Comparing Different Fitting Functions Final Project

Comparison of Curve_fit, Scipy.odr, and Lmfit

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- [1] The purpose of curve_fit, scipy.odr, and Imfit are to use a set of data and make a fit for that data accounting for uncertainties. Each program does this differently however, for example curve_fit uses non-linear least squares to give the best fit of a set of data to a specific defined function. Lmfit utilizes a similar concept, however, it is more general than curve_fit as it has prebuilt models for different functions such as linear, Gaussian, Lorenztian, and exponential which makes it better to fit certain data by utilizing more advanced models than curve_fit. Scipy.odr is the most different out of all of these, since it is able to take into account uncertainties in the independent variable. ODR stands for Orthongonal Distance Regression which is different from least squares since least squares treats the independent variables as fixed, however, ODR can take into account the independent uncertainties.
- [2] I selected these packages since I have been using curve_fit very often in PHYS 276 (E&M lab) and I am also learning about least square solutions in MATH 461 (Linear Algebra). These two classes along with PHYS 265 has made me very interested in analysing data and I was wondering what other ways I could fit this data and I wondered what I would do if there was also an uncertianty in the independent variable since I did a lab where I measured currents and voltages with voltmeters and I had uncertainties in both the x and y axis, but I couldn't take both uncertainties into account.
- [3] Lmfit's core is based off of the Levnberg-Marquardt algorythm which was invented in the 1940s-1960s, but the python package was created around 2011 and it comes from the genealogy of MINIPACK and it is similar to scipy.optimize packages. Scipy.odr was released in 2001, the genealogy is ODRPACK and it resembles curve_fit's fitting functions. curve_fit is the more famous of these fitting packages, it was released in the early 2000s and it is built on top of the older scipy.optimize.leastsq functions in the FORTRAN genealogy.
- [4] Lmfit is still maitained by Mathew Newville (the original aurthor) and the latest update was in March 2025. Scipy.odr and curve_fit are also currently maitained, but not by the main authors, but by the greater scipy community.
- [5] Installing was incredibly simple, for lmfit, all I had to do is write !pip install lmfit and then import lmftit, as for the other two, I simply imported them from scipy
- [6] The packages are simply istalled from pip for Imfit and by importing scipy for odr and curve fit

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[7] The source code for lmfit is avialable at "https://github.com/lmfit/lmfit-py". Similarly for curve_fit (https://github.com/scipy/scipy/blob/main/scipy/optimize/_minpack_py.py) and odr (https://github.com/scipy/scipy/blob/main/scipy/odr/odrpack.py).

- [8] Lmfit is used in pyspectkit and Imfitxps which are both systems dealing with spectroscopy and data analysis. Curve_fit and odr is used in matplotlib and scientific computing, however there are few packages that utilize these.
- [9] The codes are all used within python scripts and jupyter notebooks.
- [10] Code displayed below:

