

Market Simulation

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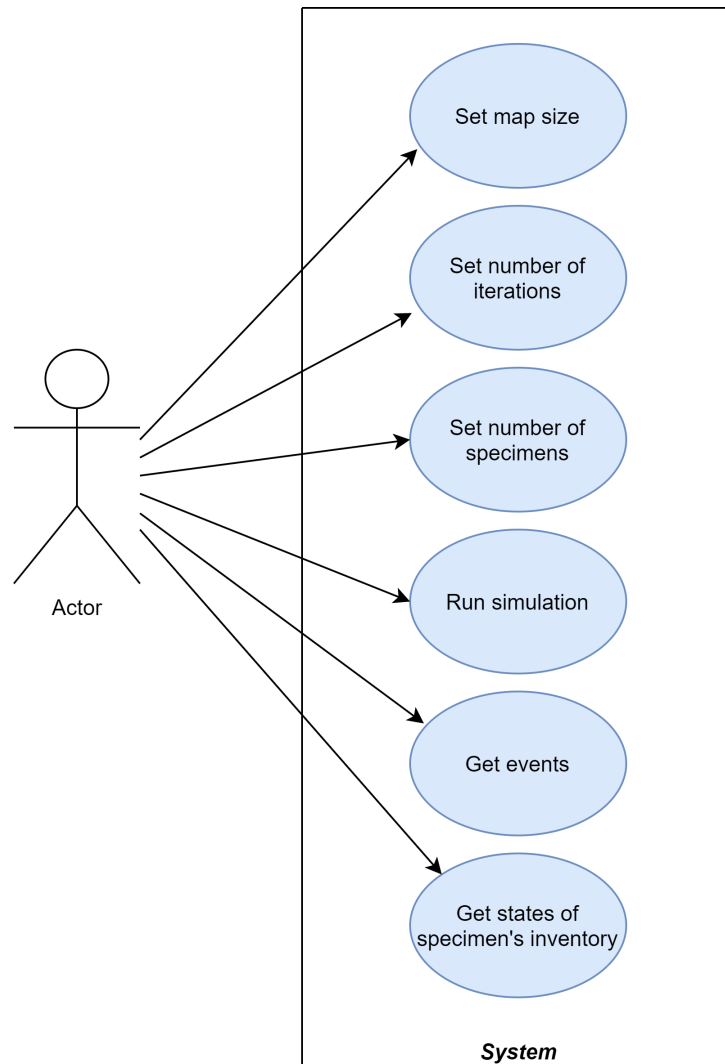
1 Opis symulacji

W symulacji istnieją 4 typy osobników - Sprzedawca, Kupujący, Złodziej oraz Strażnik. Na początku określana jest liczba każdego z typów osobników, liczba iteracji oraz wielkość planszy. Każda jednostka może zająć jedno pole. Gdy kupujący znajduje się na polu sąsiadującym ze stanowiskiem sprzedawcy to istnieje szansa na dokonanie zakupu określonych produktów. Istnieje także typ złodzieja, który będąc w pobliżu sprzedawcy kradnie mu określone produkty, ale trafiając na pole sąsiadujące ze strażnikiem musi oddać zasoby. Co stałą 10 epok sprzedawcy uzupełniają swoje zapasy wydając na to swój budżet uzyskany ze sprzedaży produktów. Z każdą epoką zapisywane są dane takie jak stan zasobów każdego z osobników oraz zdarzenia w każdej epoce.

2 Analiza czasownikowo-rzeczownikowa

W symulacji istnieją 4 typy osobników - Sprzedawca, Kupujący, Złodziej oraz Strażnik. Na początku określana jest liczba każdego z typów osobników, liczba iteracji oraz wielkość planszy. Każda jednostka może zająć jedno pole. Gdy kupujący znajduje się na polu sąsiadującym ze stanowiskiem sprzedawcy to istnieje szansa na dokonanie zakupu określonych produktów. Złodziej będąc w pobliżu sprzedawcy kradnie mu określone produkty, ale trafiając na pole sąsiadujące ze strażnikiem musi oddać zasoby. Co stałą 10 epok sprzedawcy uzupełniają swoje zapasy wydając na to swój budżet uzyskany ze sprzedaży produktów. Z każdą epoką zapisywane są dane takie jak stan zasobów każdego z osobników oraz zdarzenia w każdej epoce.

3 Diagram przypadków użycia



4 Karty CRC

4.1 Map

Classname: Map	
Superclass: none Subclass(es): none	
Responsibilities: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• generating a map• storing every positions of every Person	Collaboration: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Person

4.2 Person

Classname: Person	
Superclass: none Subclass(es): Shopkeeper, Customer, Thief, Guard	
Responsibilities: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• changing position• storing inventory	Collaboration: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Map

4.3 Customer

Classname: Customer	
Superclass: Person Subclass(es): none	
Responsibilities: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• buying items when near Shopkeeper	Collaboration: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Shopkeeper

4.4 Shopkeeper

Classname: Shopkeeper	
Superclass: Person Subclass(es): none	
Responsibilities: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• storing inventory• restocking inventory	Collaboration: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Customer• Thief

