```
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score


#df = pd.read_csv('../data/sample submission.csv')
df = pd.read_csv('../data/data.csv', sep=';', encoding='latin1')
print(df)
```

```
           Id     Category   Manufacturer     Model  Prod. year Gear box type  \
0        2680         Jeep        HYUNDAI        H1        2014     Automatic
1        5960        Sedan     MITSUBISHI    Mirage        2002     Automatic
2        2185         Jeep        HYUNDAI  Santa FE        2014     Automatic
3       15905        Sedan  MERCEDES-BENZ     E 260        1992        Manual
4       15337    Universal          HONDA       FIT        2015     Automatic
...       ...          ...            ...       ...         ...           ...
16346   19198         Jeep         TOYOTA     RAV 4        2015     Automatic
16347    3583        Sedan         TOYOTA     Prius        2009     Automatic
16348   18497         Jeep      SSANGYONG    REXTON        2015     Automatic
16349    4565  Goods wagon           OPEL     Combo        2011        Manual
16350   11586        Sedan           FORD    Fusion        2013     Automatic

      Leather interior Fuel type Engine volume Drive wheels  Cylinders  \
0                  Yes    Diesel           2.5        Front          4
1                   No    Petrol           1.8        Front          4
2                  Yes    Diesel             2        Front          4
3                   No       CNG           2.6         Rear          6
4                  Yes    Hybrid           1.5        Front          4
...                ...       ...           ...          ...        ...
16346              Yes    Petrol           2.5          4x4          4
16347              Yes    Hybrid           1.5        Front          4
16348              Yes    Diesel             2        Front          4
16349               No    Diesel     1.3 Turbo        Front          4
16350              Yes    Hybrid             2        Front          4

         Mileage Doors  Airbags       Wheel   Color Sales Fee  price
0       74210 km     4        4  Left wheel  Silver       777  22433
1      160000 km     4        2  Left wheel   White         -   7500
2       51106 km     4        4  Left wheel   White       639  27284
3           0 km     4        4  Left wheel   Beige         -   3450
4       35624 km     4        4  Left wheel   Black       308  26644
...          ...   ...      ...         ...     ...       ...    ...
16346  149019 km     4        0  Left wheel    Grey       934  28225
16347  142426 km     4       12  Left wheel   White       746   1882
16348  123303 km     4        4  Left wheel   Black       765  36219
16349   95000 km     4        4  Left wheel   White       490   9408
16350  174619 km     4        0  Left wheel    Grey       640   1646

[16351 rows x 18 columns]
```

DATOS FALTANTES

```
# verificar datos faltantes
for col in df.columns.to_list():
  calc = (df[col].isna().sum()/df.shape[0])*100
  print(f'{col} missing Values: {calc}%')
```

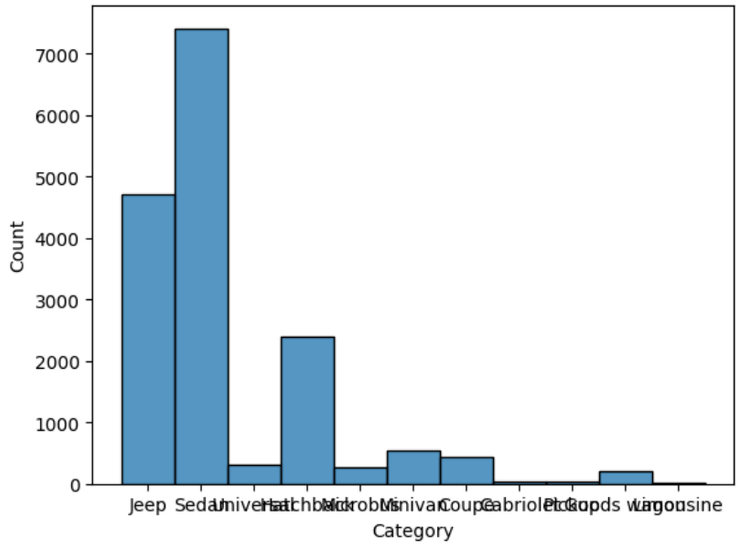
```
Id missing Values: 0.0%
Category missing Values: 0.0%
Manufacturer missing Values: 0.0%
Model missing Values: 0.0%
Prod. year missing Values: 0.0%
Gear box type missing Values: 0.0%
Leather interior missing Values: 0.0%
Fuel type missing Values: 0.0%
Engine volume missing Values: 0.0%
Drive wheels missing Values: 0.0%
Cylinders missing Values: 0.0%
Mileage missing Values: 0.0%
Doors missing Values: 0.0%
Airbags missing Values: 0.0%
Wheel missing Values: 0.0%
Color missing Values: 0.0%
Sales Fee missing Values: 0.0%
price missing Values: 0.0%
```

VARIABLES CATEGÓRICAS

HistPlot

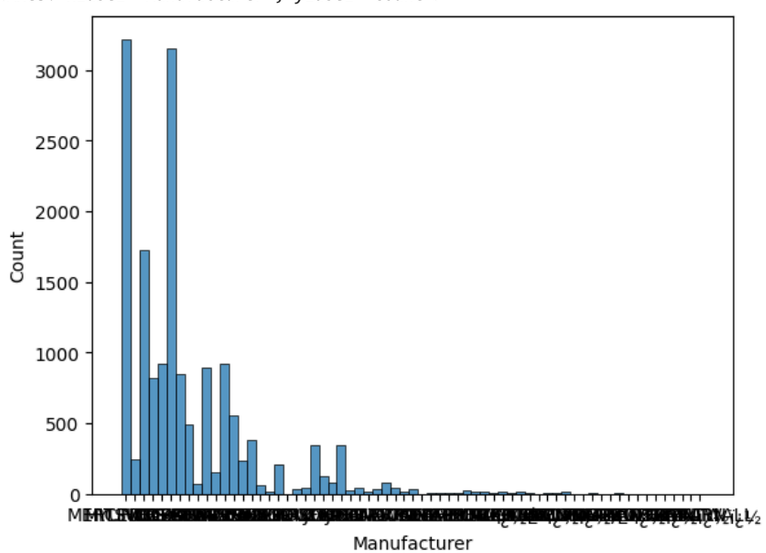
```
sns.histplot(df['Category'])
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='Category', ylabel='Count'>
```



