# **CSE/ISyE 6740 Computational Data Analytics**

### **Fall 2025**

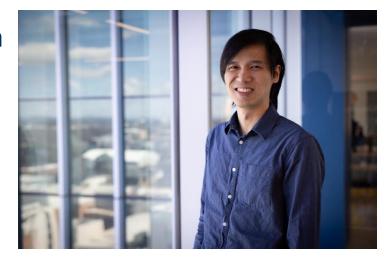
Kai Wang, Assistant Professor in Computational Science and Engineering <a href="mailto:kwang692@gatech.edu">kwang692@gatech.edu</a>

Based on materials by Anqi Wu, B. Aditya Prakash, Le Song, Mahdi Roozbahani, Carlos Guestrin



#### **Course Information**

- CSE/ISyE 6740 Computational Data Analytics
  - Date and time: Monday and Wednesday, 12:30pm 1:45pm
  - Classroom: Boggs B9
  - Format: in-class lectures, no recording



- Instructor: Kai Wang
  - Assistant Professor, CSE, College of Computing
  - Office: CODA S1309
  - Email: kwang692@gatech.edu
  - Research Interests: AI for social impact, machine learning, optimization, reinforcement learning, online learning, multi-agent systems, diffusion models
  - Office hours: Wednesday 3-4pm ET (tentatively)



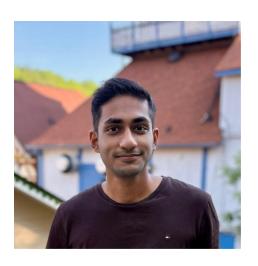
#### **Teaching Assistants**



Po-Han Huang (head TA) <a href="mailto:phuang322@gatech.edu">phuang322@gatech.edu</a>



Tianyi Chen <a href="mailto:tchen667@gatech.edu">tchen667@gatech.edu</a>



Neeraj Kumar nkumar355@gatech.edu



Tanish Patwa tpatwa6@gatech.edu

They will hold office hours and answer questions on Piazza and Gradescope for you. Both have been activated on Canvas.



#### Piazza and Gradescope

- This term, we will be using Piazza for class discussion. The system is highly catered to getting you help fast and efficiently from classmates, the TA, and myself. Rather than emailing questions to the teaching staff, I encourage you to post your questions on Piazza
- Piazza link: <a href="https://piazza.com/class/mcxkmyyva5h1ri">https://piazza.com/class/mcxkmyyva5h1ri</a>
- Gradescope link: <a href="https://www.gradescope.com/courses/1067808">https://www.gradescope.com/courses/1067808</a>
- You can also find the Piazza link on your Canvas page.



#### **Outline**

- Instructor, TAs, and course information
- Course overview
- Basics and prerequisites (with linear regression as an example)
- Assignment and grading
- Homework 0

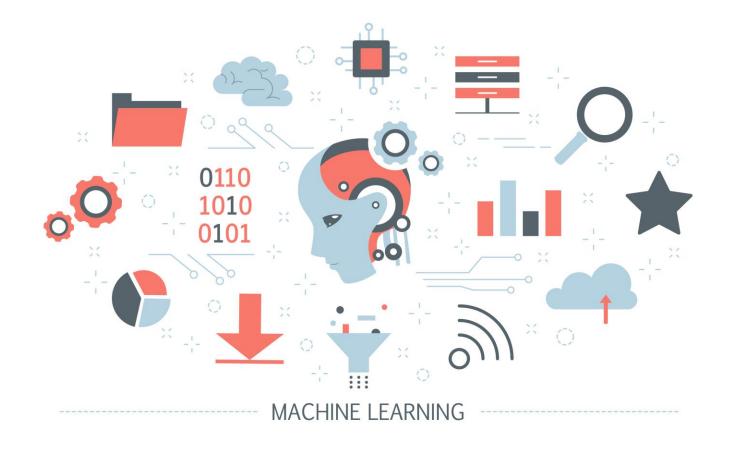


## Course Overview



#### What is Machine Learning (ML)?

Study of algorithms that improve their <u>performance</u> at some <u>tasks</u> based on <u>experience</u>



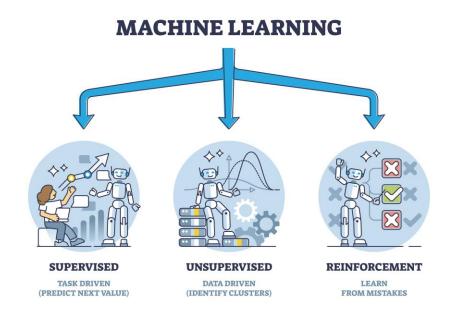


#### **Syllabus**

 Cover a range of most commonly used machine learning algorithms and their mathematical foundations.

