表 1 建構大鵬灣生態系模型各生物群之參數值。B (Biomass):生物量 (g WW m⁻²), P/B (Production/Biomass):單位生產量 (yr⁻¹), Q/B (Consumption/Biomass):單位攝食量 (yr⁻¹)。

| Group name | В | P/B | Q/B | Reference |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|-------|-------------------|
| Phytoplankton | 5.7 | 2673.7 | - | 蘇等 2000 |
| Periphyton | 101.3 | 1.7 | - | 蘇等 2000 王 2001 |
| Herbivorous Zooplankton | 5.5 | 100.0 | 375.0 | 蘇等 2000 |
| Carnivorous Zooplankton | 0.5 | 35.0 | 128.0 | 黃 2000 鍾 2001 |
| Oyster | 269.6 | 1.5 | 35.0 | 台灣漁業年報 2000 |
| Polychaeta | 1.7 | 5.8 | 24.2 | |
| Gastropoda | 4.4 | 2.8 | 14.0 | |
| Bivalve | 372.8 | 2.2 | 9.5 | 謝 2000 |
| Cirripedia | 1.3 | 2.3 | 20.0 | Opitz (1996) |
| Amphipoda | 1.5 | 5.0 | 33.0 | Lin et. al., 1999 |
| Crab | 1.8 | 1.6 | 14.0 | |
| Shrimp | 0.2 | 2.8 | 26.9 | |
| Herbivorous Fish | 2.2 | 2.3 | 6.5 | |
| Zooplanktivorous Fish | 0.4 | 1.9 | 5.0 | 陳 2002 |
| Benthicfeeding Fish | 1.7 | 1.0 | 2.7 | Fish base |
| Detritivorous Fish | 4.6 | 2.3 | 6.5 | Opitz (1996) |
| Piscivorous Fish | 2.0 | 0.9 | 2.1 | - |
| Detritus | 5537.5 | TO | - 47 | 謝 2000 |



表 2 各漁法之漁獲量 $(g WW m^{-2} yr^{-1})$ 。 (附生藻與二枚貝的漁獲量為模擬 拆除蚵架時所做的設定)

| Group name | oyster catch | set net | gill net |
|-----------------------|-----------------|---------|----------|
| Periphyton | 1.0 | - | - |
| Oyster | 90.5 | - | - |
| Bivalve | 125.1 | - | - |
| Crab | - | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Shrimp | - | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Herbivorous Fish | - | 1.4 | 2.3 |
| Zooplanktivorous Fish | - | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Benthicfeeding Fish | - | 0.6 | 0.3 |
| Detritivorous Fish | - | 2.1 | 6.2 |
| Piscivorous Fish | - | 0.3 | 0.7 |

表3食性組成。

| Pery/Predator | 3 | 4 | 5 | 9 | 7 | 8 | 6 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
|-------------------------|-------|------------|------|---|-------|-------|-------------|-------|-------------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|---|-------------------|-------|
| Phytoplankton 1 | 000'1 | 1.0000.100 | 0.21 | 0.215 0.106 | 1 | 0.215 | 0.215 0.300 | 1 | 0.028 | ı | 0.063 | 1 | 0.099 0.097 | 760.0 | , |
| Periphyton | 1 | ı | 1 | 0.2610.441 | .441 | ı | 0.100 | 0.687 | 0.1000.6870.6800.1040.690 | 0.104 | 0.690 | 1 | 0.266 | 0.266 0.027 0.078 | .078 |
| Herbivorous Zooplankton | ı | 0.900 | 0.03 | 0.0350.0100.0100.0350.0500.0100.0100.0100.0100.5310.0100.0070.001 | .010 | 0.035 | 0.050 | 0.010 | 0.010 | 0.010 | 0.010 |).531 | 0.010 | 0.007 | .001 |
| Carnivorous Zooplankton | ı | ı | ı | 0.060 | ı | ı | 1 | 0.078 | 0.0780.0500.2000.0010.1000.0030.001 | 0.200 | 0.001 |).100 | 0.003 (| 0.001 | 1 |
| Oyster | 1 | ı | 1 | 0.0200.024 | .024 | ı | 1 | ı | 0.029 0.111 0.005 | 0.111 | 0.005 | 1 | 0.022 | ı | 1 |
| Polychaeta | ı | ı | ı | 0.0600.078 | .078 | ı | ı | ı | 0.010 0.100 0.002 | 0.100 | 0.002 | ı | ' | 0.006 | 1 |
| Gastropoda | 1 | ı | 1 | 0.0100.022 | .022 | ı | | ı | 0.60 0.105 0.001 | 0.105 | 0.001 | 1 | 0.001 | 0.001 0.021 0.001 | .001 |
| Bivalve | ı | ı | ı | 0.0250.030 | .030 | ı | 1 | ı | 0.0400.1540.006 |).154 | 0.006 | ı | 0.030 | ı | 1 |
| Cirripedia | 1 | ı | 1 | 0.0100.010 | .010 | ı | 1 | 0.025 | 0.025 0.010 | ı | 0.005 | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 |
| Amphipoda | 1 | ı | 1 | 0.0380.050 | .050 | ı | | 1 | 0.012 | 0.051 | 0.019 |).052 | 0.012 0.051 0.019 0.052 0.230 0.019 0.028 | 0.019 | .028 |
| Crab | 1 | ı | 1 | 0 - | 0.002 | ı | 1 | 1 | 0.002 0.002 | 0.002 | 1 | 1 | 0.089 | ı | |
| Shrimp | 1 | ı | 1 | 0 - | 0.003 | ı | 1 | 1 | 0.003 0.002 | 0.002 | ı | 1 | 0.010 | 0 - | 0.002 |
| Herbivorous Fish | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | | 1 | 0.006 0.006 | 0.006 | ı | - 1 | | 0 | 0.172 |
| Zooplankton Fish | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | 1 | ı | | ı | ı | ı | ı | 1 | | 0 | 0.034 |
| Benthicfeeding Fish | 1 | ı | 1 | | 1 | 1 | ı | 1 | 0.006 0.006 | 0.006 | ı | | ı | 0 - | 0.131 |
| Detritivorous Fish | | ı | 1 | ı | | ı | ı | 1 | ı | ı | ı | | ı | - | 0.357 |
| Piscivorous Fish | ı | ı | 1 | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | 1 | ı | 0 - | 0.154 |
| Detritus | | 1 | 0.75 | 0.7500.4000.3300.7500.5050.2000.0540.1490.1980.3170.2400.8220.042 | .330 | 0.750 | 0.505 | 0.200 | 0.054 |).149 | 0.198(|).317 | 0.240 |).822 C | .042 |