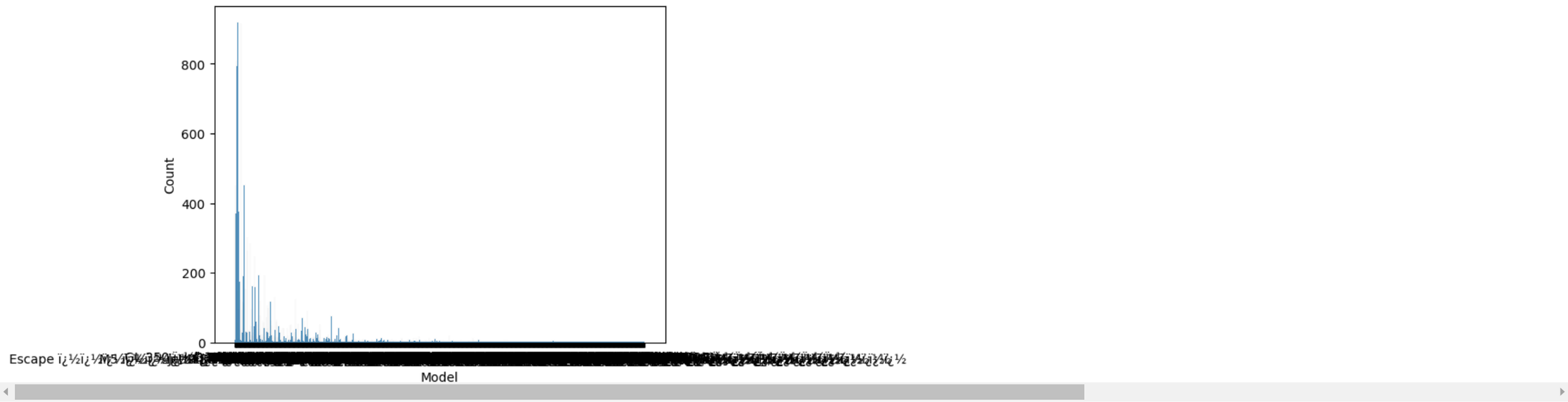

```
sns.histplot(df['Manufacturer'])
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='Manufacturer', ylabel='Count'>
```



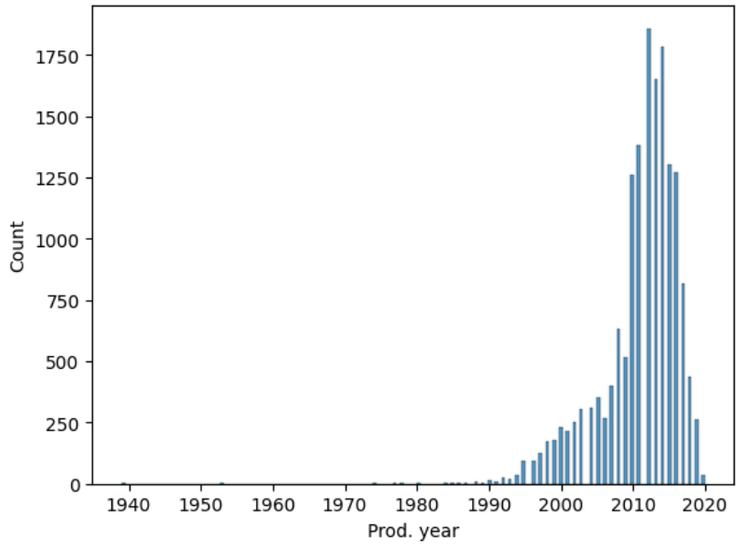

```
sns.histplot(df['Model'])
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='Model', ylabel='Count'>
C:\Users\mario\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python312\site-packages\IPython\core\events.py:82: UserWarning: Glyph 134 (\x86) missing from current font.
  func(*args, **kwargs)
C:\Users\mario\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python312\site-packages\IPython\core\events.py:82: UserWarning: Glyph 150 (\x96) missing from current font.
  func(*args, **kwargs)
C:\Users\mario\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python312\site-packages\IPython\core\pylabtools.py:152: UserWarning: Glyph 134 (\x86) missing from current font.
  fig.canvas.print_figure(bytes_io, **kw)
C:\Users\mario\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python312\site-packages\IPython\core\pylabtools.py:152: UserWarning: Glyph 150 (\x96) missing from current font.
  fig.canvas.print_figure(bytes_io, **kw)
```



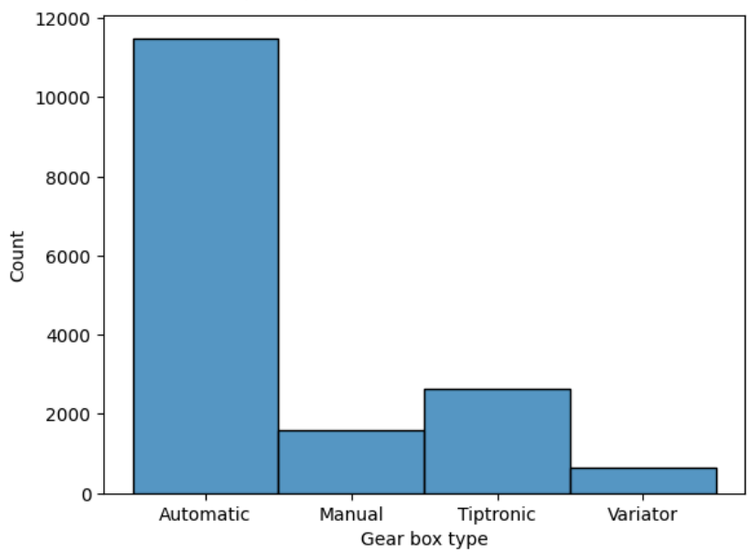

```
sns.histplot(df['Prod. year'])
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='Prod. year', ylabel='Count'>
```



