Marinel Tinnirello 09/20/2019 CMPT 435 - Assignment #3

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n log n, (1 / n), sqrt(n), n, 2<sup>n</sup>, 3<sup>n</sup>, 2<sup>n+1</sup>, 2<sup>(2<sup>n</sup>n)</sup>
for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)  // n
    p = pow(i, k)  // 2<sup>log n</sup>
    for (j = 1; j <= p; j++)  // n
        Some O(1) work  // 1
    end for
end for
O(n) = n<sup>k+1</sup>
1 // n
```

- a) If the new element is inserted in the front or the middle, the O(n) = n (linear time), because it relates to the number of elements accounted for in n. If the new element is inserted in the end, the O(n) = 1 (constant time), because the statement is simple and input size doesn't matter.
- b) In a sorted array, the O(n) = n (linear time), because we need to keep the order of the elements, so in the worst case, we might need to move all the elements.