



Identifying emerging skill requirements in data science

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5.3.23

OUTLINE



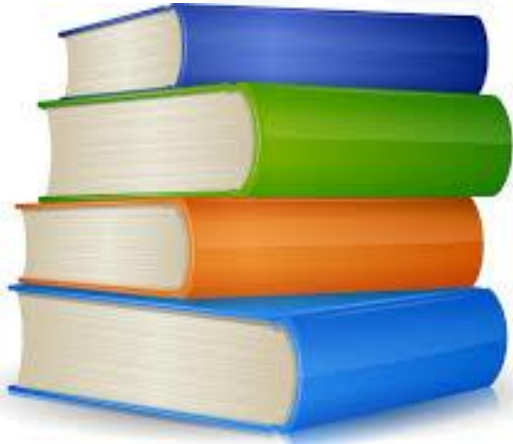
- Executive Summary
- Introduction
- Methodology
- Results
 - Visualization – Charts
 - Dashboard
- Discussion
 - Findings & Implications
- Conclusion
- Appendix

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY



- The emerging skills requirements analysis findings:
- Invest in Java, SQL and Python
- Drop databases and language no longer desired

INTRODUCTION



- The report is targeted at management who will gain insight into the trends of languages, skills in the demand as well as IDE's, namely by answering the following questions:
- What are the top programming languages in demand?
- What are the top database skills in demand?
- What are the popular IDEs?

METHODOLOGY

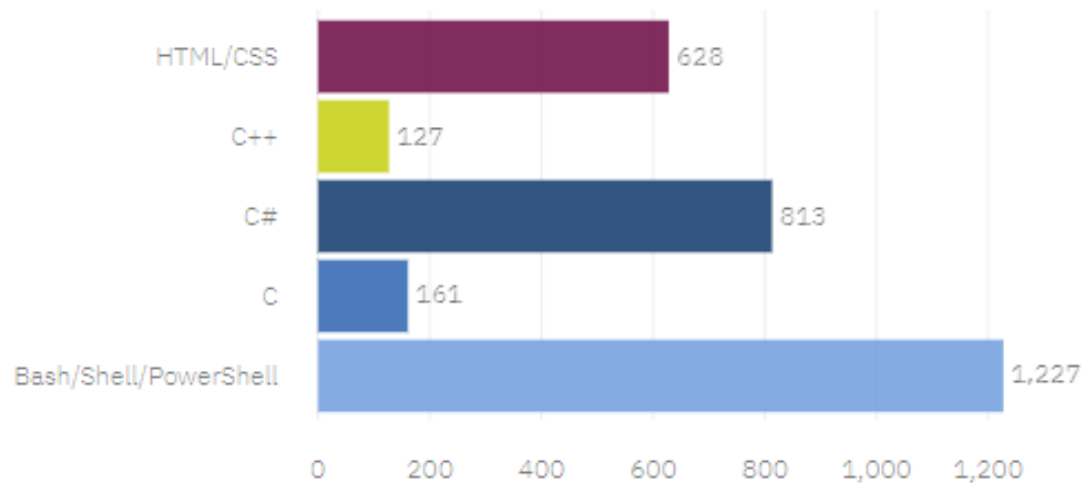


- ❑ Data collected from:
 - Job postings
 - Training portals
 - Surveys
- ❑ IBM Cognos Analytics used for data analysis
- ❑ Data charts used for analysis in Watson Studio

PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE TRENDS

Current Year

Top 5 Languages Worked With

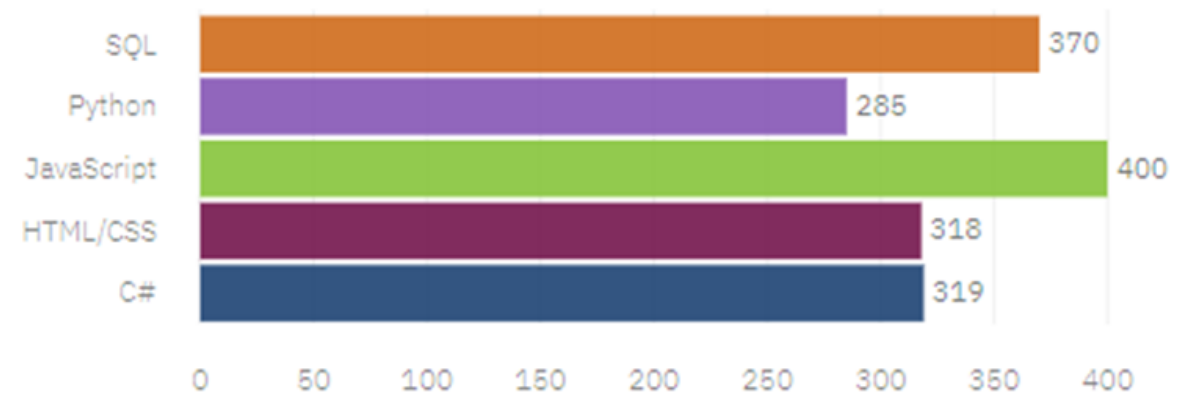


Next Year

Top 5 Languages Desired Next Year

LanguageDesireNextYear

● C# ● HTML/CSS ● JavaScript ● Python ● SQL



PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE TRENDS - FINDINGS & IMPLICATIONS

Findings

- Java and SQL become top desired languages
- C# & HTML/CSS retain top 5 position but lose popularity
- Python joins top 5 desired

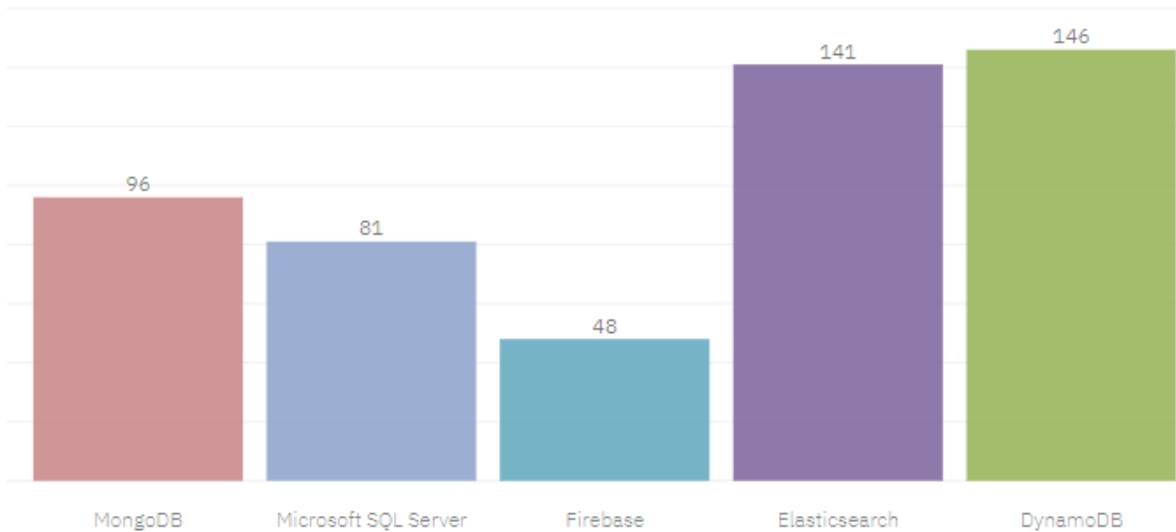
Implications

- Invest in training and systems for Java and SQL
- Further investigate why C# & HTML/CSS lose popularity
- Invest more in Python training and systems