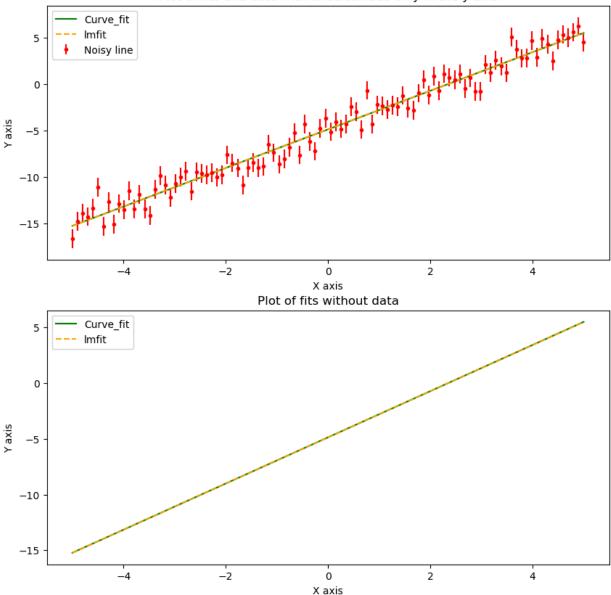
```
In [1]: !pip install lmfit
        import lmfit as fit
        import numpy as np
        from scipy.optimize import curve_fit
        from scipy.odr import ODR, Model, RealData
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        Requirement already satisfied: lmfit in c:\users\mario\anaconda3\lib\site-packages
        (1.3.3)
        Requirement already satisfied: asteval>=1.0 in c:\users\mario\anaconda3\lib\site-pack
        ages (from lmfit) (1.0.6)
        Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.24 in c:\users\mario\anaconda3\lib\site-packa
        ges (from lmfit) (1.24.3)
        Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.10.0 in c:\users\mario\anaconda3\lib\site-pac
        kages (from lmfit) (1.15.2)
        Requirement already satisfied: uncertainties>=3.2.2 in c:\users\mario\anaconda3\lib\s
        ite-packages (from lmfit) (3.2.3)
        Requirement already satisfied: dill>=0.3.4 in c:\users\mario\anaconda3\lib\site-packa
        ges (from lmfit) (0.3.6)
In [2]: #test with only y uncertainties
        def linear(x,m,b):
            return m*x+b
        #ideal line
        a=-5
        b=5
        N=100
        x_ideal=np.linspace(a,b,N)
        m ideal=2
        b_ideal=-5
        y_ideal=linear(x_ideal,m_ideal,b_ideal)
        #uncertainties
        seed=1234
        y_sigma=1
        rng=np.random.default rng(seed)
        y_random=rng.normal(loc=0, scale=y_sigma, size=N)
        y_noise=y_ideal+y_random
        #Plotting the ideal line and the Noisy line
        fig,(ax,ax1)=plt.subplots(2,1,figsize=(10,10))
        ax.errorbar(x_ideal,y_noise,yerr=y_sigma,ls='',fmt='.',color='r',label='Noisy line')
        #ax.plot(x_ideal,y_ideal,color='b',label='Ideal line')
        #ax1.plot(x_ideal,y_ideal,color='b',label='Ideal line')
```

```
#Using Curve Fit
fit_par,pcov=curve_fit(linear,x_ideal,y_noise,sigma=y_sigma,p0=[2,-5],absolute_sigma=1
y curvefit=linear(x ideal,fit par[0],fit par[1])
ax.plot(x_ideal,y_curvefit,color='green',label='Curve_fit',ls='-')
ax1.plot(x_ideal,y_curvefit,color='green',label='Curve_fit',ls='-')
#Using Lm_fit
model=fit.Model(linear)
params=model.make_params(m=m_ideal,b=b_ideal)
result=model.fit(y_noise,params,x=x_ideal,weights=1/y_sigma)
#print(result.fit report())
ax.plot(x_ideal,result.best_fit,color='orange',label='lmfit',ls='--')
ax1.plot(x_ideal,result.best_fit,color='orange',label='lmfit',ls='--')
ax.set_xlabel('X axis')
ax.set_ylabel('Y axis')
ax.set_title('Plot of fits and data with uncertainties only in the y axis')
ax1.set xlabel('X axis')
ax1.set_ylabel('Y axis')
ax1.set_title('Plot of fits without data')
ax.legend()
ax1.legend()
```

Out[2]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x1c19c758c50>

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These graphs show the comparison between lmfit and curve_fit, as we can see, lmfit and curve_fit get the same fit which makes sense since they use similar techniques. The main difference, however, is that each package might be more useful for certain fits or functions.

```
In [3]: #test with X AND Y uncertainties
def linear(x,m,b):
    return m*x+b
#ideal Line
a=-5
b=5
N=100
x_ideal=np.linspace(a,b,N)
m_ideal=2
b_ideal=-5
y_ideal=linear(x_ideal,m_ideal,b_ideal)
#uncertainties
seed=1234
y_sigma=1
```