#### Outline

- Unsupervised learning (week 1 4)
  - Learning without labels or without optimizing for prediction tasks
- Supervised learning (week 4 9)
  - Learning with labels, focusing on predictive performance
- Advanced models (week 10 15)
  - Advanced neural networks, diffusion models, reinforcement learning



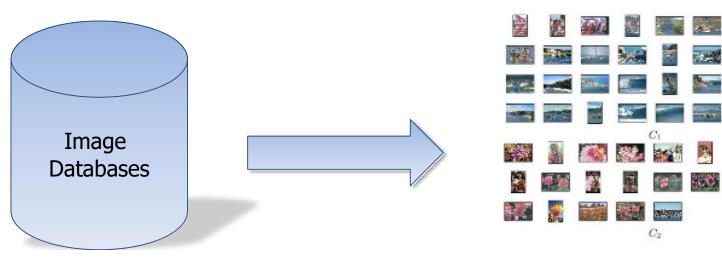


#### **Syllabus: Unsupervised Learning**

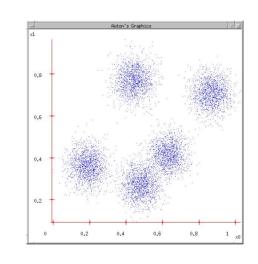
- Learning without labels or without optimizing for prediction tasks
  - Clustering vectorized data (week 1)
    - K-mean clustering
    - Hierarchical clustering
    - Graph clustering
  - Dimensionality reduction (week 2)
    - Principal component analysis
    - Nonlinear dimensionality reduction
  - Density estimation (week 3-4)
    - Feature selection
    - Novelty/abnormality detection
    - Gaussian mixture models, EM algorithm



## **Organizing Images**



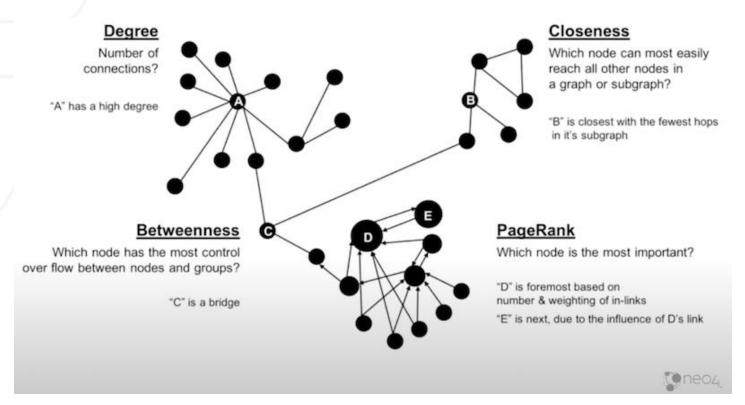
- What are the desired outcome?
- What are the input (data)?
- What are the learning paradigms?







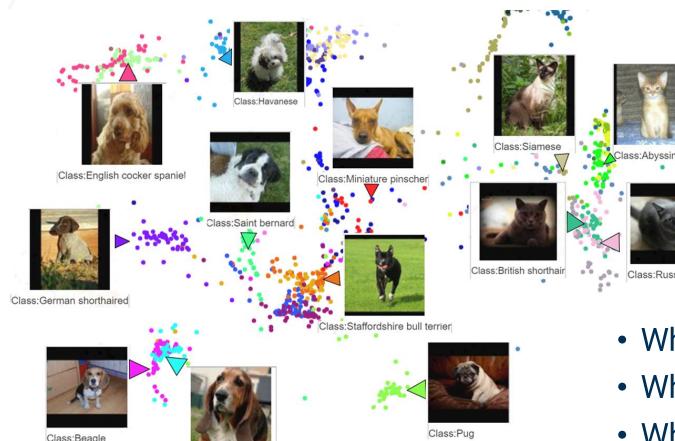
#### **Find Communities in Social Network**



- What are the desired outcome?
- What are the input (data)?
- What are the learning paradigms?



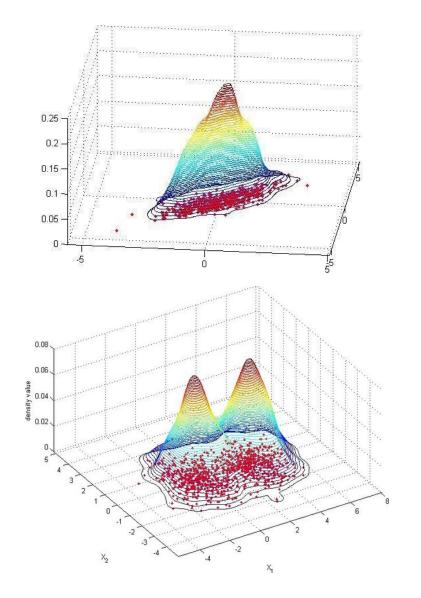
#### **Visualize Image Relations**

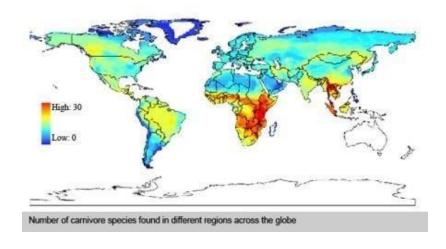


- What are the desired outcome?
- What are the input (data)?
- What are the learning paradigms?



