

Advanced Git Productivity Guide for PhD Researchers

Monolithic-Repository Edition - Extended

Version 1.1 - June 8 2025

0 · Purpose & Audience

This guide is written for doctoral candidates, post-docs, and research engineers who operate in highly interdisciplinary projects yet store *everything*—source code, LaTeX manuscripts, experiment configs, data preprocessing scripts, figures, and even small datasets—in **one large, single-repository codebase**.

Why a monorepo?

- Atomic cross-component changes (API tweak ↔ paper diagrams).
- Simpler CI/CD—one pipeline, one set of hooks.
- Unified provenance chain for reproducibility audits and scholarly peer review.

Our goal is to convert raw Git tooling into a **repeatable research factory** that guarantees: 1. **Velocity** – rapid ideation and branching experiments.

- 2. **Integrity** cryptographically signed, policy-compliant commits.
- 3. **Provenance** ability to replay *any* published figure or table via commit hash + config.

1 · Baseline Configuration

A robust ~/.gitconfig cuts cognitive overhead. Start with minimal defaults, then layer project-specific settings in .git/config.

1.1 Identity & Signing

Tip ▶ University mail relays sometimes strip signatures—verify via git log --show-signature.

1.2 Core Behaviour

```
[core]
   editor
                   = nvim  # any modal editor works
   autocrlf
                   = input
                              # preserve LF on *nix, convert CRLF on
Windows input only
   whitespace
                   = cr-at-eol,trailing-space,space-before-tab
   fsmonitor
                              # speed up status on giant repos (requires
                   = true
git v2.46+)
[push]
   default
                 = current # reduces accidental main pushes
[pull]
                  = false  # prefer merge unless explicitly rebase
   rebase
[merge]
   conflictstyle
                 = diff3
[alias]
   lg = log --graph --oneline --decorate --all --color
   ls = log --stat --abbrev-commit
   fp = fetch --prune
   rc = rebase --continue
   amend = commit --amend --no-edit
   wip = "!git add -A && git commit -m 'wip: snapshot'"
```

1.3 Large Files & Data Assets

```
[filter "lfs"]
  clean = git-lfs clean -- %f
  smudge = git-lfs smudge -- %f
  required = true
```

Track datasets > 20 MB:

```
git lfs track "data/**/*.npz"
```

2 · Hooks - Automated Quality Gates

Hooks transform your laptop into a pre-review CI node.

Hook	Phase	Typical Payload	Time Budget	Failure Policy
pre-commit	Index → Object	Code style (Black + Ruff), MyPy strict mode, unit tests, Jupyter nbstripout, nbQA flake8	≤ 7 s	Block commit

Hook	Phase	Typical Payload	Time Budget	Failure Policy
commit-msg	Msg buffer → Object	<pre>Regex ^(feat fix docs test perf refactor)([^]*\))?: .+</pre>	<1s	Block commit
prepare-commit-msg	Optional edit	Insert branch ticket ID, pair-programmer initials	negligible	Auto-modify
pre-push	Local → Remote	pytest -q, bandit -11, secrets-scan, doc build	≤ 30 s	Block push
post-merge	Remote → Local	pip install -r requirements.txt, dvc pull, regenerate ctags	async	Warn only
pre-rebase	Safety gate	Check un-pushed commits, stash untracked, run git statusporcelain	2 s	Block rebase

2.1 Installing with pre-commit

```
pip install --user pre-commit
pre-commit install
pre-commit autoupdate # quarterly bump
```

Pin revisions for deterministic builds:

```
repos:
    repo: https://github.com/PyCQA/isort
    rev: 5.13.0
    hooks: [{ id: isort, args: [--profile, black] }]
```

2.2 Example Dynamic Metadata

```
# .git/hooks/prepare-commit-msg
branch=$(git symbolic-ref --short HEAD)
case $branch in
  feat/*|fix/*|exp/*)
  sed -i "1s/^/[$branch] /" "$1";;
esac
```

3 · Diffing - High-Fidelity Reviews

Efficient diffing surfaces semantic, not accidental, changes.

Scenario	Command	Rationale
Audit word-level edits	git diffword-diff=color -U5	highlights variable names / prose tweaks
Structural move detection	git diff -M90% -C	detect renames, copies; avoid noise in refactor PRs
Large refactor readability	git diffpatience	patience algorithm groups coherent blocks
Suppress whitespace noise	git diff -wignore- blank-lines	skip re-indents
GUI vs TUI	git difftool -t meld or nvim -d	side-by-side review

Tip ► To view **in-progress** staged vs working: git diff --cached.

4 · History Manipulation - Controlled Rewrites

History is your dataset of time-stamped decisions.

4.1 Interactive Rebase (local only)

```
git rebase -i --autosquash HEAD~11
```

- fixup! commits auto-collapse against their targets.
- Use exec pytest -q lines to run tests mid-rebase.

4.2 Deep Surgery with git-filter-repo

Use when legal or privacy policy demands:

Post-surgery:

```
git repack -Ad && git prune --expire now
```

4.3 Reflog-Driven Recovery

```
git reflog --date=iso | head -10
# reset to safe state
git reset --hard <sha>
```

5 · Branching Strategy for Research Experiments

Naming Convention

```
main
feat/<topic>-<short-slug>
exp/<paper-acronym>/<experiment-id>
fix/<issue-id>
rel/v<major>.<minor>
```

Lightweight Experimental Loops

```
# Start hypothesis H1
git switch -c exp/GraphRAG/edge-drop-sweep
# Commit raw results
python scripts/run_sweep.py --cfg cfgs/edge_drop.yaml
# Stage & commit CSV + YAML
git add results/edge_drop_*.csv cfgs/edge_drop.yaml
```

```
Merge path: \left(\exp/*\right) \rightarrow \left(\operatorname{squash}\right) into \left(\operatorname{feat}/*\right) \rightarrow \operatorname{PR} to \left(\operatorname{main}\right) once hypothesis validated.
```

6 · File Origin & Provenance Analysis

Research audits often ask "Which commit produced Figure 3b?".