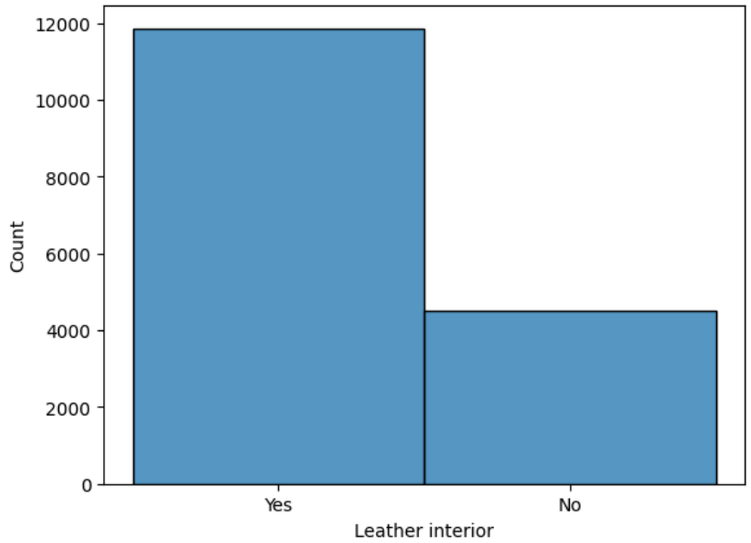

```
sns.histplot(df['Gear box type'])
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='Gear box type', ylabel='Count'>
```



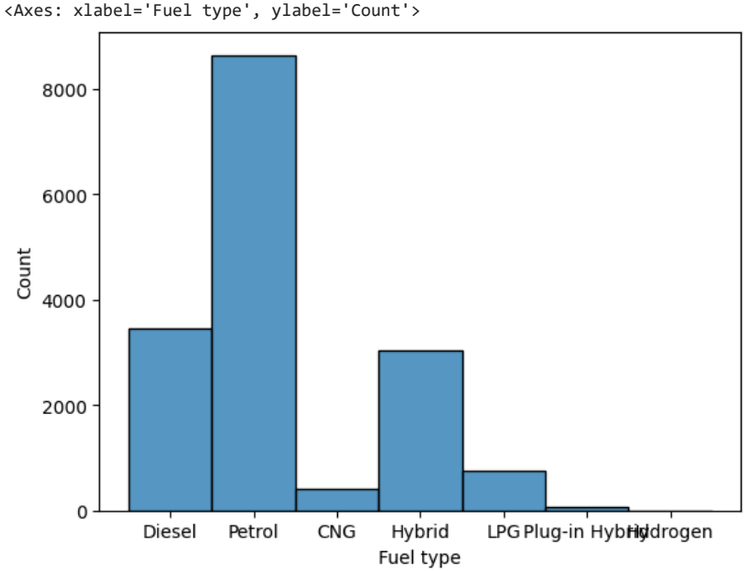

```
sns.histplot(df['Leather interior'])
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='Leather interior', ylabel='Count'>
```



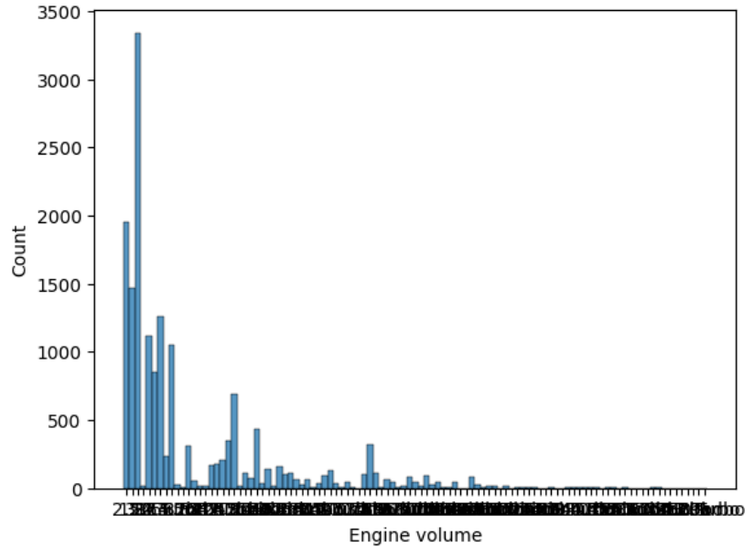

```
sns.histplot(df['Fuel type'])
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='Fuel type', ylabel='Count'>
```



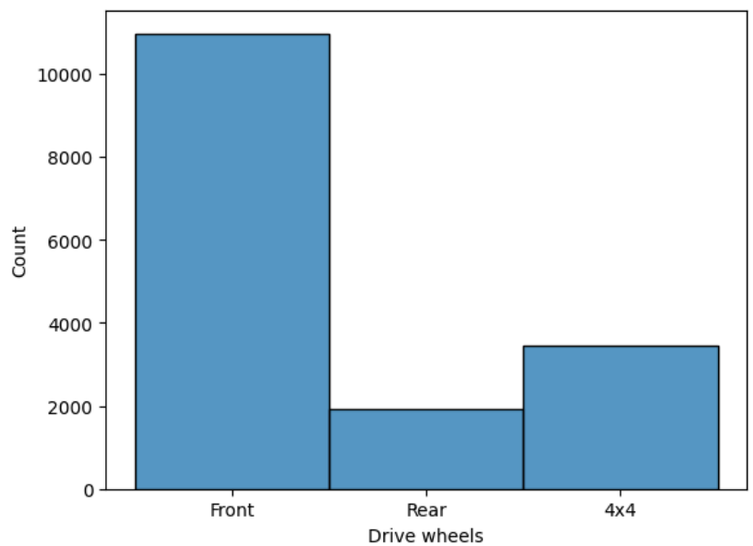

```
sns.histplot(df['Engine volume'])
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='Engine volume', ylabel='Count'>
```