#### **Shape of Data**

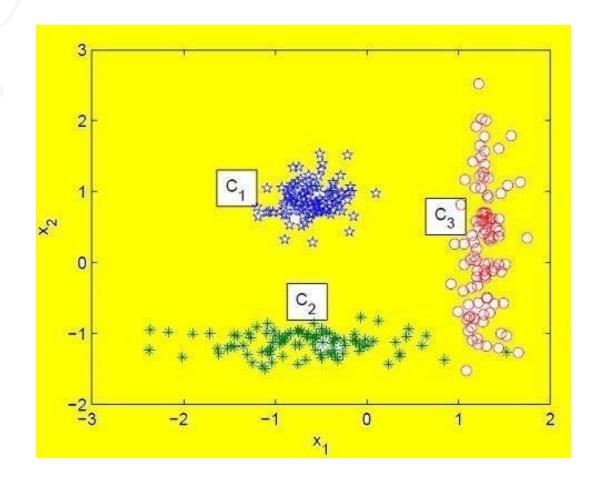




- What are the desired outcome?
- What are the input (data)?
- What are the learning paradigms?



#### **Feature Selection**





- What are the desired outcome?
- What are the input (data)?
- What are the learning paradigms?



#### **Novelty/anomaly Detection**

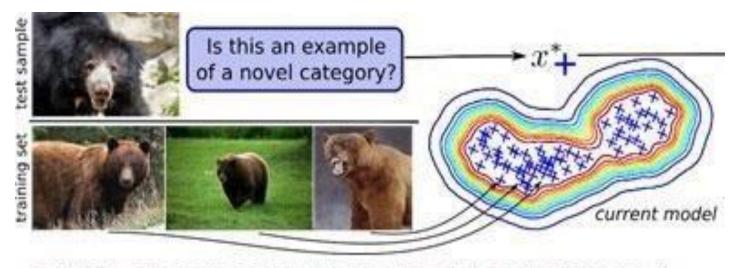
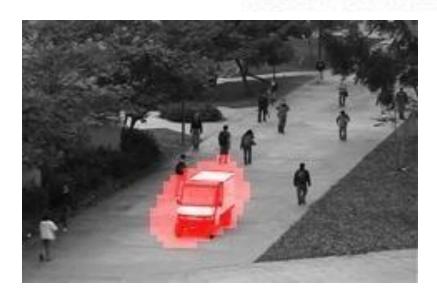


FIGURE 1 EXAMPLE OF NOVELTY DETECTION, BODESHEIM (2012).



- What are the desired outcome?
- What are the input (data)?
- What are the learning paradigms?



#### **Syllabus: Supervised Learning**

- Learning with labels, focusing on predictive performance
  - Classical classification models (week 4)
    - K-nearest neighbors, Naive bayes
  - Decision tree (week 5)
    - Feature selection, entropy, random forest
  - Logistic regression and support vector machine (week 6)
    - Convex analysis, primal and dual, SVM
  - Kernel methods (week 7)
    - Kernel regression, Bayesian regression, Gaussian process regression
  - Neural networks (week 8)
    - Gradient descent, neural networks, overfitting, bias-variance tradeoff



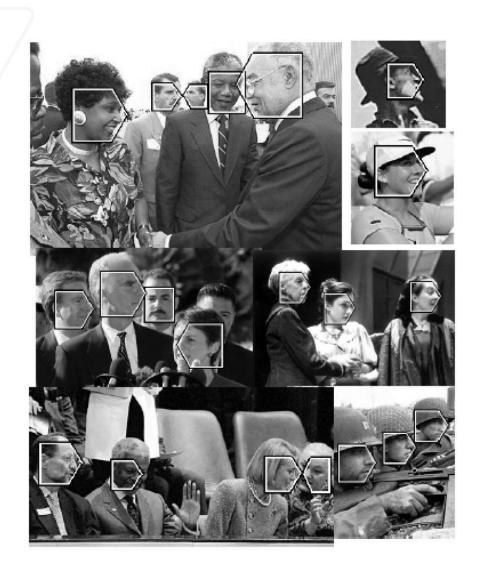
#### **Image Classification**



- What are the desired outcome?
- What are the input (data)?
- What are the learning paradigms?



#### **Face Detection**



- What are the desired outcome?
- What are the input (data)?
- What are the learning paradigms?