DATABASE TRENDS

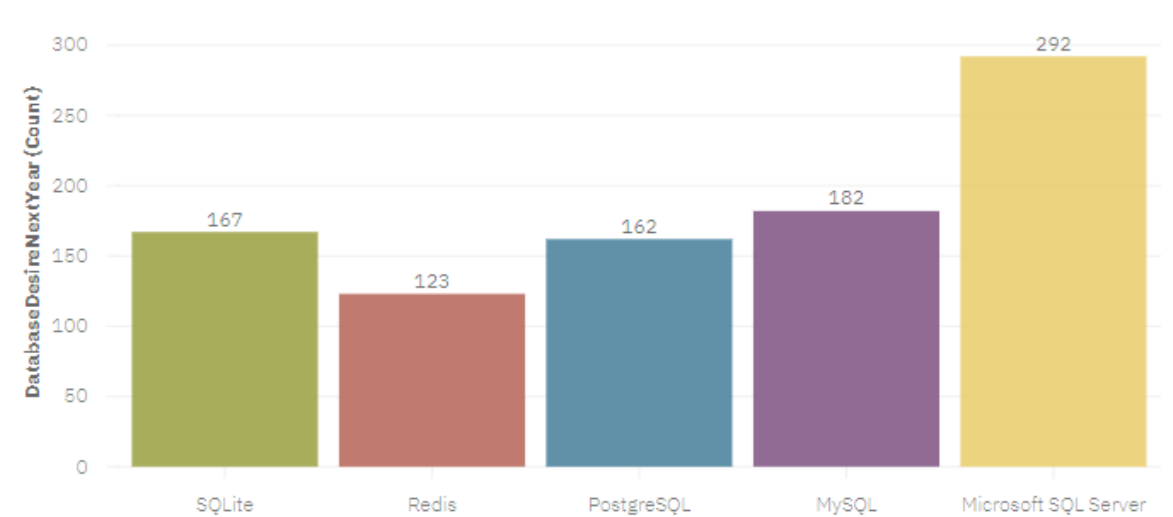
Current Year

Top 5 Databases Worked With



Next Year

Top 5 Database Desire Next Year



DATABASE TRENDS - FINDINGS & IMPLICATIONS

Findings

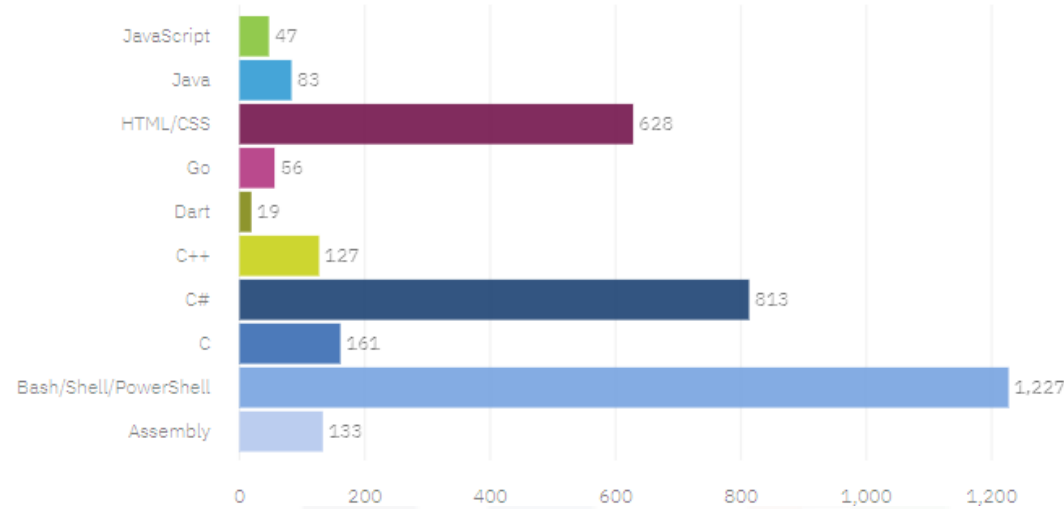
- Microsoft SQL becomes top desired by a margin
- Current top 5 lose 4 databases as desired
- SQL databases are in the top 3 desired