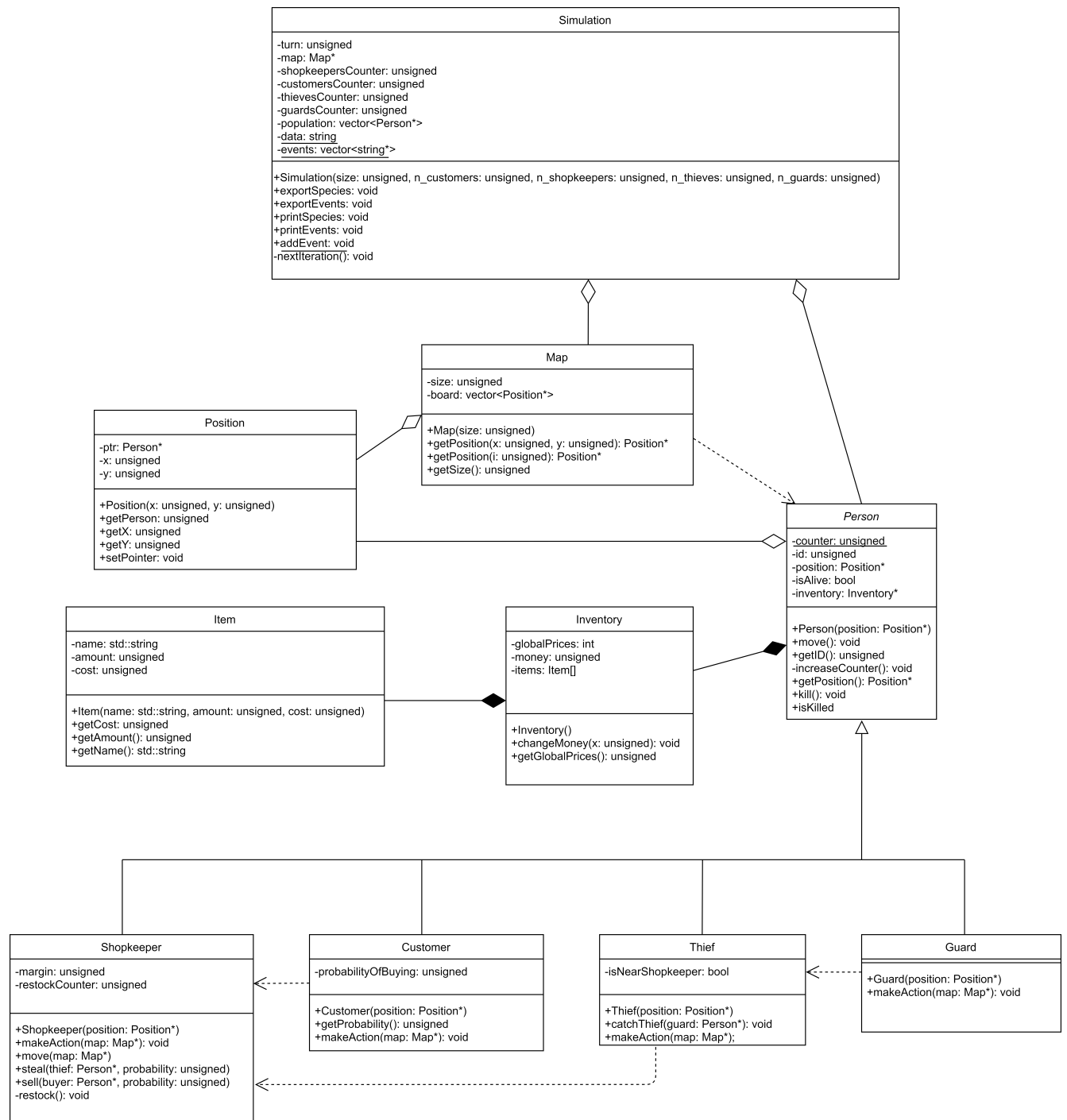
4.5 Thief

Classname: Thief	
Superclass: Person Subclass(es): none	
Responsibilities: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• stealing items when near Shopkeeper• returning items when caught by Guard	Collaboration: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Shopkeeper

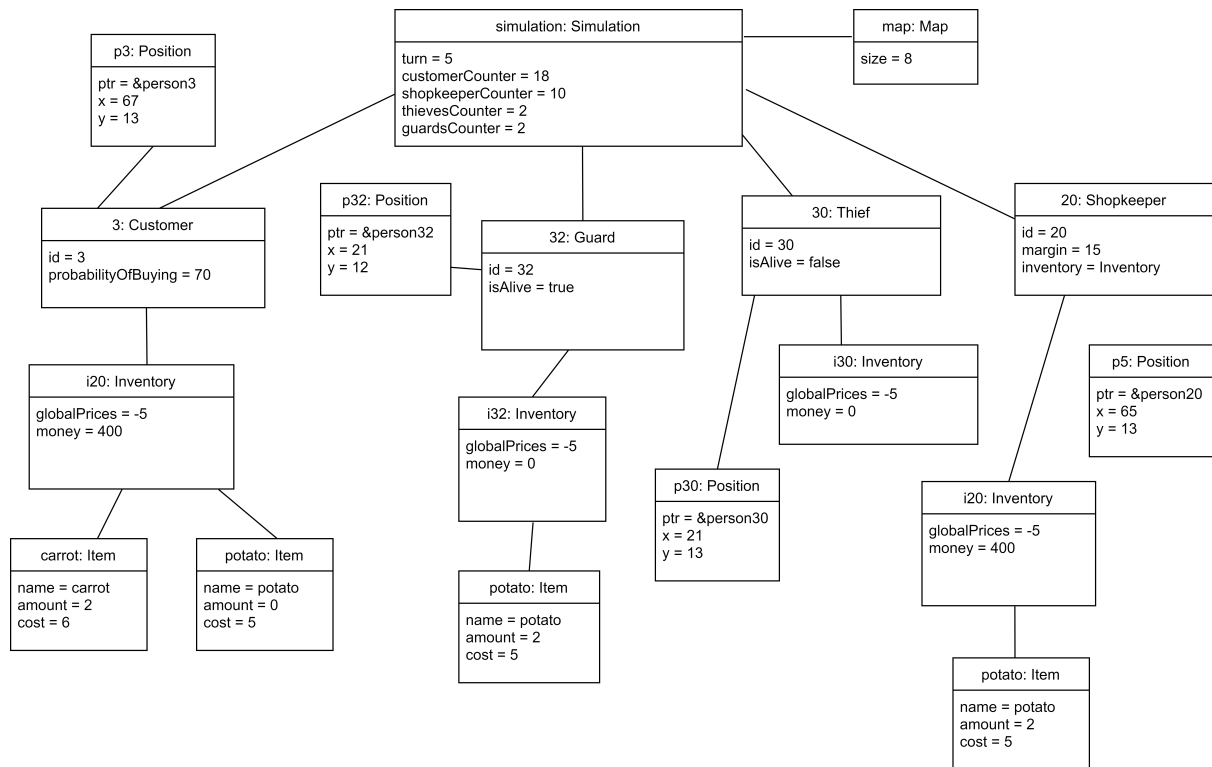
4.6 Guard

Classname: Guard	
Superclass: Person Subclass(es): none	
Responsibilities: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• catches Thief when near him	Collaboration: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Thief

