

# PYTHON FOR ASTROPHYSICS

## Lecture 5

**Wladimir E. Banda-Barragán**  
Universidad Yachay Tech

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# Lecture 5 goals:

1. Utilise YT to open simulation files.
2. Utilise H5PY to open and visualise simulation files.
3. Visualise simulation files with matplotlib and plotly.

## What do you need for the practicals?

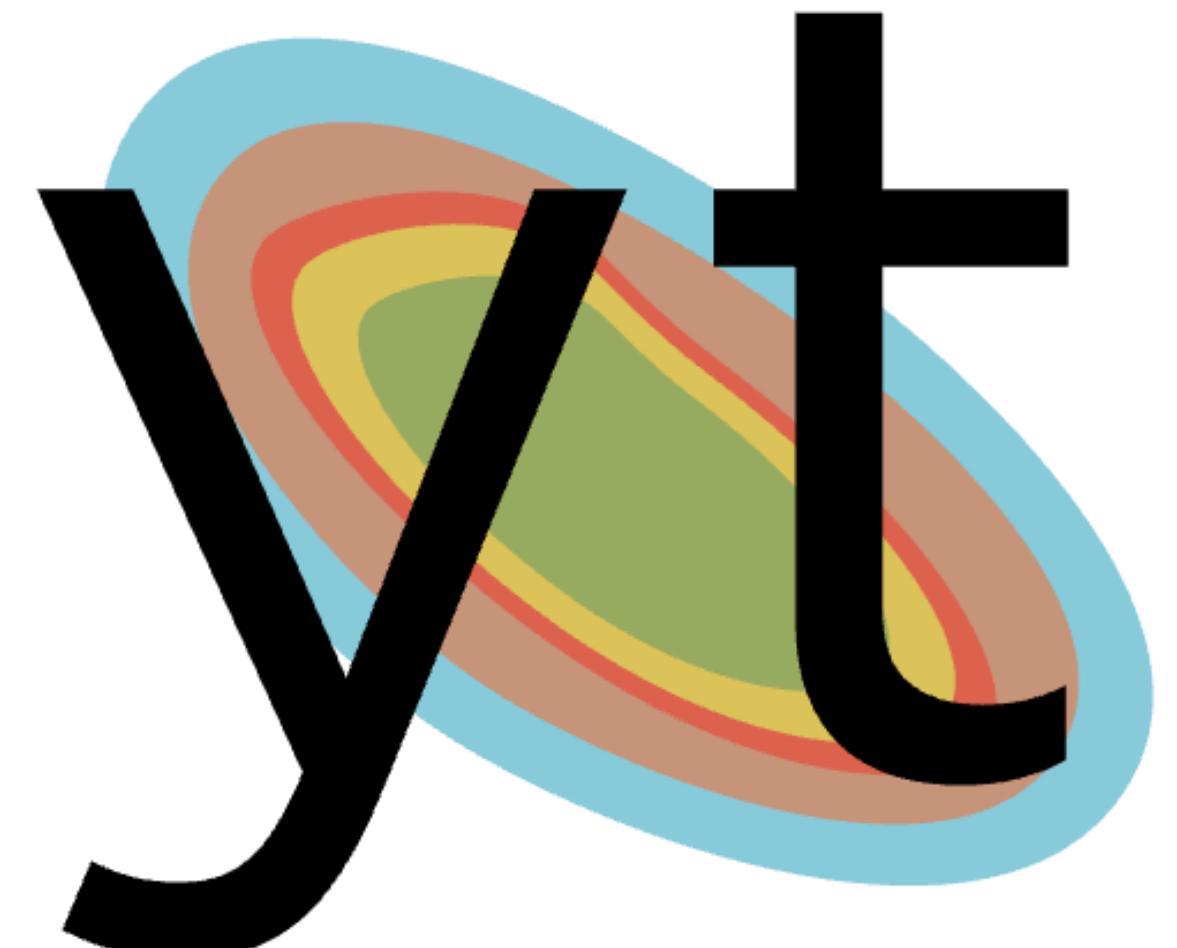
- A PC/laptop with any OS.
- Internet access.
- A Google/gmail account.
- A GitHub account (desirable, not strictly needed).

# The YT project

The YT package in Python is a versatile and powerful open-source library designed for **analysing and visualising volumetric data**.

