

Tarefa Básica

$$1-) A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 8 \\ 7 & 10 \\ 9 & 12 \end{bmatrix} \quad 3 \times 2$$

$$a_{ij} = 2i + 3j$$

$$2-) A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 17 \\ 8 & 20 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_{ij} = i^2 + 4j^2$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} 1 & + & 4 \\ 1 & + & 16 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{cc} 4 & + & 4 \\ 4 & + & 16 \end{array}$$

(A)

$$3-) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & x+2 \\ y-1 & z+1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -x \\ 2y & -2z \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x+2 = -x$$

$$x = -1$$

$$\begin{array}{l} y-1 = 2y \\ y = -1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} z+1 = -2z \\ z = -\frac{1}{3} \end{array}$$

$$4-) \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -x \\ 3x & x \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & y \\ 2x+1 & z-1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} -x = y \\ y = -1 \end{array}$$

$$3x = 2x+1$$

$$x = 1$$

$$x = z-1$$

$$z = 2$$

5-) $\begin{matrix} 4 & & 3 \\ & \square & \\ 1 & & 2 \end{matrix}$

(B)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & \sqrt{2} & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & \sqrt{2} \\ \sqrt{2} & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & \sqrt{2} & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

1 1

6-) $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$

$B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

(D)

$2A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 4 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$

$B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 6 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$

7-) $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$

$B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$A - B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \\ 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

(B)

8-) $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 2y \\ x & 0 & -z \\ 4 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

$A_x = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & x & 4 \\ -1 & 0 & 3 \\ 2y & -z & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

$x = -1$
 $2y = 4$
 $y = 2$

$-z = 3$
 $z = -3$

$-1 + 2 + (-3)$
 -2

(A)

9-) $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 \\ 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}_{3 \times 2}$

$B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}_{3 \times 2}$

$i + j, \text{ se } i \neq j$
 $1, \text{ se } i = j$

$0, \text{ se } i \neq j$
 $2i - j, \text{ se } i = j$

$$A + B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

(C)

$$10-) M = \begin{bmatrix} x & 8 \\ 10 & y \end{bmatrix} \quad N = \begin{bmatrix} y & 6 \\ 12 & x+4 \end{bmatrix} \quad P = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 16 \\ 23 & 13 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3/2x & 12 \\ 15 & 3/2y \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 2/3y & 4 \\ 8 & 2/3x + 8/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{3x}{2} + \frac{2y}{3} = 7 \Rightarrow \frac{9x}{6} + \frac{4y}{6} = \frac{42}{6}$$

$$\frac{3y}{2} + \frac{2x}{3} + \frac{8}{3} = 13 \Rightarrow \frac{9y}{6} + \frac{4x}{6} + \frac{16}{6} = \frac{78}{6}$$

$$9x + 4y = 42$$

$$9y + 4x = 62$$

$$9y + 4 \cdot 2 = 62$$

$$9y = 62 - 8$$

$$9y = 54$$

$$y = 6$$

$$9x + 4y = 42$$

$$x = 2,25$$

$$4x + 9y = 62$$

$$20,25x - 9y = -94,5$$

$$4x + 9y = 62$$

$$y - x = 6 - 2 = 4$$

(B)

$$-16,25x = -32,5$$

$$x = 2$$