Implications

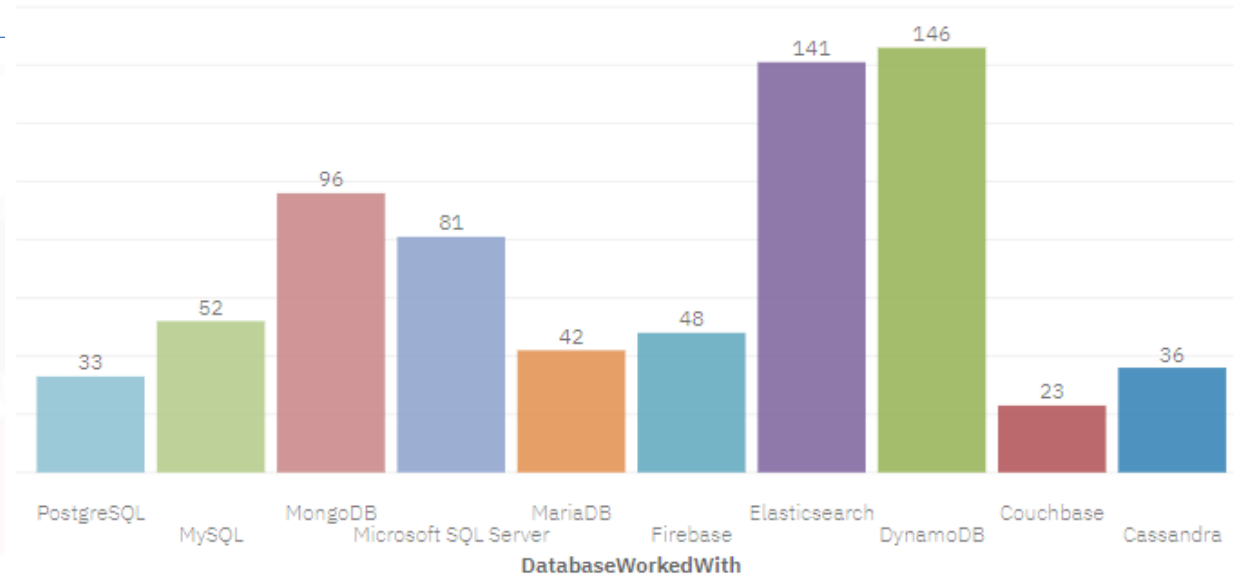
- Review databases currently in use and upgrade
- Invest more in SQL training and databases
- Investigate reasons for Microsoft SQL becoming top desired database

DASHBOARD TAB 1

Top 10 Languages Worked With



Top 10 Databases Worked With

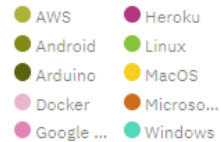


Platform Worked With

PlatformWorked...

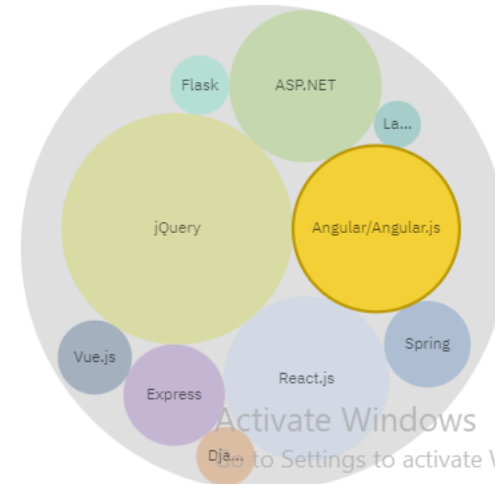
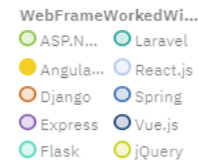


