Laboratorio3_parte2

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Contents

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Chapter 2

Class Index

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Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:	
participante	??

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Chapter 3

File Index

3.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

CMakeFiles/3.25.0/CompilerIdC/CMakeCCompilerId.c
CMakeFiles/3.25.0/CompilerIdCXX/CMakeCXXCompilerId.cpp
CMakeFiles/Software_Lab3.bin.dir/src/config_tty.cpp.o.d
CMakeFiles/Software_Lab3.bin.dir/src/funciones_grx.cpp.o.d
CMakeFiles/Software_Lab3.bin.dir/src/main.cpp.o.d
CMakeFiles/Software_Lab3.bin.dir/src/participant.cpp.o.d
include/lib_grupox.h
include/tty_lib2.h
src/config_tty.cpp
src/funciones_grx.cpp
src/main.cpp
src/participant.cpp

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Chapter 4

Class Documentation

4.1 participante Class Reference

```
#include <lib_grupox.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- participante ()
- participante (unsigned int id, string nom, unsigned int pushed)
- void set_participant (unsigned int, string)
- void set_pushed (unsigned int)
- unsigned int get_participant_id ()
- unsigned int get_veces_pushed ()
- string get_nombre ()

4.1.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 14 of file lib_grupox.h.

4.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
4.1.2.1 participante() [1/2]
participante::participante ( )
```

Definition at line 4 of file participant.cpp.

```
4 : participant_id(0), veces_pushed(0), nombre(){}
```

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```
4.1.2.2 participante() [2/2]
```

```
participante::participante (
        unsigned int id,
        string nom,
        unsigned int pushed)
```

Definition at line 5 of file participant.cpp.

```
5 : participant_id(id), nombre(nom), veces_pushed(pushed){}
```

4.1.3 Member Function Documentation

4.1.3.1 get_nombre()

```
string participante::get_nombre ( )
```

Definition at line 29 of file participant.cpp.

4.1.3.2 get_participant_id()

```
unsigned int participante::get_participant_id ( )
```

Definition at line 17 of file participant.cpp.

```
17 {
18 unsigned int identificador;
19 identificador = participant_id;
20
21 return identificador;
22 }
```

4.1.3.3 get_veces_pushed()

```
unsigned int participante::get_veces_pushed ( )
```

Definition at line 23 of file participant.cpp.

```
23 {
24 unsigned int veces;
25 veces = veces_pushed;
26
27 return veces;
28 }
```

4.1.3.4 set_participant()

Definition at line 8 of file participant.cpp.

```
8
9     participant_id = id;
10     nombre = nom;
11 }
```

4.1.3.5 set_pushed()

```
void participante::set_pushed (
          unsigned int cant )
```

Definition at line 13 of file participant.cpp.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/lib_grupox.h
- src/participant.cpp

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Chapter 5

File Documentation

5.1 CMakeFiles/3.25.0/CompilerIdC/CMakeCCompilerId.c File Reference

Macros

- #define __has_include(x) 0
- #define COMPILER_ID ""
- #define STRINGIFY_HELPER(X) #X
- #define STRINGIFY(X) STRINGIFY_HELPER(X)
- #define PLATFORM_ID
- #define ARCHITECTURE ID
- #define DEC(n)
- #define HEX(n)
- #define C_VERSION

Functions

• int main (int argc, char *argv[])

Variables

```
• char const * info_compiler = "INFO" ":" "compiler[" COMPILER_ID "]"
```

- char const * info_platform = "INFO" ":" "platform[" PLATFORM_ID "]"
- char const * info_arch = "INFO" ":" "arch[" ARCHITECTURE_ID "]"
- const char * info_language_standard_default
- const char * info_language_extensions_default

5.1.1 Macro Definition Documentation

```
5.1.1.1 __has_include
```

```
#define __has_include( x ) 0
```

Definition at line 17 of file CMakeCCompilerId.c.

5.1.1.2 ARCHITECTURE_ID

```
#define ARCHITECTURE_ID
```

Definition at line 718 of file CMakeCCompilerId.c.

5.1.1.3 C_VERSION

```
#define C_VERSION
```

Definition at line 807 of file CMakeCCompilerId.c.

5.1.1.4 COMPILER_ID

