# MarineGEO Predation Assay Protocol



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## Introduction

The goal of this protocol is to implement a simple, standard method to quantify the relative intensity of feeding by generalist predators that is comparable across a wide range of sites and conditions.

Additional copies of this protocol, and field datasheets can be found at: https://doi.org/10.25573/serc.14717802.

### **Measured Parameters**

This assay quantities the rate of consumption, measured as bait loss after 1 hour and after 24 hours.

# Requirements

Number of Personnel: 2 people

Estimated Total Time Per Location:

Preparation: 1 person x 2 hours

Field work: 2 people x 1 hour, split into 0.5 hour segments over 2 days

Post-processing: None

Data processing: 1 person x 0.5 hour

Replication: At least three (3) sites per habitat.

Ma	iterials:
Su	rvey Design:
	1 50-m metric transect tape
	Hand-held GPS unit
	2 PVC marker poles (diameter and length as needed)
<u>Fieldwork:</u>	
	Unseasoned dried squid mantle
	13-mm diameter auger punch or cork borer
	Scissors
	Sewing needle (or other thin, sharp tool)
	Thin monofilament line (2-10 lb test)
	Electrical tape (1 roll)

☐ 25 fiberglass garden stakes (30-50 cm in length)

*Note:* We use dried squid as bait because most marine predators will readily eat it, it is widely available, and the dried bait can be shipped and stored without refrigeration. It is important to



get the unseasoned squid that has been dried whole. MarineGEO recommends Hang Tai Marine Products Co. Dried Squid in 7oz. packages.

## Methods

Fully review this and any additional protocols necessary for the sampling excursion. Address any questions or concerns to marinegeo-protocols@si.edu before beginning this protocol.

#### Preparation:

- 1. Cut 25 discs from dried squid mantle using auger punch or cork borer (Fig. 1).
- Secure squid to line by threading a sewing needle with monofilament line. Pierce the bait with the needle, wrap the line around the bait, and tie a knot around the squid.
- 3. Cut the line approximately 5 cm from squid bait. Wrap the free end of the line to the stake and tape it in place using the electrical tape. Leave ~1 cm of line between the bait and the end of the stake to prevent tangling (Fig. 2).
- 4. Print out a field datasheet for each site, preferably on waterproof paper.

*Note*: Keep the Squidpops dry and refrigerated, otherwise the squid can become oily or slimy.



**Figure 1.** 'Squidpop' baits are discs cut from mantle of dried squid using a cork borer or auger punch.

## Fieldwork: Day 1

- 1. Review the MarineGEO survey design for site selection and setup. This protocol assumes n = 25 Squidpops deployed along a 50-m transect, replicated once per location.
- 2. Deploy the Squidpops every 2-m along the transect by pushing them firmly into the substrate. They should be roughly the same height above the bottom (~5-15 cm) and high enough to be visible to predators).
- 3. After the last replicate has been deployed, record the time.
- 4. After one hour, revisit each replicate and record the bait as present (P) or absent (A). Bait absent means the entire bait is absent; partial baits are counted as present. Record any missing or dislodged Squidpop stakes as missing (M) on the datasheet (i.e., those that cannot be located and have been presumably been lost)
- 5. Leave all Squidpops in place for 24-h.



**Figure 2**. Final 'Squidpops' ready for deployment



### Fieldwork: Day 2

- 1. Return to the site and locate the start point of the transect.
- 2. Revisit each replicate and record as present (P), absent (A), or missing (M)
- 3. Remove all stakes and any other materials from the field.

## **Data Submission**

- 1. Scan the completed field data sheets and save both paper and electronic versions locally. We do not require you to submit the scanned forms.
- 2. Enter data into the provided data entry template. Each template is an Excel spreadsheet. Please provide as much protocol and sample metadata as possible. Use the "notes" columns to provide additional information or context if a relevant column doesn't already exist, rather than renaming or creating columns.
- 3. Use our online submission portal to upload the Excel Spreadsheet: https://marinegeo.github.io/data-submission
- 4. Contact us if you have any questions: marinegeo-protocols@si.edu