





Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score</u> <u>is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator.</u>

▲ 0-49 50-89 90-100



METRICS Expand view

▲ First Contentful Paint

2.0 s

Largest Contentful Paint

3.0 s

Total Blocking Time Cumulative Layout Shift

0 ms 0

Speed Index

2.0 s



Show audits relevant to: All FCP LCP TBT

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DIAGNOSTICS

▲ Enable text compression — Potential savings of 2,374 KiB		^	
Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. <u>Learn</u> more about text compression. FCP LCP			
URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings	
localhost 1st Party	2,990.3 KiB	2,373.8 KiB	
deps/chunk-7XVR3QCZ.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	861.5 KiB	674.6 KiB	
/polyfills.js (localhost)	340.8 KiB	262.2 KiB	
/chunk-6QOIXCKC.js (localhost)	313.4 KiB	257.6 KiB	
/main.js (localhost)	236.4 KiB	194.1 KiB	
deps/@angular_forms.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	205.2 KiB	169.9 KiB	
deps/@angular_router.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	201.6 KiB	160.3 KiB	
deps/chunk-ILOBLWYU.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	169.4 KiB	140.8 KiB	
deps/chunk-JA3AYWUA.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	173.7 KiB	133.5 KiB	
/@vite/client (localhost)	132.7 KiB	106.1 KiB	
deps/sweetalert2.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	120.3 KiB	94.8 KiB	
deps/chunk-JI7JUWSP.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	77.6 KiB	60.1 KiB	
deps/chunk-HDNO4HPE.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	58.5 KiB	45.0 KiB	
/styles.css (localhost)	28.2 KiB	23.3 KiB	
deps/@angular_core.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	23.5 KiB	19.2 KiB	
/chunk-FCNN6LZD.js (localhost)	23.7 KiB	16.0 KiB	
/chunk-NA4CRG37.js (localhost)	6.9 KiB	4.2 KiB	

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URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
deps/@angular_common.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	4.5 KiB	3.5 KiB
client/env.mjs (localhost)	3.9 KiB	2.7 KiB
deps/@angular_platform-browser.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	2.8 KiB	2.0 KiB
deps/chunk-TXDUYLVM.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	3.1 KiB	2.0 KiB
deps/@angular_common_http.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	2.6 KiB	1.9 KiB

▲ Minify JavaScript — Potential savings of 1,283 KiB

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. <u>Learn how to minify JavaScript</u>. FCP <u>LCP</u>

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
localhost 1st Party	2,949.1 KiB	1,282.8 KiB
/polyfills.js (localhost)	340.8 KiB	276.1 KiB
deps/chunk-7XVR3QCZ.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	861.5 KiB	206.4 KiB
/chunk-6QOIXCKC.js (localhost)	313.4 KiB	205.9 KiB
/main.js (localhost)	236.4 KiB	151.4 KiB
/@vite/client (localhost)	132.7 KiB	115.5 KiB
deps/@angular_forms.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	205.2 KiB	89.6 KiB
deps/@angular_router.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	201.6 KiB	52.8 KiB
deps/chunk-ILOBLWYU.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	169.4 KiB	51.9 KiB
deps/chunk-JA3AYWUA.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	173.7 KiB	43.8 KiB
deps/chunk-JI7JUWSP.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	77.6 KiB	27.0 KiB
deps/chunk-HDNO4HPE.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	58.5 KiB	18.2 KiB

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URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
deps/sweetalert2.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	120.3 KiB	17.5 KiB
/chunk-FCNN6LZD.js (localhost)	23.7 KiB	15.3 KiB
/chunk-NA4CRG37.js (localhost)	6.9 KiB	4.9 KiB
client/env.mjs (localhost)	3.9 KiB	3.5 KiB
deps/@angular_core.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	23.5 KiB	3.1 KiB

▲ Largest Contentful Paint element — 2,990 ms

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. <u>Learn more about the Largest Contentful Paint element</u> [LCP]

Element

h1.text-3xl.font-semibold.mb-6.text-center.text-blue-600

Phase	% of LCP	Timing
TTFB	4%	130 ms
Load Delay	0%	0 ms
Load Time	0%	0 ms
Render Delay	96%	2,860 ms