表 4 各生物群及漁法對棲地偏好之設定,+號表示各生物群對於大鵬灣棲地的選擇。

| Group\ Habatit | All | 淺水區 | 深水區 | 淺水區 蚵架 | 深水區 蚵架 |
|---------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----------------|--------|
| Phytoplankton | + | | | | _ |
| Periphyton | | + | | <mark>+</mark> | + |
| Herbivorous Zooplankton | + | | | | |
| Carnivorous Zooplankton | + | | | | |
| Oyster | | | | <mark>+</mark> | + |
| Polychaeta | + | | | | |
| Gastropoda | + | | | | |
| Bivalve | | | | + | + |
| Cirripedia | | + | | + | + |
| Amphipoda | + | | | | |
| Crab | | + | + | | |
| Shrimp | | + | + | | |
| Herbivorous Fish | + | | | | |
| Zooplanktivorous Fish | + | | | | |
| Benthicfeeding Fish | + | | | | |
| Detritivorous Fish | + | | | | |
| Piscivorous Fish | + | | | | |
| Detritus | + | | | | |
| Oyster catch | | | | + | + |
| Set net | | + | + | | |
| Gill net | | + | + | | |
| Remove bivalve | | | | + | + |
| Remove periphyton | | | | + | + |

表 5 拆除蚵架後,各生物群及漁法對棲地偏好之設定,+號表示各生物群對於大鵬灣棲地的選擇。

| Group\ Habatit | All | 淺水區 | 深水區 | 原淺水區 蚵架 | 原深水區 蚵架 |
|-------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----------------|------------|
| Phytoplankton | + | _ | | _ | |
| Periphyton | | + | | + | |
| Herbivorous Zooplankton | + | | | | |
| Carnivorous Zooplankton | + | | | | |
| Oyster | | | | | |
| Polychaeta | + | | | | |
| Gastropoda | + | | | | |
| Bivalve | | | | | |
| Cirripedia | | + | | <mark>+</mark> | |
| Amphipoda | + | | | | |
| Crab | + | | | | |
| Shrimp | + | | | | |
| Herbivorous Fish | + | | | | |
| Zooplanktivorous Fish | + | | | | |
| Benthicfeeding Fish | + | | | | |
| Detritivorous Fish | + | | | | |
| Piscivorous Fish | + | | | | |
| Detritus | + | | | | |
| Oyster catch | | | | | |
| Set net | | + | + | + | + |
| Gill net | | + | + | + | + |
| Remove bivalve | | | | | |
| Remove periphyton | | | | | |

表 6 大鵬灣漁獲價格表 (元/公斤)。

| Group name | Oyster catch | Set net and Gill net |
|-----------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Oyster | 193 | - |
| Crab | - | 372 |
| Shrimp | - | 104 |
| Herbivorous Fish | - | 20 |
| Zooplanktivorous Fish | - | 59 |
| Benthicfeeding Fish | - | 100 |
| Detritivorous Fish | - | 120 |
| Piscivorous Fish | - | 220 |

表 7 大鵬灣三種漁法之相對漁獲工作比值。

| | Jobs/catch value |
|--------------|---------------------|
| Oyster catch | 5 |
| Set net | 1 |
| Gill net | 1 |