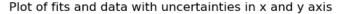
```
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x sigma=.1
sigma=np.sqrt(y_sigma**2+x_sigma**2)
rng=np.random.default_rng(seed)
y_random=rng.normal(loc=0,scale=y_sigma,size=N)
x_random=rng.normal(loc=0,scale=x_sigma,size=N)
y_noise=y_ideal+y_random
x noise=x ideal+x random
#Plotting the ideal line and the Noisy line
fig,(ax,ax1)=plt.subplots(2,1,figsize=(10,10))
ax.errorbar(x_ideal,y_noise,yerr=y_sigma,xerr=x_sigma,ls='',fmt='.',color='r',label='N
#ax.plot(x_ideal,y_ideal,color='b',label='Ideal line')
#ax1.plot(x_ideal,y_ideal,color='b',label='Ideal line')
#Using Curve Fit
fit_par,pcov=curve_fit(linear,x_noise,y_noise,sigma=sigma,p0=[2,-5],absolute_sigma=Tru
y_curvefit=linear(x_ideal,fit_par[0],fit_par[1])
ax.plot(x_ideal,y_curvefit,color='green',label='Curve_fit',ls='-')
ax1.plot(x_ideal,y_curvefit,color='green',label='Curve_fit',ls='-')
#Using Lm_fit
model=fit.Model(linear)
params=model.make params(m=m ideal,b=b ideal)
result=model.fit(y_noise,params,x=x_noise,weights=1/sigma)
#print(result.fit_report())
ax.plot(x_ideal, result.best_fit, color='orange', label='lmfit', ls='--')
ax1.plot(x_ideal,result.best_fit,color='orange',label='lmfit',ls='--')
#scipy.odr fit
def odr_linear(B, x):
    return B[0] * x + B[1]
model=Model(odr_linear)
mydata=RealData(x_noise,y_noise,sx=x_sigma,sy=y_sigma)
myodr=ODR(mydata,model,beta0=[m_ideal,b_ideal])
myoutput=myodr.run()
#myoutput.pprint()
y_odr=linear(x_ideal,*myoutput.beta)
ax.plot(x_ideal, y_odr, color='purple', label='ODR', ls='--')
ax1.plot(x_ideal, y_odr, color='purple', label='ODR', ls='--')
ax.set_xlabel('X axis')
ax.set_ylabel('Y axis')
ax.set title('Plot of fits and data with uncertainties in x and y axis')
ax1.set_xlabel('X axis')
ax1.set_ylabel('Y axis')
ax1.set_title('Plot of fits without data')
ax.legend()
```

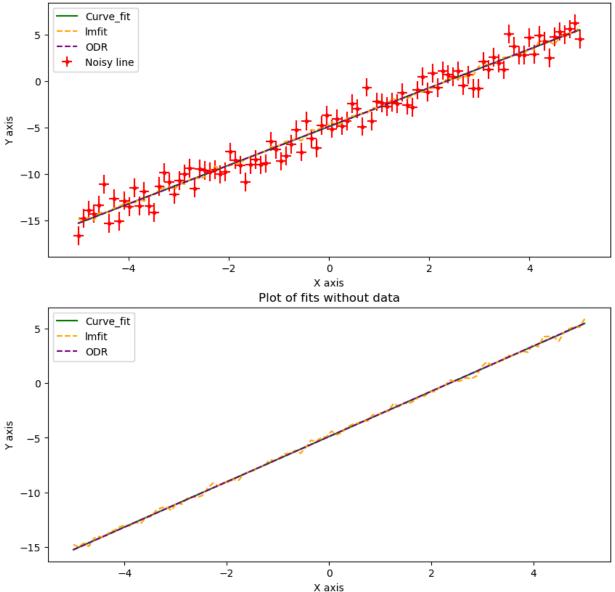
Out[3]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x1c19c837390>

ax1.legend()

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As we can see from these plots, curve_fit and odr give similar values, and Imfit does not graph the function very well. Something to mention is that to fit using odr we took into account the individual uncertainties, but for Imfit and curve_fit we took the magnitude of both uncertainties. This means that odr computes the uncertainties better qualitatively since it is taking a more accurate representation of the uncertainties.

- [11] I utilized matplotlib to plot the graphs of the fits.
- [12] The cells up above contain plots and captions utilizing the different packages.
- [13] Lmfit is written in pure python, however, it is derived from scipy functions that are in FORTRAN and C code.

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[14] Lmfit takes in model function, parameters, and the data. Odr takes in a model, and data or it can even create its own data from scratch. Curve fit takes in a function, data and you can give it a guess of the parameters.

[15] Lmfit returns best fit data, odr and curve_fit returns best fit parameters.

