Cyber Ranges and Security Testbeds: Scenarios, Functions, Tools and Architecture

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Outline

- The purpose of this paper
- Concepts
- Research criteria
- Capabilities and functionalities
- Evaluation of cyber ranges and security testbeds
- Architecture of cyber ranges and security testbeds
- Discussion

The purpose of this paper

- Study the concept of a cyber range system
- Identify and classify the capabilities and functionalities deployed within contemporary cyber ranges and security testbeds
- Collect and critically evaluate existing cyber ranges and security testbeds' architectural models
- Identify and classify scenarios, for training or testing, applied in cyber ranges and security testbeds
- Identify the different roles and teams associated with the execution of an exercise in a cyber range
- Identify and classify hardware and software tools utilized within contemporary cyber ranges and security testbeds
- Identify methods to evaluate different cyber ranges against a standard
- Study the **research trends and directions** on the topic of cyber ranges and security testbeds

Concepts

Red Team

Identify and exploit potential vulnerabilities in the exercise environment

Blue Team

Identify and patch potential vulnerabilities that can be exploited by a red team

White Team

Design the exercise and experiment scenario, objectives, rules and evaluation criteria Give hints to the participating teams

Green Team

Maintain, develop and monitor the exercise environment

Autonomous Team

Use tools and techniques to be automated

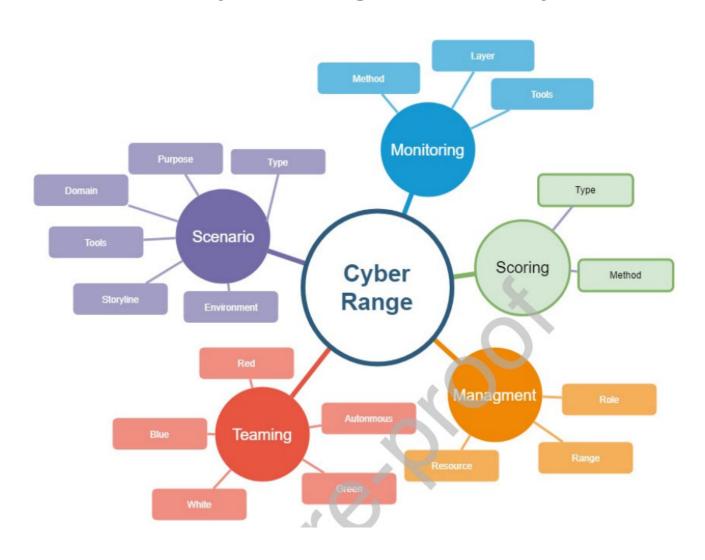
Five phases of security exercise

- Preparation
- Dry run
- Execution
- Evaluation
- Repetition

Research criteria

- Published in 15 years(2002-2018)
- Articles written in English
- IoT (Internet of Things) related testbeds
- CPS (Cyber Physical Systems) and SCADA related testbeds
- Articles related to mobile applications testbeds
- Include at least 3 areas of the 5 taxonomies