表 8 搜尋大鵬灣經營成最佳生態結構的管理策略 (Optimum EV policy)與經營成折衷的管理策略 (Optimum compromise policy)時,在經濟價值 (economic value; EV)、社會價值 (social value; SV)、生態結構 (ecosystem structure; ES)三方面權重之設定。

| Fishing policy\weight | EV | SV | ES |
|---------------------------|----|-------|-------|
| Optimum EV policy | 1 | 0.001 | 0.001 |
| Optimum compromise policy | 1 | 1 | 1 |

表9 生態系模型摘要性指數。T (Total system throughput): 系統總流量。NPP (Total net primary production): 淨初級生產力。P/R ratio (Total primary production/total respiration):總初級生產量與總呼吸量的比值。NSP (Net system production): 淨系統生產力。PP/B ratio (Total primary production/total biomass): 總初級生產力與總生物量的比值。B/T (Total biomass/total throughput):總生物量與系統總流量的比值。B/T (Total biomass excluding detritus): 未含碎屑之總生物量。A (Ascendency): 餘裕度。O (Overhead): 經常性開銷。C (Capacity): 系統發展能力。FCI% (Finn's cycling index):能量再循環比例。APL (Finn's mean path length): 平均傳輸路徑長。

| | 大鵬灣蚵架 | 大鵬灣蚵架 | Unit |
|-----------|----------|----------|---|
| | 拆除前 | 拆除後 | Omt |
| T | 44965 | 40666 | g WW m ⁻² yr ⁻¹ |
| NPP | 15280 | 17430 | $g WW m^{-2} yr^{-1}$ |
| P/R ratio | 1.5 | 4.1 | |
| NSP | 4854 | 13194 | g WW m^{-2} yr^{-1} |
| PP/B | 19.7 | 55.4 | |
| ratio | 19.7 | 33.4 | - |
| B/T | 0.017 | 0.008 | - |
| TB | 777 | 315 | $g WW m^{-2}$ |
| A | 48044 | 48622 | g WW m^{-2} yr^{-1} |
| А | (31.0 %) | (41.4 %) | g w w m yı |
| O | 106802 | 68784 | g WW m ⁻² year ⁻¹ |
| U | (69.0 %) | (58.5 %) | g w w m year |
| C | 154846 | 117406 | g WW m ⁻² year ⁻¹ |
| FCI % | 9.45 % | 2.12 % | % of total throughput |
| APL | 2.97 | 2.33 | - |

表 10 大鵬灣生態系模型之基本輸出值。TL (Trophic Level):營養階層, E.E (Ecotrophic Efficiency):生態效率, G.E (Gross Food Conversion Efficiency efficiency):生長效率, R (Respiration):呼吸量 (g WW m⁻² year⁻¹), OI (Omnivory Index):雜食性係數。

| Group name | TL | E.E | G.E | R | OI |
|-------------------------|------|------|------|---------|------|
| Phytoplankton | 1.00 | 0.32 | - | - | - |
| Periphyton | 1.00 | 0.61 | - | - | - |
| Herbivorous Zooplankton | 2.00 | 0.94 | 0.27 | 1100.00 | 0.00 |
| Carnivorous Zooplankton | 2.90 | 0.50 | 0.27 | 33.70 | 0.09 |
| Oyster | 2.04 | 0.23 | 0.04 | 7137.37 | 0.03 |
| Polychaeta | 2.32 | 0.85 | 0.24 | 22.32 | 0.36 |
| Gastropoda | 2.28 | 0.35 | 0.20 | 36.96 | 0.26 |
| Bivalve | 2.04 | 0.16 | 0.24 | 2001.83 | 0.03 |
| Cirripedia | 2.05 | 0.89 | 0.12 | 17.32 | 0.05 |
| Amphipoda | 2.18 | 0.96 | 0.15 | 32.27 | 0.29 |
| Crab | 2.31 | 0.93 | 0.11 | 17.28 | 0.34 |
| Shrimp | 3.01 | 0.94 | 0.10 | 3.00 | 0.44 |
| Herbivorous Fish | 2.05 | 0.91 | 0.35 | 6.35 | 0.06 |
| Zooplanktivorous Fish | 2.78 | 0.91 | 0.38 | 0.93 | 0.35 |
| Benthicfeeding Fish | 2.48 | 0.96 | 0.37 | 1.95 | 0.36 |
| Detritivorous Fish | 2.07 | 0.93 | 0.35 | 13.18 | 0.08 |
| Piscivorous Fish | 3.19 | 0.93 | 0.43 | 1.53 | 0.36 |
| Detritus | 1.00 | 0.68 | - | - | 0.23 |

