

CherryBlssm_Pred

Marie Han

2026-02-27

Loading training data

```
cherry <- read.csv("data/washingtondc.csv") |>
  bind_rows(read.csv("data/liestal.csv")) |>
  bind_rows(read.csv("data/kyoto.csv")) |>
  bind_rows(read.csv("data/vancouver.csv")) |>
  bind_rows(read.csv("data/nyc.csv"))
```

Function to obtain weather data:

```
get_ghcn_station= function(station_id, destdir = tempdir()) {
  base_url= "https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/pub/data/ghcn/daily/by_station/"
  file_name= paste0(station_id, ".csv.gz")
  url= paste0(base_url, file_name)
  destfile= file.path(destdir, file_name)
  if (!file.exists(destfile)) {
    download.file(url, destfile, mode = "wb")
  }
  data=read.csv(destfile, header = FALSE)
  data=data[, -c(5:8)]
  data$Date=as.Date(as.character(data$V2), "%Y%m%d")
  data$Year=as.integer(format(data$Date, "%Y"))

  #Pivot to get vars as columns
  data_wide=data %>%
    select(Date, Year, V3, V4) %>%
    pivot_wider(
      names_from = V3,
      values_from = V4)

  # Calculate TAVG if TMAX and TMIN exist
  if (all(c("TMAX", "TMIN") %in% colnames(data_wide))) {
    data_wide= data_wide %>%
      mutate(TAVG = (TMAX + TMIN)/2)
  }

  # Keep only the desired elements
  elements_to_keep= c("TMIN", "TMAX", "TAVG", "PRCP")
  data_wide= data_wide %>%
    select(Date, Year, any_of(elements_to_keep))
```

```

# Remove rows without both TMIN and TMAX
data_wide= data_wide %>%
  filter(!is.na(TMIN) & !is.na(TMAX))

return(data_wide)
}

```

Weather by location, putting it into one “daily” dataframe.

```

kyototemp=get_ghcn_station("JA000047759")
washdc=get_ghcn_station("USW00013743")
vancouvertemp=get_ghcn_station("CA001108395")
newyorkcity=get_ghcn_station("USW00014732")
liestaltemp=get_ghcn_station("SZ000001940")

#Adding a location variable for identification
kyototemp$location <- "kyoto"
liestaltemp$location <- "liestal"
newyorkcity$location <- "newyorkcity"
vancouvertemp$location <- "vancouver"
washdc$location <- "washingtondc"

```

```
library("rvest")
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'rvest'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:readr':
##       guess_encoding
```

```
AccuWeather <- read.csv("accuweather_forecast_2026.csv")
```

```

get_weather_table <- function(url)
  read_html(url) %>%
    html_nodes("div.monthly-calendar") %>%
    html_text2() %>%
    str_replace("N/A", "N/A N/A") %>%
    str_remove_all("°|Hist. Avg. ") %>%
    str_split(" ", simplify = TRUE) %>%
    parse_number() %>%
    matrix(ncol = 3,
           byrow = TRUE,
           dimnames = list(NULL, c("day", "tmax", "tmin"))) %>%
    as_tibble() %>%
    filter(row_number() >= day) %>%
    filter(!duplicated(day))

```

```
vancouver2025 <-
```

```
  tibble(
    base_url = "https://web.archive.org/web/20260224/https://www.accuweather.com/en/us/vancouver/98661/
```

```

month = month.name[10:12],
year = 2025,
url = str_c(base_url, tolower(month), "-weather/331419?year=", year)) %>%
mutate(temp = map(url, get_weather_table)) %>%
pull(temp) %>%
reduce(bind_rows) %>%
transmute(date = seq(as.Date("2025-10-01"), as.Date("2025-12-31"), 1),
          year = parse_number(format(date, "%Y")),
          tmax,
          tmin,
          temp = (tmax + tmin) / 2)

vancouver2026<-
tibble(
  base_url = "https://web.archive.org/web/20260224/https://www.accuweather.com/en/us/vancouver/98661",
  month = month.name[1:2],
  year = 2026,
  url = str_c(base_url, tolower(month), "-weather/331419?year=", year)) %>%
mutate(temp = map(url, get_weather_table)) %>%
pull(temp) %>%
reduce(bind_rows) %>%
transmute(date = seq(as.Date("2026-01-01"), as.Date("2026-02-28"), 1),
          year = parse_number(format(date, "%Y")),
          tmax,
          tmin,
          temp = (tmax + tmin) / 2)

vancouver_binded <- vancouver2025 %>%
bind_rows(vancouver2026) %>%
mutate(
  Date = as.Date(date),
  year = year(Date),
  TMIN = tmin,
  TMAX = tmax,
  TAVG = temp,
  PRCP = NA,
  location = "vancouver",
  month = month(Date),
  bloom_year = ifelse(month >= 10, year + 1, year)
) %>%
select(-date, -tmin, -tmax, -temp)

```

```

#Now putting them all into one file
Cherry_day <- bind_rows(kyototemp, liestaltemp, newyorkcity, vancouvertemp, washdc) %>%
  rename(year = Year) %>% #to match with the original cherry year label
  mutate(Date = as.Date(Date),
         year = as.numeric(format(Date, "%Y")),
         month = as.numeric(format(Date, "%m")),
         bloom_year = ifelse(month >= 10, year+1, year)
  )

#Adding on the vancouver weather data from this year
Cherry_day <- bind_rows(Cherry_day, vancouver_binded)

```

Adding precipitation counter, I wanted to capture the rain accumulation over a week, as an inch per week is considered ideal for cherry tree growth and health. This is also where I had to start collapsing each individual day's min/max/average temperature, in order to start looking at things more broadly. Because this is only looking at data starting in October until February, I was not expecting a lot of really hot weather to begin with, but I wasn't counting out the possibility.

```
#To filter things weekly ###
Cherry_week <- Cherry_day %>%
  filter(month >= 10 | month <= 2) %>%
  mutate(week = isoweek(Date))
) %>%
group_by(location, bloom_year, week) %>%
summarise(
  weekly_PRCP = sum(PRCP,na.rm = TRUE),
  mean_TAVG   = mean(TAVG),
  min_TAVG    = min(TAVG),
  max_TAVG    = max(TAVG),
  .groups = "drop"
) %>%
mutate(
  PRCP_indicator      = ifelse(weekly_PRCP > 254, 1, 0), # > 254 tenths of mm, as is measured by data
  TooCold_indicator   = ifelse(min_TAVG < -29, 1, 0), #more important if it's been too cold for an enti
  TooHot_indicator   = ifelse(max_TAVG > 29, 1, 0)
)
```

Now to make our data usable in the model and prediction, collapsing and summarizing it into a year in order to match the original “cherry” format.

```
Cherry_Year <- Cherry_week %>%
  group_by(location,bloom_year) %>%
  summarize(
    precipitation = sum(PRCP_indicator),
    avg_TMAX = mean(max_TAVG),
    avg_TMIN = mean(min_TAVG),
    AVG = mean(mean_TAVG),
    TooCold = sum(TooCold_indicator),
    TooHot = sum(TooHot_indicator),
    .groups = "drop"
) %>%
#select(-year) %>%
rename(year = bloom_year ) %>%
mutate(precipitation = replace_na(precipitation, 0))
```

Model

The too hot indicator was insignificant due to it being fall and winter time during our windowed time frame. It's very unlikely that any of these locations would have a week or more long heatwave, but there is always the possibility.

```
model1<- cherry |>
  left_join(Cherry_Year,
            by = c("location", "year")) |>
  lm(formula = bloom_doy ~ year * location + AVG + TooCold+TooHot +precipitation )
```

```

summary(model1)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = bloom_doy ~ year * location + AVG + TooCold + TooHot +
##      precipitation, data = left_join(cherry, Cherry_Year, by = c("location",
##      "year")))
##
## Residuals:
##       Min     1Q   Median     3Q    Max 
## -22.9175 -4.1267  0.0169  4.6572 18.2862 
##
## Coefficients: (1 not defined because of singularities)
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
## (Intercept) 2.989e+02 9.522e+01 3.139 0.00188 **  
## year        -9.493e-02 4.814e-02 -1.972 0.04964 *   
## locationliestal -1.789e+01 1.018e+02 -0.176 0.86069  
## locationnewyorkcity -7.748e+00 8.050e+00 -0.963 0.33663  
## locationvancouver -2.383e+03 9.180e+03 -0.260 0.79536  
## locationwashingtondc -1.001e+02 1.188e+02 -0.842 0.40030  
## AVG          -1.250e-01 5.990e-02 -2.087 0.03785 *   
## TooCold       9.543e-01 3.000e-01 3.181 0.00164 **  
## TooHot        -2.713e-02 2.820e-01 -0.096 0.92342  
## precipitation -1.187e-01 2.322e-01 -0.511 0.60955  
## year:locationliestal 4.499e-03 5.148e-02 0.087 0.93041  
## year:locationnewyorkcity NA        NA        NA        NA      
## year:locationvancouver 1.173e+00 4.537e+00 0.259 0.79618  
## year:locationwashingtondc 4.451e-02 5.990e-02 0.743 0.45813 
## --- 
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1 
##
## Residual standard error: 7.501 on 274 degrees of freedom
##   (790 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared:  0.3898, Adjusted R-squared:  0.363 
## F-statistic: 14.58 on 12 and 274 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

####TEST PREDICTIONS
cherry_gridTEST <- expand_grid(location = unique(cherry$location),
                                 year = 1990:2026) |>
  inner_join(Cherry_Year,
             by = c("location", "year"))

predictions2 <- cherry_gridTEST |>
  mutate(pred_bloom = predict(model1, newdata = cherry_gridTEST))

## Warning: There was 1 warning in 'mutate()' .
## i In argument: 'pred_bloom = predict(model1, newdata = cherry_gridTEST)' .
## Caused by warning in 'predict.lm()' :
## ! prediction from rank-deficient fit; attr(*, "non-estim") has doubtful cases

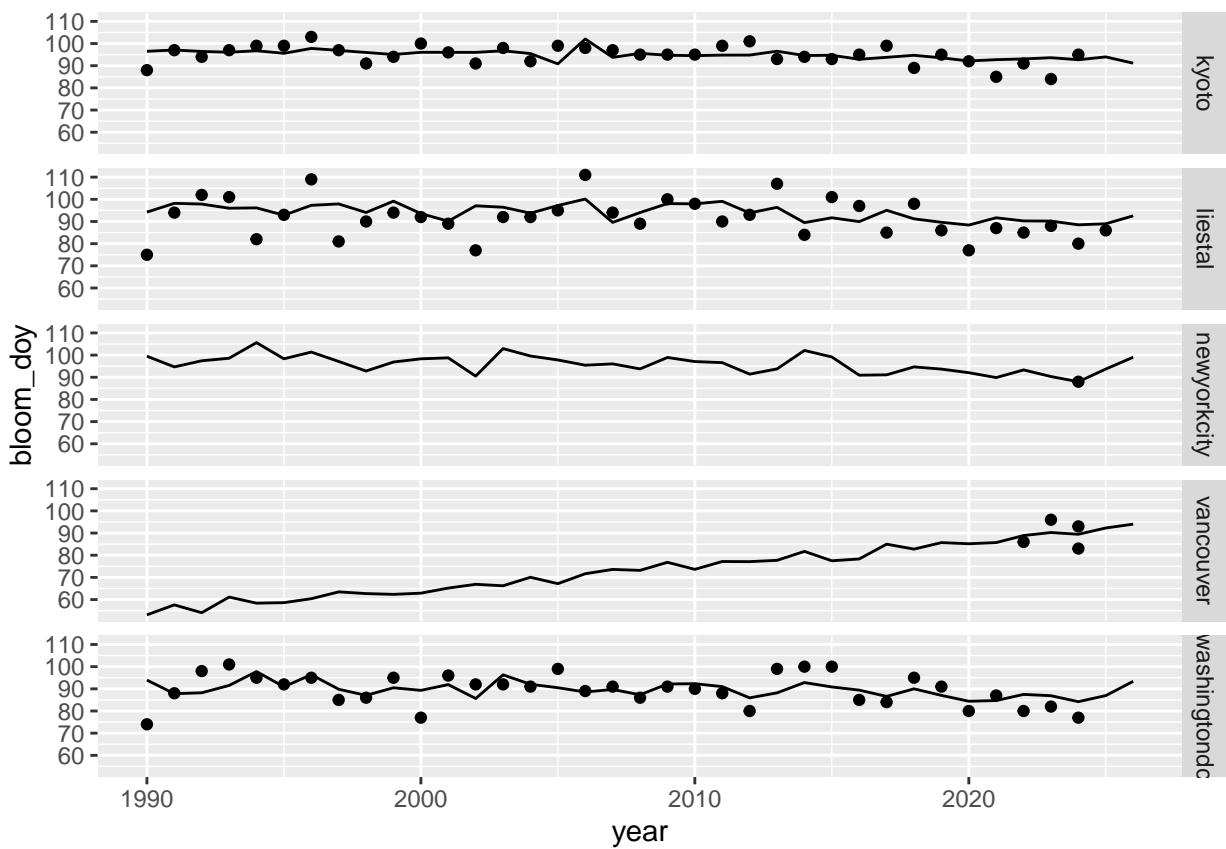
```

```

predictions2 |>
  left_join(cherry,
            by = c("location", "year")) |>
  ggplot(aes(x = year)) +
  geom_point(aes(y = bloom_doy)) +
  geom_line(aes(y = pred_bloom)) +
  facet_grid(rows = vars(location))

```

Warning: Removed 75 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range
('geom_point()').



Submission

```

predictions2 |>
  filter(year == 2026) |>
  mutate(predicted_date= strptime(paste(year,pred_bloom), "%Y %j") |>
    as_date())

```

```

## # A tibble: 5 x 10
##   location  year precipitation avg_TMAX avg_TMIN    AVG TooCold TooHot pred_bloom
##   <chr>     <dbl>        <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl> <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>
## 1 washing~  2026           4       103.      27.4    64.5      6      19      93.4

```

```
## 2 liestal    2026          3     87.1    33.6  58.8      3     16    92.6
## 3 kyoto      2026          0    150.    92.4 120.      0     18    91.1
## 4 vancouv~   2026          0     45.5    41.6  43.5      0     22    94.0
## 5 newyork~   2026          5     86.6    13.7  50.6      8     19    99.0
## # i 1 more variable: predicted_date <date>
```

Predicted bloom dates as of 02/27/2026

DC: 04/03/2026

Liestal: 04/02/2026

Kyoto: 04/01/2026

Vancouver: 04/04/2026

NYC: 04/08/2026