PlatformWorkedWith

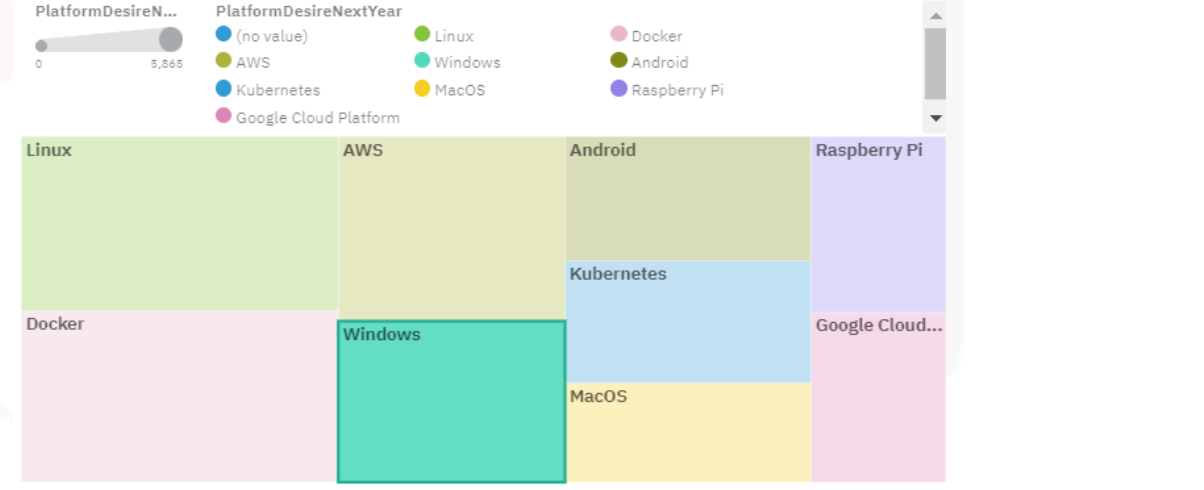
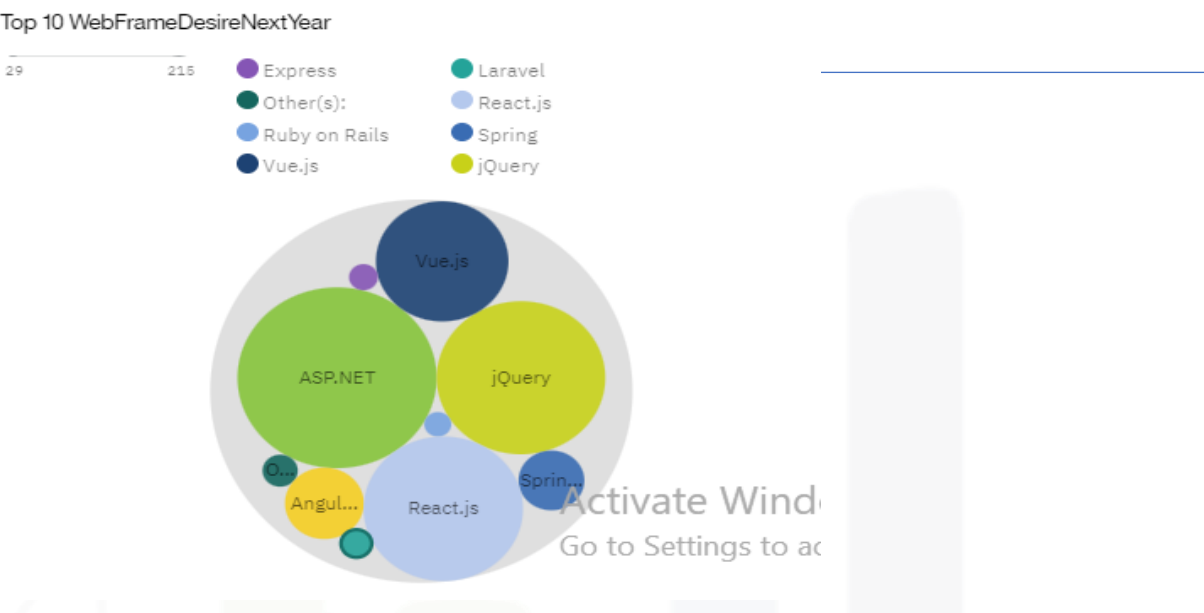