表 11 大鵬灣與其他沿岸生態系模型之系統能量比較。NPP (Net System Production):淨初級生產力,Geometric Mean % (Mean Transfer efficiency):平均傳輸效率,D:H (Eetritus:Herbivorous):碎屑與初級生產者提供生態系能量的比例,FCI % (Finn's cycling index):能量在生態系中再循環比例,APL(Average Path Length):平均傳輸 路徑長度。

| Study site | Climate | NPP | Mean % | D:HAPL | % |
|---|-----------------|--------|--------|----------|---------------|
| Tapong Bay | Tropical | 15,280 | 4.3 | 1.9 3.0 | 9.5 |
| Chiku Lagoon (Lin et al. 2001) | Tropical | 50,600 | 6.7 | 1.4 3.1 | 15 |
| Terminos Lagoon (Manickchand-Heileman et al. 1998) | Tropical | 11,754 | 7.0 | 4.6 10.0 | 7 |
| Takapoto Atoll lagoon (Niquil et al. 1999) | Tropical | 4,254 | 17.0 | 0.6 NA | 18 |
| Great Barrier Reef ^a (Johnson et al. 1995) | Tropical | 97,163 | 5.4 | 1.0 3.5 | 26 |
| Tiahura Reef ^a (Arias-Gonzalez et al. 1997) | Tropical | 17,650 | 7.7 | NA NA | NA |
| Arreguin-Sánchez 2001) | Tropical | 15,550 | 12.7 | 1.9 4.4 | 13 |
| South-western Gulf of Mexico (Manickchand-Heileman et al. 1998) | Tropical | 4,668 | 10.8 | 2.5 6.8 | 12 |
| gulf of California, Mexico (Zárate et al. 2004) | Tropical | 1,728 | 8.9 | NA 2.4 | 6 |
| Northern Benguela Upwelling (Heymans and Baird 2000) | Tropical | NA | 27.6 | NA 2.9 | 7 |
| Kuosheng Bay (Lee, 2003) | · _ · | 6,702 | 6.4 | 2.4 4.4 | 32 |
| Tanshui River Estuary | · _ · | 16,087 | 6.2 | 2.4 2.3 | \mathcal{S} |
| Tongoy Bay (Wolff 1994) | · | 7,125 | 14.0 | 0.8 4.9 | 10 |
| Sunday Beach (Heymans and McLachlan 1996) | Temperate | 10,556 | 12.0 | 12 2.3 | 13 |
| Ythan Estuary (Baird and Ulanowicz 1993) | Temperate | 12,000 | 3.7 | 10.0 2.9 | 25 |
| Swartkops Estuary (Baird and Ulanowicz 1993) | Temperate | 12,652 | 2.8 | 1.5 3.9 | 44 |
| Kromme Estuary (Baird and Ulanowicz 1993) | Temperate | 16,046 | 3.4 | 6.7 2.4 | 26 |
| Ems Estuary (Baird and Ulanowicz 1993) | Temperate 1,409 | 1,409 | 7.4 | 0.5 3.4 | 30 |
| | | | | | Ī |

| Study site | Climate NPP | | Mean % D:HAPL % | D:HAPL | % |
|--|------------------|--------|-----------------|-------------|----|
| Chesapeake Bay (Wulff and Ulanowicz 1989) | Temperate 17,436 | 17,436 | 5.7 | 5.0 3.6 30 | 30 |
| Baltic Sea (Wulff and Ulanowicz 1989) | Temperate 8,594 | 8,594 | 13.0 | 1.5 3.3 23 | 23 |
| Venice lagoon | Temperate 26,589 | 26,589 | 15.6 | 12.3 3.3 16 | 16 |
| New Zealand subantarctic water (Bradford-Grieve et al. 2003) | Temperate | | 23.0 | NA 5.8 20 | 20 |