5 Diagram klas

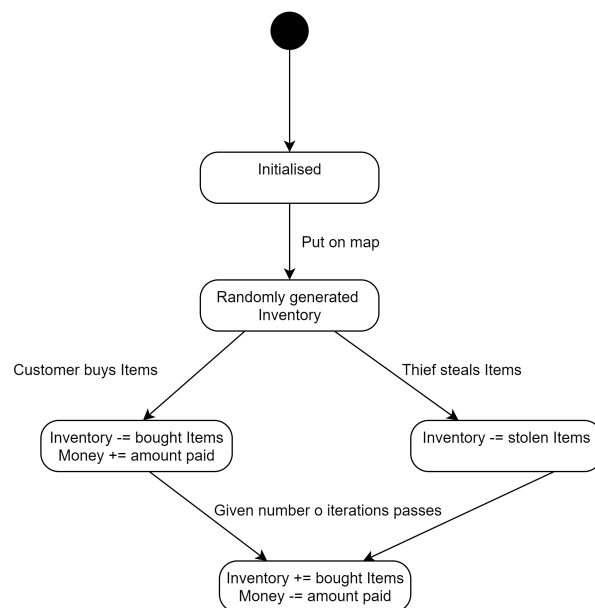


6 Diagram obiektów

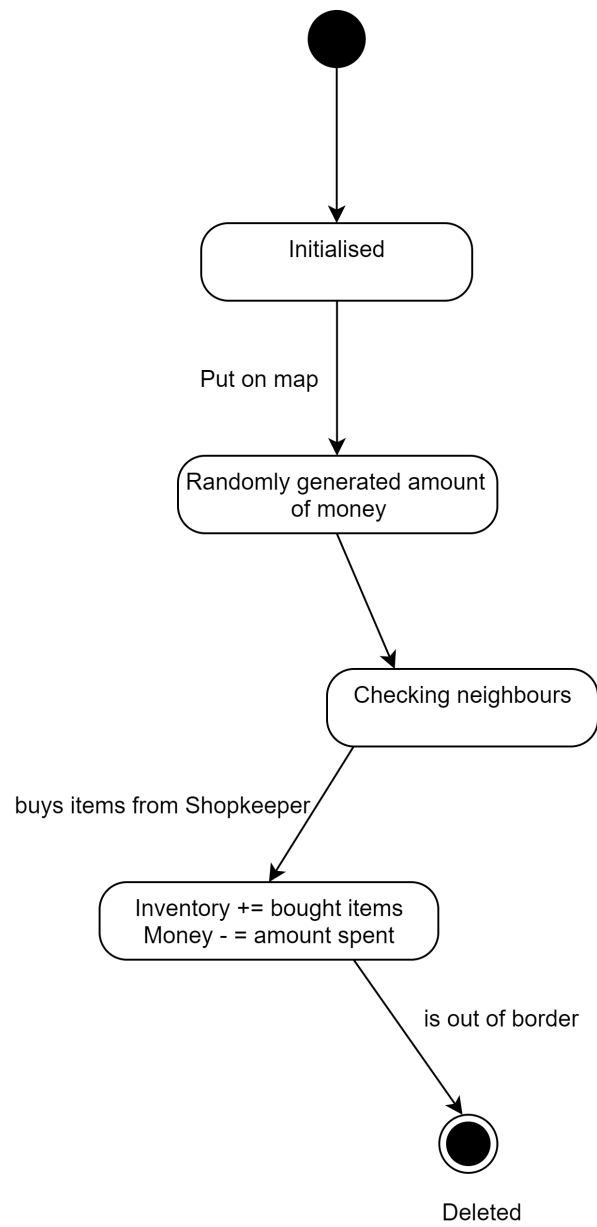


7 Diagramy maszyny stanów

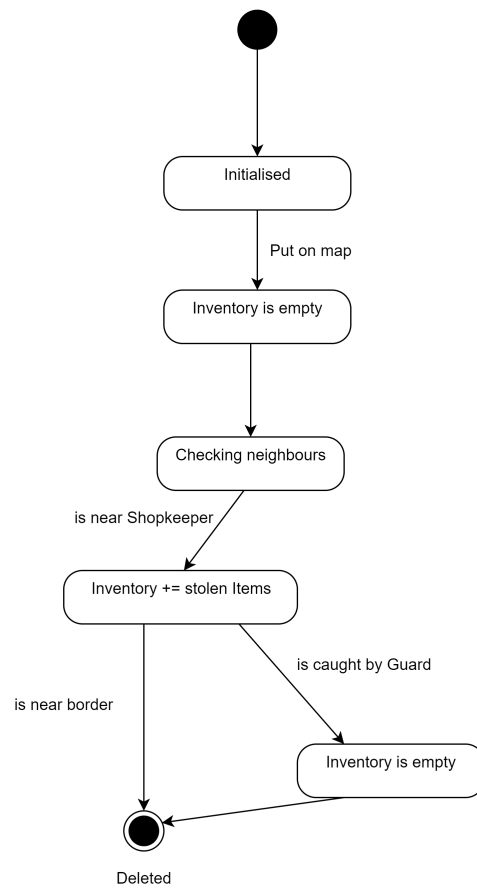
7.1 Sprzedawca



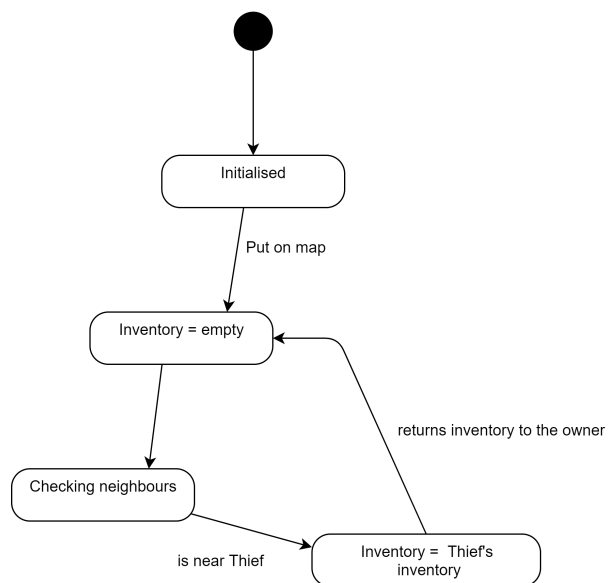
