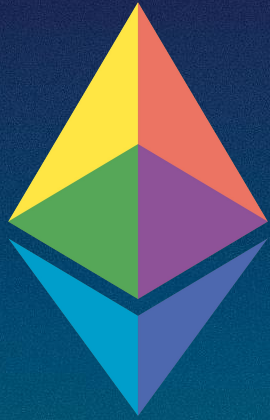


# Redis + EVM

Supercharging Ethereum calls with in-memory execution

**Everton Fraga**  
Amazon Web Services









PROBLEM STATEMENT

# Challenges on RPC scaling



# Challenges on RPC scaling

Horizontal scalability of nodes:

- Reaction time — managing snapshots, loading chaindata, sync time
- Forecasting — specialized task. Caveat: over-provisioning
- Final boss: Consistency



# Common strategy: caching

`eth_chainId`

`eth_getBlockByHash`

`eth_getLogs`

`eth_gasPrice`

`eth_call`

**eth\_chainId**

**eth\_getBlockByHash**

**eth\_getLogs**

**eth\_gasPrice**

**eth\_call**

**>70%**


WORD OF THE DAY

# Externalization





# EVM.lua

- Technical validation 
- Micro-EVM interpreter, implemented in Lua
- Executes inside Redis process, minimal storage latency
- Able to process EVM operations (eth\_call)



# How it works

**Contract**

Code: 0x608060405234801561001...

Balance: 0x10000000000000000000000000000000

Nonce: 0x01

Storage:

0x00...08: 0x67...30f4

0x00...09: 0x00...a5e4

0x00...0a: 0x00...e1a9

## R&D stage

Loads the entire storage  
from selected contracts.  
Keeps up with state diff.

Process EVM code strips

## EVM compliance

Implement all opcodes,  
including Transient storage  
(TLOAD, TSTORE).

Add EVM metering

## Deployment

Benchmarks, optimization  
feedback loop.

Use-case specific features






# 1.2M rps

Redis on Amazon ElastiCache  
(generic benchmark)

# >500M rps

In a single  
Amazon ElastiCache cluster







# EVM.lua



<https://github.com/everttonfraga/evm.lua/>

**Zoom out**



# Thank you!



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