▲ Reduce unused JavaScript — Potential savings of 1,614 KiB

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript</u>. FCP (LCP)

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URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
localhost 1st Party	2,755.0 KiB	1,191.8 KiB
deps/chunk-7XVR3QCZ.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	859.6 KiB	529.6 KiB
core.mjs	799.5 KiB	501.2 KiB
primitives/event-dispatch.mjs	38.1 KiB	20.0 KiB
primitives/signals.mjs	10.7 KiB	8.4 KiB
deps/chunk-ILOBLWYU.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	169.4 KiB	111.8 KiB
tslib/tslib.es6.mjs	7.1 KiB	6.3 KiB
rxjs/dist/esm5/internal/operators/share.js	2.6 KiB	2.6 KiB
rxjs/dist/esm5/internal/operators/bufferTime.js	2.6 KiB	2.6 KiB
rxjs/dist/esm5/internal/operators/groupBy.js	2.4 KiB	2.4 KiB
rxjs/dist/esm5/internal/operators/bufferCount.js	2.4 KiB	2.4 KiB
deps/chunk-JA3AYWUA.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	173.3 KiB	106.7 KiB
	169.8 KiB	106.7 KiB
deps/@angular_forms.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	204.7 KiB	99.7 KiB
	201.8 KiB	99.7 KiB
deps/sweetalert2.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	120.3 KiB	79.5 KiB
	119.8 KiB	79.5 KiB
/chunk-6QOIXCKC.js (localhost)	313.4 KiB	68.2 KiB
modules/customer-service/configuration/configuration.component.html	7.4 KiB	7.4 KiB
modules/customer-service/createcard/createcard.component.html	6.6 KiB	6.6 KiB
modules/customer-service/satisfaction/satisfaction.component.html	6.2 KiB	6.2 KiB
modules/customer-service/configuration/configuration.component.ts	10.0 KiB	5.3 KiB
modules/customer-service/loanapplications/loanapplications.component.html	5.0 KiB	5.0 KiB
deps/@angular_router.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	201.3 KiB	66.6 KiB
	196.8 KiB	66.6 KiB
deps/chunk-JI7JUWSP.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	77.5 KiB	47.8 KiB
	75.1 KiB	47.8 KiB

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URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/main.js (localhost)	236.4 KiB	32.5 KiB
app/shared/layouts/supervisor-navbar/supervisor-navbar.component.html	6.2 KiB	6.2 KiB
app/shared/layouts/client-navbar/client-navbar.component.html	4.8 KiB	4.8 KiB
app/shared/layouts/admin-navbar/admin-navbar.component.html	4.2 KiB	4.2 KiB
app/core/auth/login/login.component.ts	10.9 KiB	2.9 KiB
app/core/auth/login/login.component.html	2.5 KiB	2.5 KiB
deps/chunk-HDNO4HPE.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	58.4 KiB	24.7 KiB
	55.3 KiB	24.7 KiB
/polyfills.js (localhost)	340.8 KiB	24.6 KiB
	87.8 KiB	24.6 KiB
Inattributable	737.6 KiB	422.4 KiB
hrome-extension://aapbdbdomjkkjkaonfhkkikfgjllcleb/bubble_compiled.js	737.6 KiB	422.4 KiB

▲ Eliminate render-blocking resources — Potential savings of 40 ms

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. <u>Learn how to eliminate render-blocking resources</u>. [FCP] [LCP]

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URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
localhost 1st Party	28.4 KiB	130 ms
/styles.css (localhost)	28.4 KiB	130 ms

▲ Page prevented back/forward cache restoration — 1 failure reason

Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. <u>Learn more about the bfcache</u>

