

Lab 3 - Marina Martin

1. Qual o tempo de execução serial e paralelo para 1, 2, 4, 6 e 8 processadores? Desenhe um gráfico contendo todos os tempos de execução

tempo de execução serial

36.77 seg

tempo de execução paralelo para:

1 thread = 36.77seg

2 threads = 3.108 seg

4 threads = 1.237 seq

6 threads = 1.527 seg

8 threads = 2.743 seq



2. Qual o speedup para 1, 2, 4, 6 e 8 processadores? Desenhe um gráfico mostrando os diferentes valores de speedup.

speedup para:

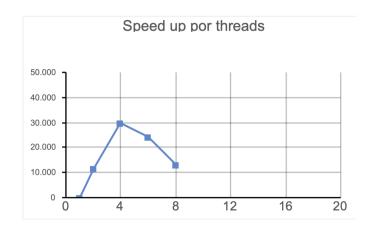
1 thread = 1

2 threads = 11.831

4 threads = 29.725

6 threads = 24.080

8 threads = 13.405



3. Introduza na sua solução a diretiva critical. O que muda? Para provar seu ponto, refaça a solução com essa abordagem, calcule os novos valores e construa um novo gráfico de speedup para 1, 2, 4, 6 e 8 processadores.

os tempos de execução foram muito menores.

tempo de execução serial speedup para:

36.77 seg 1 thread = 1

2 thread = 2.091

tempo de execução paralelo para: 4 threads = 2.127

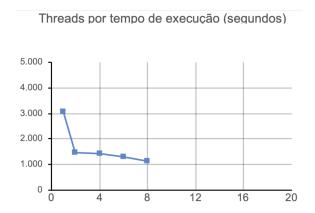
1 thread = 3.065 seg 6 threads = 2.349

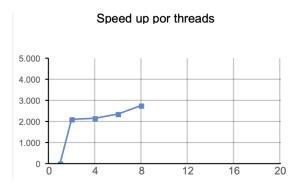
2 thread = 1.466seg 8 threads = 2.727

4 threads = 1.441 seg

6 threads = 1.305 seg

8 threads = 1.124 seg





Processo

1. dicionando o helloWorld da aula

```
eee_W_2981676@runweb121802:~$ ssh -i .ssh/labsuser.pem ec2-user@54.162.30.125
The authenticity of host '54.162.30.125 (54.162.30.125)' can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:FvdKSIQSBpSOz6aY//ACcH2bxNDNPtzLebRwif7X+kU.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added '54.162.30.125' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
Register this system with Red Hat Insights: insights-client --register
Create an account or view all your systems at https://red.ht/insights-dashboard
Last login: Thu Apr 18 12:40:24 2024 from 34.208.51.7 [ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 ~]$ ls
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 ~]$ cd Paralela
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Paralela]$ ls
Lab01 Lab02 Lab03 README.md
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Paralela]$ cd Lab03
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ ls
helloWorld.c
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ gcc -g -Wall -fopenmp -o helloWorld.exe helloWold.c
ccl: fatal error: helloWold.c: No such file or directory
compilation terminated.
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ gcc -g -Wall -fopenmp -o helloWorld.exe helloWorld.c
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ ./helloWorld.exe 4
Hello from thread 0 of 4
Hello from thread 3 of 4
Hello from thread 2 of 4
Hello from thread 1 of 4
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$
```

2. Adicionando código com munça na função f para ser seno

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <omp.h>
#include <math.h>
```

```
void Trap(double a, double b, int n, double* global_result_p)
int main(int argc, char* argv[]){
    double global_result = 0.0;
    double a, b;
    int n;
    int thread count;
    thread_count = strtol(argv[1], NULL, 10);
    printf("Enter a, b, and n\n");
    scanf("%lf %lf %d", &a, &b, &n);
    #pragma omp parallel num_threads(thread_count)
    Trap(a, b, n, &global_result);
    printf("With n = %d trapezoids, our estimate\n", n);
    printf("of the integral from %f to %f = \%.14e\n", a, b, g
    return 0;
}
double f (double x){
    return sin(x);
}
void Trap(double a, double b, int n, double* global_result_p)
    double h, x, my_result;
    double local_a, local_b;
    int i, local_n;
    int my_rank = omp_get_thread_num();
    int thread_count = omp_get_num_threads();
    h = (b-a)/n;
    local n = n/thread count;
    local_a = a + my_rank*local_n*h;
    local b = local a + local n*h;
    my_result = (f(local_a) + f(local_b)) / 2.0;
    for (i = 1; i \le local_n-1; i++){}
        x = local a + i*h;
        my_result += f(x);
```