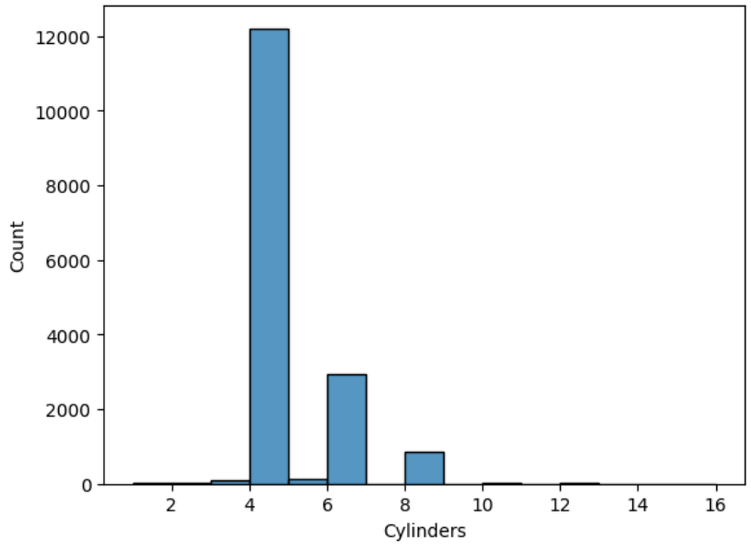

```
sns.histplot(df['Drive wheels'])
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='Drive wheels', ylabel='Count'>
```



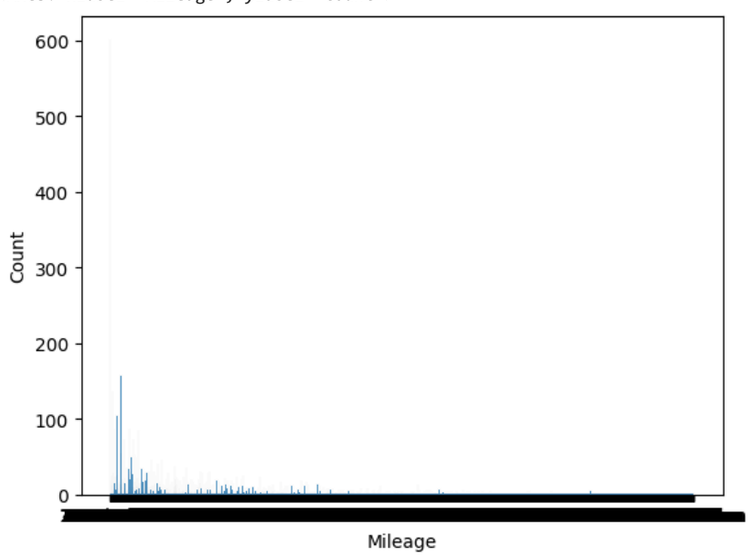

```
sns.histplot(df['Cylinders'])
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='Cylinders', ylabel='Count'>
```



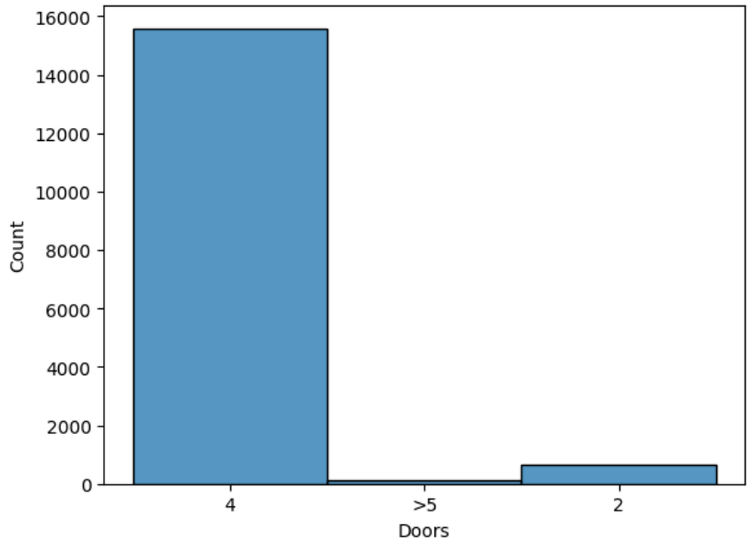

```
sns.histplot(df['Mileage'])
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='Mileage', ylabel='Count'>
```



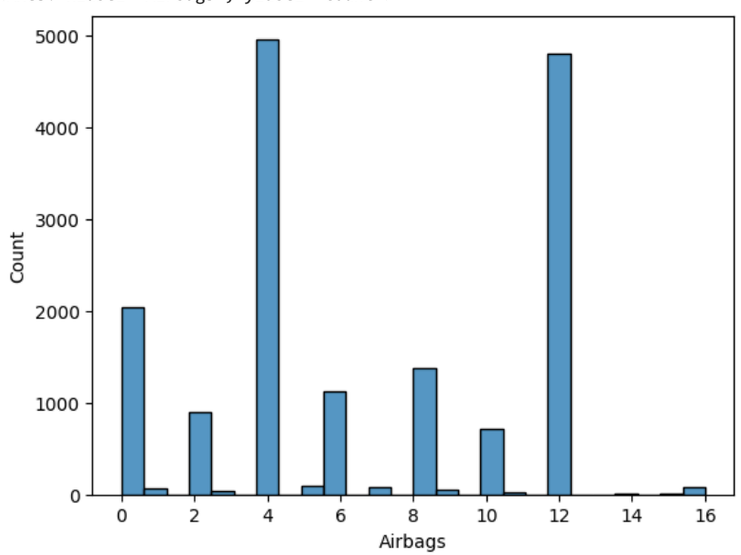

```
sns.histplot(df['Doors'])
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='Doors', ylabel='Count'>
```



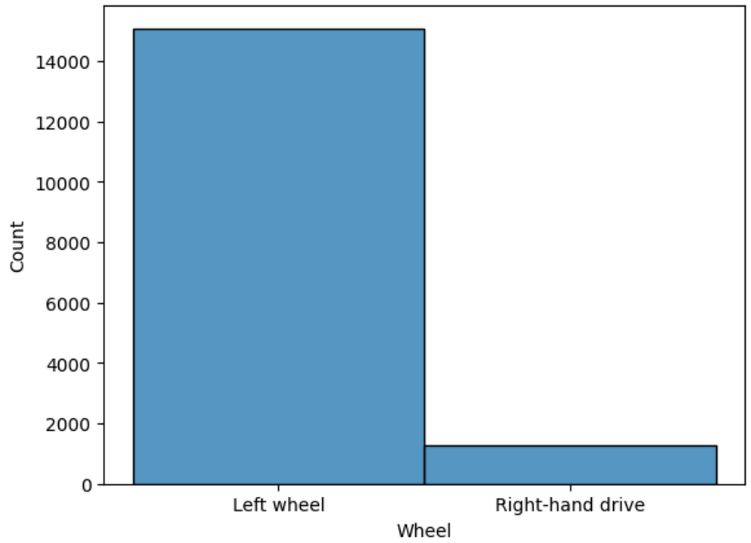

```
sns.histplot(df['Airbags'])
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='Airbags', ylabel='Count'>
```