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Failure reason	Failure type	
Pages with WebSocket cannot enter back/forward cache.	Pending browser suppo	ort
/customer/inicio-atencion-cliente (localhost)		
Minify CSS — Potential savings of 5 KiB		
Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn how to minify	CSS. FCP LCP	
URL	Transfer Size	Potentia Saving
localhost (1st Party)	28.4 KiB	4.9 Kil
/styles.css (localhost)	28.4 KiB	4.9 Kil
Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 21 KiB		
Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 21 KiB Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above- network activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. FCP LCP	the-fold content to decrease bytes o	consumed b
Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-	the-fold content to decrease bytes o Transfer Size	Potentia
Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for abovenetwork activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. FCP LCP	Transfer	Potentia Saving 20.7 Kil
Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for abovenetwork activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. FCP LCP	Transfer Size	Potentia Saving
Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above- network activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. FCP LCP URL localhost 1st Party	Transfer Size 28.2 KiB	Potentia Saving 20.7 Kil
Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above- network activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. FCP LCP URL localhost 1st Party /styles.css (localhost)	Transfer Size 28.2 KiB 28.2 KiB	Potentia Saving 20.7 Ki ll 20.7 Ki
Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above- network activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. FCP LCP URL localhost 1st Party /styles.css (localhost) Avoid enormous network payloads — Total size was 3,013 KiB Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated was a significant or content of the con	Transfer Size 28.2 KiB 28.2 KiB	Potentia Saving 20.7 Kil 20.7 Ki
Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above- network activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. FCP LCP URL localhost (1st Party) /styles.css (localhost) Avoid enormous network payloads — Total size was 3,013 KiB Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated wasizes.	Transfer Size 28.2 KiB 28.2 KiB	Potentia Saving 20.7 Kil 20.7 Kil

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URL	Transfer Size
/polyfills.js (localhost)	341.1 KiB
/chunk-6QOIXCKC.js (localhost)	313.7 KiB
/main.js (localhost)	236.6 KiB
deps/@angular_forms.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	205.5 KiB
deps/@angular_router.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	201.9 KiB
deps/chunk-JA3AYWUA.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	173.9 KiB
deps/chunk-ILOBLWYU.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	169.7 KiB
/@vite/client (localhost)	133.0 KiB
deps/sweetalert2.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	120.5 KiB

O User Timing marks and measures — 20 user timings

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more about User Timing marks</u>.

Name	Туре	Start Time Duration
Zone	Mark	110.83 ms
Zone:ZoneAwarePromise	Mark	111.92 ms
Zone:toString	Mark	113.55 ms
Zone:util	Mark	113.96 ms
Zone:legacy	Mark	115.09 ms
Zone:timers	Mark	115.28 ms
Zone:requestAnimationFrame	Mark	115.84 ms
Zone:blocking	Mark	116.28 ms

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Name	Туре	Start Time	Duration
Zone:EventTarget	Mark	116.86 ms	
Zone:MutationObserver	Mark	118.10 ms	
Zone:IntersectionObserver	Mark	118.67 ms	
Zone:FileReader	Mark	119.05 ms	
Zone:on_property	Mark	119.41 ms	
Zone:customElements	Mark	141.68 ms	
Zone:XHR	Mark	141.89 ms	
Zone:geolocation	Mark	142.27 ms	
Zone:PromiseRejectionEvent	Mark	142.47 ms	
Zone:queueMicrotask	Mark	142.61 ms	
mark_feature_usage	Mark	243.67 ms	
mark_feature_usage	Mark	254.23 ms	

Initial server response time was short — Root document took 0 ms

Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. <u>Learn more about the Time to First Byte metric</u>. FCP [LCP]

URL	Time Spent
localhost 1st Party	0 ms
/customer/inicio-atencion-cliente (localhost)	0 ms

O Avoids an excessive DOM size — 124 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn how to avoid an excessive DOM size</u>. <u>TBT</u>

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Statistic	Element		Value
Total DOM Elements			124
Maximum DOM Depth		h2.text-xl.font-semibold.text-blue-600	12
Maximum Child Elements	ul.space-y-2.font-medium		11

Avoid chaining critical requests — 17 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests.