```
#define COMPILER_ID ""
```

Definition at line 429 of file CMakeCCompilerId.c.

5.1.1.5 DEC

```
#define DEC(
```

Value:

Definition at line 722 of file CMakeCCompilerId.c.

5.1.1.6 HEX

```
\#define HEX( n)
```

Value:

```
('0' + ((n)>>28 & 0xF)), \
('0' + ((n)>>24 & 0xF)), \
('0' + ((n)>>26 & 0xF)), \
('0' + ((n)>>16 & 0xF)), \
('0' + ((n)>>12 & 0xF)), \
('0' + ((n)>>12 & 0xF)), \
('0' + ((n)>>4 & 0xF)), \
('0' + ((n)>>4 & 0xF)), \
('0' + ((n) & 0xF))
```

Definition at line 733 of file CMakeCCompilerId.c.

5.1.1.7 PLATFORM_ID

```
#define PLATFORM_ID
```

Definition at line 560 of file CMakeCCompilerId.c.

5.1.1.8 STRINGIFY

Definition at line 450 of file CMakeCCompilerId.c.

5.1.1.9 STRINGIFY_HELPER

Definition at line 449 of file CMakeCCompilerId.c.

5.1.2 Function Documentation

5.1.2.1 main()

```
int main (
                      int argc,
                      char * argv[] )
```

Definition at line 841 of file CMakeCCompilerId.c.

```
843 {
844
      int require = 0;
require += info_compiler[argc];
846 require += info_platform[argc];
847 require += info_arch[argc];
848 #ifdef COMPILER_VERSION_MAJOR
     require += info_version[argc];
849
850 #endif
851 #ifdef COMPILER_VERSION_INTERNAL
852 require += info_version_internal[argc];
853 #endif
854 #ifdef SIMULATE_ID
855 require += info_simulate[argc];
856 #endif
857 #ifdef SIMULATE_VERSION_MAJOR
      require += info_simulate_version[argc];
859 #endif
860 #if defined(__CRAYXT_COMPUTE_LINUX_TARGET)
     require += info_cray[argc];
861
862 #endif
863 require += info_language_standard_default[argc];
864 require += info_language_extensions_default[argc];
865
      (void) argv;
866 return require;
867 }
```

5.1.3 Variable Documentation

5.1.3.1 info_arch

```
char const* info_arch = "INFO" ":" "arch[" ARCHITECTURE_ID "]"
```

Definition at line 799 of file CMakeCCompilerId.c.

5.1.3.2 info_compiler

```
char const* info_compiler = "INFO" ":" "compiler[" COMPILER_ID "]"
```

Definition at line 436 of file CMakeCCompilerId.c.

5.1.3.3 info_language_extensions_default

```
const char* info_language_extensions_default
```

Initial value:

```
= "INFO" ":" "extensions_default["
    "OFF"
"]"
```

Definition at line 823 of file CMakeCCompilerId.c.

5.1.3.4 info_language_standard_default

```
const char* info_language_standard_default
```

Initial value:

```
=
  "INFO" ":" "standard_default[" C_VERSION "]"
```

Definition at line 820 of file CMakeCCompilerId.c.

5.1.3.5 info_platform

```
char const* info_platform = "INFO" ":" "platform[" PLATFORM_ID "]"
```

Definition at line 798 of file CMakeCCompilerId.c.

5.2 CMakeFiles/3.25.0/CompilerIdCXX/CMakeCXXCompilerId.cpp File Reference

Macros

- #define __has_include(x) 0
- #define COMPILER_ID ""
- #define STRINGIFY_HELPER(X) #X
- #define STRINGIFY(X) STRINGIFY_HELPER(X)
- #define PLATFORM_ID
- #define ARCHITECTURE_ID
- #define DEC(n)
- #define HEX(n)
- #define CXX_STD __cplusplus

Functions

• int main (int argc, char *argv[])

Variables

```
• char const * info_compiler = "INFO" ":" "compiler[" COMPILER_ID "]"
```

- char const * info_platform = "INFO" ":" "platform[" PLATFORM_ID "]"
- char const * info_arch = "INFO" ":" "arch[" ARCHITECTURE_ID "]"
- const char * info language standard default
- const char * info_language_extensions_default

5.2.1 Macro Definition Documentation