[16] Lmfit has code that does unit tests, regression tests, and benchmarking, you can find these by typing "pip install lmfit[test]" and "pip install asv". Slmilarly, Scipy odr and curve_fit both have integrated unit and regression tests, however, they don't have benchmarking tools, but that is ok since Scipy's optimization process makes up for this.

[17] All three of these packages have unit tests and regression tests on top of additional benchmarking or optimization code. It also is used very often by professional scientists and programmers, and is very transparent about its code and functions making it easy for the public to review, comment, and maintain. Given that the code is consitent, reviewed, and optimized for the best results, we can say that they all provide a reliable result.

[18] To find what programs Imfit uses, we can type "!pip show Imfit" and if we scroll down we see that it read "Requires: asteval, dill, numpy, scipy, uncertainties" which are the python programs that Imfit uses in its code. We can do the same thing with scipy, and it says that it uses numpy within its code. Appart from this, curve_fit specifically uses scipy.optimize.leastsq within its code and odr uses scipy a source code called "ODRPACK".

[19] Lmfit's documentation provides information about the parameter and model functions and it provides documentation on how to extract the data. It is well organized which is good since there is a lot of text talking about the documentation. Odr and Curve_fit has less documentation which makes sense since it is a simpler program and it guides through the different inputs and outputs, although it has less information than Imfit, it was still sufficient to understand the code.

[20]

Citation for Imfit:

Newville, M., Otten, R., Nelson, A., Stensitzki, T., Ingargiola, A., Allan, D., Fox, A., Carter, F., & Rawlik, M. (2025). LMFIT: Non-Linear Least-Squares Minimization and Curve-Fitting for Python (1.3.3). Zenodo. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.15014437

Citation for Scipy (in general, includes odr and curve_fit):

Pauli Virtanen, Ralf Gommers, Travis E. Oliphant, Matt Haberland, Tyler Reddy, David Cournapeau, Evgeni Burovski, Pearu Peterson, Warren Weckesser, Jonathan Bright, Stéfan J. van der Walt, Matthew Brett, Joshua Wilson, K. Jarrod Millman, Nikolay Mayorov, Andrew R. J. Nelson, Eric Jones, Robert Kern, Eric Larson, CJ Carey, İlhan Polat, Yu Feng, Eric W. Moore, Jake VanderPlas, Denis Laxalde, Josef Perktold, Robert Cimrman, Ian Henriksen, E.A. Quintero, Charles R Harris, Anne M. Archibald, Antônio H. Ribeiro, Fabian Pedregosa, Paul van Mulbregt, and SciPy

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1.0 Contributors. (2020) SciPy 1.0: Fundamental Algorithms for Scientific Computing in Python. Nature Methods, 17(3), 261-272. DOI: 10.1038/s41592-019-0686-2.

[21]

LMFIT references:

https://lmfit.github.io/lmfit-py/model.html

https://github.com/lmfit/uncertainties#:~:text=Revised%20BSD%20License.-,History,Imfit%20GitHuk

Curve fit references:

https://scientific-python-101.readthedocs.io/scipy/fitting_curves.html

Scipy.odr references:

https://docs.scipy.org/doc/scipy/reference/odr.html#:~:text=The%20scipy.,Guide%2C%20reading%2



[22]

LMFIT:

Growth dynamics of gut microbiota in health and disease inferred from single metagenomic samples: http://doi.org/10.1126/science.aac4812

Sorption of methanol, dimethyl carbonate, methyl acetate, and acetone vapors in CTA and PTMSP: General findings from the GAB Analysis:

https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1002/polb.23945

Curve fit:

Improved fuzzy weighted optimum curve-fitting method for estimating the parameters of a Pearson Type-III distribution: https://doi.org/10.1080/02626667.2019.1620950

Scipy.odr:

Calibration of a single-diode performance model without a short-circuit temperature coefficient: https://doi.org/10.1002/ese3.190

[23] I had to learn how to use models and parameters for lmfit, but apart from that I have used scipy and numpy in class before so the rest was very straight forward.

[24] I have prior experience using curve_fit, but odr and Imfit were new to me but I'm very glad I learned about it since I am now better at doing fits and reading python documentation. I worked individually on this project.

In []: