

Python/C++ Interface for mbsolve Project

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Overview

In this presentation, I would like to

- Put forward the motivation and goal of the project
- Present the steps of the realization of this engineer's practice
- Display the delivered results



Introduction

- Quantum cascade laser is a type of semiconductor emitting mid-infrared or tetrahertz portion of the electromagnetic spectrum allowing a multitude of applications.
- The mbsolve project provides the required simulation relying on
 - C++ programming
 - Python user interface

Python
Advantages
Flexibility (fast edit-build-debug cycle) Interactivity
(create, change, view objects at runtime)
Drawbacks
relatively slow
Limitations with memory intensive tasks Limitations with database access

Table: Characterictics of C++ and Python.



Conception and realization – Python/C++ Interface

- Python.Boost huge dependance to GCC and extensive use of C++ template
- ctypes allow access to a few functions within a DLL, but not optimal fo bigger libraries
- SWIG
 - language neutral
 - tagets many languages (Python, Tcl, MATLAB, etc)
 - simple and completely automated

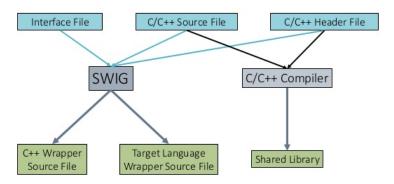


Figure: Functionality of SWIG



Conception and realization – Serializing input parameters

- Use dexml, a simple object-XML mapper for Python
- Create subclasses of the class dexml. Model
- Parse the XML file
- Store the input parameters as instances of the corresponding subclass



Conception and realization – Storing results

Options for file format to store the results

• XML

- concise and unambiguous
- but unsuitable for large amounts of data

VTK

- powerful tool to visualize scalars, vectors, complex numbers, etc
- difficult setup

HDF5

- suitable for high volume and complex data
- store and manage data of different types



Conception and realization – Git

A Git project was created to

- register every step of the realization
- have access to the project on any computer
- facilitate data exchange and work coordination between me and my supervisor.



Conception and realization – Makefile/CMake

Objective Organize code compilation, build and manage projects automatically.

- Makefile
 - list of targets with corresponding dependencies and command line(s)
- CMake
 - cross platform build system
 - automatically generates Makefiles using the CMakeListst.txt file



Results – Python/C++ Interface

- C++ library
 - contains the required C++ classes (material, region, record, etc) and the C++ function to calculate the results
- CMakeLists file
 - detect the SWIG executable and find the necessary packages and libraries
 - generate build files such as makefiles, nmake files and Visual Studio projects which call SWIG and compile the generated C++ files into shared objects (.so for UNIX or .pyd for Windows)
- Test program available as script and notebook
 - allow setup of materials, device, scenario, etc
 - extract metadata from an XML file
 - call the C++ function that calculates the required results
 - display and store results and metadata in an HDF5 file



Results

To run the program

- clone the Git repository of the project
- create and access a build directory
- to build run
 - \$ cmake .. \$ make
- bring the test program as well as the settings XML file to the build directory
- execute through
 - \$ python project.py



Results

Compatible with different versions of Python

• specify the wanted version in the command line while compiling with cmake as follows

```
$ cmake -DWITH_PYTHON3=ON/OFF ..
```

Executable on Windows

- build the extension module using a configuration file (conventionally called setup.py)
- use the source code files generated by SWIG and the original C++ source to create an extension module object
- compile it into a shared object file or DLL (.pyd on Windows) through
 - \$ python setup.py build_ext -inplace



Results – Restrictions

- A few commands differ from a Python version to another (e.g. raw_input/input) => 2 testprograms needed
- Building the module extension using setup.py on Windows does not allow structuring the project (all files must be in one directory)



Thank you for your attention!