```
model{
#$$$$$$$$$$$$#
# FIRST PART
#$$$$$$$$$$$#
 # 1.CALIBRATION #
 d_moy~dgamma(1,0.001)
 beta_d~dgamma(0.001,0.001)
 inv_kappa ~ dgamma(0.001,0.001)
 kappa <-1/ inv_kappa
 #eta ~ dgamma(0.001,0.001)
 L_sigma_p~dunif(0.0001,10)
 L_tau_p<-pow(L_sigma_p,-2)
 L_var_p<-1/L_tau_p
 L_mu_p ~dnorm(0,0.001)
 logit(mu_p)<-L_mu_p
 alpha_d<-d_moy * beta_d
 for (g in 1:calib){
  #=========
  # 1.1 Density part
  #=========
  d[g]~dgamma(alpha_d,beta_d)
  lambda_IA[g]<-kappa*d[g] #kappa*pow(d[g],eta)</pre>
  EF_IA[g]~dpois(lambda_IA[g])
  lambda_N[g]<-(d[g]*S[g])-EF_IA[g]
  #Abundance follows a Poisson distribution
  N_tot[g]~dpois(lambda_N[g])I(,2000)
  L_p[g]~dnorm(L_mu_p,L_tau_p)
  logit(p[g]) \leftarrow L_p[g]
  # depletion pass part
  C_1[g]\sim dbin(p[g],N_tot[g])
  N_1[g] < -N_tot[g] - C_1[g]
  C_2[g]\sim dbin(p[g],N_1[g])
  #=========
  # 1.2 Posterior check
  #=========
  rep_lambda_IA[g]<-kappa*d[g] #kappa*pow(d[g],eta)
  rep EF IA[g]~dpois(rep lambda IA[g])
  res_IA_EF[g]<-EF_IA[g] - rep_EF_IA[g]
```

calculation of the residuals for the predicted C1,C2,C3 conditionally to densities

rep_C_1[g] \sim dbin(p[g],N_tot[g]) rep_C_2[g] \sim dbin(p[g],N_1[g])

res_C_1[g] <- C_1[g]-rep_C_1[g]

```
res_C_2[g] <- C_2[g]-rep_C_2[g]
  res_C1_N_tot[g] <- (C_1[g]-rep_C_1[g])/N_tot[g]
  res_C_2_N_1[g] <- (C_2[g]-rep_C_2[g])/N_1[g]
 }
  # 1.3 cut of all the parameters of the calibration
  L mu_p_cut<-cut(L_mu_p)
  L_tau_p_cut<-cut(L_tau_p)
  kappa_cut<-cut(kappa)
  #eta_cut<-cut(eta)
  # on suppose que le parametre d'echelle est le meme au fil des années
  beta_d_cut<-cut(beta_d)
 # 2. REDD/SPAWNERS #
 # 2.1 Parameters of the Redd/spawner relationship model
  #-----
  mu_zone[1]~dgamma(1,0.001)
  mu_zone[2]<-1 #~dgamma(1,0.001)
  beta_zone~dgamma(0.01,0.01)
  alpha_zone[1]<- mu_zone[1]*beta_zone
  alpha_zone[2]<- mu_zone[2]*beta_zone
  # 2.2 Methodology and spatial effect
  # 2.2.1 Methodology effect
   hel_effect[1]<-1
   hel_effect[2]~dgamma(1,1)
   #-----
   # 2.2.2 Spatial effect
   for (t in 1:T){
    zone_effect[t,1]~dgamma(alpha_zone[1],beta_zone)I(0.001,)
                                                   #I(0.001,)
                                                            #dnorm(0,0.01)
                                                                         #dunif(0,20)
#
    zone_effect[t,2]~dgamma(alpha_zone[1],beta_zone)I(0.001,)
                                                   #I(0.001,)
                                                            #dnorm(0,0.01)
                                                                         #dunif(0,3.5)
#
   for (t in 12:T){
    zone_effect[t,3]~dgamma(alpha_zone[2],beta_zone)I(0.001,)
