

#### Technologies and Web Programming

Angular Framework



#### Angular Framework

Introduction to Angular

#### Angular Introduction (i)



 Angular Framework (current: Angular 9) is a web application development platform based on TypeScript language.

 It makes the switch from MVC (Model-View-Controller) approach, used in AngularJS, to a Components-Based Web Development approach.

### Angular Introduction (ii)



 Angular allows to build web applications out of components, which are UI building blocks that are easy to test and reuse.

 Components, neatly encapsulate all the style and function required for a certain feature to work, and so, creating custom HTML elements is a greatly simplified process.

#### Angular Introduction (iii)



- The idea is to build declarative components that are fully encapsulated.
- They describe their own views, and can be easily packaged and distributed to other developers.
- The application itself consists of a root component that contains a set of components for every UI element, screen, and route.
- This component tree lies at the core of any Angular application.



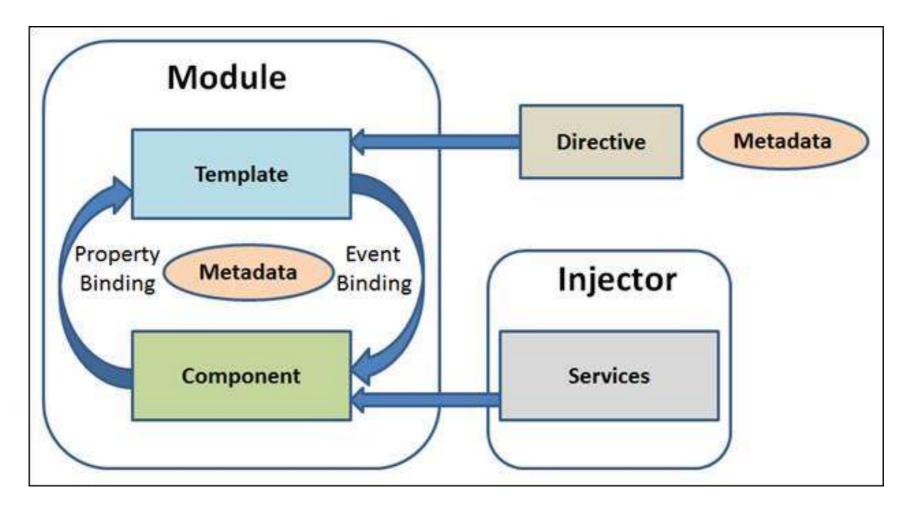
#### Angular Framework

Angular Architecture

#### Angular Architecture



The main eight blocks of an Angular Application



### Angular – Modules (i)



- A Module is a block of code which is designed to perform a single task.
- It can be exported in form of class.
- Angular applications can have several modules.
   Although, every Angular application must have at least one.
- Every Angular application has one root module and can have many more featured modules.

### Angular – Modules (ii)



- An Angular module is a class which uses the @NgModule decorator.
- Decorators provide a way to add both annotations and a meta-programming syntax for class declarations and members.
- @NgModule takes a single metadata object and its properties to describe the module.

#### Angular – Modules (iii)



- Following are the important properties of @NgModule:
  - exports it's the subset of declarations which would be used in the component template of other module.
  - <u>imports</u> imports other modules
  - <u>providers</u> It is a creator of services. They can be accessible in all the parts of the application.
  - <u>bootstrap</u> The root module has to set the bootstrap property. It is used to host all other views.
  - declarations It declare the view class that belong to current module. There are three types of view classes supported by Angular: components, directives, and pipes.

### Angular – Components



- A component is the combination of a class, containing the core logic for a page, and a an associated template that deals with its View.
- The application logic is written inside the class which is used by the View. The class interacts with the View through methods and properties of its API.
- Angular creates and updates the required components, and destroys the unused ones as the user moves through an application.

#### Angular – Metadata



- Metadata is the way to define how Angular process a class, a method or a property, for particular reasons.
- In TypeScript, metadata is defined by using decorators.
- For example, if we want to define a component in an Angular application, we need to tell Angular that a particular class is a component.
  - This is done associating metadata to the class using @Component decorator.

#### Angular – Template



 A template is the component View that tells Angular how to display the component.

It looks like normal HTML.

### Angular – Data Binding



- Data binding is a powerful feature of software development technologies.
- It is the connection bridge between View and the business logic of the application.
- There are four types of data binding supported by Angular:
  - Interpolation used to display the component value within HTML.
  - Property Binding It passes the property's value of a parent component to its child's property.

## Angular – Data Binding



Four types of data binding, continuation:

- Event Binding used to fire an event when we click on a component's name, or some change occurs in an input component.
- <u>Two-way Binding</u> it combines event and property binding in single notation by using ngModel directive, in order to have automatic change between the data model and the view.