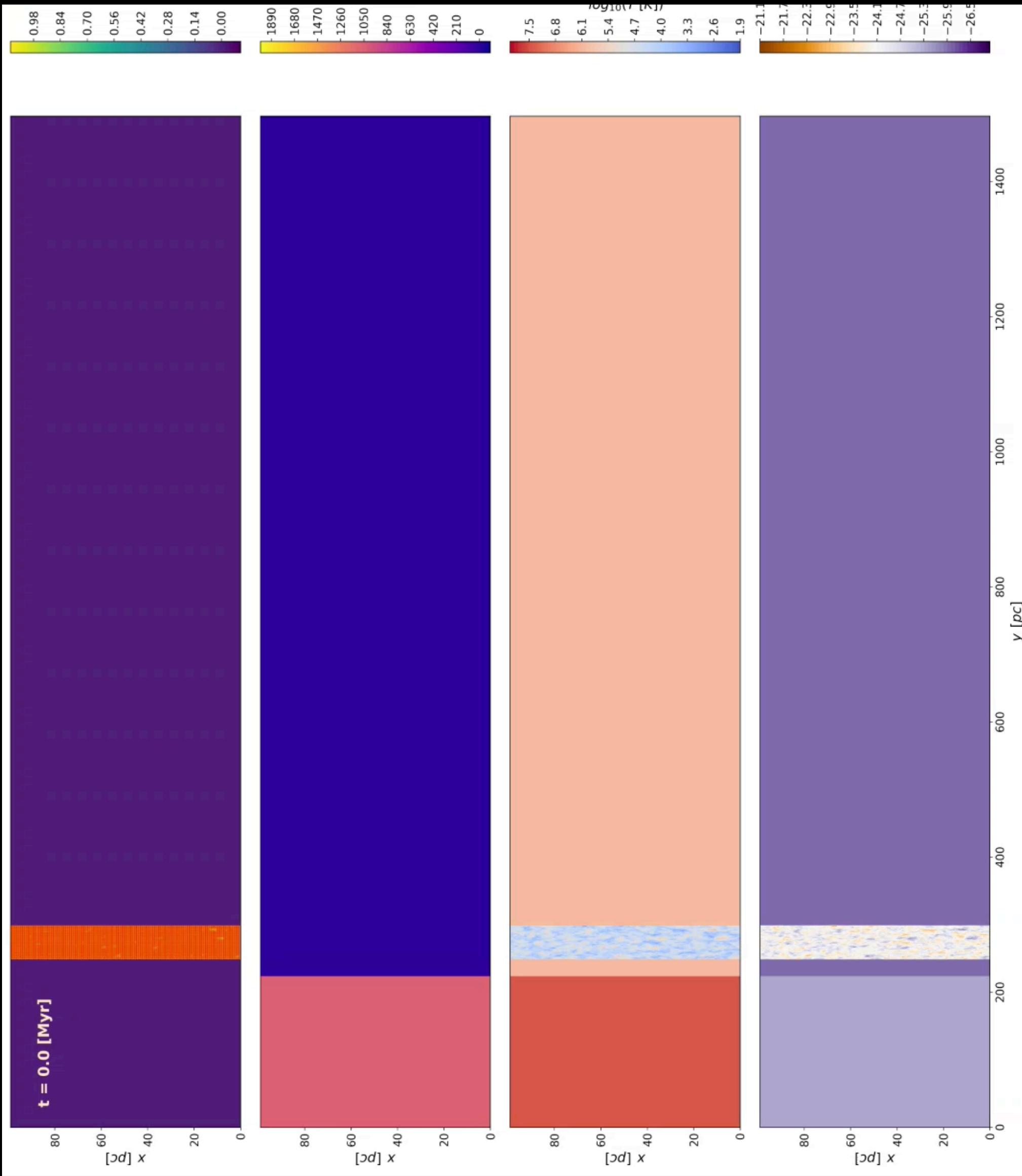
It supports a wide range of data formats and simulation codes, enabling users to perform complex **data analysis** tasks such as creating **projections, slices, and profiles**.

YT integrates well with other scientific libraries like **NumPy** and **Matplotlib**.



<https://yt-project.org/>

# Simulation Types



Antipov, Banda-Barragán et. al. 2025  
<https://ui.adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2025MNRAS.540.3798A>

Grid-based discretisation (Mesh)  
Shock-cloud models

Friends-of-friends algorithm

# Simulation Types

Particle-based discretisation (SPH)  
Relativistic disc break up around a Black Hole



Nealon, Price and Nixon (2015)

Bardeen-Peterson effect: Nealon et. al 2015  
(<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AaNTY42zgtA>)

# The HDF5 data format

This is also a self-descriptive format, which is widely used in many physics sub-fields because of its versatility.