圖 1 大鵬灣空照位置圖。

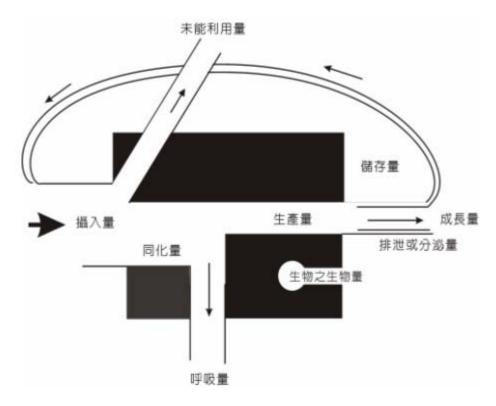


圖 2 生物個體能量收支平衡原理圖 (Odum, 1968)。

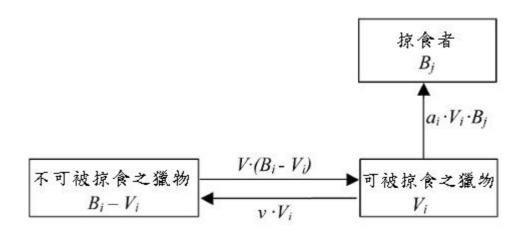


圖 3 可被掠食比例之示意圖。

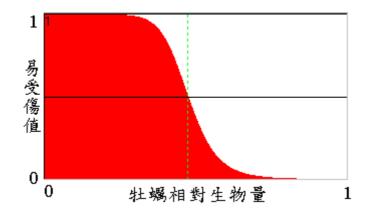


圖 4 調控值 (mediation)之設定。當牡蠣生物量為 0 時視為蚵架完全拆除, 此時多毛類、蔓足類、端足類以及大部分魚類之可被掠食率為 1。

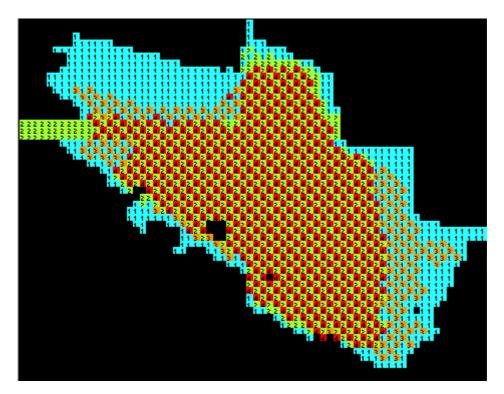


圖 5 大鵬灣棲地分布示意圖。黑色部分代表陸地,1 代表深度小於 3 m 之 淺水區,2 代表深度大於 3 m 之深水區,3 代表位在淺水區之蚵架,4 代表位在深水區之蚵架。每格為 $50~\text{m}^2$ 。

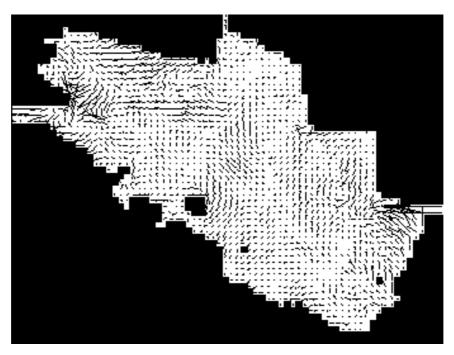


圖 6 大鵬灣餘流資料(km yr⁻¹)箭頭代表各網格中餘留的方向與大小。

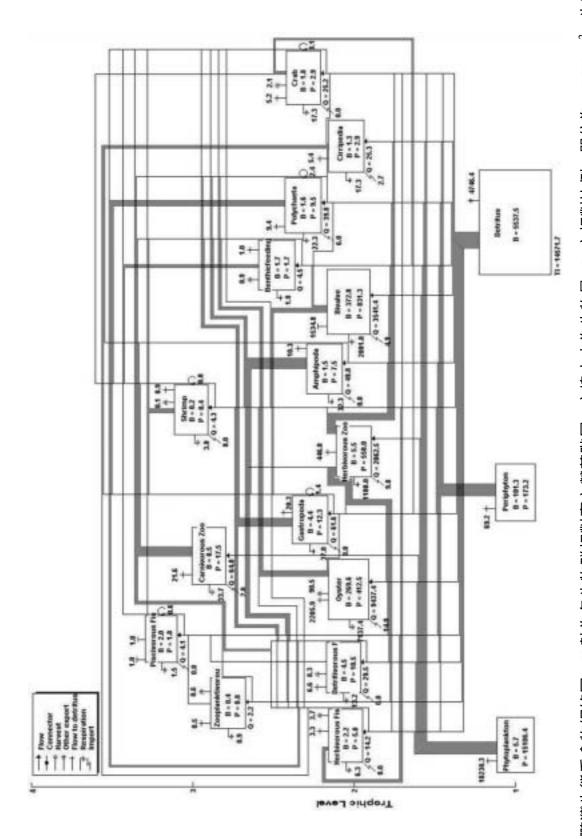


圖 7 大鵬灣生態系食物網絡圖。Y 軸為各生物群相對應之營養階層,方塊大小為生物量(B)之相對比例,單位為 g WW m^2 。生產量 (P) , 消費量(Q)與其他流量單位為 g WW m^{-2} yr-1。

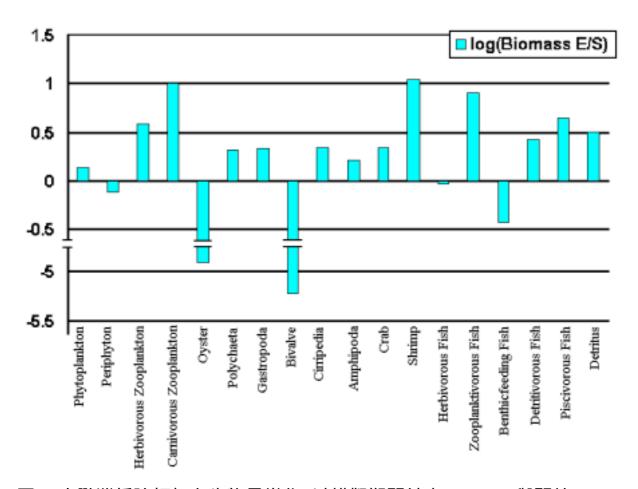
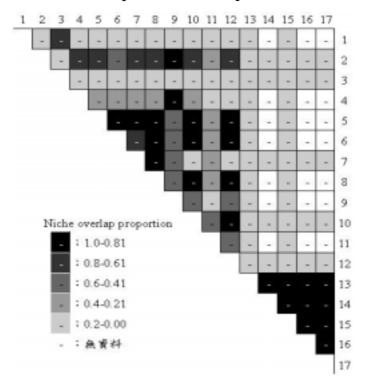
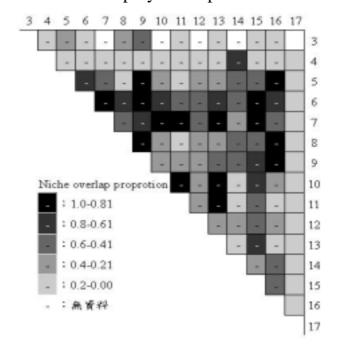