7.2 Kupujący



7.3 Złodziej

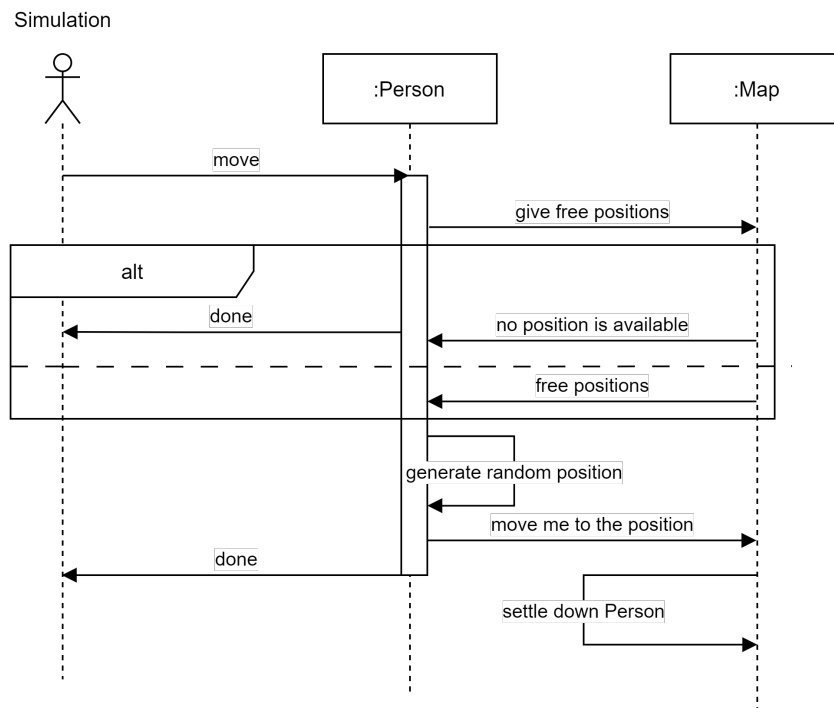


7.4 Strażnik

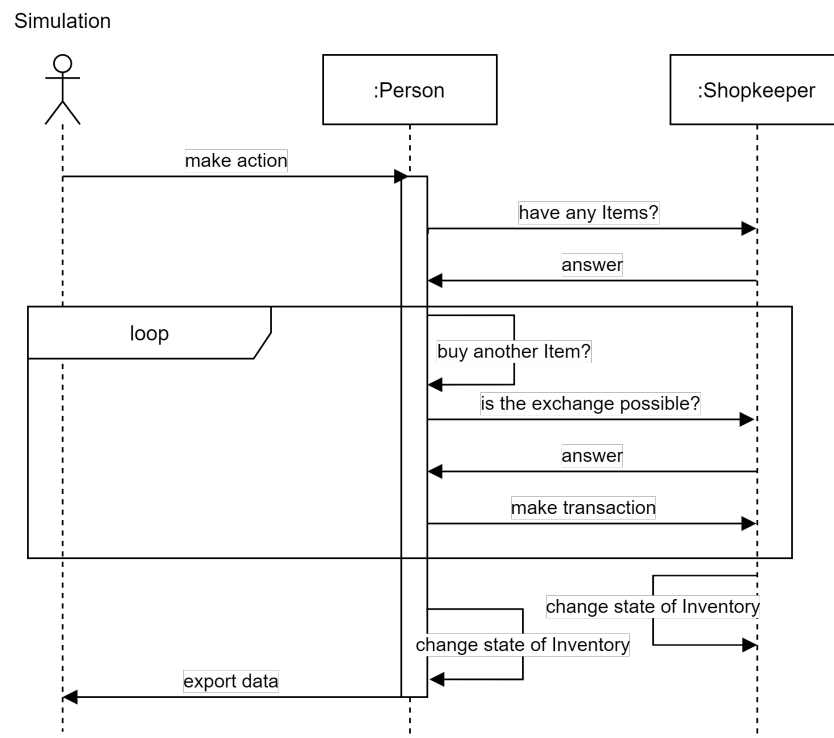


8 Diagramy sekwencji

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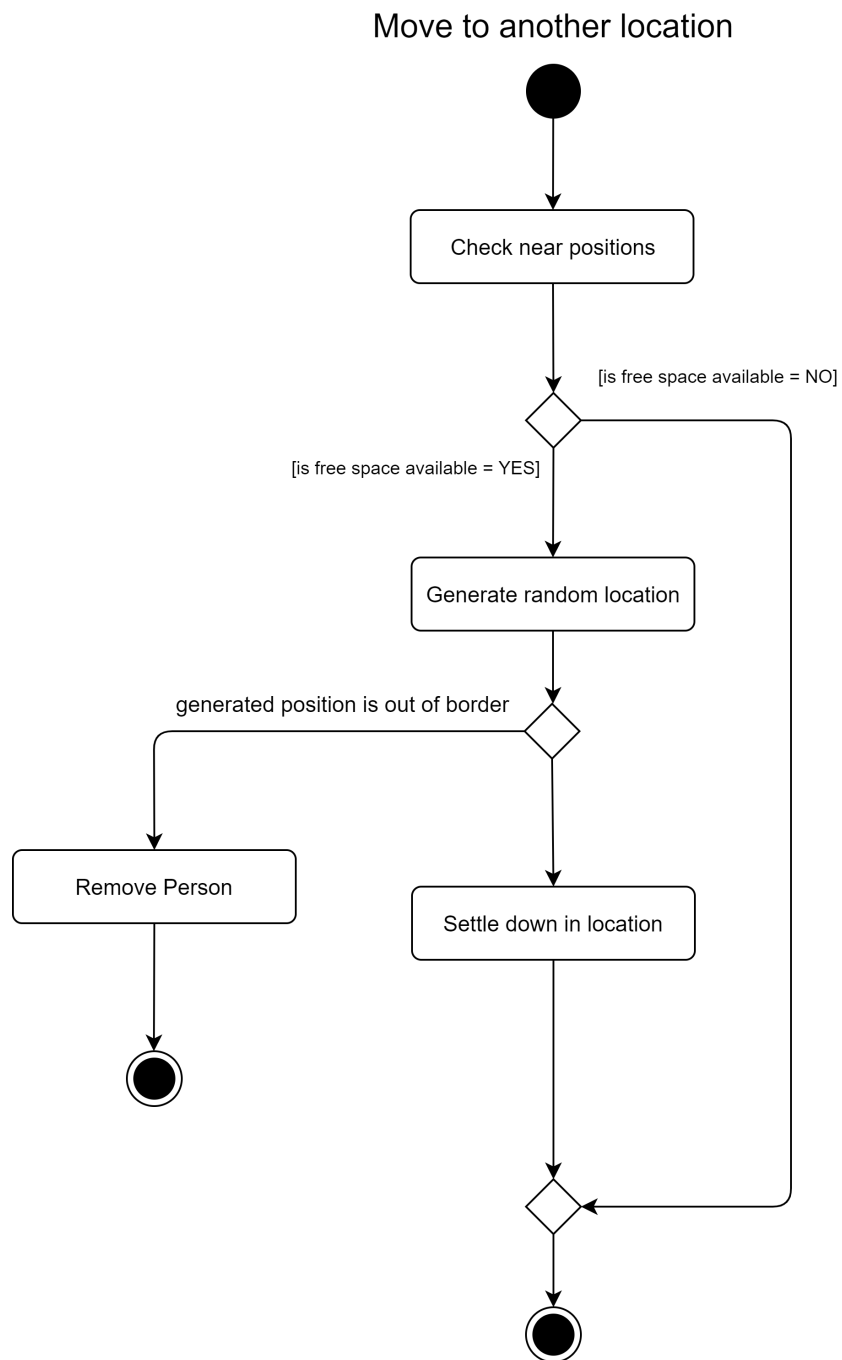


