

Project # 2

Description:

Using GEM5, in this project, we will study the effect of varying Branch Prediction parameters on different benchmarks.

There are 3 kinds of Branch Predictors available in GEM5 (stable).

1. 2bit_local Predictor
2. Bi_mode Predictor
3. Tournament Predictor

These files are found in the “\$gem5/src/cpu/pred/” folder. We will select each of these Branch Predictors and assess the effect of misprediction of branches when we change the various parameters (details below).

Part 1: Setting up the simulator

For this project, you DO NEED TO COMPILE THE GEM5 SIMULATOR. Every time you make a change to the “source” files, you need to compile to see the result.

There are 2 ways in which you can compile the GEM5 simulator in your own environment.

1. Using the CE6304 Server:
 - You can use the “ce6304” server. In the server all the necessary dependencies are installed. You simply need to Download the GEM5 to your “Home Directory (i.e. ~/)” or any other directory of your choice in the server and build GEM5 using the “scons” command. Follow the instruction found in GEM5 Website for download:
<http://gem5.org/Download>

- Once successfully downloaded, we now need to compile (build) the system for X86 Architecture. In the GEM5 folder, you do need to run this command
([http://gem5.org/Compiling M5](http://gem5.org/Compiling_M5)):

```
% scons build/X86/gem5.opt
```

This would build the “gem5.opt” executable which we will use to run the simulations.

2. Using your own Machine/system:

You also have the choice of installing the GEM5 on your own system of choice. Note that the TA will not be able to help troubleshooting much with this one, as everyone’s system is different. But here are few tidbits from prior experience:

- If you are using Windows, you need to use VM to install Linux/Unix and then install the dependencies needed to run GEM5 in your system (Details are in the GEM5 website; Link above)
- If you are using Linux/Unix, same thing for the dependencies and then install GEM5.

- If you are using MAC OSX, then, using MACPORTS to install the dependencies actually works better rather than HOMEBREW. The reason is, MACPORTS needs sudo permission and install the binaries in the default locations (unlike HOMEBREW, which uses the – prefix). So, unless you are making changes to your MakeFile (or SConscript File), by default it will look for the binaries in the default location, which HOMEBREW does not install to.

After downloading the necessary dependencies, use the “scons” command to build your X86 architecture supporting simulator:

```
% scons build/X86/gem5.opt
```

We will be using the same Benchmarks that we used for Project 1. Download the Pre-compiled SPEC benchmarks from:

```
https://github.com/timberjack/Project1\_SPEC
```

By now, you should all be familiar with how to run these benchmarks as we have done this in Project 1.

****Compiling GEM5 may take some time. So if you plan to use the CE6304 server, I suggest you start early, as you will be needing to compile the simulator multiple times during this project.****

Part 2: Adding Branch Predictor Support to Timing Simple CPU:

By default, GEM5 TimingSimpleCPU does not have the BranchPredictor Support. You need to add the support of your Predictor. Below are the steps of adding the BranchPrediction support to Timing Simple CPU:

```
$ce6304:> cd $gem5/src/cpu/simple
```

Edit the file named “BaseSimpleCPU.py” and at the bottom you should find the line:

```
branchPred = Param.BranchPredictor(NULL, "Branch Predictor")
```

Change the “NULL” to your predictor of choice each time and then recompile gem5.

**** It is advised that before recompiling, delete all the files in \$gem5/build/X86 first and then use the “scons” command to recompile in order to reflect the changes without any glitch. ****
After completing the compilation, run the test HelloWorld program:

```
ce6304@~/gem5-stable$ ./build/X86/gem5.opt ./configs/example/se.py -c
./tests/test-progs/hello/bin/x86/linux/hello

gem5.opt(29021,0x7fffc30e63c0) malloc: *** malloc_zone_unregister() failed
for 0x7fffc30dc000
gem5 Simulator System.  http://gem5.org
gem5 is copyrighted software; use the --copyright option for details.

gem5 compiled Nov  7 2016 10:48:04
gem5 started Nov  7 2016 10:49:29
gem5 executing on cometnet-10-21-46-191.utdallas.edu
command line: ./build/X86/gem5.opt ./configs/example/se.py -c ./tests/test-
progs/hello/bin/x86/linux/hello

Global frequency set at 1000000000000 ticks per second
warn: DRAM device capacity (8192 Mbytes) does not match the address range
assigned (512 Mbytes)
0: system.remote_gdb.listener: listening for remote gdb #0 on port 7000
**** REAL SIMULATION ****
info: Entering event queue @ 0.  Starting simulation...
Hello world!
Exiting @ tick 415502000 because target called exit()
```