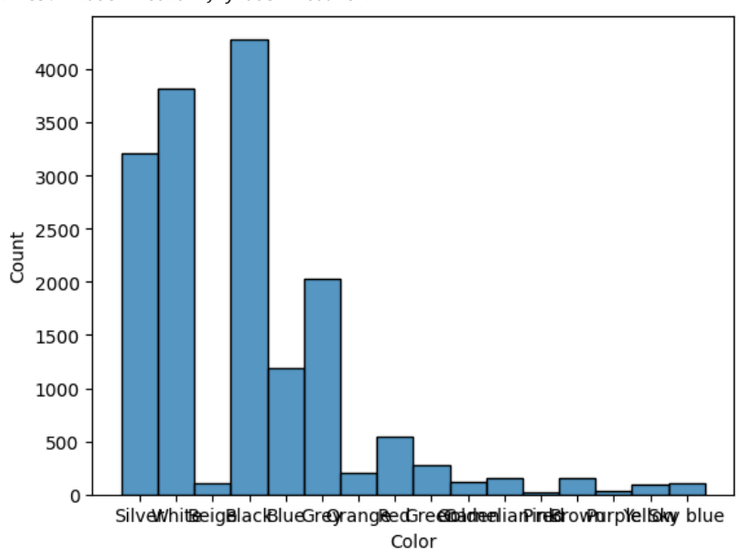

```
sns.histplot(df['Wheel'])
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='Wheel', ylabel='Count'>
```



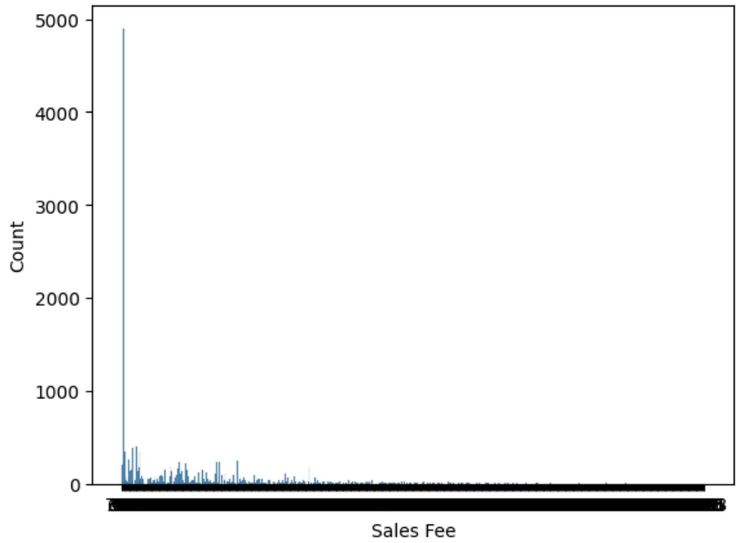

```
sns.histplot(df['Color'])
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='Color', ylabel='Count'>
```




```
sns.histplot(df['Sales Fee'])
```

```
<Axes: xlabel='Sales Fee', ylabel='Count'>
```



ENCODING

```
def label_encoding(dataset, column_name):
    label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
    dataset[column_name] = label_encoder.fit_transform(dataset[column_name])
    return dataset, label_encoder

def frequency_encoding(dataset, col):
    freq = dataset[col].value_counts(normalize=True)
    dataset[col] = dataset[col].map(freq)
    return dataset, freq


df2 = df
def to_zero(n):
  if n == '-': return 0
  return n

def mileage_km(n):
  return n.replace(' km', '')

def turbo(n):
  if 'Turbo' in n: return 1
  return 0

def engine_volume(n):
  return n.replace(' Turbo', '')
```

```
def doors(n):
  if n == '>5': return 6
  return n


df2['Turbo'] = df2['Engine volume'].map(turbo)



df2['Sales Fee'] = df2['Sales Fee'].map(to_zero)
df2['Mileage'] = df2['Mileage'].map(mileage_km)
df2['Engine volume'] = df2['Engine volume'].map(engine_volume)
df2['Doors'] = df2['Doors'].map(doors)

df2.head(20)
```