```
5.2.1.1 __has_include
```

```
#define __has_include( x ) 0
```

Definition at line 11 of file CMakeCXXCompilerId.cpp.

5.2.1.2 ARCHITECTURE_ID

```
#define ARCHITECTURE_ID
```

Definition at line 703 of file CMakeCXXCompilerId.cpp.

5.2.1.3 COMPILER_ID

```
#define COMPILER_ID ""
```

Definition at line 414 of file CMakeCXXCompilerId.cpp.

5.2.1.4 CXX_STD

```
#define CXX_STD __cplusplus
```

Definition at line 801 of file CMakeCXXCompilerId.cpp.

5.2.1.5 DEC

Value:

```
('0' + (((n) / 10000000) %10)), \
('0' + (((n) / 1000000) %10)), \
('0' + (((n) / 100000) %10)), \
('0' + (((n) / 10000) %10)), \
('0' + (((n) / 1000) %10)), \
('0' + (((n) / 100) %10)), \
('0' + (((n) / 100) %10)), \
('0' + (((n) / 10) %10)), \
('0' + (((n) % 10)))
```

Definition at line 707 of file CMakeCXXCompilerId.cpp.

5.2.1.6 HEX

```
#define HEX( \ensuremath{n})
```

Value:

```
('0' + ((n)>>28 & 0xF)), \
('0' + ((n)>>24 & 0xF)), \
('0' + ((n)>>20 & 0xF)), \
('0' + ((n)>>16 & 0xF)), \
('0' + ((n)>>12 & 0xF)), \
('0' + ((n)>>8 & 0xF)), \
```

Definition at line 718 of file CMakeCXXCompilerId.cpp.

5.2.1.7 PLATFORM_ID

```
#define PLATFORM_ID
```

Definition at line 545 of file CMakeCXXCompilerId.cpp.

5.2.1.8 STRINGIFY

Definition at line 435 of file CMakeCXXCompilerId.cpp.

5.2.1.9 STRINGIFY_HELPER

```
#define STRINGIFY_HELPER( \it X ) #X
```

Definition at line 434 of file CMakeCXXCompilerId.cpp.

5.2.2 Function Documentation

5.2.2.1 main()

Definition at line 832 of file CMakeCXXCompilerId.cpp.

```
833 {
834
       int require = 0;
      require += info_compiler[argc];
require += info_platform[argc];
835
836
       require += info_arch[argc];
838 #ifdef COMPILER_VERSION_MAJOR
839
       require += info_version[argc];
840 #endif
841 #ifdef COMPILER_VERSION_INTERNAL
842
      require += info_version_internal[argc];
843 #endif
844 #ifdef SIMULATE_ID
845 require += info_simulate[argc];
846 #endif
847 #ifdef SIMULATE_VERSION_MAJOR
848 require += info_simulate_version[argc];
849 #endif
850 #if defined(__CRAYXT_COMPUTE_LINUX_TARGET)
851
      require += info_cray[argc];
852 #endif
853    require += info_language_standard_default[argc];
854    require += info_language_extensions_default[argc];
855 (void) argv;
856 return require;
857 }
```

5.2.3 Variable Documentation

5.2.3.1 info arch

```
char const* info_arch = "INFO" ":" "arch[" ARCHITECTURE_ID "]"
```

Definition at line 784 of file CMakeCXXCompilerId.cpp.

```
5.2.3.2 info_compiler
```

```
char const* info_compiler = "INFO" ":" "compiler[" COMPILER_ID "]"
```

Definition at line 421 of file CMakeCXXCompilerId.cpp.

5.2.3.3 info_language_extensions_default

```
const char* info_language_extensions_default
```

Initial value:

```
= "INFO" ":" "extensions_default["
"OFF"
```

Definition at line 820 of file CMakeCXXCompilerId.cpp.

5.2.3.4 info_language_standard_default

```
const char* info_language_standard_default
```

Initial value:

```
= "INFO" ":" "standard_default["
```

```
"98"
"]"
```

Definition at line 804 of file CMakeCXXCompilerId.cpp.

5.2.3.5 info_platform

