

Tarefa Básica

• CILINDROS

a) volume maior

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$V = \pi 10^2 40$$

$$V = 100\pi 40$$

$$V = 4000\pi$$

qtd. água

$$\frac{4000\pi}{5} = 800\pi$$

altura

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$\pi 5^2 h = 800\pi$$

$$25h = 800$$

$$h = \frac{800}{25}$$

$$h = 32$$

R: (A) //

$$02) V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$h = d \Rightarrow h = 2r$$

$$V = \pi 2r^3$$

$$54\pi = \pi 2r^3$$

$$54 = 2r^3$$

$$r^3 = \frac{54}{2}$$

$$r^3 = 27$$

$$r = \sqrt[3]{27}$$

$$r = 3$$

$$A_{\text{total}} = 2\pi r(r+h)$$

$$A_{\text{total}} = 2\pi 3(3+6)$$

$$A_{\text{total}} = 6\pi(9)$$

$$A_{\text{total}} = 54$$

$$h = 2r$$

$$h = 23$$

$$h = 6$$

$$\text{Raio} = \frac{1}{27} \quad \text{raio} = 3$$

$$04) V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$r = (r+12)^2$$

$$h = r^2(4+12)$$

$$\Rightarrow V = \pi(r+12)^2 4$$

$$V = r^2(4+12)$$

$$V = \pi(r^2 + 24r + 144) 4 = r^2(16)$$

$$V = \pi(4r^2 + 96r + 576) = 16r^2$$

$$V = \pi 4r^2 + 96r + 576 = 16r^2$$

$$V = \pi -12r^2 + 96r + 576 = 12$$

$$V = -r^2 + 8r + 48 \quad (1)$$

$$V = r^2 - 8r - 48$$

$$a = 1 \quad b = -8 \quad c = -48$$

$$\Delta = (-8)^2 - 4(1)(-48)$$

$$\Delta = 64 + 192$$

$$\Delta = 256$$

$$x = \frac{8 \pm 16}{2}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{8+16}{2} = \frac{24}{2} = 12$$

R: (A) //

spira

05) $V = \pi r^2 h$ $V = \pi \cdot 20^2 \cdot 10,08$ $0,8m = 0,08m$
 $r = 20cm$ $V = 400\pi \cdot 0,08$
 $V = 32\pi$
 $V = 32 \cdot 3,14$
 $V = 100,48 \sim 100,5cm^3$ $R: (B) //$

• PIRÂMIDES

01) $A_{\text{base}} = b \cdot h$ $\text{Volume} = \frac{A_{\text{base}} \cdot h}{3}$
 $A_{\text{base}} = x \cdot 2x$
 $A_{\text{base}} = 2x^2 mm^2$ $48 = \frac{2x^2 \cdot 8}{3}$
 $16x^2 = 48 \cdot 3$
 $16x^2 = 144$
 $x^2 = \frac{144}{16}$
 $x^2 = 9$
 $x = \sqrt{9}$
 $x = 3$ $R: (C) //$

02) $A = A_{\text{base}} + A_{\text{laterais}}$ $A_{\text{base}} = l^2$
 $A = 6400 + 4 \cdot \frac{(80 \cdot 50)}{2}$ $A_{\text{base}} = 80 \cdot 80$
 $A_{\text{base}} = 6400 mm^2$

$A = 6400 + 4 \cdot 2000$
 $A = 14400 mm^2$

$A_{\text{altura}} = \left(\frac{80}{2}\right)^2 + 30^2$

$h^2 = 2500$

$h = \sqrt{2500}$

$h = 50 mm //$

$R: (E) //$

05) $V = A_{\text{base}} \cdot h$

$$V = \frac{3 \cdot 4^2 \sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot 6\sqrt{3}$$

$$V = \frac{3 \cdot 16 \sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot 6\sqrt{3}$$

$$V = 24 \cdot 6 \cdot 3$$

$$V = 432 \text{ cm}^3$$

07) $b = 2a$

$$V = \frac{(2a)^2 h}{3}$$

$$3$$

$$V = A_{\text{base}} \cdot h$$

$$V = a^2 h$$

$$\frac{4a^2 h \cdot a^2 h}{3}$$

$$\frac{4a^2 h}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{a^2 h}$$

$$\frac{4}{3}$$

06) $V = \frac{A_{\text{base}} h}{3}$

$$V = \frac{6 \cdot (12\sqrt{3}) \cdot 8}{4/3}$$

$$V = \frac{6 \cdot 12\sqrt{3} \cdot 8}{4/3}$$

$$V = \frac{48\sqrt{3}}{12}$$

$$V = 4\sqrt{3}$$

$$R: (A)_{//}$$

08) Altura do tetraedro

$$A_{\text{base}} = a^2 \sqrt{3}$$

$$6\sqrt{3} = a^2 \sqrt{3}$$

$$6\sqrt{3} = a^2 \sqrt{3}$$

$$\sqrt{3}$$

$$6 = a^2$$

$$a^2 = \sqrt{6}$$

$$\text{altura} = \frac{a\sqrt{6}}{3}$$

$$h = \frac{\sqrt{6} \cdot \sqrt{6}}{3}$$

$$h = \frac{\sqrt{36}}{3}$$

$$h = \frac{6}{3}$$

$$h = 2 \text{ cm}$$

$$R: (A)_{//}$$