```
}
    //#pragma omp critical
    *global_result_p += my_result;
}
```

4 Answers

Sorted by: Highest score (default)

Não encontrou uma resposta? Pergunte em Stack Overflow em Português.



You have compiled your code with references to the correct math.h header file, but when you attempted to link it, you forgot the option to include the math library. As a result, you can compile your .o object files, but not build your executable.



153

As Paul has already mentioned add " -lm " to link with the math library in the step where you are attempting to generate your executable.



In the comment, linuxD asks:



Why for sin() in <math.h>, do we need -lm option explicitly; but, not for printf() in <stdio.h>?

resolução de problema na compilação

```
eee_W_2981676@runweb121879:~$ ssh -i .ssh/labsuser.pem ec2-user@54.196.67.56
The authenticity of host '54.196.67.56 (54.196.67.56)' can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:FvdKSIQSBpS0z6aY//ACcH2bxNDNPtzLebRwif7X+kU.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes Warning: Permanently added '54.196.67.56' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
Register this system with Red Hat Insights: insights-client --register
Create an account or view all your systems at https://red.ht/insights-dashboard
Last login: Fri Apr 19 15:56:13 2024 from 54.213.87.229
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 ~]$ ls
Paralela
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 ~]$ cd Paralela
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Paralela]$ ls
Lab01 Lab02 Lab03 README.md
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Paralela]$ cd Lab03
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ ls
helloWorld.c helloWorld.exe
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ rm lab03.c
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ nano lab03.c
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ gcc -g -Wall -fopenmp -o lab03.exe lab03.c
/usr/bin/ld: /tmp/ccUcY9dC.o: in function `f':
/home/ec2-user/Paralela/Lab03/lab03.c:26: undefined reference to `sin'
collect2: error: ld returned 1 exit status
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ nano lab03.c
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ gcc -g -Wall -fopenmp -o lab03.exe lab03.c /usr/bin/ld: /tmp/ccOfP5yK.o: in function `f':
/home/ec2-user/Paralela/Lab03/lab03.c:26: undefined reference to `sin'
collect2: error: ld returned 1 exit status
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ gcc -g -Wall -fopenmp -lm -o lab03.exe lab03.c [ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ ./lab03.exe
Segmentation fault (core dumped)
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ ./lab03.exe 4
Enter a, b, and n
5 15 4
With n = 4 trapezoids, our estimate
of the integral from 5.000000 to 15.000000 = 1.73338751281158e-01
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ [
```

3. Rodar código

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ time ./lab03.exe 1
Enter a, b, and n
199
With n = 9 trapezoids, our estimate
of the integral from 1.000000 to 9.000000 = 1.52390512741643e+00
        0m36.770s
real
        0m0.001s
user
        0m0.000s
sys
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ time ./lab03.exe 2
Enter a, b, and n
199
With n = 9 trapezoids, our estimate
of the integral from 1.000000 to 9.000000 = 8.34283909172244e-01
        0m3.108s
real
        0m0.002s
user
        0m0.000s
sys
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ time ./lab03.exe 4
Enter a, b, and n
With n = 9 trapezoids, our estimate
of the integral from 1.000000 to 9.000000 = 8.34283909172244e-01
        0m4.699s
real
user
        0m0.002s
        0m0.000s
SVS
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ time ./lab03.exe 4
Enter a, b, and n
199
With n = 9 trapezoids, our estimate
of the integral from 1.000000 to 9.000000 = 8.34283909172244e-01
        0m1.237s
real
        0m0.001s
user
        0m0.001s
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ time ./lab03.exe 6
Enter a, b, and n
199
With n = 9 trapezoids, our estimate
of the integral from 1.000000 to 9.000000 = -4.81331281391914e-01
real
        0m1.527s
        0m0.001s
user
        0m0.001s
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ time ./lab03.exe 8
Enter a, b, and n
199
With n = 9 trapezoids, our estimate
of the integral from 1.000000 to 9.000000 = 8.34283909172245e-01
real
        0m2.743s
        0m0.000s
user
        0m0.002s
sys
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ □
```

```
1 thread = 36.77seg

2 threads = 3.108seg

4 threads = 1.237seg

6 threads = 1.527seg
```