8.2 Kupno

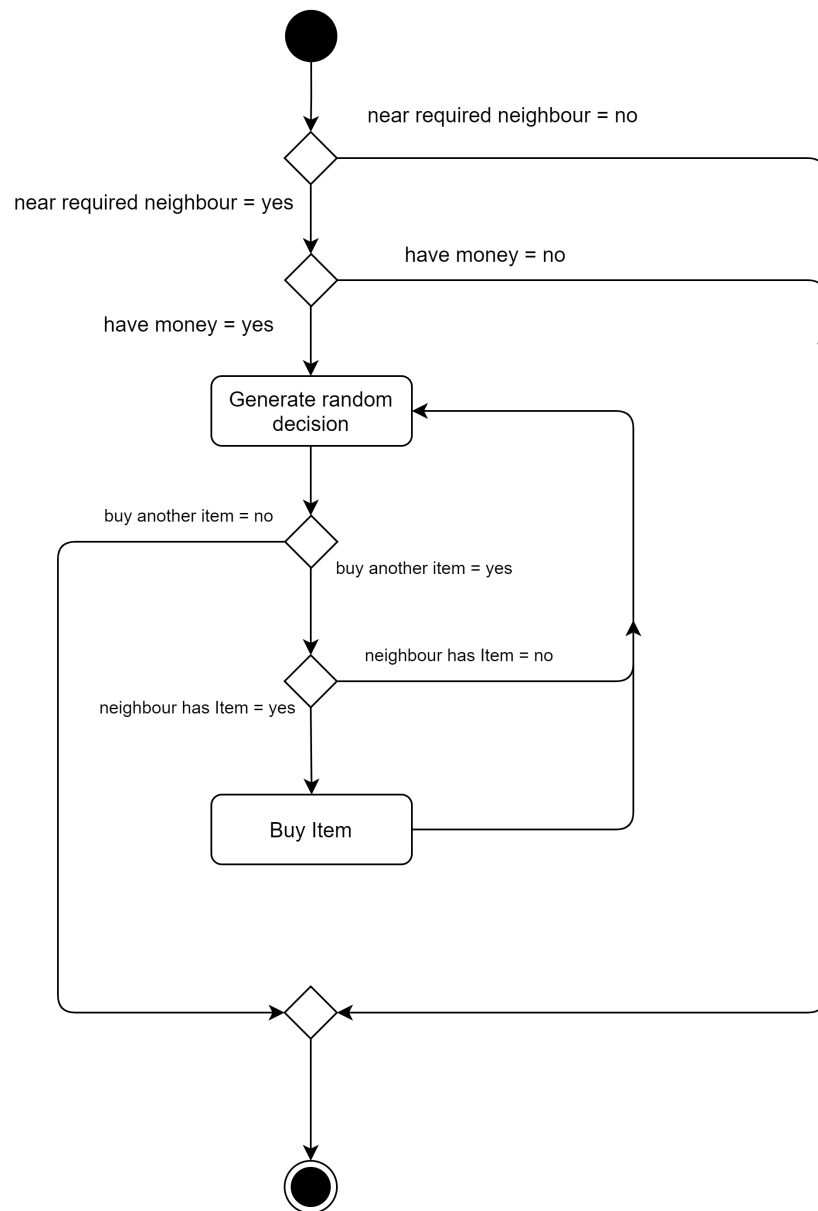


9 Diagramy aktywności

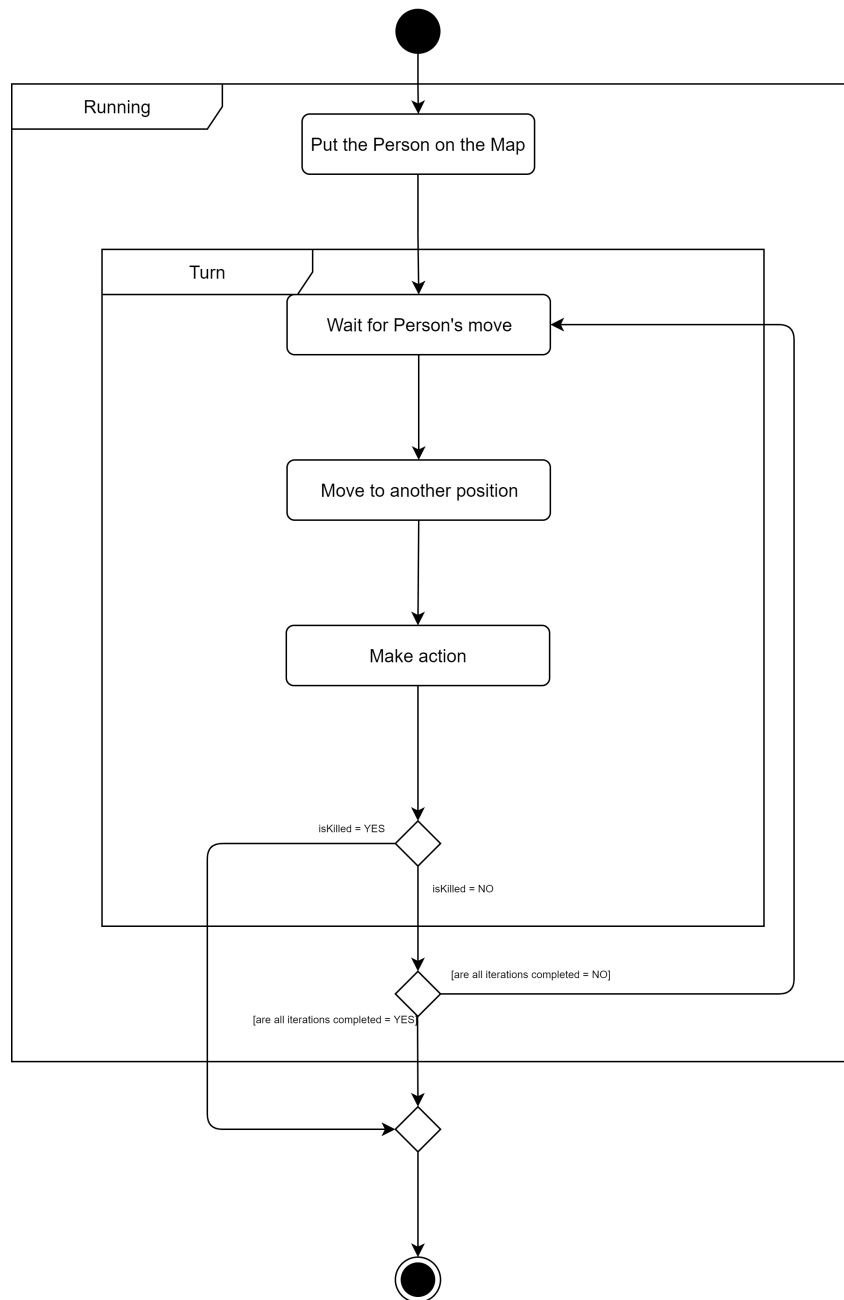
9.1 Ruch na nową pozycję



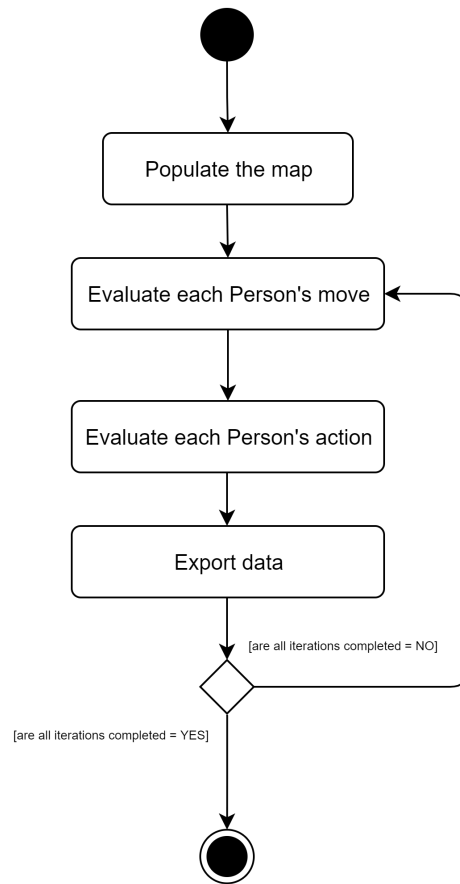
9.2 Kupno



9.3 Osobnik



9.4 Symulacja



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Chapter 1

Hierarchical Index

1.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

Inventory	9
Item	13
Map	17
Person	19
Customer	5
Guard	7
Shopkeeper	28
Thief	34
Position	25
Random	27
Simulation	31

Chapter 2

Class Index

2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

Customer	Represents customer	5
Guard	Represents guard	7
Inventory	A class representing Person 's inventory	9
Item	A class representing type of item in Inventory	13
Map	Stores board with Positions	17
Person	Base class for species	19
Position	A class representing position on Map	25
Random	Static class that generates random outcomes	27
Shopkeeper	Represents shopkeeper	28
Simulation	Runs simulation	31
Thief	Represents shopkeeper	34

Chapter 3

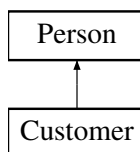
Class Documentation

3.1 Customer Class Reference

Represents customer.

```
#include <Customer.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Customer:



Public Member Functions

- [Customer](#) ([Position](#) *position)
- void [makeAction](#) ([Map](#) *map)
- unsigned [getProbability](#) ()

Additional Inherited Members

3.1.1 Detailed Description

Represents customer.

Buys Items from [Shopkeeper](#)

3.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.1.2.1 Customer()

```
Customer::Customer (
    Position * position )
```

Default constructor for [Customer](#)

Postcondition

Initializes random amount of money and random value of `probabilityOfBuying`

Parameters

<i>position</i>	Pointer to Position where Customer will be settled
-----------------	--

3.1.3 Member Function Documentation

3.1.3.1 `getProbability()`

```
unsigned int Customer::getProbability ( )
```

Returns value of `probabilityOfBuying`

Postcondition

Does not change the object

Returns

Probability of buying

3.1.3.2 `makeAction()`

```
void Customer::makeAction (
    Map * map ) [virtual]
```

Buys Items when near him

Parameters

<i>map</i>	Pointer to map where other specimens are placed
------------	---

Reimplemented from [Person](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

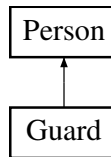
- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Customer.h
- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Customer.cpp

3.2 Guard Class Reference

Represents guard.

```
#include <Guard.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Guard:



Public Member Functions

- [Guard](#) ([Position](#) *position)
- void [makeAction](#) ([Map](#) *map)

Additional Inherited Members

3.2.1 Detailed Description

Represents guard.