Maximum critical path latency: 420.382 ms

Initial Navigation

```
/customer/inicio-atencion-cliente (localhost)
```

/styles.css (localhost) - 21.519 ms, 28.41 KiB

/@vite/client (localhost)

...client/env.mjs (localhost) - 2.364 ms, 4.18 KiB

/polyfills.js (localhost) - 27.29 ms, 341.07 KiB

/main.js (localhost)

/chunk-Y46HTK6I.js (localhost) - 3.077 ms, 1.35 KiB

...deps/@angular_platform-browser.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)

...deps/chunk-HDNO4HPE.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost) - 6.136 ms, 58.76 KiB

...deps/chunk-JI7JUWSP.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost) - 9.277 ms, 77.83 KiB

...deps/chunk-JA3AYWUA.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost) - 11.438 ms, 173.94 KiB

...deps/chunk-7XVR3QCZ.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost) - 22.111 ms, 861.77 KiB

...deps/chunk-ILOBLWYU.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost) - 22.232 ms, 169.69 KiB

...deps/chunk-TXDUYLVM.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost) - 18.991 ms, 3.38 KiB

...deps/@angular_core.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost) - 6.295 ms, 23.74 KiB

...deps/@angular_router.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost) - 9.018 ms, 201.85 KiB

...deps/@angular_common_http.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost) - 7.486 ms, 2.85 KiB

...deps/@angular_forms.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost) - 13.187 ms, 205.46 KiB

...deps/@angular common.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost) - 11.598 ms, 4.81 KiB

 $... deps/sweetalert2.js?v = 048d0dc3 \ \, (localhost)$

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/chunk-6QOIXCKC.js (localhost)

/chunk-NA4CRG37.js (localhost) - 2.418 ms, 7.14 KiB

/chunk-FCNN6LZD.js (localhost) - 3.024 ms, 24.00 KiB

JavaScript execution time — 0.2 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time. (TBT)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
Unattributable	339 ms	106 ms	82 ms
Unattributable	217 ms	81 ms	0 ms
<pre>chrome- extension://aapbdbdomjkkjkaonfhkkikfgjllcleb/bubble_compiled.js</pre>	122 ms	25 ms	82 ms
localhost 1st Party	133 ms	54 ms	3 ms
/customer/inicio-atencion-cliente (localhost)	82 ms	7 ms	2 ms
deps/sweetalert2.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	50 ms	47 ms	0 ms

○ Minimizes main-thread work — 0.5 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to minimize main-thread work TBT

^

Category	Time Spent
Other	179 ms
Script Evaluation	167 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	90 ms
Style & Layout	42 ms
Garbage Collection	11 ms

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PASSED AUDITS (22)

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Category			Time Spen
Parse HTML & C	SS		4 ms
Rendering			1 ms
Avoid long main-	thread tasks — 3 long tasks found		
ists the longest ta	sks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to in	nput delay. <u>Learn how to</u>	avoid long
nam umoda taoko (101)		
URL		Start Time	Duration
		Start Time	
URL Unattributable	://aapbdbdomjkkjkaonfhkkikfgjllcleb/bubble_compiled.js	Start Time 268 ms	Duration 168 ms
URL Unattributable			168 ms
URL Unattributable chrome-extension	://aapbdbdomjkkjkaonfhkkikfgjllcleb/bubble_compiled.js	268 ms	168 ms

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

Properly size images

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn how to size images. FCP

LCP

Defer offscreen images

Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. Learn how to defer offscreen images. FCP LCP

Efficiently encode images

Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn how to efficiently encode images. FCP LCP

Hide

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Serve images in next-gen formats	^
Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. Learn more about modern image formats. FCP LCP	3
Preconnect to required origins	^
Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party original Learn how to preconnect to required origins. [CP] FCP	gins.
Avoid multiple page redirects	^
Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. <u>Learn how to avoid page redirects</u> . <u>LCP</u> <u>FCP</u>	
Use HTTP/2	^
HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more about HTTP/2. [LCP FCP]	
Use video formats for animated content	^
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more about efficient video formats FCP LCP	
Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles	^
Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. FCP LCP	
Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers	^
Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feat detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn to use modern JavaScript FCP LCP	
O Preload Largest Contentful Paint image	^
If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. <u>Learn more about preloading LCP elements</u> . <u>LCP</u>	<u>!</u>
Uses efficient cache policy on static assets — 0 resources found	^