```
char const* info_platform = "INFO" ":" "platform[" PLATFORM_ID "]"
```

Definition at line 783 of file CMakeCXXCompilerId.cpp.

- 5.3 CMakeFiles/Software_Lab3.bin.dir/src/config_tty.cpp.o.d File Reference
- 5.4 CMakeFiles/Software_Lab3.bin.dir/src/funciones_grx.cpp.o.d File Reference
- 5.5 CMakeFiles/Software_Lab3.bin.dir/src/main.cpp.o.d File Reference
- 5.6 CMakeFiles/Software_Lab3.bin.dir/src/participant.cpp.o.d File Reference
- 5.7 include/lib_grupox.h File Reference

```
#include <iostream>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
```

Classes

· class participante

Macros

• #define MAX 10

Functions

- void pedir_datos (participante *, int)
- void juego (int *, int, int, int, int *)
- void ingresar_veces (participante *, int *, int)
- void imprimir_resultados (participante *, int)

5.7.1 Macro Definition Documentation

5.7.1.1 MAX

#define MAX 10

Definition at line 12 of file lib_grupox.h.

5.7.2 Function Documentation

5.7.2.1 imprimir_resultados()

Definition at line 35 of file funciones_grx.cpp.

```
35 {
36 std::cout << endl << participantes[i].get_nombre() << endl << "Con identificación: "<<
a participantes[i].get_participant_id() << endl;
37 printf("Pulso: %d veces\n", (char)participantes[i].get_veces_pushed());
38 }
```

5.7.2.2 ingresar_veces()

Definition at line 31 of file funciones_grx.cpp.

5.7.2.3 juego()

```
void juego (
          int * ,
          int ,
           int ,
          int ,
          int ,
```

Definition at line 18 of file funciones_grx.cpp.

```
18
        int num_bytes, read_buf;
19
20
21
        write(*serial_port, "s", sizeof(char));
        sleep(tp);
23
        write(*serial_port, "r", sizeof(char));
24
        sleep(vtl);
        write(*serial_port, "S", sizeof(char));
num_bytes = read(*serial_port, &read_buf, sizeof(read_buf));
2.5
26
        veces[i]=read_buf;
27
28
29 }
```

5.7.2.4 pedir_datos()

Definition at line 3 of file funciones_grx.cpp.

```
3
4
        unsigned int id;
5
        string nombre;
        std::cout << endl << "Participante " << i+1 << endl;
std::cout << "Ingrese el nombre del participante: ";</pre>
9
        std::cin >> nombre;
std::cout << "Ingrese el ID del participante: ";</pre>
10
11
         std::cin >> id;
13
14
          participantes[i].set_participant(id,nombre);
15
16 }
```

5.8 include/tty_lib2.h File Reference

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <termios.h>
#include <unistd.h>
```

Functions

• void config_tty (const char *tty_port, struct termios *tty, unsigned int baud, int *serial_port)

5.8.1 Function Documentation

5.8.1.1 config_tty()