圖 8 大鵬灣拆除蚵架之生物量變化,以模擬期間結束 (End, E)與開始 (Start, S)之比值取 log 表示。

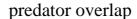
predator overlap

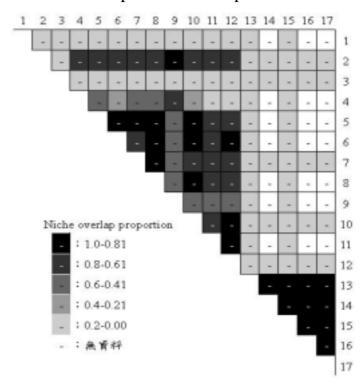


prey overlap

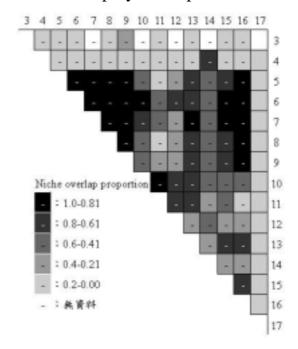


a 拆除蚵架前



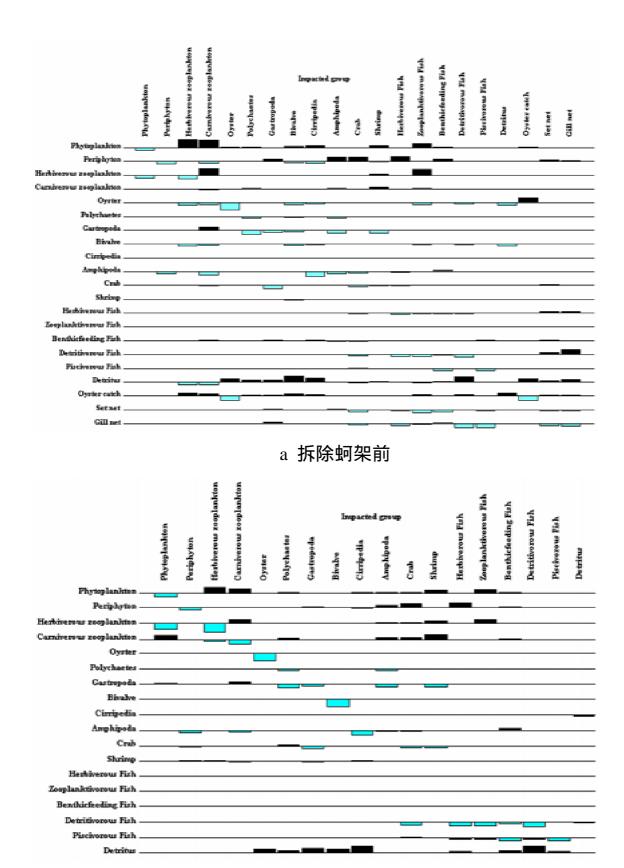


prey overlap



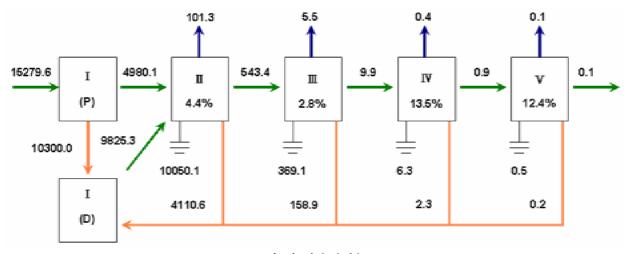
b 拆除蚵架後

圖 9 大鵬灣生態棲位重疊圖,以生物群之掠食者角色重疊性 (predator overlap)及生物群所捕捉獵物角色之重疊性 (prey overlap)兩部分表示。數字各代表大鵬灣 17 個生物群,顏色代表不同重疊性的比例。