Catches [Thief](#) when on nearby [Position](#)

3.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.2.2.1 Guard()

```
Guard::Guard (
    Position * position )
```

Default constructor for [Guard](#)

Postcondition

Gets empty [Inventory](#) with 0 money

Parameters

<i>position</i>	Pointer to Position where Guard will be placed
-----------------	--

3.2.3 Member Function Documentation

3.2.3.1 makeAction()

```
void Guard::makeAction (
    Map * map ) [virtual]
```

Catches [Thief](#) (see [Thief::catchThief](#)) and takes his [Inventory](#)

Parameters

<i>map</i>	Pointer to Map where other specimens are placed
------------	---

Reimplemented from [Person](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Guard.h
- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Guard.cpp

3.3 Inventory Class Reference

A class representing [Person](#)'s inventory.

```
#include <Inventory.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [Inventory](#) ()
- [Inventory](#) (unsigned money)
- void [addMoney](#) (int x)
- unsigned [getMoney](#) ()
- unsigned [getAmountOfItems](#) ()
- std::vector< [Item](#) > * [getItems](#) ()
- void [addItem](#) ([Item](#) item)

Static Public Member Functions

- static void [setGlobalPrices](#) (int newGlobalPrices)
- static int [getGlobalPrices](#) ()

Static Public Attributes

- static const std::vector< [Item](#) > [defaultListOfItems](#)
Vector with types of all items available during simulation.

3.3.1 Detailed Description

A class representing [Person](#)'s inventory.

3.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.3.2.1 Inventory() [1/2]

```
Inventory::Inventory ( )
```

Default constructor

Postcondition

[Inventory](#) does not have any items, money = 0

3.3.2.2 Inventory() [2/2]

```
Inventory::Inventory (
    unsigned money )
```

Overloaded constructor

Postcondition

[Inventory](#) does not have any items

Parameters

<i>money</i>	Amount of money
--------------	-----------------

3.3.3 Member Function Documentation

3.3.3.1 addItem()

```
void Inventory::addItem (
    Item item )
```

Adds one item of given type

Postcondition

If given type is already in inventory then it increments it's amount, if not adds new type of item with 1 amount

Parameters

<i>item</i>	Type of item to be added
-------------	--------------------------

3.3.3.2 addMoney()

```
void Inventory::addMoney (
    int x )
```

Adds money to inventory

Precondition

Amount to be added can be below 0

Postcondition

Money will be updated with added value. If ($x \leq \text{money}$) money will be updated to 0

Parameters

<i>x</i>	Money to be added
----------	-------------------

3.3.3.3 getAmountOfItems()

```
unsigned int Inventory::getAmountOfItems ( )
```

Counts and returns amount of every type of items in inventory

Postcondition

Does not change the object

Returns

Amount of all items in inventory

3.3.3.4 `getGlobalPrices()`

```
int Inventory::getGlobalPrices ( ) [static]
```

Returns global prices

Postcondition

Does not change the object

Returns

Global prices

3.3.3.5 `getItems()`

```
std::vector< Item > * Inventory::getItems ( )
```

Returns pointer to vector with items

Postcondition

Does not change the object

Returns

Pointer to vector with items

3.3.3.6 `getMoney()`

```
unsigned int Inventory::getMoney ( )
```

Returns money in inventory

Postcondition

Does not change the object

Returns

Money in inventory

3.3.3.7 `setGlobalPrices()`

```
void Inventory::setGlobalPrices (
    int newGlobalPrices ) [static]
```

Sets new global prices

Postcondition

Global prices will be updated with new value

Parameters

<code>newGlobalPrices</code>	New global prices
------------------------------	-------------------

3.3.4 Member Data Documentation

3.3.4.1 defaultListOfItems

```
const std::vector< Item > Inventory::defaultListOfItems [static]
```

Initial value:

```
= {  
    Item("carrot", 3),  
    Item("apple", 5),  
    Item("potato", 2),  
    Item("chicken", 8),  
    Item("milk", 6),  
    Item("beef", 14)  
}
```

Vector with types of all items available during simulation.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Inventory.h
- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Inventory.cpp

3.4 Item Class Reference

A class representing type of item in [Inventory](#).

```
#include <Inventory.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [Item](#) (std::string name, unsigned price, unsigned amount)
- [Item](#) (std::string name, unsigned price)
- unsigned [getPrice](#) ()
- std::string [getName](#) ()
- unsigned [getAmount](#) ()
- void [setAmount](#) (unsigned newAmount)
- void [addMargin](#) (unsigned margin)
- void [decrementAmount](#) ()
- void [incrementAmount](#) ()

3.4.1 Detailed Description

A class representing type of item in [Inventory](#).

This class represents a type of item not item itself so that it also consists of number of items. For example `name = "carrot", price = 3, amount = 4`

3.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.4.2.1 Item() [1/2]

```
Item::Item (
    std::string name,
    unsigned price,
    unsigned amount )
```

Default constructor

Parameters

<i>Name</i>	name of item
<i>Price</i>	price of item
<i>Amount</i>	number of items

3.4.2.2 Item() [2/2]

```
Item::Item (
    std::string name,
    unsigned price )
```

Overloaded constructor

Postcondition

Amount of items is 0

Parameters

<i>name</i>	Name of the Item
<i>price</i>	Price of an Item

3.4.3 Member Function Documentation

3.4.3.1 addMargin()

```
void Item::addMargin (
    unsigned margin )
```

Adds margin to price of an [Item](#)

Postcondition

Margin will be added to price

Parameters

<i>margin</i>	Margin added to price
---------------	-----------------------

3.4.3.2 decrementAmount()

```
void Item::decrementAmount ( )
```

Decrements amount of items

Postcondition

The amount of items will be decremented

3.4.3.3 getAmount()

```
unsigned int Item::getAmount ( )
```

Returns amount of items

Postcondition

Does not change the object

Returns

Number of items

3.4.3.4 getName()

```
std::string Item::getName ( )
```

Returns name of an item

Postcondition

Does not change the object

Returns

Name of [Item](#)

3.4.3.5 getPrice()

```
unsigned int Item::getPrice ( )
```

Returns price of an item

Postcondition

Does not change the object

Returns

Price of an item

3.4.3.6 incrementAmount()

```
void Item::incrementAmount ( )
```

Increments amount of items

Postcondition

The amount of items will be incremented

3.4.3.7 setAmount()

```
void Item::setAmount (
    unsigned newAmount )
```

Sets number of items

Postcondition

Amount of items will be updated with new value

Parameters

<i>newAmount</i>	New amount of items
------------------	---------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Inventory.h
- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Inventory.cpp

3.5 Map Class Reference

Stores board with Positions.

```
#include <Map.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [Map](#) (unsigned size)
- [Position * getPosition](#) (unsigned x, unsigned y)
- [Position * getPosition](#) (unsigned i)
- unsigned [getSize](#) ()

3.5.1 Detailed Description

Stores board with Positions.

3.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.5.2.1 Map()

```
Map::Map (
    unsigned size )
```

Default constructor

Creates a square map with side of size and every position with nullptr

Parameters

<i>size</i>	Size of map
-------------	-------------

3.5.3 Member Function Documentation

3.5.3.1 getPosition() [1/2]

```
Position* Map::getPosition (
    unsigned i )
```

Returns [Position](#) with given index

Postcondition

Does not change the object

Parameters

<i>i</i>	Index of position in board
----------	----------------------------

Returns

Pointer to [Position](#)

3.5.3.2 getPosition() [2/2]

```
Position* Map::getPosition (
    unsigned x,
    unsigned y )
```

Returns [Position](#) with given coordinates

Postcondition

Does not change the object

Parameters

<i>x</i>	X coordinate
<i>y</i>	Y coordinate

Returns

Pointer to [Position](#)

3.5.3.3 getSize()

```
unsigned int Map::getSize ( )
```

Returns size of the map

Postcondition

Does not change the object

Returns

Size of the map

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

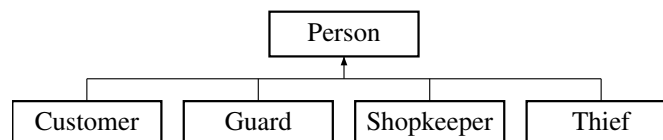
- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Map.h
- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Map.cpp

3.6 Person Class Reference

Base class for species.