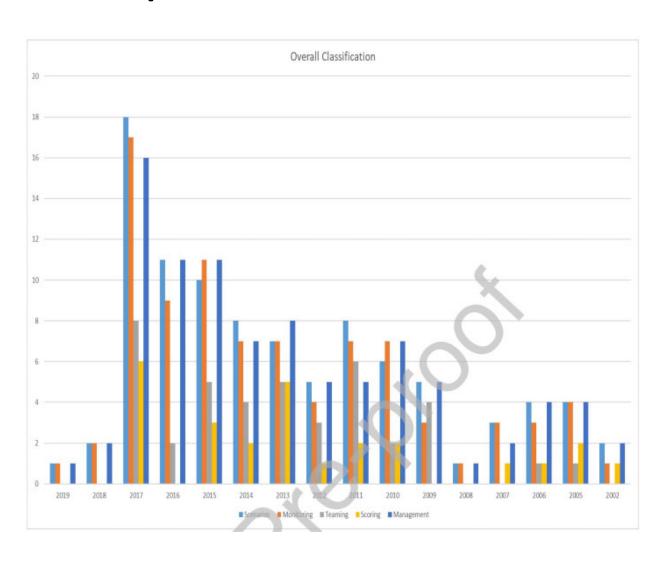
Cyber Range Taxonomy



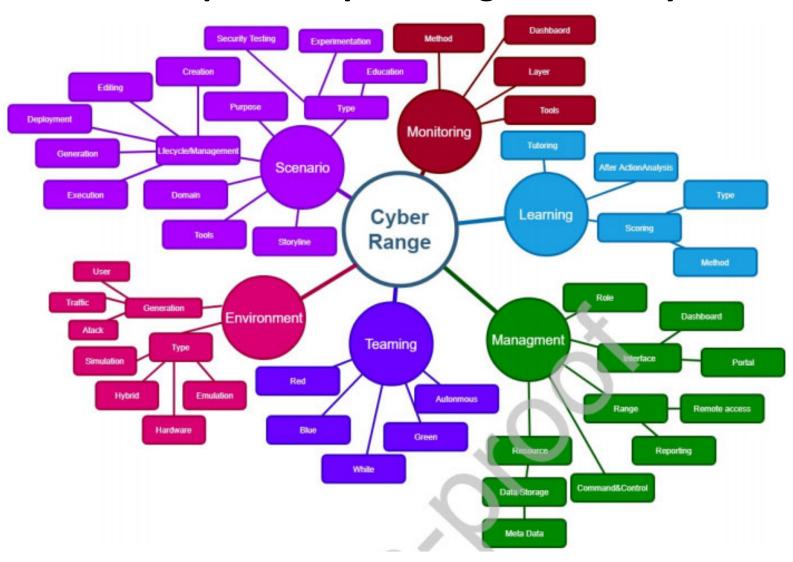
Capabilities and functionalities

Paper	Scenarios	Monitoring	Teaming	Scoring	Mng.
[23][114][78][113][19][34][70] [28][64]	✓	✓	✓	√	√
[15][20][29][107][35][37] [56][21] [86] [5] [39][33][120] [74][42][69][108][93][47][88] [8][3][4][67][7][84][106] [112][31][75][65][81][103][95] [41][49][13][109][73][58][55][50] [17][98][44][38][115][25] [59][26][71] [54][10]	✓	✓			✓
[68][110][118][117][80] [32][12][27][11][76]	√	✓	√		√
[36][82][72][66][16][77][121]	✓		✓		✓
[105][96]	✓	✓		✓	✓
[60]	✓	✓		✓	
[46][97]	✓	✓	√		
[45][22]		✓	✓		✓
[100][87]	✓			✓	✓
[101]		√	✓	✓	✓
[51][90][102]	✓		✓	✓	✓
[99][6][61]	✓		✓	✓	
[30][85]	✓		✓	✓	
[111]			✓	✓	
[2]		√		✓	✓
[89]		✓	✓	✓	√

Capabilities and functionalities



Updated Cyber Range Taxonomy



Introduction of different taxonomies

Scenarios

Created in human and machine read language like XML and JSON

Monitoring

Use different data collection and analysis module

Use event logging mechanism and analysis techniques

Learning(Scoring)

Use a score bot to monitor the status of services and calculate the score for each team

Management

Manage the roles, resources, command

Environment

Include the scenario execution environment type and different event generation tools

Different Scenarios

Id	Domain	Paper	Purpose	Environment	Storyline	Tools
1	Hybrid Net- work and Application	[50]	Education	Hybrid	Network topology configuration for students	XEN, CISCO routers
2	Networks	[12]	Experiment	Emulation	DDoS, Worm Be- havior, Early Rout- ing Security experi- ments	Emulab
3	IOT	[98]	Testing	Hardware	Bring your own de- vice scenario test- ing for enterprises	Smart Wacthes, google glass, print- ers
4	Critical In- frastructure	[44]	Testing	Emulation	DoS attack on a powergrid	Emulab
5	SCADA	[38]	Experiment	Hardware	DoS, ICT worm, Phishing, DNS poi- soning experiments	ABB 800F, OpenPMC (PLC), Emerson MD, Tur- bogas Subsystem, Turbogas Control Subsystem, Steam cycle Subsystem Plant Control subsystem
6	Social Engi- neering	[16]	Testing	Simulation	Social engineer- ing testing for enterprises using employee online data	Netkit
7	Cloud	[55]	Experiment	Emulation	DDoS attack test- ing on different net- work toplogies	OPENNEBULA, Netflow, Low Orbit Ion Canon
8	Autono nous System	[13]	Testing	Simulation	Military autonomous vehicle DDoS attack testing	JAUS messages, JSONS, NOSQL, PYTHON, RUBY, NODE.JS, JAVASCRIPT,XML REST FULL WE- BAPI

Evaluation of cyber ranges and security testbeds

• Quantitative evaluation

evaluation the time for testbed generation

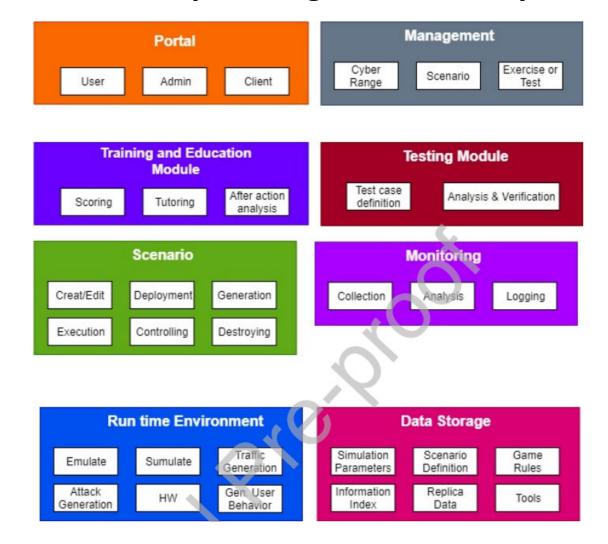
Qualitative evaluation

Use specific tools to evaluate the function

Do some attack experiments to evaluate the effectiveness of the security modules

Propose personal evaluation matrix

Architecture of cyber ranges and security testbeds



Introductions of cyber ranges and security testbeds' Architecture

Portal

Provide the interface for communication between the cyber range and security testbed to multiple users

Training and education

Provide tutoring system for cyber range and security testbeds

Runtime Environment

Represent the infrastructure layer that contains physical, virtual, hybrid and cloud platforms

Testing Module

Test the security of a system

Test a new defense or attack method or technique

Data Storage

Store various artifacts needed for executing the training, or testing, scenarios

Discussion

- How to efficiently configure the cyber range and security testbeds
- How to model the behavior of parties such as blue team, Red team, White team during security exercise? LLM can simulate the behavior of all parties
- Study range attack modeling in specific areas, such as social engineering or security behavior in cloud scenarios
- Develop a common, quantitative method for evaluating cyber ranges and testbeds

THANK YOU!