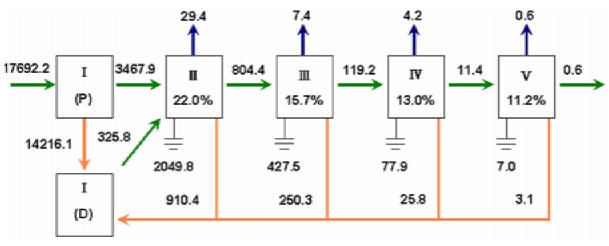


b 拆除蚵架後

圖 10 大鵬灣綜合營養衝擊圖,當 x 軸生物量增加對各生物類產生正面或負面的影響。

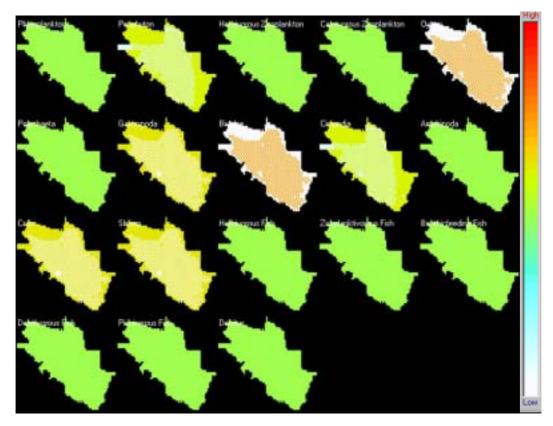


a 蚵架拆除前

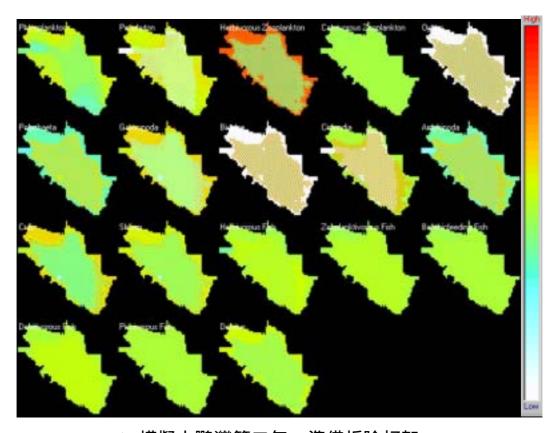


b 蚵架拆除後

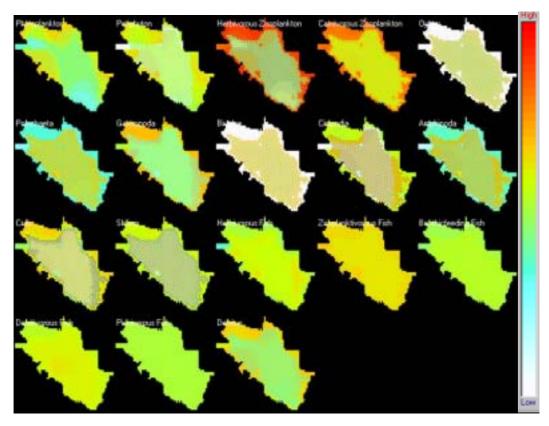
圖 11 大鵬灣 Lindeman 營養階層能量傳遞模式圖。P 代表初級生產者 (primary production), D (detritus)代表碎屑, 箭頭表示物質能量流向 (g WW m-2 yr-1), 方塊底部為呼吸量,向上箭頭代表輸出量。