#### **Weather Prediction**



Predict

Numeric values: 40F

Wind: NE at 14km/h

Humidity: 83%



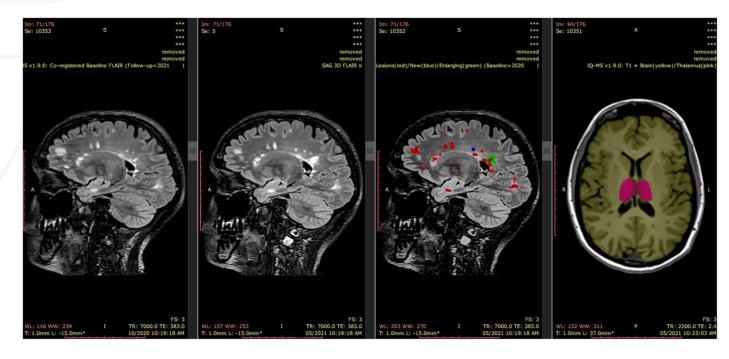




- What are the desired outcome?
- What are the input (data)?
- What are the learning paradigms?



#### **Understanding Brain Activity**

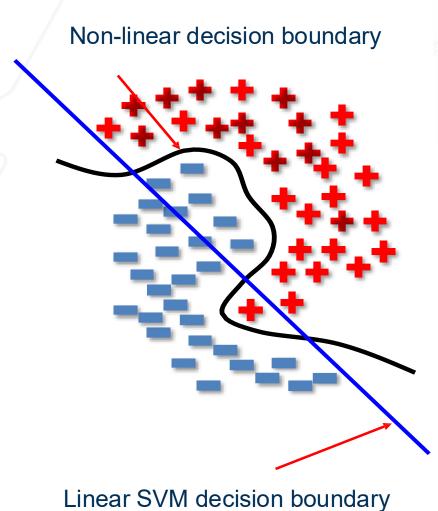


"A real-world clinical validation for Al-based MRI monitoring in multiple sclerosis" Barnett et al., Nature 2023

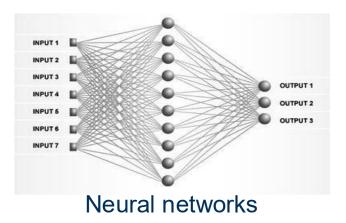
- What are the desired outcome?
- What are the input (data)?
- What are the learning paradigms?