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A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more about efficient cache policies. All text remains visible during webfont loads Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more about fontdisplay. Minimize third-party usage Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. Learn how to minimize third-party impact. TBT Lazy load third-party resources with facades Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. Learn how to defer third-parties with a facade. (TBT) Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. Learn more about optimal lazy loading. [LCP] Avoid large layout shifts These are the largest layout shifts observed on the page. Each table item represents a single layout shift, and shows the element that shifted the most. Below each item are possible root causes that led to the layout shift. Some of these layout shifts may not be included in the CLS metric value due to windowing. Learn how to improve CLS CLS Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. Learn more about adopting passive event listeners. Avoids document.write() For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by tens of seconds. Learn how to avoid document.write(). Avoid non-composited animations Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn how to avoid non-composited animations CLS

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Image elements have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. Learn how to set image dimensions CLS

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

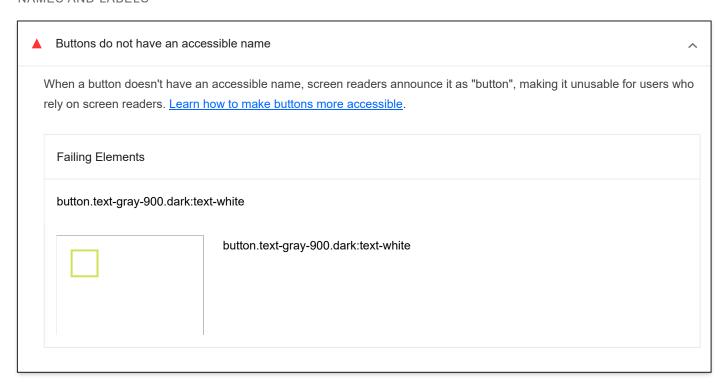
A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag.



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Automatic detection can only detect a subset of issues and does not guarantee the accessibility of your web app, so manual testing is also encouraged.

NAMES AND LABELS



These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

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CONTRAST

Background and foreground colors do not have a sufficient contrast ratio.	
ow-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn how to provide sufficient color contrast.	
Failing Elements	
h2.text-xl.font-semibold.text-blue-600	
div.bg-blue-100.p-4.rounded-lg.shadow.hover:shadow-lg.transition-shadow.duration-300	
a.mt-4.inline-block.text-blue-500.hover:underline	
div.bg-blue-100.p-4.rounded-lg.shadow.hover:shadow-lg.transition-shadow.duration-300	
a.mt-4.inline-block.text-blue-500.hover:underline	
div.bg-white.p-4.rounded-lg.shadow.hover:shadow-lg.transition-shadow.duration-300	
button.mt-4.inline-block.text-blue-500.hover:underline	
div.bg-white.p-4.rounded-lg.shadow.hover:shadow-lg.transition-shadow.duration-300	
h2.text-xl.font-semibold.text-blue-600	

Failing Elements	
	div.bg-blue-100.p-4.rounded-lg.shadow.hover:shadow-lg.transition-shadow.duration-300
	a.mt-4.inline-block.text-blue-500.hover:underline
	div.bg-blue-100.p-4.rounded-lg.shadow.hover:shadow-lg.transition-shadow.duration-300
	button.mt-4.inline-block.text-blue-500.hover:underline
	div.bg-white.p-4.rounded-lg.shadow.hover:shadow-lg.transition-shadow.duration-300
	h2.text-xl.font-semibold.text-blue-600
	div.bg-blue-100.p-4.rounded-lg.shadow.hover:shadow-lg.transition-shadow.duration-300
	a.mt-4.inline-block.text-blue-500.hover:underline
	div.bg-blue-100.p-4.rounded-lg.shadow.hover:shadow-lg.transition-shadow.duration-300

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	button.mt-4.inline-block.text-blue-500.hover:underline
di	v.bg-white.p-4.rounded-lg.shadow.hover:shadow-lg.transition-shadow.duration-300
	v.bg winte.p in our last lig.on add winever.on add wing.tranol.ten on add wind at last 1000
	h2.text-xl.font-semibold.text-blue-600
	_
di	v.bg-blue-100.p-4.rounded-lg.shadow.hover:shadow-lg.transition-shadow.duration-300
	a.mt-4.inline-block.text-blue-500.hover:underline
di	v.bg-blue-100.p-4.rounded-lg.shadow.hover:shadow-lg.transition-shadow.duration-300
	button.mt-4.inline-block.text-blue-500.hover:underline
di	v.bg-white.p-4.rounded-lg.shadow.hover:shadow-lg.transition-shadow.duration-300
	button.mt-4.inline-block.text-blue-500.hover:underline