#### Angular – Directives



- Directives extend HTML attributes.
- These are markers on the DOM elements which provides some special behavior to them and tell Angular HTML compiler to attach it.
- There are three types of directives:
  - <u>Decorator Directive</u> it decorates (@Directive) the elements using additional behavior. There are many built-in directives like ngModel, and others.
  - Component Directive it is extended from @Directive decorator with template-oriented features.
  - <u>Template Directive</u> it converts HTML into a reusable template. It is also known as structural directive.

## Angular – Service



- A service is a broad category encompassing any value, function, or feature that an app needs.
- A service is typically a class with a narrow, welldefined purpose.
- Angular distinguishes components from services in order to increase modularity and reusability.
- Typical examples of services are logging service, data service, message service etc. And there is no base class to define a service.

# Angular – Dependency Injection



- Dependency Injection is a software design pattern in which objects are passed as dependencies.
- It helps us remove the hard coded dependencies, and makes dependencies configurable.
- Using Dependency Injection, we can make components more maintainable, reusable, and testable.
- Dependency Injection (DI) is wired into the Angular framework and used everywhere to provide new components with the services or other things they need.



#### Angular Framework

Developing

### Angular – Developing



#### Installation:

- Install Node.js and npm if they are not already on your machine.
- Install Angular CLI (Command Line Interface) globally.
  - command: npm install -g @angular/cli

#### Creating a project

- Use a know IDE, like WebStorm to create and develop a Angular project, or use the following command:
  - command: ng new angular-app

#### Running the project

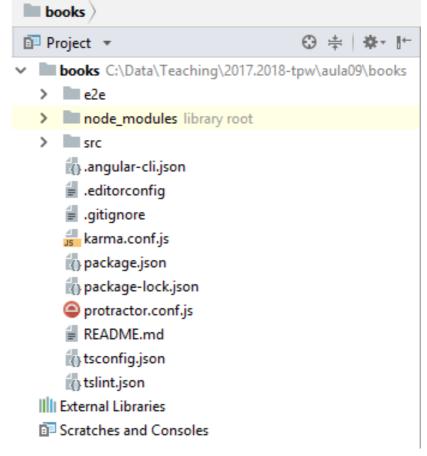
- Use IDE to run it or use the following command, inside project folder:
  - command: ng serve

### Angular – Project Books



 Create a new Angular project, named "books", using the command line or WebStorm IDE, load it

and run it.



#### Angular – Developing books (i)



- Change title in main component.
  - Open "src/app/app.component.ts" and change it.

```
import { Component } from '@angular/core';

import { Component } from '@angular/core';

@Component({
    selector: 'app-root',
    templateUrl: './app.component.html',
    styleUrls: ['./app.component.css']

export class AppComponent {
    title = 'My Books';
}
```

Open "src/app/app.component.html" and change it.

```
app.component.html ×

(h1>{{ title }}</h1>
```

#### Angular – Developing books (ii)



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 Create application styles and save them on file "src/styles.css".

```
h1 {
  color: #369;
  font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif;
  font-size: 250%;
h2, h3 {
  color: #444;
  font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif;
  font-weight: lighter;
body {
  margin: 2em;
body, input[text], button {
  color: #888;
  font-family: Cambria, Georgia;
  font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif;
htz@ua.pt
                                     TPW
```

#### Angular – Developing books (iii)



 Create a component named "authors", running the command inside project folder: "ng generate component authors"

```
authors.component.ts ×
        import { Component, OnInit } from '@angular/core';

    ⊕ @Component ( {
          selector: 'app-authors',
          templateUrl: './authors.component.html',
          styleUrls: ['./authors.component.css']
      \square
        export class AuthorsComponent implements OnInit {
9
          constructor() { }
10
11
          ngOnInit() {
13
14
15
```

# Angular – Developing books (iv)



Open "src/app/app.component.html" and change it.

Result:





authors works!