#### **Non-linear Classifier**



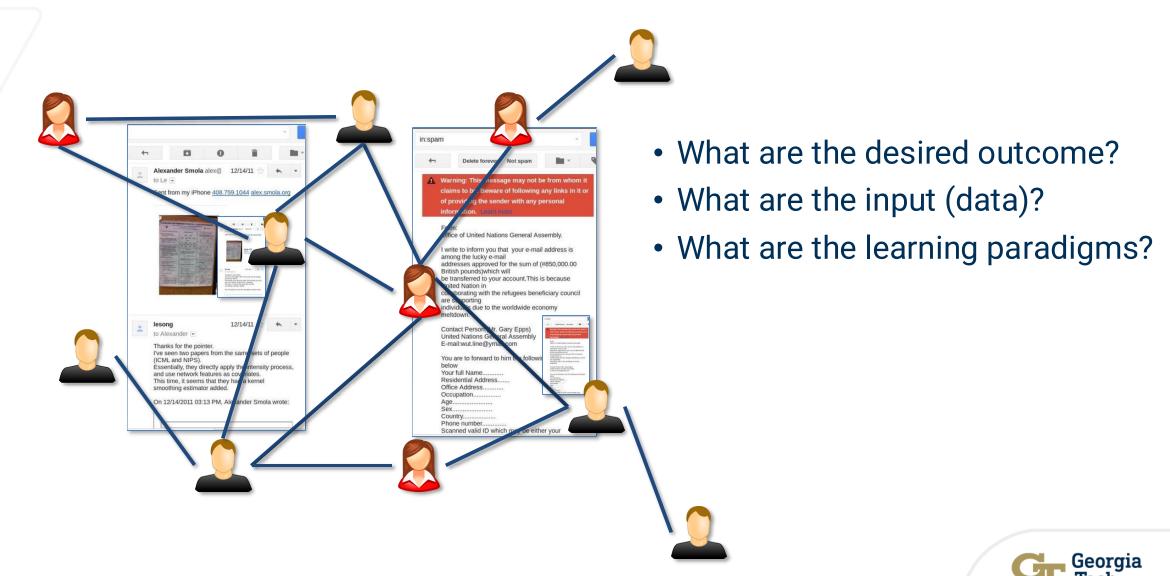
Kernel methods



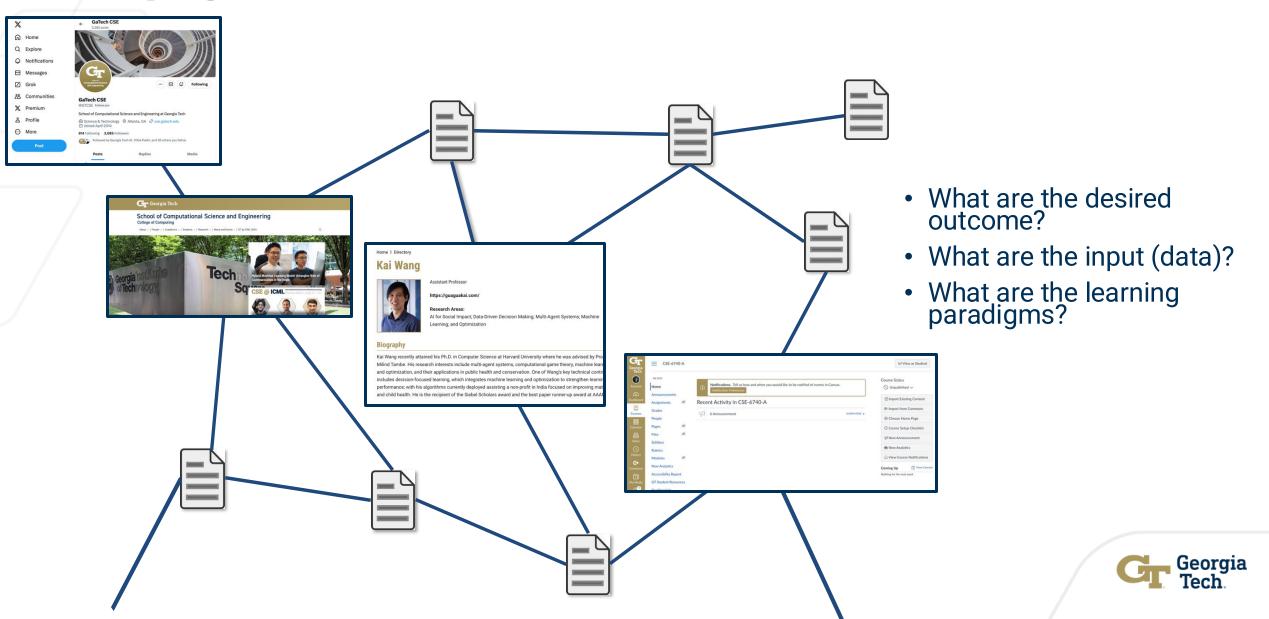
- What are the desired outcome?
- What are the input (data)?
- What are the learning paradigms?



### **Spam Filtering**



#### **Webpage Classification**



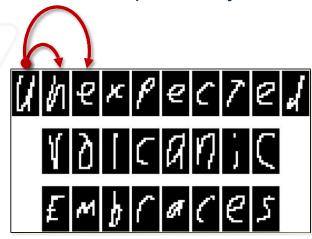
#### **Syllabus: Advanced Topics**

- Advanced neural networks (week 10-12)
  - Convolutional neural networks
  - Deep learning
  - Autoencoders, variational autoencoders
  - Diffusion models
- Reinforcement learning (week 13-14)
  - Dynamic programming
  - Bellman equation
  - Q-learning and SARSA
  - Deep RL



#### **Handwritten Digit Recognition / Text Annotation**

Inter-character dependency





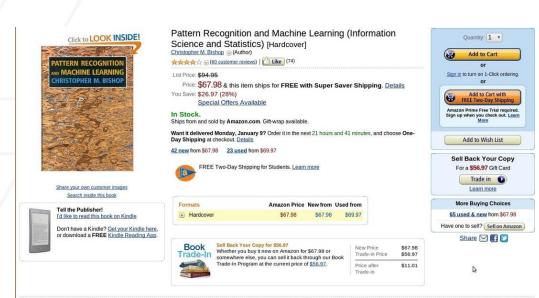
Inter-word dependency

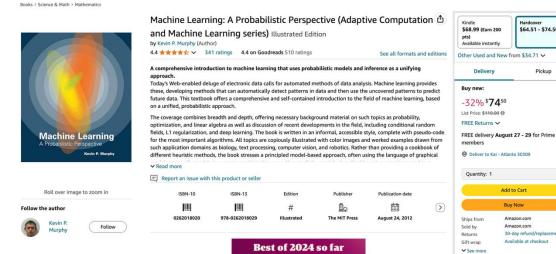
Aoccdrnig to a sudty at Cmabrigde
Uinervtisy, it deosn't mttaer in waht
oredr the ltteers in a wrod are, the
olny iprmoetnt tihng is taht the frist
and lsat ltteer be at the rghit pclae.
The rset can be a ttoal mses and you
can sitll raed it wouthit aporbelm.
Tihs is bcuseae the huamn mnid

deos not raed ervey lteter by istlef, but the wrod as awlohe.