	Id	Category	Manufacturer	Model	Prod. year	Gear box type	Leather interior	Fuel type	Engine volume	Drive wheels	Cylinders	Mileage	Doors	Airbags	Wheel	Color	Sales Fee	price	Turbo
0	2680	Jeep	HYUNDAI	H1	2014	Automatic	Yes	Diesel	2.5	Front	4	74210	4	4	Left wheel	Silver	777	22433	0
1	5960	Sedan	MITSUBISHI	Mirage	2002	Automatic	No	Petrol	1.8	Front	4	160000	4	2	Left wheel	White	0	7500	0
2	2185	Jeep	HYUNDAI	Santa FE	2014	Automatic	Yes	Diesel	2	Front	4	51106	4	4	Left wheel	White	639	27284	0
3	15905	Sedan	MERCEDES-BENZ	E 260	1992	Manual	No	CNG	2.6	Rear	6	0	4	4	Left wheel	Beige	0	3450	0
4	15337	Universal	HONDA	FIT	2015	Automatic	Yes	Hybrid	1.5	Front	4	35624	4	4	Left wheel	Black	308	26644	0
5	13792	Hatchback	HONDA	FIT	2014	Automatic	Yes	Petrol	1.5	Front	4	78000	4	4	Left wheel	White	501	25638	0
6	12015	Microbus	FORD	Transit	2007	Manual	No	Diesel	2.4	Rear	4	165000	4	2	Left wheel	Blue	0	17249	0
7	307	Sedan	TOYOTA	Camry	2015	Automatic	Yes	Hybrid	2.5	Front	4	35000	4	10	Left wheel	Grey	456	39201	0
8	1054	Sedan	TOYOTA	Camry	2012	Automatic	Yes	Hybrid	2.5	Front	4	156518	4	12	Left wheel	White	781	3607	0
9	7945	Sedan	HYUNDAI	Elantra	2012	Automatic	Yes	Petrol	1.6	Front	4	165294	4	4	Left wheel	Silver	531	16308	0
10	15234	Minivan	MERCEDES-BENZ	Vito	2007	Tiptronic	Yes	Diesel	3.0	Rear	6	250000	4	4	Left wheel	Black	0	30640	1
11	2277	Jeep	LEXUS	RX 450	2010	Automatic	Yes	Hybrid	3.5	4x4	6	167222	4	12	Left wheel	Black	1399	5018	0
12	1660	Sedan	HYUNDAI	Sonata	2016	Automatic	Yes	LPG	2	Front	4	287140	4	4	Left wheel	White	891	18817	0
13	15966	Sedan	FORD	F150	2016	Automatic	Yes	Petrol	3.5	Front	4	33543	4	4	Left wheel	White	1493	126322	0
14	11541	Coupe	HYUNDAI	Genesis	2010	Automatic	Yes	Petrol	3.8	Front	4	151977	4	4	Left wheel	Blue	1511	16621	0
15	1579	Jeep	TOYOTA	RAV 4	2010	Variator	Yes	Petrol	2	4x4	4	167300	6	8	Left wheel	Blue	0	23207	0
16	3011	Jeep	HYUNDAI	Tucson	2016	Automatic	Yes	Diesel	2	Front	4	27243	4	4	Left wheel	Grey	891	29633	0
17	4573	Jeep	MERCEDES-BENZ	ML 350	2009	Automatic	Yes	Diesel	3.5	4x4	6	274088	4	12	Left wheel	Black	1624	6272	0
18	6342	Jeep	MERCEDES-BENZ	GL 450	2006	Automatic	Yes	LPG	4.5	4x4	6	181000	4	6	Left wheel	Black	0	21000	1
19	15558	Sedan	HYUNDAI	Sonata	2015	Automatic	Yes	Petrol	2	Front	4	59150	4	4	Left wheel	Grey	765	42692	0

```
df2, freq_category = frequency_encoding(df2, 'Category')
df2, freq_manufacturer = frequency_encoding(df2, 'Manufacturer')
```

```
df2, freq_model = frequency_encoding(df2, 'Model')
# Prod. Year
df2, freq_gear_box_type = frequency_encoding(df2, 'Gear box type')
df2, label_leather_interior = label_encoding(df2, 'Leather interior')
df2, freq_fuel_type = frequency_encoding(df2, 'Fuel type')
# Engine volume: quitar el turbo y crear variable aparte
df2, freq_drive_wheels = frequency_encoding(df2, 'Drive wheels')
# Cylinders
df2, freq_mileage = frequency_encoding(df2, 'Mileage') # quitar km
# Doors: cambiar >5 por 4
# Airbags
df2, freq_wheel = frequency_encoding(df2, 'Wheel')
df2, freq_color = frequency_encoding(df2, 'Color')
# Sales Fee: cambiar '-' por '0'
df2.head()
```

	Id	Category	Manufacturer	Model	Prod. year	Gear box type	Leather interior	Fuel type	Engine volume	Drive wheels	Cylinders	Mileage	Doors	Airbags	Wheel	Color	Sales Fee	price	Turbo
0	2680	0.287567	0.196869	0.022567	2014	0.702832	1	0.211363	2.5	0.670907	4	0.000061	4	4	0.922512	0.195951	777	22433	0
1	5960	0.453183	0.015106	0.000428	2002	0.702832	0	0.528286	1.8	0.670907	4	0.006483	4	2	0.922512	0.233380	0	7500	0
2	2185	0.287567	0.196869	0.027521	2014	0.702832	1	0.211363	2	0.670907	4	0.000122	4	4	0.922512	0.233380	639	27284	0
3	15905	0.453183	0.105315	0.000061	1992	0.096875	0	0.024524	2.6	0.118097	6	0.036817	4	4	0.922512	0.006850	0	3450	0
4	15337	0.018592	0.050028	0.022690	2015	0.702832	1	0.185065	1.5	0.670907	4	0.000061	4	4	0.922512	0.261941	308	26644	0

OUTLIERS

```
for col in df2.columns:
    df2[col] = pd.to_numeric(df[col])


# Tratar con outliers
def cuantificaOutliers(dataset):
  for col in dataset.columns:
    q1, q3 = np.percentile(dataset[col],[25,75])
    iqr = q3-q1
    lower_bound = q1 - (1.5*iqr)
    upper_bound = q3 + (1.5*iqr)
    outlier = dataset[(dataset[col]<lower_bound)|(dataset[col]>upper_bound)]
    print(col, ' ', outlier.shape[0], ' ', outlier.shape[0]/dataset.shape[0]*100, '%')

cuantificaOutliers(df2)
```

```
Id   0   0.0 %
Category   0   0.0 %
Manufacturer   0   0.0 %
Model   0   0.0 %
Prod. year   824   5.039447128615987 %
Gear box type   0   0.0 %
Leather interior   0   0.0 %
Fuel type   0   0.0 %
```

```
Engine volume   1184   7.241147330438505 %
Drive wheels   0   0.0 %
Cylinders   4140   25.31955232095896 %
Mileage   2015   12.323405296312153 %
Doors   763   4.666381261084949 %
Airbags   0   0.0 %
Wheel   1267   7.7487615436364745 %
Color   0   0.0 %
Sales Fee   136   0.831753409577396 %
price   901   5.510366338450248 %
Turbo   1618   9.89541924041343 %
```