Task	Command
First introduction of file	git logfind-renamesdiff-filter=A <file></file>
All modifications (rename-aware)	git logfollow -p <file></file>
Pinpoint typo introduction	<pre>git blame -L <start>,<end> <file></file></end></start></pre>
Trace function evolution	<pre>git log -S 'def simulate_cfd' -p</pre>
Cross-file symbol search	git log -G 'sigma_layers\[' -p

7 · Rich Log Traversal & Data Mining

7.1 Visual Topology

```
git log --graph --date=relative --pretty=format:'%C(auto)%h %d %s %C(blue) (%ar)' --all | less -R
```

7.2 Temporal Slices & Statistics

7.3 JSON-ready Logs for Dashboards

8 · Productivity Aliases

```
[alias]
  # Clean merge-graph view
  lgg = log --graph --decorate --all --pretty=format:'%C(auto)%h %d %s'
  # Quick stash stack listing
  st = stash list --pretty=format:'%gd · %C(yellow)%s%Creset'
  # Bring back last-stashed work
  pop = stash pop
  # Patch-mode add
  ia = add -p
  # Copy file path of last commit (MacOS pbcopy)
  cfp = "!git diff-tree --no-commit-id --name-only -r HEAD | pbcopy"
```

9 · Recovery Playbook

Accident	Symptom	Command & Explanation
Overwrote branch with bad rebase	Missing commits	<pre>git reflog; git branch rescue <sha> then merge</sha></pre>

	Symptom	Command & Explanation	
Force-push race condition	Remote rejects	git pullrebaseautostash resolve ↔ git pushforce-with-lease	
Deleted untracked notebooks	Local files lost	<pre>git fscklost-found then inspect</pre>	
Corrupted object database	fatal: bad object	git fsck; git repack -A -d -l; last resort clone fresh	

10 · Research-Specific Advice

- 1. **Datasets** ▶ Use git-annex or dvc for TB-scale assets; version pointers not blobs.
- 2. **Experiment IDs** ► Log hydra run dir + commit SHA into wandb /TensorBoard—enables cross-paper verification.
- 3. LaTeX Repro ▶ Store latexmkrc and Dockerfile for deterministic PDF builds.
- 4. **Licensing** ▶ Dual-license code (MIT) vs data (CC-BY-NC).
- 5. **Funding Acknowledgement** ▶ Draft in docs/ack_funding.md and link commit in grant reports.
- 6. **CI Minutes Conservation** ► Use self-hosted runner on university GPU node, triggered only on main & rel/*.

11 · Pre-Merge Checklist ("Green Bar Gate")

```
☑ All hooks pass (< 40 s total). ☑ git diff --stat origin/main..HEAD reviewed line-by-line.
```

- ☑ Messages follow **Conventional Commits**; plural imperative mood.
- ☑ **Changelog** updated via cz bump or manual.
- ☑ No data leaks: detect-secrets scan --baseline .secrets.baseline.
- ☑ At least **one peer review** & CI green.
- ☑ GPG signature verified on remote (Verified).

12 · Continuous Integration Template

```
# .github/workflows/ci.yaml
name: CI
on: [push, pull_request]

jobs:
  build:
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    steps:
    - uses: actions/checkout@v4
        with:
```

```
fetch-depth: 0
- uses: actions/setup-python@v5
 with:
    python-version: '3.12'
- name: Install deps
 run: |
    sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install graphviz -y
    pip install -r requirements.txt
- name: Lint & Typecheck
 run: |
    ruff check .
   mypy src/ --strict
- name: Unit Tests
  run: pytest -q
- name: Build Docs
  run: mkdocs build
```

13 · Worktrees, Sparse Checkout, and Partial Clones

13.1 Worktrees for Parallel Hotfixes

```
git worktree add ../bugfix-correct-load main
(cd ../bugfix-correct-load && <edit>)
```

13.2 Sparse Checkout for Notebooks Only

```
git sparse-checkout init --cone
git sparse-checkout set notebooks/
```

13.3 Blob-less Clone

```
git clone --filter=blob:none --depth=1 git@github.com:lab/monorepo.git
```

Cuts initial clone time on HPC nodes by > 90 %.

14 · Release & Archival Workflow

```
    Create release branch rel/v1.2.
    Update CHANGELOG.md + version.py.
    Tag annotated: git tag -a v1.2.0 -m "Release 1.2.0 - adds GNN-PDE coupling".
    GitHub Actions generates wheels, Docker images, Zenodo DOI upload.
    Merge rel/v1.2 back into main and develop (if used).
    Archive model checkpoints in s3://lab-archive/monorepo/v1.2/ with tag SHA.
```

15 · Further Reading & Learning Paths

- Chacon & Straub, Pro Git (2023).
- Wlodzimierz Gajda, Git Internals—Plumbing & Porcelain.
- Jared Forsyth, Conventional Commits Deep Dive (YouTube).
- IEEE-TSE 2024: Reproducibility Badges—A Systematic Review.
- Software Heritage Archive—citing code artifacts.
- Zenodo + GitHub integration guide for archiving.

Happy version-controlling, and may your HEAD always be detached only by choice! © 2025 Jakup Svodstein, CC-BY-4.0