#### **Product Recommendation**









\$64.51 - \$74.50

Pickup

0

Delivery

Quantity: 1

Add to Cart

**Buy Now** 

Amazon.com

30-day refund/replacement

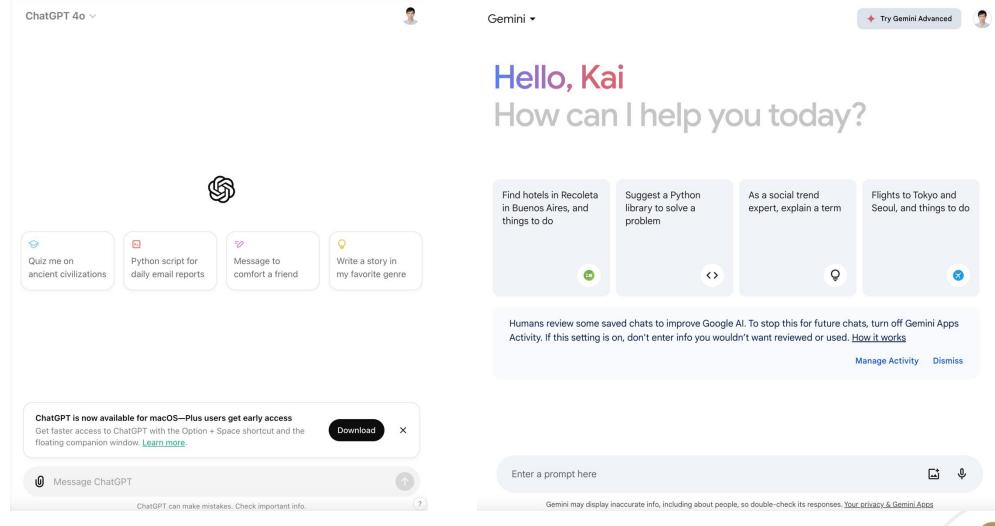
Available at checkout

#### **Recommendation with Human Feedback**



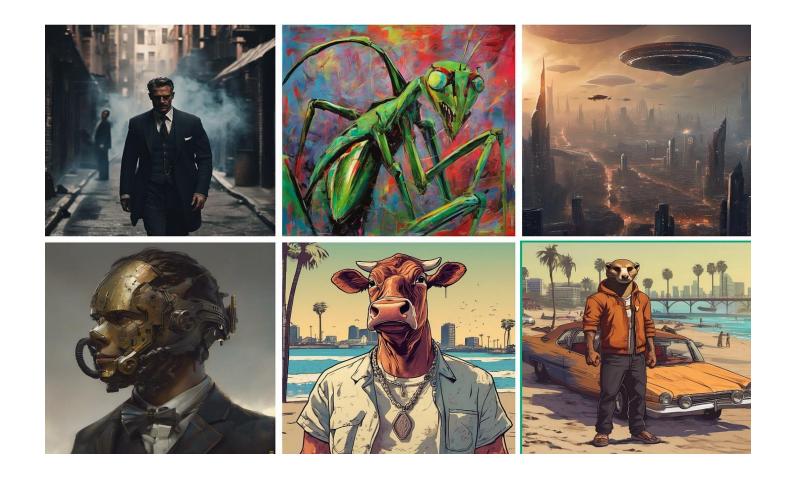


#### **Language Models**





## **Image Generation**





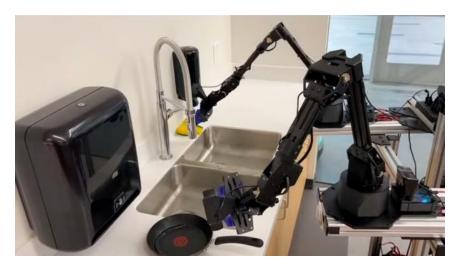
#### **AlphaGo**





#### Robotics









# **Basics / Prerequisites**



#### **Basics / Prerequisites**

- Probability
  - Distributions, densities, marginalization, conditioning
- Statistics
  - Mean, variance, maximum likelihood estimation
- Linear algebra
  - Vector, matrix, multiplication, inversion, eigen-value decomposition
- Algorithm, programming, and optimization



#### Homework 0

- We highly recommend you checking out Homework 0 as soon as possible to see if you feel comfortable with the prerequisites!!
- Homework 0 is graded by SAT/UNSAT. As long as you submit, you get full credit. But please use this opportunity to reassess if you meet all the prerequisites of CSE6740.
- The amount of time spent on each homework (expected): ~20 hours
  - This varies a lot depending on your background. It can easily go over 40+ hours if you don't have the right prerequisites, and we also don't want you to feel overwhelmed by homework.

Question Text	N	RR	Interpol. Median	3	6	9	12	15	18	18+
Hours per week spent on course	63	53%	14.25	0	2	7	15	10	14	15



#### **CSE 8801 (1 credit)**

 "CSE 8801 Linear Algebra, Probability, Statistics" is a good refresher course for you!