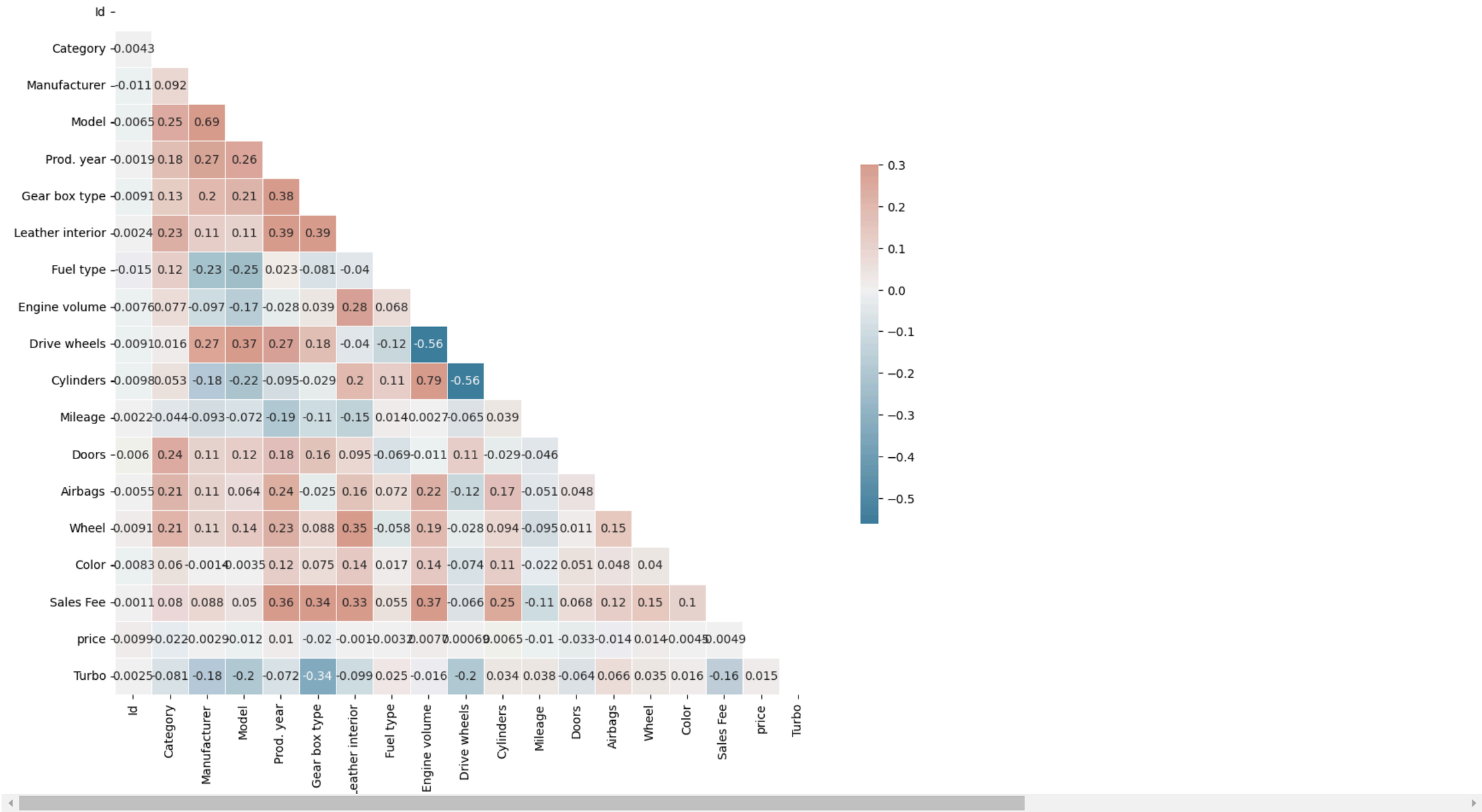
```
def Modifica_Outliers (dataset,columna):
  q1, q3 = np.percentile(dataset[columna], [25, 75])
  # Calculate the interquartile range
  iqr = q3 - q1
  # Calculate the lower and upper bounds
  lower_limit = q1 - (1.5 * iqr)
  upper_limit = q3 + (1.5 * iqr)

  dataset[columna] = np.where(dataset[columna]>upper_limit,upper_limit,np.where(dataset[columna]<lower_limit,lower_limit,dataset[columna]))
  return (dataset)

df3 = df2
Modifica_Outliers(df3,'bill_length_mm')
cuantificaOutliers(df3)
```

```
---------------------------------------------------------------------------
KeyError                                  Traceback (most recent call last)
File c:\Python312\Lib\site-packages\pandas\core\indexes\base.py:3805, in Index.get_loc(self, key)
   3804 try:
-> 3805     return self._engine.get_loc(casted_key)
   3806 except KeyError as err:

File index.pyx:167, in pandas._libs.index.IndexEngine.get_loc()

File index.pyx:196, in pandas._libs.index.IndexEngine.get_loc()

File pandas\\_libs\\hashtable_class_helper.pxi:7081, in pandas._libs.hashtable.PyObjectHashTable.get_item()

File pandas\\_libs\\hashtable_class_helper.pxi:7089, in pandas._libs.hashtable.PyObjectHashTable.get_item()

KeyError: 'bill_length_mm'

The above exception was the direct cause of the following exception:

KeyError                                  Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[26], line 13
     10   return (dataset)
     12 df3 = df2
---> 13 Modifica_Outliers(df3,'bill_length_mm')
     14 cuantificaOutliers(df3)

Cell In[26], line 2, in Modifica_Outliers(dataset, columna)
      1 def Modifica_Outliers (dataset,columna):
----> 2   q1, q3 = np.percentile(dataset[columna], [25, 75])
      3   # Calculate the interquartile range
      4   iqr = q3 - q1

File c:\Python312\Lib\site-packages\pandas\core\frame.py:4102, in DataFrame.__getitem__(self, key)
   4100 if self.columns.nlevels > 1:
   4101     return self._getitem_multilevel(key)
-> 4102 indexer = self.columns.get_loc(key)
   4103 if is_integer(indexer):
   4104     indexer = [indexer]

File c:\Python312\Lib\site-packages\pandas\core\indexes\base.py:3812, in Index.get_loc(self, key)
   3807     if isinstance(casted_key, slice) or (
   3808         isinstance(casted_key, abc.Iterable)
   3809         and any(isinstance(x, slice) for x in casted_key)
   3810     ):
   3811         raise InvalidIndexError(key)
-> 3812     raise KeyError(key) from err
   3813 except TypeError:
   3814     # If we have a listlike key, _check_indexing_error will raise
   3815     #  InvalidIndexError. Otherwise we fall through and re-raise
   3816     #  the TypeError.
   3817     self._check_indexing_error(key)

KeyError: 'bill_length_mm'
```