8 threads = 2.743 seg

Paralelo seria 36.77 seg sempre

4. Calculo do speedup

```
1 \text{ thread} = 1
```

2 threads = 11.831

4 threads = 29.725

6 threads = 24.080

8 threads = 13.405

5. descomentar linha sobre o critical

```
To github.com:Marina-Martin/Paralela.git
    b923c00..372ef98 main -> main
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ gcc -g -Wall -fopenmp -lm -o lab03b.exe
/usr/bin/ld: /usr/lib/gcc/x86_64-redhat-linux/11/../../../lib64/crt1.o: in functi
(.text+0x1b): undefined reference to `main'
collect2: error: ld returned 1 exit status
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ nano lab03.c
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ gcc -g -Wall -fopenmp -lm -o lab03b.exe lab03.c
```

6. refazer os testes

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ time ./lab03b.exe 1
Enter a, b, and n
199
With n = 9 trapezoids, our estimate
of the integral from 1.000000 to 9.000000 = 1.52390512741643e+00
        0m3.065s
real
        0m0.001s
user
        0m0.000s
sys
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ time ./lab03b.exe 2
Enter a, b, and n
With n = 9 trapezoids, our estimate
of the integral from 1.000000 to 9.000000 = 8.34283909172244e-01
        0m1.466s
real
        0m0.001s
user
        0m0.000s
sys
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ time ./lab03b.exe 4
Enter a, b, and n
With n = 9 trapezoids, our estimate
of the integral from 1.000000 to 9.000000 = 8.34283909172244e-01
real
        0m1.441s
        0m0.000s
user
        0m0.002s
sys
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ time ./lab03b.exe 6
Enter a, b, and n
199
With n = 9 trapezoids, our estimate
of the integral from 1.000000 to 9.000000 = -4.81331281391914e-01
real
        0m1.305s
        0m0.001s
user
        0m0.001s
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ time ./lab03b.exe 8
Enter a, b, and n
199
With n = 9 trapezoids, our estimate
of the integral from 1.000000 to 9.000000 = 8.34283909172245e-01
        0m1.124s
real
        0m0.000s
user
        0m0.002s
sys
```

```
1 \text{ thread} = 3.065 \text{seg}
```

2 thread = 1.466 seg

4 threads = 1.441 seg

6 threads = 1.305 seg

8 threads = 1.124 seg

speedup

1 thread = 1

```
2 thread = 2.091
```

4 threads = 2.127

6 threads = 2.349

8 threads = 2.727

7. Processador

Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2676 v3 @ 2.40GHz

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-40-3 Lab03]$ cat /proc/cpuinfo
processor
             : 0
vendor_id
              : GenuineIntel
cpu family
              : 6
model
              : 63
              : Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2676 v3 @ 2.40GHz
model name
              : 2
: 0x49
stepping
microcode
cpu MHz
              : 2399.921
cache size
              : 30720 KB
physical id
              : 0
siblings
              : 1
core id
               : 0
cpu cores
apicid
               : 0
initial apicid : 0
               : yes
fpu_exception : yes
cpuid level
              : 13
               : yes
wp
flags
               : fpu vme de pse tsc msr pae mce cx8 apic sep mtrr pge mca cmov pat
rdtscp lm constant_tsc rep_good nopl xtopology cpuid tsc_known_freq pni pclmulqdq ss
opcnt tsc_deadline_timer aes xsave avx f16c rdrand hypervisor lahf_lm abm cpuid_faul
mi2 erms invpcid xsaveopt
bugs
               : cpu_meltdown spectre_v1 spectre_v2 spec_store_bypass l1tf mds swar
bogomips
               : 4800.00
              : 64
clflush size
cache_alignment : 64
address sizes : 46 bits physical, 48 bits virtual
power management:
```