#### Sections Found

Linearalgebra, probability, sta - 91883 - CSE 8801 - LAS

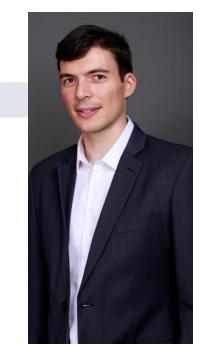
Long Title: Linearalgebra, probability, sta

Associated Term: Fall 2025

**Registration Dates:** Apr 14, 2025 to Aug 22, 2025 **Levels:** Graduate Semester, Undergraduate Semester

Georgia Tech-Atlanta \* Campus Lecture\* Schedule Type

1.000 Credits Grade Basis: ALP View Catalog Entry



#### Scheduled Meeting Times

Type Time Days Where Date Range Schedule Type Instructors

Class 2:00 pm - 3:15 pm TR Guggenheim Aerospace 246 Aug 18, 2025 - Dec 11, 2025 Lecture\* Raphaël Pestourie (P)



#### **Textbooks**

• "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning", Christopher M. Bishop

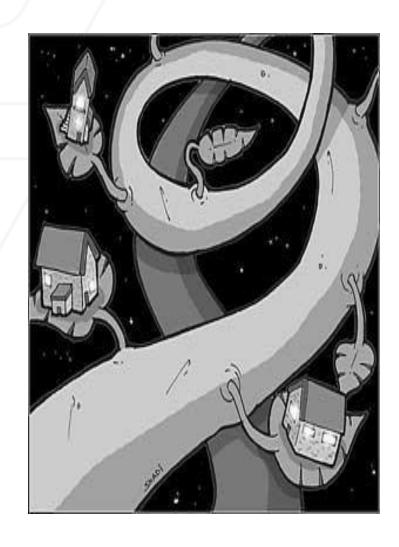
• "<u>The Elements of Statistical Learning</u>", Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Jerome Friedman



# Linear Regression (Prerequisite Example)



#### **Machine Learning for Apartment Hunting**



 Suppose you want to move to Atlanta, and you want to find the most reasonably priced apartment satisfying your needs (I know it is hard and probably too late):

Living area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	# bedroom	Monthly rent (\$)
230	1	900
506	2	1800
433	2	1500
190	1	800
150	1	?
270	1.5	?



## **Linear Regression Model**

• Assume y is a linear function of x (features) plus noise  $\epsilon$ 

$$y = \theta_0 + \theta_1 x_1 + \dots + \theta_d x_d + \epsilon$$

where  $\epsilon$  is an error modeled as Gaussian  $N(0, \sigma^2)$  Probability

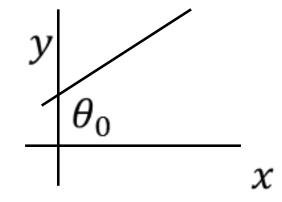
• Let  $\theta = (\theta_0, \theta_1, ..., \theta_d)^{\top} \in \mathbb{R}^{d+1}$ , and augment data by one dimension

Linear algebra

$$x \leftarrow (1, x)^{\mathsf{T}}$$

Then 
$$y = \theta^T x + \epsilon$$

Linear algebra





#### Least Mean Square (LMS) Method

• Given m data points, find  $\theta$  that minimizes the mean square error

$$\widehat{\theta} = \operatorname{argmin}_{\theta} L(\theta) \coloneqq \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (y^i - \theta^{\mathsf{T}} x^i)^2$$
Optimization Statistics

Set gradient to 0 to find the optimal parameter:

$$\frac{\partial L(\theta)}{\partial \theta} = -\frac{2}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (y^i - \theta^\top x^i) x^i = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow -\frac{2}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} y^{i} x^{i} + \frac{2}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} x^{i} x^{i}^{\top} \theta = 0$$
Linear algebra



#### **Matrix Version of the Gradient**

• Define  $X=(x^1,x^2,...,x^n)\in\mathbb{R}^{(d+1)\times n},y=(y^1,y^2,...,y^n)^{\top}\in\mathbb{R}^n$ , the gradient becomes

Linear algebra 
$$\frac{\partial L(\theta)}{\partial \theta} = -\frac{2}{n}Xy + \frac{2}{n}XX^{\mathsf{T}}\theta = 0$$
Linear algebra  $\Rightarrow \hat{\theta} = (XX^{\mathsf{T}})^{-1}Xy$  Algorithms Programming

- Matrix inversion in  $\hat{\theta} = (XX^T)^{-1}Xy$  is often **expensive** to compute.
  - Alternatively, we can use gradient descent:

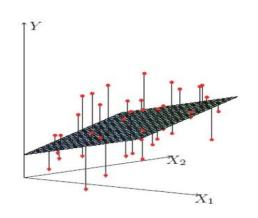
$$\widehat{\theta}^{t+1} \leftarrow \widehat{\theta}^t + \frac{\alpha}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \left( y^i - \widehat{\theta}^{t^\top} x^i \right) x^i$$
Optimization



## **Probabilistic Interpretation of LMS**

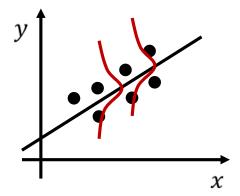
• Assume y is linear in x plus noise  $\epsilon$ 

$$y = \theta^{\mathsf{T}} x + \epsilon$$



• Assume  $\epsilon$  follows a Gaussian  $N(0, \sigma^2)$ 

$$p(y^{i}|x^{i};\theta) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left(-\frac{(y^{i} - \theta^{\mathsf{T}}x^{i})^{2}}{2\sigma^{2}}\right)$$



• By independence assumption, likelihood is:

$$L(\theta) = \prod_{i=1}^{n} p(y^i | x^i; \theta) = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma}\right)^n \exp\left(-\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (y^i - \theta^{\mathsf{T}} x^i)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)$$

**Probability** 



## **Probabilistic Interpretation of LMS**

Hence, the log-likelihood can be written as:

MLE: 
$$\log L(\theta) = n \log \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} - \frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (y^i - \theta^\top x^i)^2$$

• Therefore, LMS is equivalent to MLE of  $\theta$ 

**Statistics** 

LMS: 
$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (y^i - \theta^T x^i)^2$$

How to make it work in real data?