Definition at line 8 of file config_tty.cpp.

```
9 {
10
11
        *serial_port = open(tty_port, O_RDWR);
12
1.3
        // Check for errors
       if (*serial_port < 0) {</pre>
14
15
           printf("Error %i from open: %s\n", errno, strerror(errno));
17
18
       // Create new termios struct, we call it 'tty' for convention // No need for "= \{0\}" at the end as we'll immediately write the existing
19
20
21
        // config to this struct
22
       //struct termios tty;//no needed here as is received in function argument
23
        \ensuremath{//} Read in existing settings, and handle any error
2.4
25
       // NOTE: This is important! POSIX states that the struct passed to tcsetattr()
        // must have been initialized with a call to tcgetattr() overwise behaviour
26
       // is undefined
27
28
       if(tcgetattr(*serial_port, tty) != 0) {
           printf("Error %i from tcgetattr: %s\n", errno, strerror(errno));
29
30
31
       tty->c_cflag &= ~PARENB; // Clear parity bit, disabling parity (most common) //tty->c_cflag |= PARENB; // Set parity bit, enabling parity
32
33
34
35
        tty->c_cflag &= ~CSTOPB; // Clear stop field, only one stop bit used in communication (most common)
36
       //tty->c_cflag |= CSTOPB; // Set stop field, two stop bits used in communication
37
38
       tty->c cflag &= ~CSIZE: // Clear all the size bits, then use one of the statements below
39
        //tty->c_cflag |= CS5; // 5 bits
40
        //tty->c_cflag |= CS6; // 6 bits
41
        //tty->c_cflag |= CS7; // 7 bits
42
43
       tty->c_cflag |= CS8; // 8 bits (most common)
44
45
46
       tty->c_cflag &= ~CRTSCTS; // Disable RTS/CTS hardware flow control (most common)
        //tty->c_cflag |= CRTSCTS; // Enable RTS/CTS hardware flow control
48
49
       tty->c_cflag |= CREAD | CLOCAL; // Turn on READ & ignore ctrl lines (CLOCAL = 1)
50
        //In canonical mode, input is processed when a new line character is received.
51
       tty->c_lflag &= ~ICANON; // non-canonical
52
53
54
        //If this bit is set, sent characters will be echoed back.
       tty->c_lflag &= ~ECHO; // Disable echo
tty->c_lflag &= ~ECHOE; // Disable erasure
55
56
       tty->c_lflag &= ~ECHONL; // Disable new-line echo
57
58
59
       tty->c_lflag &= ~ISIG; // Disable interpretation of INTR, QUIT and SUSP
60
61
       tty->c_iflag &= \sim(IXON | IXOFF | IXANY); // Turn off s/w flow ctrl
62
       tty->c_iflag &= ~(IGNBRK|BRKINT|PARMRK|ISTRIP|INLCR|IGNCR|ICRNL); // Disable any special handling of
63
       received bytes
64
65
        tty->c_oflag &= ~OPOST; // Prevent special interpretation of output bytes (e.g. newline chars)
        tty->c_oflag &= ~ONLCR; // Prevent conversion of newline to carriage return/line feed
       // tty->c_oflag &= \simOXTABS; // Prevent conversion of tabs to spaces (NOT PRESENT IN LINUX) // tty->c_oflag &= \simONOEOT; // Prevent removal of C-d chars (0x004) in output (NOT PRESENT IN LINUX)
67
68
69
70
     /\star VMIN = 0, VTIME = 0: No blocking, return immediately with what is available
72
       VMIN > 0, VTIME = 0: This will make read() always wait for bytes (exactly how many is determined by
       VMIN), so read() could block indefinitely.
73
        VMIN = 0, VTIME > 0: This is a blocking read of any number of chars with a maximum timeout (given by
        VTIME). read() will block until either any amount of data is available, or the timeout occurs. This happens to
       be my favourite mode (and the one I use the most).
74
        VMIN > 0, VTIME > 0: Block until either VMIN characters have been received, or VTIME after first
       character has elapsed. Note that the timeout for VTIME does not begin until the first character is received.
75
        type of VMIN and VTIME: cc_t (1B) */
       tty->c_cc[VTIME] = 0;
tty->c_cc[VMIN] = 1; // wait one byte
76
77
78
        //B0, B50, B75, B110, B134, B150, B200, B300, B600, B1200, B1800, B2400, B4800, B9600, B19200,
79
       B38400, B57600, B115200, B230400, B460800
80
        // Set in/out baud rate to be 9600
81
       cfsetispeed(tty, baud);
82
       cfsetospeed(tty, baud);
       //cfsetspeed(tty, B9600); //set both input and output
83
84
       //cfsetispeed(tty, 104560); //Specifying a custom baud rate when using GNU C //cfsetospeed(tty, 104560);
86
87
88
        /*Other option for custom baud rate*/
89
```

```
// #include <termios.h> This must be removed!
            // Otherwise we'll get "redefinition of struct termios" errors
92
            #include <sys/ioctl.h> // Used for TCGETS2/TCSETS2, which is required for custom baud rates
93
            struct termios2 tty;
94
            \ensuremath{//} Read in the terminal settings using ioctl instead
95
            // of tcsetattr (tcsetattr only works with termios, not termios2)
            ioctl(fd, TCGETS2, tty);
96
            // Set everything but baud rate as usual
98
            // ...
99
100
             // Set custom baud rate
101
            tty->c_cflag &= ~CBAUD;
tty->c_cflag |= CBAUDEX;
102
103
104
             // On the internet there is also talk of using the "BOTHER" macro here:
105
             // tty->c_cflag |= BOTHER;
             // I never had any luck with it, so omitting in favour of using
106
             // CBAUDEX
107
108
             tty->c_ispeed = 123456; // What a custom baud rate!
109
            tty->c_ospeed = 123456;
110
111
             \ensuremath{//} Write terminal settings to file descriptor
112
             ioctl(*serial_port, TCSETS2, tty);
113
114
115
        // Save tty settings, also checking for error
        if (tcsetattr(*serial_port, TCSANOW, tty) != 0) {
    printf("Error %i from tcsetattr: %s\n", errno, strerror(errno));
116
117
118
119
120
        /*WRITING*/
121
122
         //unsigned char msg[] = { 'H', 'e', 'l', 'l', 'o', '\r' };
        //write(*serial_port, msg, sizeof(msg));
123
124
125
126
        /*READING*/
127
128
           // Allocate memory for read buffer, set size according to your needs
129
        //char read_buf [256];
130
        // Normally you wouldn't do this memset() call, but since we will just receive
131
        // ASCII data for this example, we'll set everything to 0 so we can
132
133
        // call printf() easily.
134
        //memset(&read_buf, '\0', sizeof(read_buf));
135
136
         // Read bytes. The behaviour of read() (e.g. does it block?,
        /\!/ how long does it block for?) depends on the configuration /\!/ settings above, specifically VMIN and VTIME
137
138
139
        //int num_bytes = read(*serial_port, &read_buf, sizeof(read_buf));
140
         // n is the number of bytes read. n may be 0 if no bytes were received, and can also be -1 to signal an
141
        //if (num_bytes < 0) {
// printf("Error reading: %s", strerror(errno));</pre>
142
143
144
             return 1;
145
146
         // Here we assume we received ASCII data, but you might be sending raw bytes (in that case, don't try
147
148
        // print it to the screen like this!)  
149
        //printf("Read %i bytes. Received message: %s", num_bytes, read_buf);
150
         //close(serial_port);
152
153 }
```