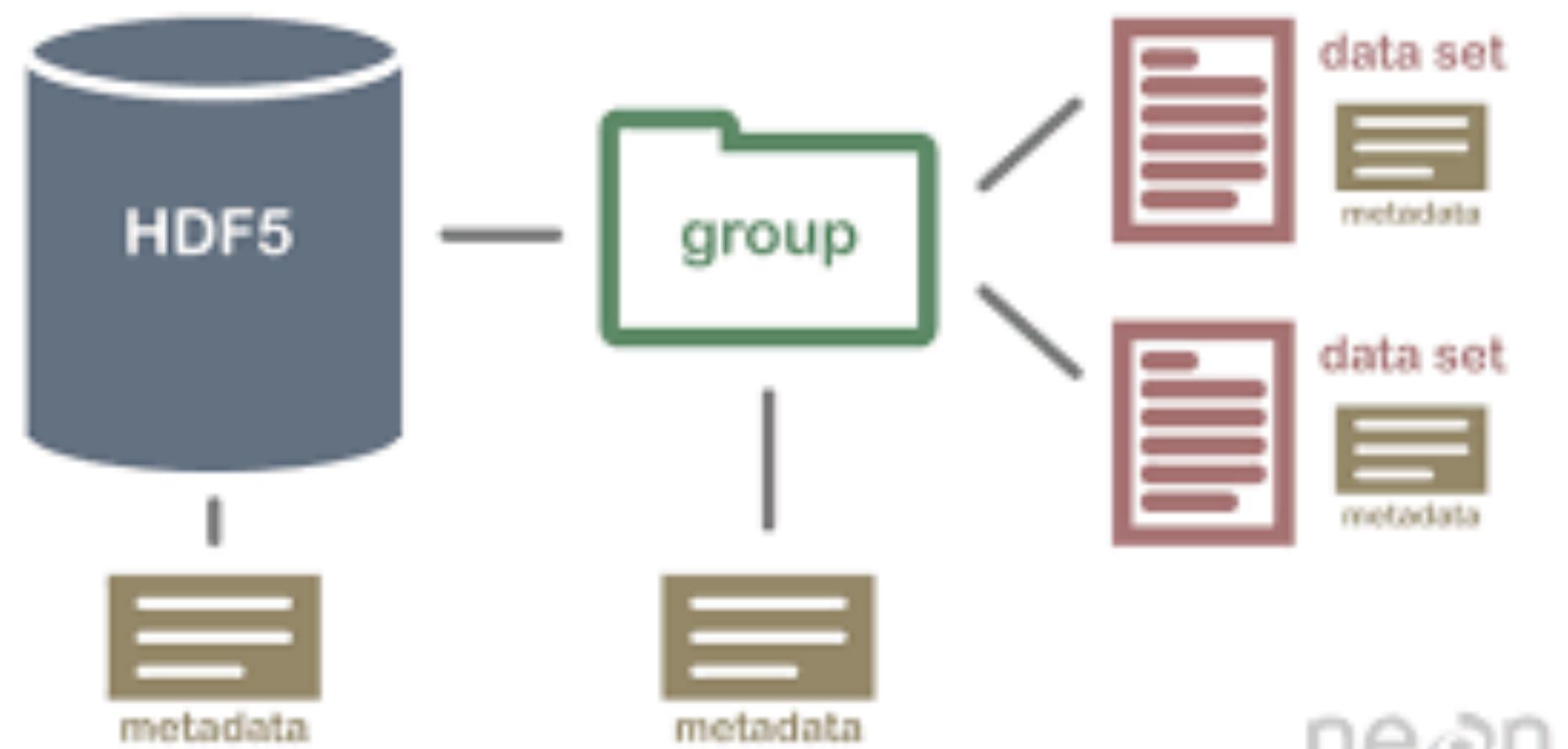
The **data** stored here can be **very large!**

Data don't have to be of the same type, you can save **numbers, units, strings, images**, etc, all in the same file.

It uses the structure of a file directory, organising information in **GROUPS**.