Algorithms Programming



# **Assignment and Grading**



#### Assignment

- There will be four homework (hw1 hw4) + one homework letting you familiarize yourself with Gradescope (hw0).
- Each homework will come with both a written part and a programming part.
- **Deadline**: Two weeks after the release date (Sunday 11:59pm).
- Coding language: Python
- Collaboration policy: we think peer discussion is the key to learn and grow, and we strongly recommend discussing the course materials and homework with your peers. Please mention your collaborator(s) (and on what topics) in the beginning of your homework when submitting it.

However, all work you submit must be your own. You should never include in your assignment anything that was not written directly by you without proper citation (including quotation marks and LLM generated texts).



## **Academic Integrity**

- Any evidence of cheating or other violations will be referred to the Dean of Students with a recommendation that the penalty be an award of zero points for the graded requirement, and a one letter grade reduction in the course.
- Cheating includes, but is not limited to:
  - Using unauthorized references or notes
  - Copying directly from any source, including friends, classmates, tutors, or a solutions manual
  - Allowing another person to copy your work
  - Taking an exam or handing in a graded requirement in someone else's name, or having someone else take an exam or hand in a graded requirement in your name; or asking for a regrade of a paper that has been altered from its original form.
- Any student suspected of cheating or plagiarizing on a quiz, exam, or assignment will be reported to the Office of Student Integrity, who will investigate the incident and identify the appropriate penalty for violations.



#### The Use of Generative Al

- This course is about growing in your ability to write, communicate, and think critically. Generative AI agents such as ChatGPT, DALL-E 2, and others present great opportunities for learning and for communicating.
- However, AI cannot learn or communicate for you, and so cannot meet the course requirements for you.
- In this course, using generative AI tools in the work of the course (including assignments, discussions, ungraded work, etc.) is allowed only in instances specified by your instructor.





#### **Gradescope: Homework Submission**

- Please use Gradescope to submit your homework.
  - You should submit both answers to the written and the programming questions in one single PDF.
  - You should also submit your programming solution in a single Jupyter notebook file.
  - We will use autograder to grade most of the programming questions. You should be able to see your scores on the public test cases.
- Homework late submission penalty
  - 20% penalty per late day. Maximum 5 late days.
  - So please start working on your homework earlier!!



# **Grading**

Assignment	Weight (Percentage, points, etc)	Date
Homework	65% in total	See course schedule on
	<ul> <li>5% for hw0 (graded SAT/UNSAT)</li> </ul>	Canvas
	<ul> <li>15% for each hw1-hw4</li> </ul>	
Midterm (in person)	15%	10/08/2025
Final (in person)	20%	12/05/2025

Extra credit opportunity	Weight (Percentage, points, etc)	Date
LaTeX class notes	3% (graded SAT/UNSAT) – first come first	Voluntary, starting from
(individual)	serve, notes in latex	Week 2
Advanced homework	There will be additional challenging	To be assigned in each
questions	questions in the homework that you can	homework
	solve and get bonus.	



#### **Grading**

- Homework: 65%
  - Homework 0:
    - 5%, graded SAT/UNSAT.
    - Familiarizing yourself with how to use Gradescope and some background knowledge!
  - Homework 1-4:
    - 15% each, due two weeks after the homework is released (no later than the end of Sunday). Due time is on **Sunday 11:59pm** (unless further notice).
- Midterm (in person on Oct 8th 2025, during regular class schedule): 15%
- Final (in person on Dec 5<sup>th</sup> 2025, 11:20am 2:10pm): 20%
- Bonus:
  - LaTeX note taking: 3%
    - limited and first come first serve. See the head TA's announcement on Piazza.
    - Graded SAT/UNSAT
  - Homework bonus: TBD at each homework



#### **Final Grade**

- Your final grade will be assigned as a letter grade according to the following scale. We will round it to the nearest integer.
  - A 90-100%
  - B 80-89%
  - C 70-79%
  - D 60-69%
  - F 0-59%



#### **Midterm and Final**

- Both will be closed book exams.
- Midterm will be in class on Oct 8<sup>th</sup> 2025 (12:30pm-1:45pm)
- Final exam: Dec 5<sup>th</sup> 2025 (11:20am 2:10pm)
- Please plan your schedule earlier!



# Questions