   # 2.2.3 Verification of both effects
   diff hel effect<-1-hel effect[2]
   P_diff_hel<-step(diff_hel_effect)
   diff_zone1_2<-mu_zone[1]-mu_zone[2]
```

```
p_diff_zone1_2<-step(diff_zone1_2)
  # 2.3 Area prospected
  #loops for proportion of area prospected
  for (t in 1:T){
   for (k in 1:2){
    logit(p_area[t,k])<- L_p_area[t,k]
   }
  }
  for (t in 12:T){
   logit(p_area[t,3])<- L_p_area[t,3]
  }
  #=========
  # 2.4 Hyperparameters
  #=========
  sigma_Vichy <- sqrt( 1 / tau_vichy) #~dunif(0.001,5)
  tau_vichy~dgamma(0.001,0.001) #<-pow(sigma_Vichy,-2)
  L_mu_vichy~dnorm(0,0.01)
  sigma_p_langeac<-sqrt(1/tau_p_langeac) #~dchisqr(1)#I(0.001,) #<-sqrt(1/tau_p_langeac)
#dunif(0.001,10)
  tau_p_langeac~dgamma(0.01,0.01) #<-pow(sigma_p_langeac,-2)
  sigma_p_poutes<-sqrt(1/tau_p_poutes) #~dunif(0,10)
  tau_p_poutes~dgamma(0.01,0.01) #<-pow(sigma_p_poutes,-2)
  I_surv[7] <- 1
  I_surv_prim[7] <- 1
  level_s~dnorm(0,1)
  for (t in 8:T){
   I_surv_prim[t] ~ dbern(0.5)
   l_surv[t] <- l_surv[t-1] * l_surv_prim[t]</pre>
  }
  for (t in 7:11){
   min_N_1[t] < -tot_C[t] + S_stocking[t] + 2
   pool_juv[t]<-s_juv2ad* Juv_tot_system[t] + s_smolt * (0.5 * smolts_tot[t+1] + 0.5 * smolts_tot[t] )
   L_mu_Vichy_nm[t]<-log( s_juv2ad * Juv_tot_system[t] + s_smolt * (0.5 * smolts_tot[t+1] + 0.5 *
smolts_tot[t] )) + level_s * l_surv[t]
   mean_y_surv[t] <- s_juv2ad * exp(level_s * l_surv[t])
   N[t,1] \sim dlnorm(L\_mu\_Vichy\_nm[t], tau\_vichy) I(min\_N\_1[t], 15000)
   res_Vichy[t] <- log(N[t,1]) - L_mu_Vichy_nm[t]
  }
 #3. JUVENILE PRODUCTION #
 # 3.1 Beverthon & Holt parameters
  # BH slope parameter
  #not sure about the beta parameters ...
```

```
zt~dbeta(1,9) #(1,2)
a<-zt *8000 #l~dunif(1,8000) #~dgamma(0.01,0.01)I(,8000)#(0.1,) #~dlnorm(0,0.01) #
alpha dd<- 1/a
a_juv ~dbeta(2,2)
alpha_dd_juv<- 1/a_juv
Rmax~dunif(0,2) # dgamma(0.01,0.01)I(,15) #log(Rmax)<-L_Rmax
beta_dd<- 1 / Rmax
#s_juv~dbeta(2,2) --> n'existe pas par la suite
s_egg~dbeta(2,2)#I(0.0001,)
s_juv2ad~dbeta(2,2)
#==========
# 3.2 Hyperparameters
#==========
alpha_tau <- mu_tau +1
mu_tau \sim dgamma(0.1,0.1)I(0.000001,) #(1,0.01)I(0.001,) #dgamma(0.01,0.01)
beta_tau ~ dgamma(0.1,0.1)I(0.001,) #(0.01,0.01)I(0.001,) # dgamma(0.01,0.01)
tau_wild_moy~dgamma(alpha_tau,beta_tau)
                                           #[3]<-tau_wild_moy[2]
tau_wild_site~dgamma(alpha_tau,beta_tau)
tau_juv_moy[1]~dgamma(0.01,0.01)
tau_juv_site[1]~dgamma(0.01,0.01)
tau_juv_moy[2]~dgamma(alpha_tau,beta_tau)
tau_juv_site[2]~dgamma(alpha_tau,beta_tau)
tau_egg_moy[1]~dgamma(0.01,0.01)I(0.01,)
tau_egg_site[1]~dgamma(0.01,0.01)I(0.01,)