## Angular – Developing books (v)



Create Author class in file "src/app/author.ts"

## Angular – Developing books (vi)



Create authors list file "src/app/authorslist.ts"

# Angular – Developing books (vii)



Change "src/app/authors/authors.component.ts"

file:

```
authors.component.ts ×
       import {    Component, OnInit } from '@angular/core';
        import { Author} from "../author";
        import { AUTHORS} from "../authorslist";
        @Component({
 5
          selector: 'app-authors',
          templateUrl: './authors.component.html',
          styleUrls: ['./authors.component.css']
        export class AuthorsComponent implements OnInit {
10
11
          authors: Author[];
12
13
          constructor()
14
            this.authors = AUTHORS:
15
16
17
        ngOnInit() {
18
19
20
21
```

# Angular – Developing books (viii)



Change "src/app/authors/authors.component.html" file:

```
authors.component.html ×
    <h2>Authors</h2>
    <span class="badge">{{ author.num }}</span> {{ author.name }}
```

### Angular – Developing books (ix)



 Create component styles and save them on file "src/app/authors/authors.component.css".

```
/* AuthorsComponent's private CSS styles */
.selected {
 background-color: #CFD8DC !important;
 color: white;
.authors {
 margin: 0 0 2em 0;
 list-style-type: none;
 padding: 0;
 width: 15em;
.authors li {
  cursor: pointer;
 position: relative;
 left: 0;
 background-color: #EEE;
 margin: .5em;
 padding: .3em 0;
 height: 1.6em;
 border-radius: 4px;
```

### Angular – Developing books (x)



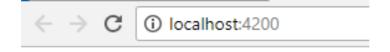
```
.authors li.selected:hover {
 background-color: #BBD8DC !important;
  color: white;
.authors li:hover {
 color: #607D8B;
 background-color: #DDD;
 left: .1em;
.authors .text {
 position: relative;
 top: -3px;
.authors .badge {
 display: inline-block;
 font-size: small;
 color: white;
 padding: 0.8em 0.7em 0 0.7em;
 background-color: #607D8B;
 line-height: 1em;
 position: relative;
 left: -1px;
 top: -4px;
 height: 1.8em;
 margin-right: .8em;
  border-radius: 4px 0 0 4px;
htz@ua.pt
```

**TPW** 

# Angular – Developing books (xi)

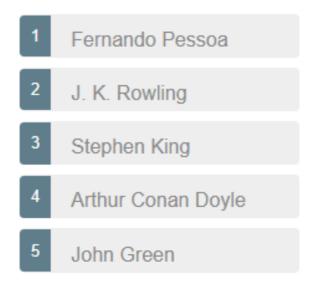


Result:



#### My Books

#### **Authors**



# Angular – Developing books (xii)



 Change "src/app/authors/authors.component.html" file:

# Angular – Developing books (xiii)



Change "src/app/authors/authors.component.ts"

file:

```
authors.component.ts ×
        import { Component, OnInit } from '@angular/core';
        import { Author} from "../author";
        import { AUTHORS} from "../authorslist";
      □@Component({
          selector: 'app-authors',
          templateUrl: './authors.component.html',
          styleUrls: ['./authors.component.css']
        export class AuthorsComponent implements OnInit {
10
11
          authors: Author[];
12
          selectedAuthor: Author;
13
14
         constructor() {
15
            this.authors = AUTHORS:
16
17
18
         onSelect(author: Author): void
19
20
            this.selectedAuthor = author;
```

## Angular – Developing books (xiv)



Change "src/app/app.module.ts" file:

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```
app.module.ts ×
        import { BrowserModule } from '@angular/platform-browser';
        import { NgModule } from '@angular/core';
       import { FormsModule} from "@angular/forms";
        import { AppComponent } from './app.component';
 5
        import { BooksComponent } from './books/books.component';
        import { AuthorsComponent } from './authors/authors.component';
8
9
        @NgModule({
10
          declarations: [
            AppComponent,
12
13
            BooksComponent,
            AuthorsComponent
15
16
          imports: [
            BrowserModule.
17
18
19
20
          providers: [],
          bootstrap: [AppComponent]
21
```

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## Angular – Developing books (xv)



Change "src/app/authors/authors.component.html"

file:

```
authors.component.html ×
       <h2>Authors</h2>
       i *ngFor="let author of authors" (click)="onSelect(author)">
           <span class="badge">{{ author.num }}</span> {{ author.name }}
         <div *ngIf="selectedAuthor">
9
         <h2>Information on {{ selectedAuthor.name | uppercase }} </h2>
10
11
         <div><span>Num: </span>{{selectedAuthor.num}}</div>
         <div>
12
           <label>Name:
13
             <input [(ngModel)]="selectedAuthor.name" placeholder="name">
14
           </label>
15
         </div>
16
         <div>
           <label>Email:
18
             <input [(ngModel)]="selectedAuthor.email" placeholder="email">
19
           </label>
20
21
         </div>
       </div>
```

# Angular – Developing books (xvi)



Result:



#### My Books

#### Authors

1	Fernando P
2	J. K. Rowling
3	Stephen King
4	Arthur Conan Doyle
5	John Green

#### Information on FERNANDO P

Num: 1	
Name:	Fernando P
Email:	fpessoa@mail.pt