Failing Elements	

These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)	Hide
Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn how to make custom controls focusable</u> .	
Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints.	
O The page has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more about logical tab ordering</u> .	
O Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more about DOM and visual ordering.</u>	
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn how to avoid focus tra	<u>aps</u> .
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn how to direct focus to new content.	
HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technological searn more about landmark elements.</nav></main>	ogy.
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^

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Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn how to properly hide offscreen content.

Custom controls have associated labels

Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more about custom controls and labels.

Custom controls have ARIA roles

Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. Learn how to add roles to custom controls.

These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on <u>conducting an accessibility</u> review.

PASSED AUDITS (12)

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document <body>. Learn how aria-hidden affects the document body.

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. <u>Learn more about the viewport meta tag</u>.

[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents

[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body>

Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. <u>Learn how aria-hidden affects focusable elements</u>.

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more about document titles</u>.

html> element has a [lang] attribute

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute.

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<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn how to use the lang attribute. Links have a discernible name Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn how to make links accessible. Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more about proper list structure. List items () are contained within , or <menu> parent elements Screen readers require list items () to be contained within a parent , or <menu> to be announced properly. Learn more about proper list structure. No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0 A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more about the tabindex attribute. Touch targets have sufficient size and spacing. Touch targets with sufficient size and spacing help users who may have difficulty targeting small controls to activate the targets. Learn more about touch targets. Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate

NOT APPLICABLE (43)

and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more about heading order.

[accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn more about access keys</u>.

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O [aria-*] attributes match their roles	^
Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes. how to match ARIA attributes to their roles .	<u>Learn</u>
Uses ARIA roles only on compatible elements	^
Many HTML elements can only be assigned certain ARIA roles. Using ARIA roles where they are not allowed can interf with the accessibility of the web page. <u>Learn more about ARIA roles</u> .	fere
O button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names	^
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusa for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to make command elements more accessible</u> .	ıble
ARIA attributes are used as specified for the element's role	^
Some ARIA attributes are only allowed on an element under certain conditions. Learn more about conditional ARIA attributes.	
O Deprecated ARIA roles were not used	^
Deprecated ARIA roles may not be processed correctly by assistive technology. Learn more about deprecated ARIA role	<u>les</u> .
Elements with role="dialog" or role="alertdialog" have accessible names.	^
ARIA dialog elements without accessible names may prevent screen readers users from discerning the purpose of thes elements. <u>Learn how to make ARIA dialog elements more accessible</u> .	se
ARIA input fields have accessible names	^
When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unus for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about input field labels</u> .	sable
ARIA meter elements have accessible names	^
When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name meter elements</u> .	
ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names	^

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When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to label progressbar elements. Elements use only permitted ARIA attributes Using ARIA attributes in roles where they are prohibited can mean that important information is not communicated to users of assistive technologies. Learn more about prohibited ARIA roles. [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes ^ Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more about roles and required attributes. Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children. Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about roles and required children elements. [role]s are contained by their required parent element Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about ARIA roles and required parent element. [role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about valid ARIA roles. Elements with the role=text attribute do not have focusable descendents. Adding role=text around a text node split by markup enables VoiceOver to treat it as one phrase, but the element's focusable descendents will not be announced. Learn more about the role=text attribute. ARIA toggle fields have accessible names When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about toggle fields. ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to name tooltip elements.