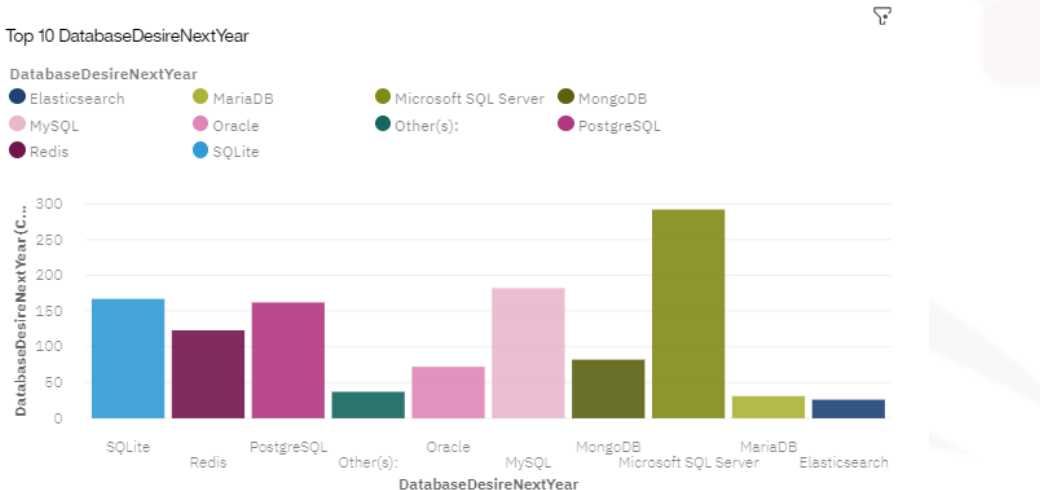
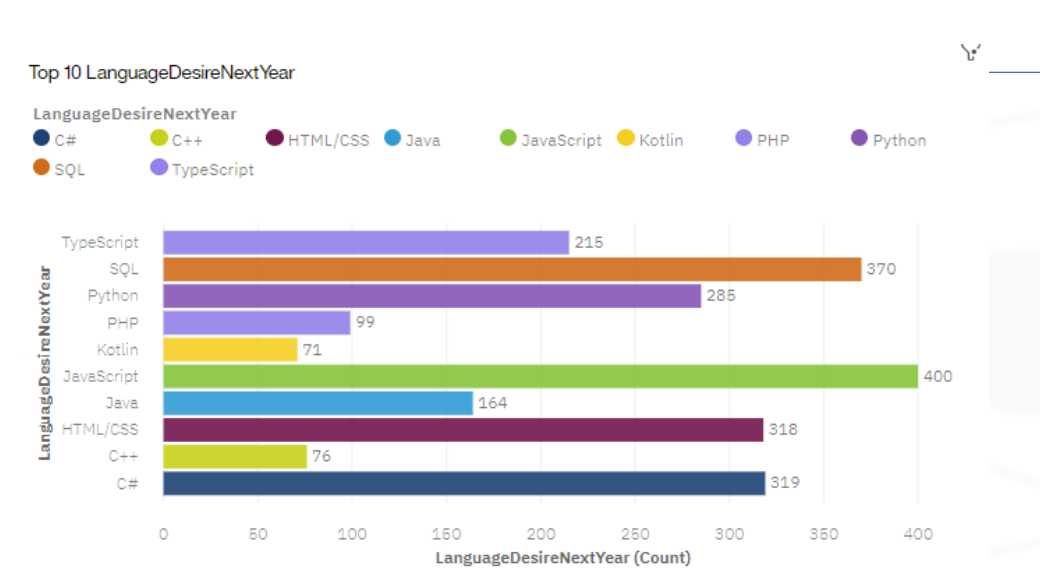