5.9 README.md File Reference

5.10 src/config_tty.cpp File Reference

```
#include "tty_lib2.h"
```

Functions

• void config_tty (const char *tty_port, struct termios *tty, unsigned int baud, int *serial_port)

5.10.1 Function Documentation

5.10.1.1 config_tty()

Definition at line 8 of file config_tty.cpp.

```
9 {
10
11
        *serial_port = open(tty_port, O_RDWR);
12
13
        // Check for errors
        if (*serial_port < 0) {</pre>
14
15
            printf("Error %i from open: %s\n", errno, strerror(errno));
16
17
18
        // Create new termios struct, we call it 'tty' for convention
19
        // No need for "= {0}" at the end as we'll immediately write the existing
        // config to this struct
22
        //struct termios tty;//no needed here as is received in function argument
23
        // Read in existing settings, and handle any error // NOTE: This is important! POSIX states that the struct passed to tcsetattr() \,
2.4
25
26
        // must have been initialized with a call to tcgetattr() overwise behaviour
        // is undefined
28
        if(tcgetattr(*serial_port, tty) != 0) {
            printf("Error %i from togetattr: %s\n", errno, strerror(errno));
29
30
31
32
        tty->c_cflag &= ~PARENB; // Clear parity bit, disabling parity (most common)
33
        //tty->c_cflag |= PARENB; // Set parity bit, enabling parity
34
        35
36
37
38
39
        tty->c\_cflag \&= \sim CSIZE; // Clear all the size bits, then use one of the statements below
        //tty->c_cflag |= CS5; // 5 bits
40
        //tty->c_cflag |= CS6; // 6 bits
//tty->c_cflag |= CS7; // 7 bits
tty->c_cflag |= CS8; // 8 bits (most common)
41
42
43
44
45
        tty->c_cflag &= ~CRTSCTS; // Disable RTS/CTS hardware flow control (most common)
47
        //tty->c_cflag |= CRTSCTS; // Enable RTS/CTS hardware flow control
48
        tty->c cflag |= CREAD | CLOCAL; // Turn on READ & ignore ctrl lines (CLOCAL = 1)
49
50
51
        //In canonical mode, input is processed when a new line character is received.
        tty->c_lflag &= ~ICANON; // non-canonical
52
53
        //If this bit is set, sent characters will be echoed back. tty->c_lflag &= ~ECHO; // Disable echo tty->c_lflag &= ~ECHOE; // Disable erasure
54
55
56
        tty->c_lflag &= ~ECHONL; // Disable new-line echo
57
59
        tty->c_lflag &= ~ISIG; // Disable interpretation of INTR, QUIT and SUSP
60
        tty->c_iflag &= ~(IXON | IXOFF | IXANY); // Turn off s/w flow ctrl
61
62
        tty->c_iflag &= ~(IGNBRK|BRKINT|PARMRK|ISTRIP|INLCR|IGNCR|ICRNL); // Disable any special handling of
63
        received bytes
65
        \verb|tty-c_of| \texttt{ &= } \verb|copost|; // \texttt{ Prevent special interpretation of output bytes (e.g. newline chars)| \\
        tty->c_oflag &= ~ONLCR; // Prevent conversion of newline to carriage return/line feed // tty->c_oflag &= ~ONTABS; // Prevent conversion of tabs to spaces (NOT PRESENT IN LINUX) // tty->c_oflag &= ~ONOEOT; // Prevent removal of C-d chars (0x004) in output (NOT PRESENT IN LINUX)
66
67
68
```

```
70
     /\star \text{VMIN} = 0, \text{VTIME} = 0: No blocking, return immediately with what is available
72
       VMIN > 0, VTIME = 0: This will make read() always wait for bytes (exactly how many is determined by
       VMIN), so read() could block indefinitely.
73
       VMIN = 0, VTIME > 0: This is a blocking read of any number of chars with a maximum timeout (given by
       VTIME). read() will block until either any amount of data is available, or the timeout occurs. This happens to
       be my favourite mode (and the one I use the most).
74