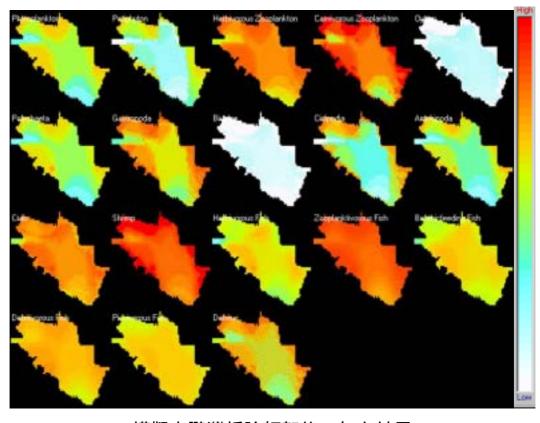
a 大鵬灣拆除蚵架前。



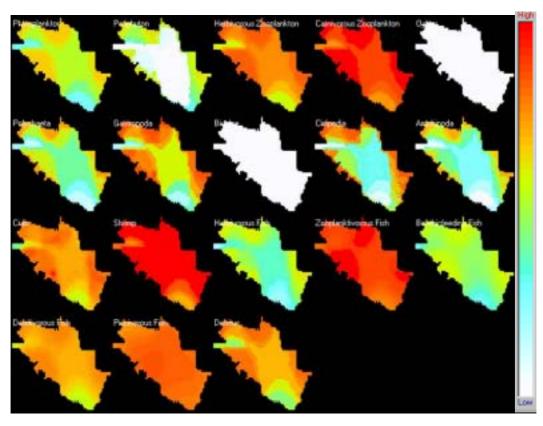
b 模擬大鵬灣第二年,準備拆除蚵架。



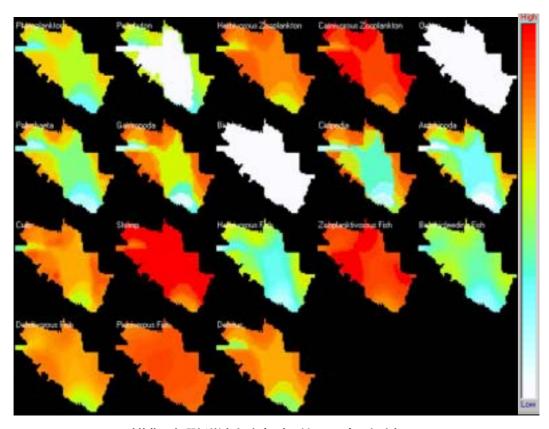
c 模擬大鵬灣第三年,拆除蚵架第一年。



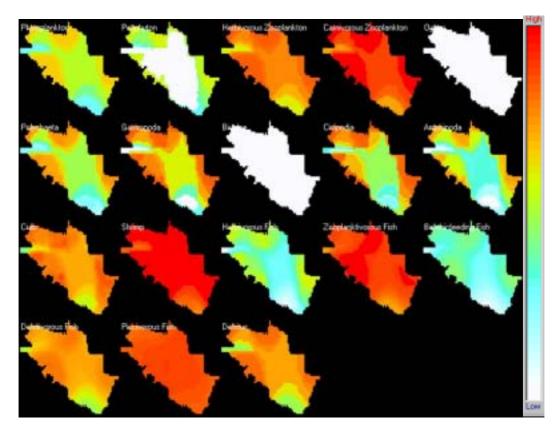
d 模擬大鵬灣拆除蚵架後5年之結果。



e 模擬大鵬灣拆除蚵架後 10 年之結果。

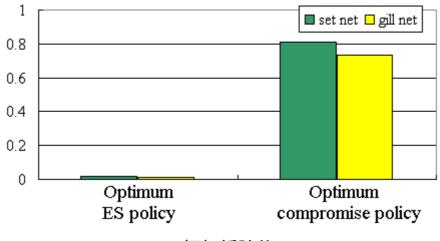


f 模擬大鵬灣拆除蚵架後 15 年之結果。

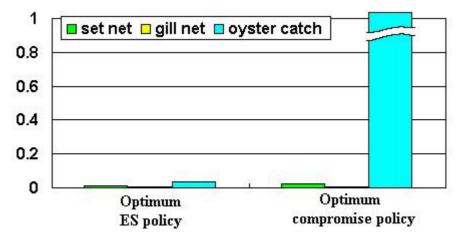


g 模擬大鵬灣拆除蚵架後 20 年之結果。

圖 12 大鵬灣生物群空間分布之變化。以顏色代表大鵬灣各生物群之相對生物量。紅色表示相對生物量高,白色表示相對生物量低。

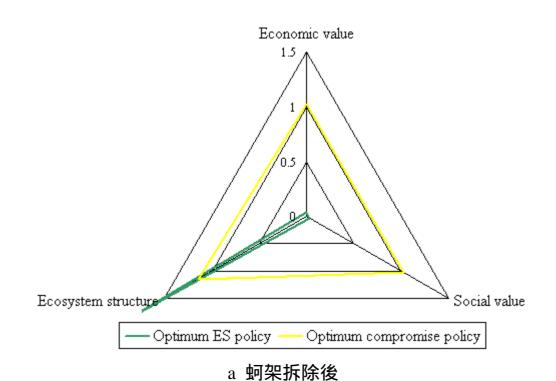


a 蚵架拆除後



b 假設蚵架位拆除

圖 13 大鵬灣在"經營最佳生態結構"與"經營折衷"兩種策略下待袋網 (set net)與流刺網 (gill net)漁獲量以及牡蠣漁獲量之變化。



Economic value

3
2.5

0.5

Social value

b 假設蚵架位拆除

Optimum compromise policy

Optimum ES policy

圖 14 在不同管理策略下,大鵬灣生態結構 (Ecosystem struture)、社會價值 (Social value)及經濟價值 (Economic value)之相對發展性。

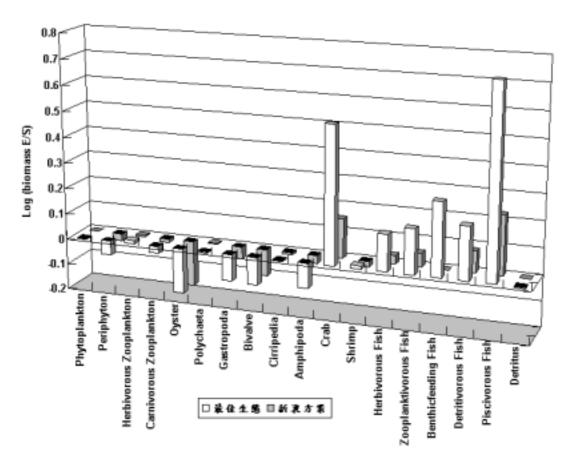


圖 15 在不同管理策略下,大鵬灣各生物類群生物量之變化,以模擬結果 (End, E)與開始 (Start, S)之比值取 log 表示。

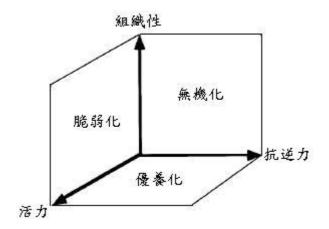


圖 16 衡量生態系健康程度的三個向度。而脆弱化、無機化及優養化分別為生態系缺乏某向度的結果。