local by the following command

#### hdfs dfs -copyFromLocal RawDataset 1.csv/maria/

The next step is to clean the data by using PIG commands. Below are the steps I have followed to clean the data by referring the github link which is available in **reference** section.

**Step 1**: Load all the dataset (5 files) into PIG by the below command:

raw1 load 'hdfs://cluster-ad98-m/maria/RawDataset\_1.csv' using org.apache.pig.piggybank.storage.CSVExcelStorage(',','YES\_MULTILINE','UNIX','SKIP\_INP UT HEADER') AS (Id:int, PostTypeId:int, AcceptedAnswerId:int, CreationDate:chararray, DeletionDate:chararray, Score:int, ViewCount:int, Body:chararray, OwnerUserId:int. OwnerDisplayName:chararray, LastEditorUserId:int, LastEditorDisplayName:chararray, LastEditDate:chararray, LastActivityDate:chararray, Title:chararray, Tags:chararray, AnswerCount:int, CommentCount:int, FavoriteCount:int, ClosedDate:chararray, CommunityOwnedDate:chararray, ContentLicense:chararray); **Step 2**: concatenate all the files by using UNION function

rawdata = UNION raw1, raw2, raw3, raw4, raw5;

**Step 3**: clean the concatenated dataset by removing the special characters of "Body" and "Title" column with the help of replace function.

 $\label{eq:cleandata} cleandata & = FOREACH rawdata & GENERATE & Id, Score, View Count, REPLACE (REPLACE (Body, '<[^>]*>',''), '[~!@#%^&*()?,;'':\n\t-=+\\`.]',' ') as$ 

Body,OwnerUserId,OwnerDisplayName,LastEditorDisplayName,REPLACE(REPLACE(Title,' <[^>]\*>',''),'[~!@#%^&\*()?,;'':\n\t-=+\\`.]',' ') as Title,Tags;

Step 4: Store the cleaned dataset into hdfs storage by executing the following command.

STORE cleandata INTO 'hdfs://cluster-ad98-m/pigoutput\_1' USING org.apache.pig.piggybank.storage.CSVExcelStorage(',');

Below screenshot is for reference

```
Successfully read 49850 records from: "hdfs://cluster-ad98-m/maris/RawDataset 2.csv"
Successfully read 150 records from: "hdfs://cluster-ad98-m/maris/RawDataset_3.csv"
Successfully read 150 records from: "hdfs://cluster-ad98-m/maris/RawDataset_5.csv"
Successfully read 50000 records from: "hdfs://cluster-ad98-m/maris/RawDataset_1.csv"
Successfully read 50000 records from: "hdfs://cluster-ad98-m/maris/RawDataset_1.csv"
Successfully stored 50000 records from: "hdfs://cluster-ad98-m/maris/RawDataset_1.csv"
Successfully stored 200000 records from: "hdfs://cluster-ad98-m/maris/RawDataset_1.csv"
Output(s):
Successfully stored 200000 records (198620983 bytes) in: "hdfs://cluster-ad98-m/pigoutput_1"

Counters:
Total records written: 200000
Total bytes written: 198620983
Spillable Memory Manager spill count: 0
Total records proactively spilled: 0

Job DAG:
Job_1635369466348_0002

2021-10-27 22:28:38,587 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.client.RMProxy - Connecting to ResourceManager at cluster-ad98-m/10.128.0.3110200

2021-10-27 22:28:38,589 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.client.AHSProxy - Connecting to Application History ser ver at cluster-ad98-m/10.128.0.3110200

2021-10-27 22:28:38,591 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.client.RMProxy - Connecting to ResourceManager at cluster-ad98-m/10.128.0.318032

2021-10-27 22:28:38,638 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.client.RMProxy - Connecting to ResourceManager at cluster-ad98-m/10.128.0.318032

2021-10-27 22:28:38,638 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.client.RMProxy - Connecting to Application History ser ver at cluster-ad98-m/10.128.0.318032

2021-10-27 22:28:38,684 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.client.RMProxy - Connecting to Application History ser ver at cluster-ad98-m/10.128.0.318032

2021-10-27 22:28:38,684 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.client.RMProxy - Connecting to Application History ser ver at cluster-ad98-m/10.128.0.318032

2021-10-27 22:28:38,684 [main] INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.client.RMProxy - Connecting to Application History ser-ad98-m/10.1
```

#### Querying data through Hive

data is being pulled from hdfs after cleaning the dataset in PIG. Run Hive by using "Hive" command.

Create a table in Hive and load the data into the newly created table.

