#### **DATA SCIENCE**

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ACÁMICA

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• train set.

- train set.
- test set.

- train set.
- test set.
- Validation set.

• train set  $\rightarrow$  80 %.

- train set  $\rightarrow$  80 %.
- test set  $\rightarrow$  20 %.

train\_test\_split.

- train\_test\_split.
- $X_{\text{train}}$ ,  $X_{\text{test}}$ ,  $y_{\text{train}}$ ,  $y_{\text{test}} = \text{train\_test\_split}(X_{\text{yy}}, \text{ test\_side} = 0.5)$ .

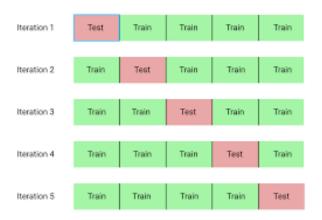
- train\_test\_split.
- $X_{\text{train}}$ ,  $X_{\text{test}}$ ,  $y_{\text{train}}$ ,  $y_{\text{test}} = \text{train\_test\_split}(X,y, \text{test\_side} = 0.5)$ .
- X\_train, X\_test, y\_train, y\_test = train\_test\_split(X,y, stratify = y).

MSE.

• Kfold cross validation.

• Kfold cross validation.

• Kfold cross validation.



• random cross validation.

• random cross validation.

random cross validation.

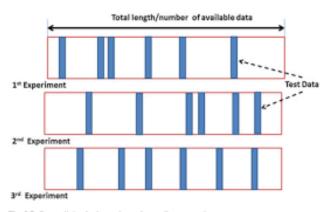


Fig. 3.7 Data splitting in the random sub-sampling approach

• Leave one out.

• Leave one out.

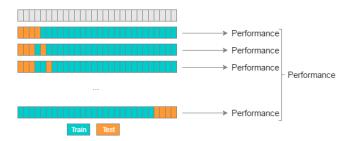
Leave one out.



• Leave p out.

• Leave p out.

• Leave p out.



#### Cross Validation score

crosss\_val\_score(modelo, X\_train, y\_train, scoring = métrica, cv = cantidad de iteraciones)

• Matriz de confusión.

• Matriz de confusión.

• Matriz de confusión.

		Predicción	
		Positivos	Negativos
Observación	Positivos	Verdaderos Positivos (VP)	Falsos Negativos (FN)
	Negativos	Falsos Positivos (FP)	Verdaderos Negativos (VN)

• Precisión.

- Precisión.
- Recall.

- Precisión.
- Recall.

- Precisión.
- Recall.