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ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names	^
When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about labeling treeitem elements.	
O [aria-*] attributes have valid values	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. <u>Learn more about valid value</u> <u>for ARIA attributes</u> .	<u>:s</u>
O [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. <u>Learn more about valid ARIA attributes</u> .	<u>\</u>
The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region	^
Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. <u>Learn more about bypass blocks</u> .	<u> </u>
O <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. <u>Learn how to structure definition lists correctly</u>.</td><td><u>:0</u></td></tr><tr><td>O Definition list items are wrapped in <d1> elements</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.</td><td>у</td></tr><tr><td>ARIA IDs are unique</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. <u>Learn how to fix duplicate ARIA IDs</u>.</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>No form fields have multiple labels</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use eith the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn how to use form labels</u>.</td><td>ıer</td></tr><tr><td><frame> or <iframe> elements have a title</td><td>^</td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl>	

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Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more about frame titles. attributehttml">httmlhttml<a href="httml" If the webpage does not specify a consistent language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute. Image elements do not have [alt] attributes that are redundant text. Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternative text. Alternative text that is exactly the same as the text adjacent to the link or image is potentially confusing for screen reader users, because the text will be read twice. Learn more about the alt attribute. Input buttons have discernible text. Adding discernable and accessible text to input buttons may help screen reader users understand the purpose of the input button. Learn more about input buttons. <input type="image"> elements have [alt] text When an image is being used as an <input> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text. Form elements have associated labels Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more about form element labels. Links are distinguishable without relying on color. Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Link text that is discernible improves the experience for users with low vision. Learn how to make links distinguishable. The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"> Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more about the refresh meta tag.

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O <object> elements have alternate text</object>
Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements.</object>
O Select elements have associated label elements.
Form elements without effective labels can create frustrating experiences for screen reader users. Learn more about the select element.
O Skip links are focusable.
Including a skip link can help users skip to the main content to save time. Learn more about skip links.
Tables have different content in the summary attribute and <caption>.</caption>
The summary attribute should describe the table structure, while <caption> should have the onscreen title. Accurate table mark-up helps users of screen readers. Learn more about summary and caption.</caption>
Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring cells using the [headers] attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about the headers attribute.
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about table headers.
O [lang] attributes have a valid value
Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn</u> <u>how to use the lang attribute</u> .
When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. <u>Learn more about video captions</u> .

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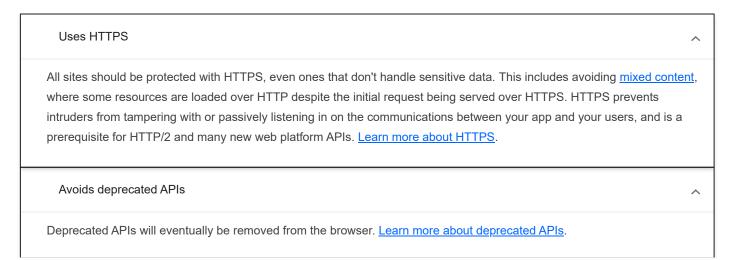
TRUST AND SAFETY

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks		^
A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly real a CSP to prevent XSS	educes the risk of cross-site scripting ((XSS) attacks. <u>Learn how to use</u>
Description	Directive	Severity
No CSP found in enforcement mode		High

GENERAL

 Detected JavaScript 	libraries	^
All front-end JavaScrip	t libraries detected on the page. <u>Learn more about this JavaScript library detection diagnos</u>	estic audit.
Name	Version	
Angular	18.2.13	

PASSED AUDITS (14)



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Avoids third-party cookies Chrome is moving towards a new experience that allows users to choose to browse without third-party cookies. Learn more about third-party cookies. Allows users to paste into input fields Preventing input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and weakens security by blocking password managers. Learn more about user-friendly input fields. Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load \wedge Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more about the geolocation permission. Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications. Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more about image aspect ratio. Serves images with appropriate resolution Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn how to provide responsive images. Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to guirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the

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Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding.

No browser errors logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. <u>Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit</u>

No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

^

^

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more about source maps</u>.

