

## Biometric Authentication for iOS in Swift

Many users rely on biometric authentication like Face ID or Touch ID to enable secure, effortless access to their devices. As a fallback option, and for devices without biometry, a passcode or password serves a similar purpose. Use the `LocalAuthentication` framework to leverage these mechanisms in your app and extend authentication procedures your app already implements.

The Local Authentication framework provides facilities for requesting a passphrase or Touch ID authentication from users. Developers can display and utilize an authentication prompt by utilizing the function `evaluatePolicy` of the `LAContext` class.

### Local Authentication

The Local Authentication framework is available to iOS and macOS apps that want to use Face ID and Touch ID.

```
import LocalAuthentication
LAContext
```

An `LAContext` is the object that will be used to interact with both Face ID and Touch ID. The `LAContext` initializer does not require any parameters:

```
// Create an LAContext
var context = LAContext()
```

The `biometryType` enum on an `LAContext` provides information on what authentication mechanisms are available on the user's device. There are three modern options:

- 1 `LABiometryType.none`, meaning no biometric authentication is available
- 2 `LABiometryType.touchID`, meaning the device supports Touch ID

### 3 `LABiometryType.faceID`, meaning the device supports Face ID

#### **LAError**

**LocalAuthentication** implements a descriptive error **LAError** that can provide more information about any errors that may occur during authentication.

```
// If error is an instance of LAError
var code = LAError.Code(rawValue: error.code)

switch code {
case LAError.Code.appCancel:
    // The app canceled authentication by
    // invalidating the LAContext
case LAError.Code.authenticationFailed:
    // The user did not provide
    // valid credentials
case LAError.Code.invalidContext:
    // The LAContext was invalid
case LAError.Code.notInteractive:
    // Interaction was not allowed so the
    // authentication failed
case LAError.Code.passcodeNotSet:
    // The user has not set a passcode
    // on this device
case LAError.Code.systemCancel:
    // The system canceled authentication,
    // for example to show another app
case LAError.Code.userCancel:
    // The user canceled the
    // authentication dialog
case LAError.Code.userFallback:
    // The user selected to use a fallback
    // authentication method
case LAError.Code.biometryLockout:
    // Too many failed attempts locked
    // biometric authentication
case LAError.Code.biometryNotAvailable:
    // The user's device does not support
    // biometric authentication
case LAError.Code.biometryNotEnrolled:
```

```

        // The user has not configured
        // biometric authentication
@unknown default:
        // An other error occurred
    }

```

### Login with Face ID Sample Code

Use `evaluatePolicy(_:, localizedReason:, reply:)` to show the Face ID authentication popup on a device that supports Face ID and where the user has configured Face ID:

```

let reason = "Log in with Face ID"
context.evaluatePolicy(
    // .deviceOwnerAuthentication allows
    // biometric or passcode authentication
    .deviceOwnerAuthentication,
    localizedReason: reason
) { success, error in
    if success {
        // Handle successful authentication
    } else {
        // Handle LAError error
    }
}

```

### Login with Touch ID Sample Code

Use `evaluatePolicy(_:, localizedReason:, reply:)` to show the Touch ID authentication popup on a device that supports Touch ID and where the user has configured Touch ID:

```

let reason = "Log in with Touch ID"
context.evaluatePolicy(
    // .deviceOwnerAuthentication allows
    // biometric or passcode authentication
    .deviceOwnerAuthentication,
    localizedReason: reason
) { success, error in
    if success {
        // Handle successful authentication
    } else {
        // Handle LAError error
    }
}

```

} }