ANÁLISIS DE CORRELACIÓN

```
# Realizar un análisis de correlación
corr = df2.corr(method='pearson')
mask = np.triu(np.ones_like(corr, dtype=bool))
f, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(11,9))
cmap = sns.diverging_palette(230, 20, as_cmap=True)

plt.tight_layout()
sns.heatmap(corr, mask=mask, cmap=cmap, vmax=.3, center=0, square=True, linewidths=.5, cbar_kws={'shrink':0.5}, annot=True)
```

<Axes: >


Id
Category -0.0043
Manufacturer -0.011 0.092
Model -0.0065 0.25 0.69
Prod. year -0.0019 0.18 0.27 0.26
Gear box type -0.0091 0.13 0.2 0.21 0.38
Leather interior -0.0024 0.23 0.11 0.11 0.39 0.39
Fuel type -0.015 0.12 -0.23 -0.25 0.023 -0.081 -0.04
Engine volume -0.0076 0.077 -0.097 -0.17 -0.028 0.039 0.28 0.068
Drive wheels -0.0091 0.016 0.27 0.37 0.27 0.18 -0.04 -0.12 -0.56
Cylinders -0.0098 0.053 -0.18 -0.22 -0.095 -0.029 0.2 0.11 0.79 -0.56
Mileage -0.0022 -0.044 -0.093 -0.072 -0.19 -0.11 -0.15 0.014 0.0027 -0.065 0.039
Doors -0.006 0.24 0.11 0.12 0.18 0.16 0.095 -0.069 -0.011 0.11 -0.029 -0.046
Airbags -0.0055 0.21 0.11 0.064 0.24 -0.025 0.16 0.072 0.22 -0.12 0.17 -0.051 0.048
Wheel -0.0091 0.21 0.11 0.14 0.23 0.088 0.35 -0.058 0.19 -0.028 0.094 -0.095 0.011 0.15
Color -0.0083 0.06 -0.0014 0.0035 0.12 0.075 0.14 0.017 0.14 -0.074 0.11 -0.022 0.051 0.048 0.04
Sales Fee -0.0011 0.08 0.088 0.05 0.36 0.34 0.33 0.055 0.37 -0.066 0.25 -0.11 0.068 0.12 0.15 0.1
price -0.0099 -0.022 -0.0029 0.012 0.01 -0.02 -0.001 -0.0032 0.0077 0.00069 -0.0065 -0.01 -0.033 -0.014 0.014 -0.0045 0.0049
Turbo -0.0025 -0.081 -0.18 -0.2 -0.072 -0.34 -0.099 0.025 -0.016 -0.2 0.034 0.038 -0.064 0.066 0.035 0.016 -0.16 0.015
Id
Category
Manufacturer
Model
Prod. year
Gear box type
Leather interior
Fuel type
Engine volume
Drive wheels
Cylinders
Mileage
Doors
Airbags
Wheel
Color
Sales Fee
price
Turbo
0.3
0.2
0.1
0.0
−0.1
−0.2
−0.3
−0.4
−0.5

```
correlations = df2.corr()['price'].abs().sort_values(ascending=False)
print("Correlación con la variable objetivo (Curado):\n", correlations)
```

```
Correlación con la variable objetivo (Curado):
 price              1.000000
Doors               0.032986
Category            0.021632
Gear box type       0.020325
Turbo               0.015388
Wheel               0.013929
Airbags             0.013830
Model               0.012108
Mileage             0.010075
Prod. year          0.010010
Id                  0.009915
Engine volume       0.007680
Cylinders           0.006525
Sales Fee           0.004929
Color               0.004539
Fuel type           0.003239
Manufacturer        0.002938
Leather interior    0.000998
Drive wheels        0.000685
Name: price, dtype: float64
```

VARIABLES

```
df3 = df2
df3 = df3.drop('Model', axis=1)
df3 = df3.drop('Engine volume', axis=1)
df3 = df3.drop('Cylinders', axis=1)
df3 = df3.drop('Sales Fee', axis=1)
df3 = df3.drop('Color', axis=1)
df3 = df3.drop('Mileage', axis=1)
df3 = df3.drop('Fuel type', axis=1)
df3 = df3.drop('Manufacturer', axis=1)
df3 = df3.drop('Leather interior', axis=1)
df3 = df3.drop('Drive wheels', axis=1)
df3.head()
```

	Id	Category	Prod. year	Gear box type	Doors	Airbags	Wheel	price	Turbo
0	2680	0.287567	2014	0.702832	4	4	0.922512	22433	0
1	5960	0.453183	2002	0.702832	4	2	0.922512	7500	0
2	2185	0.287567	2014	0.702832	4	4	0.922512	27284	0
3	15905	0.453183	1992	0.096875	4	4	0.922512	3450	0
4	15337	0.018592	2015	0.702832	4	4	0.922512	26644	0

```
df4 = df3
y = df4['price']
```

```
x = df4.drop('price', axis=1
```

MODELO

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score

x = pd.get_dummies(x, drop_first=True)

#  Seprar Dataset en Training y Testing Sets
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)

# Inicialiazar Random Forest Regressor
rf_regressor = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=100, random_state=42)
#   Entrenar el modelo
rf_regressor.fit(x_train, y_train)

# Hacer predicciones
y_pred = rf_regressor.predict(x_test)
```

EVALUACIÓN

```
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score

mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
rmse = np.sqrt(mse)
r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)

print("Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE):", rmse)
print("R^2 Score:", r2)
```

```
Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): 460182.1374048984
R^2 Score: -0.0003403469680320903
```

```
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score

#  cross-validation
cv_scores = cross_val_score(rf_regressor, x, y, cv=5, scoring='neg_mean_squared_error')
cv_rmse = np.sqrt(-cv_scores)

print("Cross-Validated RMSE:", cv_rmse.mean())
```

```
Cross-Validated RMSE: 137433.34275866702
```