       \mathtt{VMIN}^{2} > 0, \mathtt{VTIME} > 0: Block until either VMIN characters have been received, or \mathtt{VTIME} after first
       character has elapsed. Note that the timeout for VTIME does not begin until the first character is received.
7.5
       type of VMIN and VTIME: cc_t (1B) */
       tty->c_c[VTIME] = 0;
76
       tty->c_cc[VMIN] = 1; // wait one byte
77
78
        //B0, B50, B75, B110, B134, B150, B200, B300, B600, B1200, B1800, B2400, B4800, B9600, B19200,
79
       B38400, B57600, B115200, B230400, B460800
80
       // Set in/out baud rate to be 9600
81
       cfsetispeed(tty, baud);
       cfsetospeed(tty, baud);
82
83
       //cfsetspeed(tty, B9600); //set both input and output
       //cfsetispeed(tty, 104560); //Specifying a custom baud rate when using GNU C //cfsetospeed(tty, 104560);
85
86
87
88
       /*Other option for custom baud rate*/
89
            // #include <termios.h> This must be removed!
// Otherwise we'll get "redefinition of struct termios" errors
#include <sys/ioctl.h> // Used for TCGETS2/TCSETS2, which is required for custom baud rates
90
91
92
93
            struct termios2 tty;
            // Read in the terminal settings using ioctl instead
94
            // of tcsetattr (tcsetattr only works with termios, not termios2)
95
            ioctl(fd, TCGETS2, tty);
96
            // Set everything but baud rate as usual
97
            // ...
98
            // ...
99
100
             // Set custom baud rate
101
            tty->c_cflag &= ~CBAUD;
102
            tty->c_cflag |= CBAUDEX;
103
104
             // On the internet there is also talk of using the "BOTHER" macro here:
105
             // tty->c_cflag |= BOTHER;
             // I never had any luck with it, so omitting in favour of using
106
             // CBAUDEX
107
108
             tty->c_ispeed = 123456; // What a custom baud rate!
            tty->c_ospeed = 123456;
109
110
111
             // Write terminal settings to file descriptor
112
             ioctl(*serial_port, TCSETS2, tty);
113
114
115
         // Save tty settings, also checking for error
116
        if (tcsetattr(*serial_port, TCSANOW, tty) != 0) {
            printf("Error %i from tcsetattr: %s\n", errno, strerror(errno));
117
118
119
120
        /*WRITING*/
121
         /*******/
         //unsigned char msg[] = { 'H', 'e', 'l', 'l', 'o', '\r' };
122
123
         //write(*serial_port, msg, sizeof(msg));
124
125
         /+++++++/
126
         /*READING*/
127
        /*******/
128
           // Allocate memory for read buffer, set size according to your needs
129
         //char read_buf [256];
130
131
         // Normally you wouldn't do this memset() call, but since we will just receive
        // ASCII data for this example, we'll set everything to 0 so we can
132
133
         // call printf() easily.
        //memset(&read_buf, '\0', sizeof(read_buf));
134
135
136
         // Read bytes. The behaviour of read() (e.g. does it block?,
        // how long does it block for?) depends on the configuration // settings above, specifically VMIN and VTIME
137
138
        //int num_bytes = read(*serial_port, &read_buf, sizeof(read_buf));
139
140
141
         // n is the number of bytes read. n may be 0 if no bytes were received, and can also be -1 to signal an
142
        //if (num bytes < 0) {
        /// printf("Error reading: %s", strerror(errno));
// return 1;
143
144
145
146
147
         // Here we assume we received ASCII data, but you might be sending raw bytes (in that case, don't try
148
        // print it to the screen like this!)
        //printf("Read %i bytes. Received message: %s", num_bytes, read_buf);
149
```

```
150
151    //close(serial_port);
152
153 }
```