- CREATE TABLE STACK(Id INT ,Score INT,ViewCount INT,Body STRING, OwnerUserId INT, OwnerDisplayName STRING,LastEditorDisplayName STRING,Title STRING,Tags STRING) ROW FORMAT DELIMITED

#### FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',';

- LOAD DATA INPATH 'hdfs://cluster-ad98-m/pigoutput 1' INTO TABLE STACK;

### 1. The top 10 posts by score

select id, title, score from stack order by score desc limit 10;

```
Ouery ID = maria_monis2_20211030235447_15681810-8d04-4e10-8bb0-2f8a8f001219
Total jobs = 1
Launching Job 1 out of 1
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application_1635637931607_0001)
Map 1 ..... container
Reducer 2 .... container
Reducer 3 .... container
                                                                                     SUCCEEDED
SUCCEEDED
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           0
0
                                                                                                                                                                                                               0
0
                                                                                                                                                          16
                                                                                                                            16
                                                                                     SUCCEEDED
                                                                                                                                                                                                              n
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     o
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           n
OK
11227809 Why is processing a sorted array faster than processing an unsorted array
927358 How do I undo the most recent local commits in Git 23348
2003505 How do I delete a Git branch locally and remotely 18514
292357 What is the difference between 'git pull' and 'git fetch' 12834
231767 What does the yield keyword do 11551
477816 What is the correct JSON content type 10921
348170 How do I undo 'git add' before commit 10079
5767325 How can I remove a specific item from an array 9931
6591213 How do I rename a local Git branch 9792
1642028 What is the > operator in C C 9560
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         25933
1642028 What is the > operator in C C
Time taken: 15.898 seconds, Fetched: 10 row(s)
hive>
                                                                                                                                     9560
```

#### 2. The top 10 users by post score

select sum(score) as TotalPostScore, owneruserid as users from stack where owneruserid IS NOT NULL group by ownerUserId order by TotalPostScore desc limit 10;

#### 3. The number of distinct users, who used the word "cloud" in one of their posts

select count (distinct owneruserid) from stack where (lower(body) like '%cloud%' or lower(title) like '%cloud%' or lower(tags) like '%cloud%');

```
hive> select count (distinct owneruserid) from stack where (lower(body) like '%cloud%' or lower(title) like '%cloud%' or lower(title) like '%cloud%');
Query ID = maria_monis2_20211031001100_7f69865b-a245-45e0-ae02-ab98867cb51e
Total jobs = 1
aunching Job 1 out of 1
Status: Running (Executing on YARN cluster with App id application_1635638896575_0002)
Map 1 ..... container
Reducer 2 ..... container
                                  SUCCEEDED
                                                                                                       0
Reducer 3 ..... container
                                   SUCCEEDED
                                                    1
                                                                                              0
                                                                                                       0
918
Time taken: 18.485 seconds, Fetched: 1 row(s)
hive>
```

# Calculate the per-user TF-IDF of the top 10 terms for each of the top 10 users

To install Hivemall, Downloaded the hivemall jar file and placed it into local folder by using the following command

wget https://github.com/myui/hivemall/releases/download/v0.4.2-rc.2/hivemall-core-0.4.2-rc.2-with-dependencies.jar

In Hive, add the jar file as well as define-all. Hive file. Define macros for TF-IDF computation

add jar hivemall-core-0.4.2-rc.2-with-dependencies.jar; source define-all.hive; create temporary macro max2(a INT, b INT) if(a>b,a,b); create temporary macro tfidf(tf FLOAT, df\_t INT, n\_docs INT) tf \*  $(\log(10, CAST(n_docs as FLOAT)/max2(1,df_t)) + 1.0)$ ;

Now, create tables to calculate TF-IDF by referring to the github link shared in references.

create table topUsers as select owneruserid, sum(score) as TotalScore from stack group by OwnerUserId order by TotalScore desc limit 10;

create table topUsers1 as select d.OwnerUserID,title from stack d join topUsers t on d.OwnerUserID = t.OwnerUserID;

Now, created a view named topUsersExplode which will select ownerUserId and eachword from "topUsers1" table. Also created 2 more views named term\_freq and doc\_freq.

create or replace view topUsersExplode as select ownerUserId, eachword from topUsers1 LATERAL VIEW explode(tokenize(Title, True)) t as eachword where not is stopword(eachword);

create or replace view term\_freq as select ownerUserid, eachword, freq from (select ownerUserId, tf(eachword) as word2freq from topUsersExplode group by ownerUserId) t LATERAL VIEW explode(word2freq) t2 as eachword, freq;

create or replace view doc\_freq as select eachword, count(distinct ownerUserID) docs from topUsersExplode group by eachword;

The below query creates a view name tfidf which will have ownerUserId, each word and the frequency calculated for each word

create or replace view tfidf as select tf.ownerUserId, tf.word, tfidf(tf.freq,df.docs,10) as tfidf from term\_freq tf JOIN doc\_freq df on (tf.word = df.word) order by tfidf desc;

The below query shows all the result from the view "tfidf" with frequency calculated for each word select \* from tfidf;

The results are available in the below screenshot

```
EVEN CREATE OF replace view tridf as select tf.ownerUserId, tf.eachword, tfidf(tf.freq.df.docs,10) as tfidf from term_freq tf JOIN doc_freq df on (tf.eachword = df.eachword) release ty tfidf desc;

X

Ise taken: 0.159 seconds
ive> select * from tridf;
ive select * from tridf;
ive> select * from tridf;
i
```

# References

https://github.com/mainkoon81/DCU-project-03-BigData-DataWarehouse

https://hivemall.apache.org/download.html