```
#include <Person.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Person:



Public Member Functions

- [Person](#) ([Position](#) *position, unsigned money)
- [Person](#) ([Position](#) *position)
- virtual void [move](#) ([Map](#) *map)
- unsigned [getID](#) ()
- [Position](#) * [getPosition](#) ()
- [Inventory](#) * [getInventory](#) ()
- void [kill](#) ()
- bool [isKilled](#) ()
- virtual void [makeAction](#) ([Map](#) *map)
- virtual void [sell](#) ([Person](#) *buyer, unsigned probabilityOfBuying)
- virtual void [steal](#) ([Person](#) *thief, unsigned probability)
- virtual void [catchThief](#) ([Person](#) *guard)

Static Public Member Functions

- static unsigned [getCounter](#) ()

3.6.1 Detailed Description

Base class for species.

3.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.6.2.1 [Person](#)() [1/2]

```
Person::Person (
    Position * position,
    unsigned money )
```

Default constructor for [Person](#)

Postcondition

[Person](#)'s [Inventory](#) has no items

Parameters

<i>position</i>	Pointer to Position where Person is settled
<i>money</i>	Money in Person 's Inventory

3.6.2.2 [Person](#)() [2/2]

```
Person::Person (
    Position * position )
```

Overloaded constructor for [Person](#)

Postcondition

[Person](#)'s [Inventory](#) has no items and 0 money

Parameters

<i>position</i>	Pointer to Position where Person is settled
-----------------	---

3.6.3 Member Function Documentation

3.6.3.1 catchThief()

```
void Person::catchThief (
    Person * guard ) [virtual]
```

Gets caught

For more information see [Thief::catchThief](#)

Parameters

<i>guard</i>	Pointer to Guard that is catching
--------------	---

Reimplemented in [Thief](#).

3.6.3.2 getCounter()

```
unsigned int Person::getCounter ( ) [static]
```

Returns value of counter

Postcondition

Does not change object

Returns

Value of counter

3.6.3.3 getID()

```
unsigned int Person::getID ( )
```

Returns ID

Postcondition

Does not change object

Returns

ID

3.6.3.4 `getInventory()`

```
Inventory * Person::getInventory ( )
```

Returns pointer to [Person's Inventory](#)

Postcondition

Does not change object

Returns

Pointer to [Person's Inventory](#)

3.6.3.5 `getPosition()`

```
Position * Person::getPosition ( )
```

Returns pointer to [Person's Position](#)

Postcondition

Does not change object

Returns

Pointer to [Person's Position](#)

3.6.3.6 `isKilled()`

```
bool Person::isKilled ( )
```

Returns `true` if `isAlive == false`

Postcondition

Does not change object

Returns

Bool value

3.6.3.7 kill()

```
void Person::kill ( )
```

Sets `isAlive` to `false`

Postcondition

`isAlive` is set to `false`

3.6.3.8 makeAction()

```
void Person::makeAction (
    Map * map ) [virtual]
```

Makes actions according to it's type

For more information see:

- [Shopkeeper::makeAction](#)
- [Customer::makeAction](#)
- [Thief::makeAction](#)
- [Guard::makeAction](#)

Parameters

<i>map</i>	Pointer to Map with other specimens
------------	---

Reimplemented in [Thief](#), [Shopkeeper](#), [Guard](#), and [Customer](#).

3.6.3.9 move()

```
void Person::move (
    Map * map ) [virtual]
```

Moves a [Person](#) to a random nearby [Position](#) if possible

Postcondition

If move is possible [Person](#) changes [Position](#)

Parameters

<i>map</i>	Pointer to map
------------	----------------

Reimplemented in [Shopkeeper](#).

3.6.3.10 sell()

```
void Person::sell (
    Person * buyer,
    unsigned probabilityOfBuying ) [virtual]
```

Sells Items

For more information see [Shopkeeper::sell](#)

Parameters

<i>buyer</i>	Pointer to Customer that is buying
<i>probabilityOfBuying</i>	Probability of buying an Item

Reimplemented in [Shopkeeper](#).

3.6.3.11 steal()

```
void Person::steal (
    Person * thief,
    unsigned probability ) [virtual]
```

Gets robbed

For more information see [Shopkeeper::steal](#)

Parameters

<i>thief</i>	Pointer to Thief that is stealing
<i>probability</i>	Probability of stealing

Reimplemented in [Shopkeeper](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Person.h
- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Person.cpp

3.7 Position Class Reference

A class representing position on [Map](#).

```
#include <Map.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [Position](#) (unsigned X, unsigned Y)
- [Person](#) * [getPerson](#) ()
- unsigned [getX](#) ()
- unsigned [getY](#) ()
- void [setPointer](#) ([Person](#) *newPtr)

3.7.1 Detailed Description

A class representing position on [Map](#).

3.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.7.2.1 Position()

```
Position::Position (  
    unsigned X,  
    unsigned Y )
```

Default constructor

Postcondition

Pointer is initialized to nullptr

Parameters

<i>X</i>	X coordinate
<i>Y</i>	Y coordinate

3.7.3 Member Function Documentation

3.7.3.1 `getPerson()`

```
Person * Position::getPerson ( )
```

Returns pointer to [Person](#)

Postcondition

Does not change the object

Returns

Pointer to [Person](#)

3.7.3.2 `getX()`

```
unsigned int Position::getX ( )
```

Returns x coordinate

Postcondition

Does not change the object

Returns

x coordinate

3.7.3.3 `getY()`

```
unsigned int Position::getY ( )
```

Returns y coordinate

Postcondition

Does not change the object

Returns

y coordinate

3.7.3.4 `setPointer()`

```
void Position::setPointer (
    Person * newPtr )
```

Sets new pointer

Postcondition

Pointer will be updated with new value

Parameters

<i>newPtr</i>	New value of pointer
---------------	----------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Map.h
- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Map.cpp

3.8 Random Class Reference

Static class that generates random outcomes.

```
#include <Random.h>
```

Static Public Member Functions

- static int [getRandInt](#) (int min, int max)
- static bool [getDecision](#) (unsigned probability)
- static std::default_random_engine * [getGenerator](#) ()

3.8.1 Detailed Description

Static class that generates random outcomes.

3.8.2 Member Function Documentation

3.8.2.1 [getDecision\(\)](#)

```
bool Random::getDecision (
    unsigned probability ) [static]
```

Returns random bool value

For example for probability of 70 there is 70% chance of returning `true`

Precondition

Probability \leq 100. Otherwise returns false

Parameters

<i>probability</i>	Probability of returning true value
--------------------	-------------------------------------

Returns

[Random](#) bool value

3.8.2.2 getGenerator()

```
std::default_random_engine * Random::getGenerator ( ) [static]
```

Returns pointer to random number generator

Returns

Pointer to random number generator

3.8.2.3 getRandInt()

```
int Random::getRandInt (
    int min,
    int max ) [static]
```

Returns random int in given range

Parameters

<i>min</i>	Minimal value
<i>max</i>	Maximal value

Returns

[Random](#) int value in range [min, max]

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

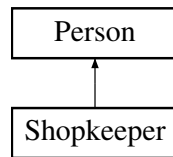
- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Random.h
- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Random.cpp

3.9 Shopkeeper Class Reference

Represents shopkeeper.