This should generate the “m5out” folder in the \$gem5-stable directory. Now, if your compilation was successful, you should be able to check the Branch Predictor being used in the config.ini file (I used BiMode in this example).

```
gem5-stable/m5out$ vi config.ini

86 [system.cpu.branchPred]
87 type=BiModeBP
88 BTBEntries=4096
89 BTBTagSize=16
90 RASSize=16
91 choiceCtrBits=2
92 choicePredictorSize=8192
93 eventq_index=0
94 globalCtrBits=2
95 globalPredictorSize=8192
96 instShiftAmt=2
97 numThreads=1
```

Part 3: Adding extra Resulting Parameter in the Stats.txt file (output file)

In Part 2 we successfully ran the HelloWorld Program with the “BiModeBP”.

In Part 3, we shall add 2 more parameters in the stats.txt file and recompile. The reason for this part is to get you familiarized with the source code of GEM5 and be able to make basic changes to the simulator.

Below is the “stats.txt” file with the modification:

```
./stats.txt:system.cpu.branchPred.lookups          1317      # Number of BP lookups
./stats.txt:system.cpu.branchPred.condPredicted    1317      # Number of conditional
branches predicted
./stats.txt:system.cpu.branchPred.condIncorrect    621      # Number of conditional
branches incorrect
./stats.txt:system.cpu.branchPred.BTBLookups       203      # Number of BTB lookups
./stats.txt:system.cpu.branchPred.BTBHits          202      # Number of BTB hits
./stats.txt:system.cpu.branchPred.BTBCorrect       0      # Number of correct BTB
predictions (this stat may not work properly.
./stats.txt:system.cpu.branchPred.BTBHitPct        99.507389 # BTB Hit Percentage
./stats.txt:system.cpu.branchPred.BTBMissPct       0.492611 # BTB Miss Percentage
./stats.txt:system.cpu.branchPred.usedRAS          8      # Number of times the
RAS was used to get a target.
./stats.txt:system.cpu.branchPred.RASInCorrect     0      # Number of incorrect
RAS predictions.
./stats.txt:system.cpu.Branches                    1317      # Number of branches
fetched
./stats.txt:system.cpu.predictedBranches           210      # Number of branches
predicted as taken
./stats.txt:system.cpu.BranchMispred               621      # Number of branch
mispredictions
./stats.txt:system.cpu.BranchMispredPercent        47.152620 # Percent of Branch
Mispredict
```

The highlighted parameters are not there by default and you need to add them to the source files and recompile to generate the new “stats.txt” file with the parameters.

The **BTBMissPct** is defined as:

$$\text{BTBMissPct} = (1 - (\text{BTBHits}/\text{BTBLookups})) * 100$$

where: BTB Hits -> total number of BTB Hits
 BTBLookups -> total number of BTB References

Similarly, we also implemented the **BranchMispredPercent** as below:

$$\text{BranchMispredPercent} = (\text{numBranchMispred} / \text{numBranches}) * 100;$$

where: numBranchMispred -> total number of mispredicted Branches
 numBranches -> total number of branches fetched

Part 4: Running the benchmarks with the changes and comparing the different Branch Predictors

You need to run all 5 benchmarks that you downloaded in Part 1 with the settings mentioned in the respective **run.sh** files. (Do not simply run the benchmarks. Pay attention to the parameters used in the **run.sh** files).