**GROUPS** are then comprised of data fields with their own metadata.

<https://www.hdfgroup.org/>



<https://www.neonscience.org/resources/learning-hub/tutorials/about-hdf5>

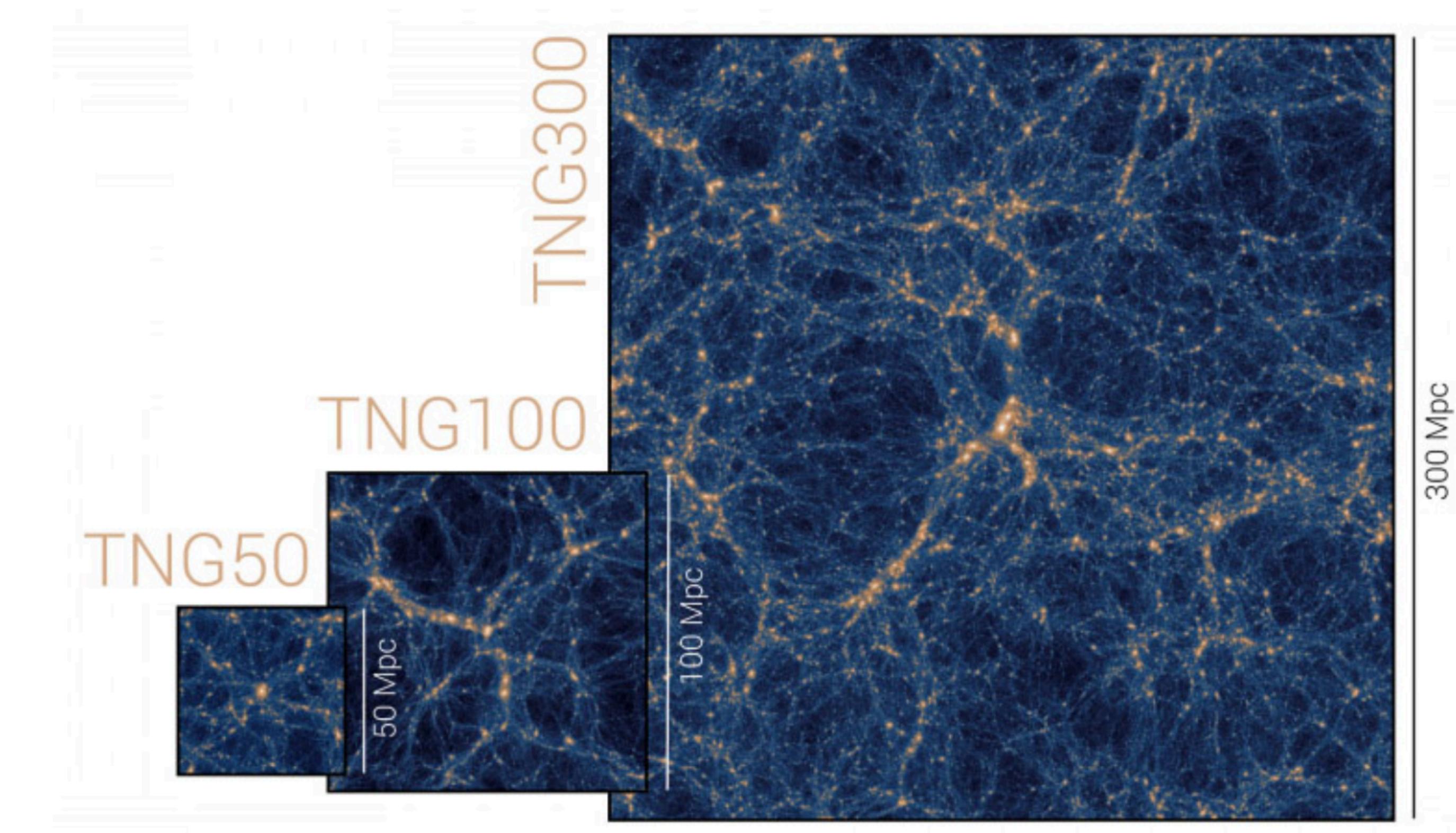
# IllustrisTNG-3 simulation

IllustrisTNG-3 is one of the large-scale **cosmological simulations**, used to model galaxy formation & evolution in  $\Lambda$ CDM.

TNG-3 simulates a cube of the universe **~302.6 Mpc/h on a side**, evolving

- dark matter
- gas
- stars
- black holes
- from the early universe ( $z \sim 127$ ) to the present day ( $z = 0$ ),

<https://www.tng-project.org>



Illustris 3 is publicly available!

## Tutorial Time

1. Please log into your gmail accounts:



2. Open this lecture on GitHub:

[https://github.com/wbandabarragan/ISYA2025/  
blob/main/Python for Astrophysics/  
4 tutorial py4astro.ipynb](https://github.com/wbandabarragan/ISYA2025/blob/main/Python%20for%20Astrophysics/4%20tutorial%20py4astro.ipynb)



3. Click on the “Open in Colab” icon and you are ready to code!