Android
Linux
Docker
AWS
Windows
Microsoft Azure
Google Cloud Platform
Heroku
MacOS

WebFrameWorke...

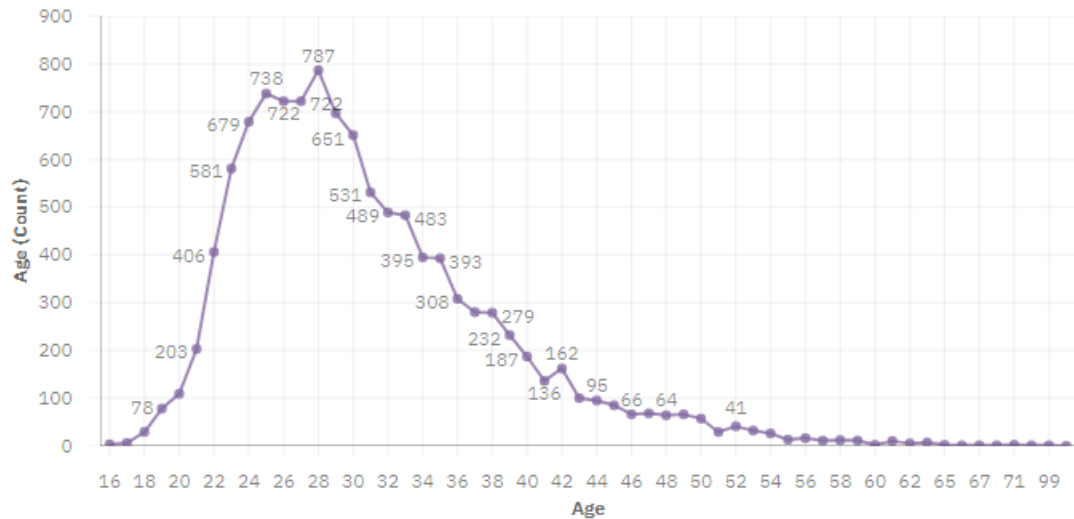


DASHBOARD TAB 2



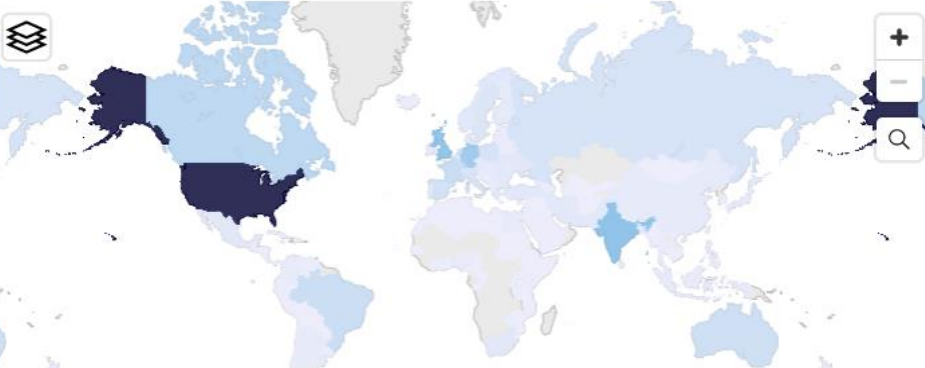
DASHBOARD TAB 3

Respondent Count by Age



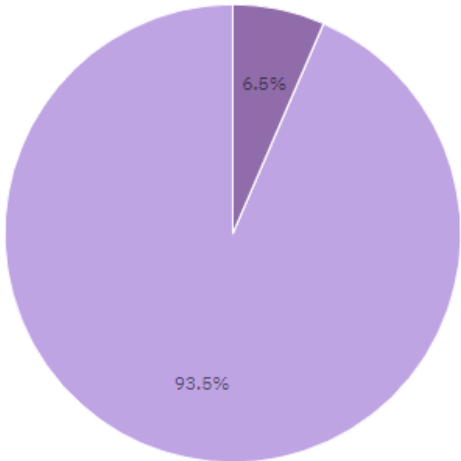
Respondent Count for Countries

Country (Count)



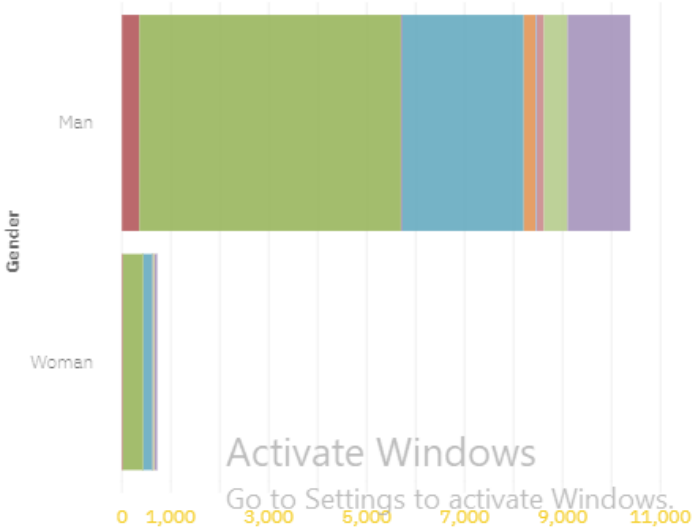
Respondent classified by Gender

Gender
● Woman ● Man



EdLevel

- Associate degree
- Bachelor's degree (BA, BS, B.E...)
- I never completed any formal ...
- Master's degree (MA, MS, M.E...)
- Other doctoral degree (Ph.D, E...)
- Primary/elementary school
- Professional degree (JD, MD, e...)
- Secondary school (e.g. Americ...)
- Some college/university study ...



DISCUSSION



- Women are still the minority (less than 10%) – are there any current practices preventing women from joining?
- Most respondents have higher education (min Bachelor's degree) – should this be changed in the industry to allow trained professionals without a formal degree to fill the skills gap?

OVERALL FINDINGS & IMPLICATIONS

Findings

- Women are still the minority (less than 10%) Finding 2
- Most respondents are in their late twenties/early thirties
- Vast majority of respondents have a bachelors or a masters degree

Implications

- Women should be encouraged to join the industry
- More of age diversity is a must perhaps by lowering the degree requirements

CONCLUSION



- Provide incentives and support for more women to join the industry
- Invest in SQL languages & databases
- Look to recruiting different ages and educational backgrounds

JOB POSTINGS