5.11 src/funciones_grx.cpp File Reference

```
#include "lib_grupox.h"
```

Functions

- void pedir_datos (participante *participantes, int i)
- void juego (int *serial_port, int i, int tp, int vtl, int *veces)
- void ingresar veces (participante *participantes, int *veces, int i)
- void imprimir_resultados (participante *participantes, int i)

5.11.1 Function Documentation

5.11.1.1 imprimir_resultados()

Definition at line 35 of file funciones_grx.cpp.

5.11.1.2 ingresar_veces()

Definition at line 31 of file funciones_grx.cpp.

```
31
32     participantes[i].set_pushed(veces[i]);
33 }
```

5.11.1.3 juego()

Definition at line 18 of file funciones_grx.cpp.

```
18
19    int num_bytes, read_buf;
20
21    write(*serial_port,"s",sizeof(char));
22    sleep(tp);
23    write(*serial_port,"r",sizeof(char));
24    sleep(vtl);
25    write(*serial_port,"s",sizeof(char));
26    num_bytes = read(*serial_port, &read_buf,sizeof(read_buf));
27    veces[i]=read_buf;
28
29 }
```

5.11.1.4 pedir_datos()

Definition at line 3 of file funciones_grx.cpp.

```
3
                                                           {
5
      unsigned int id;
6
      string nombre;
      std::cout << endl << "Participante " << i+1 << endl;</pre>
8
      std::cout << "Ingrese el nombre del participante: ";</pre>
      std::cin >> nombre;
11
      std::cout << "Ingrese el ID del participante: ";</pre>
       std::cin >> id;
12
13
       participantes[i].set_participant(id, nombre);
14
15
```

5.12 src/main.cpp File Reference

```
#include "tty_lib2.h"
#include "lib_grupox.h"
```

Functions

int main (int argc, char *argv[])

5.12.1 Function Documentation

5.12.1.1 main()

```
int main (
                      int argc,
                      char * argv[] )
```

Definition at line 4 of file main.cpp.

```
participante participantes[MAX];
       struct termios tty;
       int serial_port, read_buf, num_per;
int cant_per,i=0, veces[MAX];
8
9
10
       int tp = atoi(argv[1]);
int vtl= atoi(argv[2]);
11
12
13
        config_tty ("/dev/ttyS0", &tty, B9600, &serial_port);
14
        sleep(2);
15
        write(serial_port,"1", sizeof(char));
16
17
18
        std::cout << "Ingrese el número de participantes: ";
        std::cin >> num_per;
20
21
        for (i=0;i<num_per;i++) {</pre>
            pedir_datos (&participantes[0],i);
22
             juego(&serial_port, i, tp, vtl, &veces[0]);
ingresar_veces(&participantes[0], &veces[0],i);
2.3
24
26
27
        for (i=0;i<num_per;i++) {</pre>
28
             imprimir_resultados(&participantes[0],i);
29
30
        close(serial_port);
31
```

5.13 src/participant.cpp File Reference

```
#include "lib_grupox.h"
```