URL

localhost (st Party)

/polyfills.js (localhost)

/main.js (localhost)

/chunk-Y46HTK6l.js (localhost)

/chunk-NA4CRG37.js (localhost)

/chunk-FCNN6LZD.js (localhost)

/chunk-6QOIXCKC.js (localhost)

/@vite/client (localhost)

...client/env.mjs (localhost)

...deps/sweetalert2.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)

...deps/chunk-TXDUYLVM.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)

...deps/chunk-TXDUYLVM.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)

...deps/chunk-TXDUYLVM.js.map (localhost)

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URL	Map URL
deps/chunk-JI7JUWSP.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	deps/chunk-JI7JUWSP.js.map (localhost)
deps/chunk-JA3AYWUA.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	deps/chunk-JA3AYWUA.js.map (localhost)
deps/chunk-ILOBLWYU.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	deps/chunk-ILOBLWYU.js.map (localhost)
deps/chunk-HDNO4HPE.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	deps/chunk-HDNO4HPE.js.map (localhost)
deps/chunk-7XVR3QCZ.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	deps/chunk-7XVR3QCZ.js.map (localhost)
deps/@angular_router.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	deps/@angular_router.js.map (localhost)
deps/@angular_platform-browser.js? v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	deps/@angular_platform- browser.js.map (localhost)
deps/@angular_forms.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	deps/@angular_forms.js.map (localhost)
deps/@angular_core.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	deps/@angular_core.js.map (localhost)
deps/@angular_common.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	deps/@angular_common.js.map (localhost)
deps/@angular_common_http.js?v=048d0dc3 (localhost)	deps/@angular_common_http.js.map (localhost)

NOT APPLICABLE (2) Hide

Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS Make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. Learn more. Document uses legible font sizes Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. Learn more about legible font sizes.



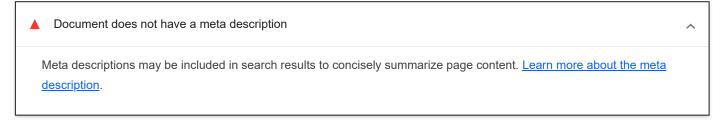
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SEO

These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on

Core Web Vitals. Learn more about Google Search Essentials.

CONTENT BEST PRACTICES



Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)

Structured data is valid

Hide

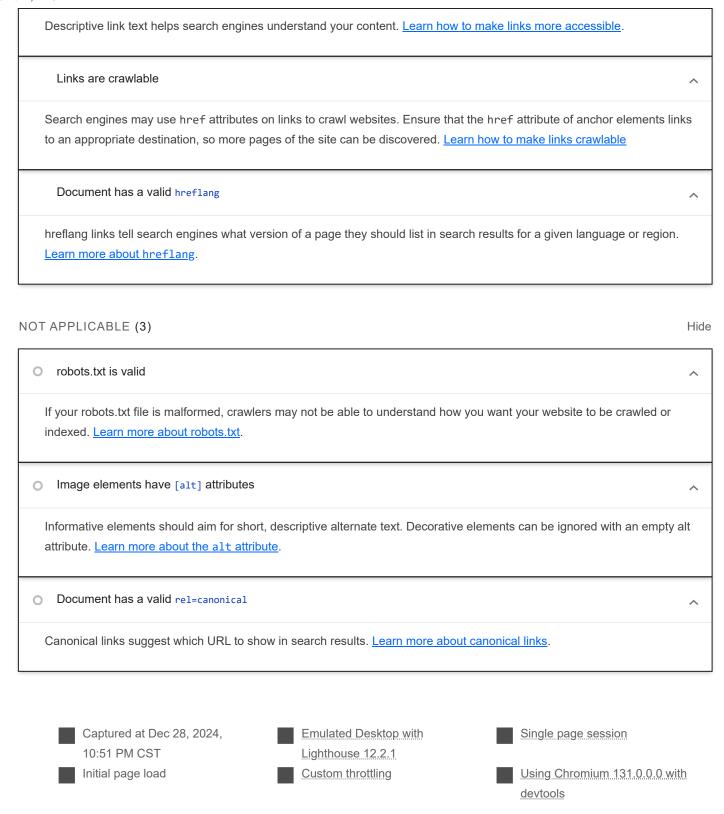
Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more about Structured Data</u>.

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

PASSED AUDITS (6) Hide

Page isn't blocked from indexing	
Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl th about crawler directives.	em. <u>Learn more</u>
Document has a <title> element</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to depage is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more about document titles</u>.</td><td>etermine if a</td></tr><tr><td>Page has successful HTTP status code</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more about HTTP status</td><td>codes.</td></tr><tr><td>Links have descriptive text</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></title>	

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