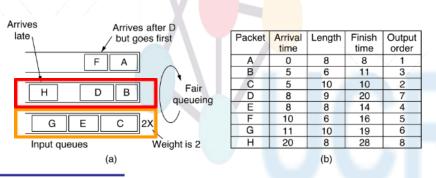
Queueing exercise

- Consider the packet queues shown in Fig. 5-29
- What is the finish time and output order of the packets if the middle queue, instead of the bottom queue, has a weight of 2?
- Order packets with the same finish time alphabetically



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Figure 5-29. (a) Weighted Fair Queueing. (b) Finishing times for the packets.

1. What is the finish time and output order of the packets if the middle queue, instead of the bottom queue, has a weight of 2?

Queue 1 (Weight 1): Packets A, F

Queue 2 (Weight 2): Packets B, D, H

Queue 3 (Weight 1): Packets C, E, G

Given Packet Lengths:

- A: 8
- B: 6
- C: 10
- D: 9
- E: 8
- F: 6
- G: 10
- H: 8

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Packet	Arrival time	Length	Finish time	Output order
А	0	8	8	1
В	5	6	5+(6/2)= 8	1
С	5	10	5+10= 15	3
D	8	9	8+(9/2)= 12,5	2
Е	8	8	8+8= 16	4
F	10	6	16	4
G	11	10	11+10= 21	5
Н	20	8	20+(8/2)= 24	6

2. Order packets with the same finish time alphabetically.

Packet	Arrival time	Length	Finish time	Output order
А	0	8	8	1
В	5	6	5+(6/2)= 8	1
Е	8	8	8+8= 16	4
F	10	6	16	4

Token bucket exercise

A computer on a 6-Mbps network is regulated by a token bucket. The token bucket is filled at a rate of 1 Mbps. It is initially filled to capacity with 8 megabits.

How long can the computer transmit at the full 6 Mbps?

Fig. 5-30

1. Token Bucket Details:

- The token bucket is filled at a rate of 1 Mbps.
- The token bucket initially has a capacity of 8 megabits (tokens).

2. Transmission Rate and Token Consumption:

• The computer wants to transmit at a rate of 6 Mbps, which will consume tokens from the bucket at 6 Mbps.

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3. Token Refill Rate:

 Tokens are added to the bucket at a rate of 1 Mbps while the computer is transmitting.

Step-by-Step Solution:

1. Determine the net rate of token consumption:

 Since tokens are consumed at 6 Mbps but are added at 1 Mbps, the net rate of token consumption is

$$6\,\mathrm{Mbps} - 1\,\mathrm{Mbps} = 5\,\mathrm{Mbps}$$

2. Calculate how long the tokens will last:

- o The bucket starts with 8 megabits of tokens.
- At a net consumption rate of 5 Mbps, we can calculate the time ttt (in seconds) that the computer can transmit at 6 Mbps before the bucket is empty:

$$t = rac{ ext{Initial tokens in bucket}}{ ext{Net rate of token consumption}}$$
 $t = rac{8 \, ext{Mb}}{5 \, ext{Mbps}}$ $t = 1.6 \, ext{seconds}$

The computer can transmit at the full rate of 6 Mbps for **1.6 seconds** before the tokens in the bucket are exhausted.