```
#include <Shopkeeper.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Shopkeeper:



Public Member Functions

- [Shopkeeper](#) ([Position](#) *position)
Creates a [Shopkeeper](#) with random [Inventory](#) and 0 money.
- void [makeAction](#) ([Map](#) *map)
- void [move](#) ([Map](#) *map)
- void [steal](#) ([Person](#) *thief, unsigned probability)
- void [sell](#) ([Person](#) *buyer, unsigned probabilityOfBuying)

Additional Inherited Members

3.9.1 Detailed Description

Represents shopkeeper.

Doesn't move. When initialized gets [Inventory](#) with items from [Inventory::defaultListOfItems](#) with random amount of every [Item](#). Can trade with [Customer](#) and be robbed by [Thief](#)

3.9.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.9.2.1 Shopkeeper()

```
Shopkeeper::Shopkeeper (
    Position * position )
```

Creates a [Shopkeeper](#) with random [Inventory](#) and 0 money.

Default constructor for [Shopkeeper](#)

Postcondition

Gets 0 money

Parameters

<i>position</i>	Position where Shopkeeper will be settled
-----------------	---

3.9.3 Member Function Documentation

3.9.3.1 `makeAction()`

```
void Shopkeeper::makeAction (
    Map * map ) [virtual]
```

After 10 calls it will restock (Shopkeeper::restock)

Parameters

<i>map</i>	Map where other specimens are placed
------------	--------------------------------------

Reimplemented from [Person](#).

3.9.3.2 `move()`

```
void Shopkeeper::move (
    Map * map ) [virtual]
```

Stays in position

Parameters

<i>map</i>	Map where other specimens are placed
------------	--------------------------------------

Reimplemented from [Person](#).

3.9.3.3 `sell()`

```
void Shopkeeper::sell (
    Person * buyer,
    unsigned probabilityOfBuying ) [virtual]
```

Sells Items to buyer

Parameters

<i>buyer</i>	Pointer to Customer
<i>probabilityOfBuying</i>	Probability of buying (see Random::getDecision)

Reimplemented from [Person](#).

3.9.3.4 steal()

```
void Shopkeeper::steal (
    Person * thief,
    unsigned probability ) [virtual]
```

Gets robbed by [Thief](#)

There is `probability` chance of stealing an [Item](#), loops for every [Item](#)

Parameters

<i>thief</i>	Pointer to Thief
<i>probability</i>	Probability of stealing (see Random::getDecision)

Reimplemented from [Person](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Shopkeeper.h
- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Shopkeeper.cpp

3.10 Simulation Class Reference

Runs simulation.

```
#include <Simulation.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [Simulation](#) (unsigned size, unsigned n_customers, unsigned n_shopkeepers, unsigned n_thieves, unsigned n_guards)
- void [runSimulation](#) (unsigned n_iterations)
- void [exportEvents](#) (unsigned turn)
- void [exportSpecies](#) (unsigned turn)
- void [printSpecies](#) ()
- void [printEvents](#) (unsigned turn)

Static Public Member Functions

- static void [addEvent](#) (std::string type, [Person](#) *person, [Person](#) *otherPerson, unsigned numberOfItems, unsigned money)
- static void [addEvent](#) (std::string type, [Person](#) *person, unsigned numberOfItems, unsigned money)

3.10.1 Detailed Description

Runs simulation.

3.10.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.10.2.1 Simulation()

```
Simulation::Simulation (
    unsigned size,
    unsigned n_customers,
    unsigned n_shopkeepers,
    unsigned n_thieves,
    unsigned n_guards )
```

Default constructor

Makes [Map](#) with given size and randomly populates it with specimens

Precondition

Population must be smaller than number of Positions (size*size)

Parameters

<i>size</i>	Size of map
<i>n_customers</i>	Number of Customers
<i>n_shopkeepers</i>	Number of Shopkeepers
<i>n_thieves</i>	Number of Thieves
<i>n_guards</i>	Number of Guards

3.10.3 Member Function Documentation

3.10.3.1 addEvent() [1/2]

```
void Simulation::addEvent (
    std::string type,
    Person * person,
    Person * otherPerson,
    unsigned numberOfItems,
    unsigned money ) [static]
```

Adds data about an event to static buffer

Parameters

<i>type</i>	Type of event
<i>person</i>	Pointer to first Person
<i>otherPerson</i>	Pointer to other Person
<i>numberOfItems</i>	Number of exchanged Items
<i>money</i>	Amount of exchanged money

3.10.3.2 addEvent() [2/2]

```
void Simulation::addEvent (
    std::string type,
    Person * person,
    unsigned numberOfItems,
    unsigned money ) [static]
```

Adds data about an event to static buffer

Parameters

<i>type</i>	Type of event
<i>person</i>	Pointer to first Person
<i>numberOfItems</i>	Number of exchanged Items
<i>money</i>	Amount of exchanged money

3.10.3.3 exportEvents()

```
void Simulation::exportEvents (
    unsigned turn )
```

Exports data about events to Events.csv

Parameters

<i>turn</i>	
-------------	--

3.10.3.4 exportSpecies()

```
void Simulation::exportSpecies (
    unsigned turn )
```

Exports data about state of species for every turn to Species.txt

3.10.3.5 printEvents()

```
void Simulation::printEvents (
    unsigned turn )
```

Prints data about events

3.10.3.6 printSpecies()

```
void Simulation::printSpecies ( )
```

Prints data about state of species

3.10.3.7 runSimulation()

```
void Simulation::runSimulation (
    unsigned n_iterations )
```

Runs [Simulation](#) for given number of iterations

After each iterations saves exports data

Parameters

<i>n_iterations</i>	Number of iterations to run
---------------------	-----------------------------

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

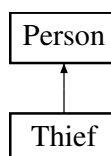
- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Simulation.h
- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Simulation.cpp

3.11 Thief Class Reference

Represents shopkeeper.

```
#include <Thief.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Thief:



Public Member Functions

- [Thief](#) ([Position](#) *position)
Creates [Thief](#) with 0 money and empty [Inventory](#).
- void [makeAction](#) ([Map](#) *map)
- void [catchThief](#) ([Person](#) *guard)

Additional Inherited Members

3.11.1 Detailed Description

Represents shopkeeper.

Steals Items from [Shopkeeper](#) when near him. Can be caught by [Guard](#)

3.11.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

3.11.2.1 Thief()

```
Thief::Thief (
    Position * position )
```

Creates [Thief](#) with 0 money and empty [Inventory](#).

Default constructor

Postcondition

Gets 0 money and empty [Inventory](#)

Parameters

<i>position</i>	
-----------------	--

3.11.3 Member Function Documentation

3.11.3.1 catchThief()

```
void Thief::catchThief (
    Person * guard ) [virtual]
```

Gets caught by [Guard](#)

Postcondition

Gets killed

Parameters

<i>guard</i>	Pointer to Guard that caught Thief
--------------	--

Reimplemented from [Person](#).

3.11.3.2 makeAction()

```
void Thief::makeAction (  
    Map * map ) [virtual]
```

Steals from [Shopkeeper](#) when near him

For more details see [Shopkeeper::steal](#)

Parameters

<i>map</i>	Map where other specimens are placed
------------	--

Reimplemented from [Person](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Thief.h
- C:/Users/ghj/Desktop/MarketSimulation/src/Thief.cpp

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