We will run the programs for **500 million** instructions. Use the following command to run gem5 (the cache parameters remains the same for this project):

```
$ce6304: time $GEM5_DIR/build/X86/gem5.opt -d ./m5out  
$GEM5_DIR/configs/example/se.py -c $BENCHMARK -o "$ARGUMENT" -I 500000000 --  
cpu-type=timing --caches --l2cache --l1d_size=128kB --l1i_size=128kB --  
l2_size=1MB --l1d_assoc=2 --l1i_assoc=2 --l2_assoc=4 --cacheline_size=64
```

where:

```
$BENCHMARK    -> the SPEC Benchmark  
$ARGUMENT      -> Arguments as defined in "run.sh" file for each benchmark
```

Change the following parameters (highlighted with the new numbers):

```
class BranchPredictor(SimObject):  
    type = 'BranchPredictor'  
    cxx_class = 'BPredUnit'  
    cxx_header = "cpu/pred/bpred_unit.hh"  
    abstract = True  
    numThreads = Param.Unsigned(1, "Number of threads")  
    BTBEntries = Param.Unsigned(2048, "Number of BTB entries")  
    BTBTagSize = Param.Unsigned(16, "Size of the BTB tags, in bits")  
    RASSize = Param.Unsigned(16, "RAS size")  
    instShiftAmt = Param.Unsigned(2, "Number of bits to shift instructions  
by")
```

```
class TournamentBP(BranchPredictor):  
    type = 'TournamentBP'  
    cxx_class = 'TournamentBP'  
    cxx_header = "cpu/pred/tournament.hh"  
    localPredictorSize = Param.Unsigned(1024, "Size of local predictor")  
    localCtrBits = Param.Unsigned(2, "Bits per counter")  
    localHistoryTableSize = Param.Unsigned(2048, "size of local history  
table")  
    globalPredictorSize = Param.Unsigned(4096, "Size of global predictor")  
    globalCtrBits = Param.Unsigned(2, "Bits per counter")  
    choicePredictorSize = Param.Unsigned(4096, "Size of choice predictor")  
    choiceCtrBits = Param.Unsigned(2, "Bits of choice counters")
```

```
class LocalBP(BranchPredictor):  
    type = 'LocalBP'  
    cxx_class = 'LocalBP'  
    cxx_header = "cpu/pred/2bit_local.hh"  
    localPredictorSize = Param.Unsigned(1024, "Size of local predictor")  
    localCtrBits = Param.Unsigned(2, "Bits per counter")
```

```
class BiModeBP(BranchPredictor):
    type = 'BiModeBP'
    cxx_class = 'BiModeBP'
    cxx_header = "cpu/pred/bi_mode.hh"
    globalPredictorSize = Param.Unsigned(2048, "Size of global predictor")
    globalCtrBits = Param.Unsigned(2, "Bits per counter")
    choicePredictorSize = Param.Unsigned(2048, "Size of choice predictor")
    choiceCtrBits = Param.Unsigned(2, "Bits of choice counters")
```

Deliverables:

At the end of the project, you should be able to discuss the effect of changing different Branch Predictors and what impact you observe by changing their respective parameters.

From Part 1:

Discuss whether you are using the UTD Server (i.e. ce6304) or your own environment. What (if any) were the challenges.

From Part 2:

Show the result of your **config.ini** file which shows the **TournamentBP**.

From Part 3:

Please provide the changes you made to the source code in order to add the parameters required in **Part 3**. Present **only changes to the source code** and which file you edited. Do not include the whole source file.

From Part 4:

Generate the **BTBMissPct** and **BranchMispredPercent** for each of the Branch Predictors with the settings provided (highlighted in Part 4) for each Benchmark. Also report the CPI value for each of the benchmarks for each Branch Predictors. Use the CPI formula below:

$$CPI = 1 + \frac{(IL1.miss_{num} + DL1.miss_{num}) \times 10 + L2.miss_{num} \times 80}{Total_Inst_num}$$

where,

IL1.miss_num	->	Total number of L1 instruction cache miss
DL1.miss_num	->	Total number of L1 data cache miss
L2.miss_num	->	Total number of L2 cache miss
Total_Inst_num	->	Total number of simulated instruction

Finally, **select Tournament BP**, and vary the sizes of the predictor and run the simulation on all the benchmarks. Discuss your findings and justify the results that you observe.

Grading Guideline:

Technical deliverables (80%) marking scheme:

Feature	Max marks	Marks	Comments
Part 1: Problem discussion	10		
Part 2: Result of config.ini	15		
Part 3: Modification of source code (clarity and correctness)	25		
Part 4: Results and discussion	60		
TOTAL	100		

Presentation Marking Scheme (20%):

Feature	Max marks	Marks	Comments
Quality of PowerPoint slides	20		
Clarity of results presentation	20		
Quality of video	30		
Clarity of explanations	30		
TOTAL	100		