tau_egg_moy[2]~dgamma(alpha_tau,beta_tau)#I(,50)
tau_egg_site[2]~dgamma(alpha_tau,beta_tau)
sigma_wild_moy <- sqrt( 1 / tau_wild_moy)
sigma_wild_site <- sqrt( 1 / tau_wild_site)</pre>
sigma_juv_moy <- sqrt( 1 / tau_juv_moy[2])</pre>
sigma_juv_site <- sqrt( 1 / tau_juv_site[2])
sigma_egg_moy <- sqrt( 1 / tau_egg_moy[2])
sigma_egg_site <- sqrt( 1 / tau_egg_site[2])
nu_wild_avg~dnorm(0,0.01)
nu_wild[1] <- -nu_wild_avg
nu_wild[2] <- nu_wild_avg
nu_wild[3] <- nu_wild_avg
nu_juv_avg~dnorm(0,0.01)
nu_juv[1] <- -nu_juv_avg
nu_juv[2] <- nu_juv_avg
nu_juv[3] <- nu_juv_avg
rho_poutes~dbeta(2,2)
# 3.3 Number of juveniles 0+ returning in the Allier river for a given year
# 0+ Juvenile returning in the Allier for a given year
# and originating from the 3 areas of interest
for (t in 7:T){
 Juv_{tot}[t,1] <- (1/3) * Juv[t-3,1] + (1/3) * Juv[t-4,1] + (1/3) * Juv[t-5,1]
 Juv_{tot[t,2]} <- (1/3) * Juv[t-3,2] + (1/3) * Juv[t-4,2] + (1/3) * Juv[t-5,2]
```

```
for (t in 1:15){
     Juv_tot[t,3]<-0
  for (t in 16:16){
    Juv_{tot[t,3]} <- (1/3) * Juv[t-3,3]
  for (t in 17:17){
    Juv_{tot[t,3]} <- (1/3) * Juv[t-3,3] + (1/3) * Juv[t-4,3]
  for (t in 18:T){
    Juv_{tot}[t,3] <- (1/3) * Juv[t-3,3] + (1/3) * Juv[t-4,3] + (1/3) * Juv[t-5,3]
  for (t in 7:15){
    Juv_tot_system[t] <- Juv_tot[t,1]+Juv_tot[t,2]</pre>
  for (t in 16:T){
    Juv_tot_system[t] <- Juv_tot[t,1]+Juv_tot[t,2] +rho_poutes*Juv_tot[t,3]</pre>
    #dd_returns~dnorm(0,0.01)-->n'existe pas par la suite
  # 3.4 Probability of passing at Vichy, Langeac and Poutes
  # incorporating the effect that probability of passing at Langeac and Poutes is conditioned by the amount of
juvenile produced
  #Probability to reach Vichy if not catch downstream
  p_reach_V~dbeta(2,1)
  for (t in 1:T){
    C_dwn_reach[t] <- p_reach_V * C_dwn[t]
    tot_C[t] <-round( C_dwn_reach[t] + C_up[t])
  for (t in 1:6){
    min_N_1[t] < -tot_C[t] + S_stocking[t] + 2
    N[t,1]~dlnorm(6.9,0.0453)I(min_N_1[t],15000)
  }
  # For Langeac et Poutes : filter:
    # if negative: fish returning in smaller proportion than what was expected regarding juvenile production
    # if positive : fish returning in higher proportion than what was expected regarding juvenile production
  adjust_p_L \sim dnorm(0,0.01)
  adjust_p_P \sim dnorm(0,0.01)
  rho_station~dbeta(2,2)
  for (t in 1:T){
     for (i in 1:3){
       ratio_habitat[t,i] <- S_juv_JP[t,i] /( S_juv_JP[t,1]+S_juv_JP[t,2]+S_juv_JP[t,3])
  }
  for (t in 1:4){
    ratio_juv_prod_V[t] <-1 - ratio_juv_prod_L[t]
    ratio_juv_prod_L[t]~dbeta(2,2)
    ratio_juv_L[t]<- rho_station * (ratio_habitat[t,2] / (1 - ratio_habitat[t,3] ) ) + (1 - rho_station) *
ratio_juv_prod_L[t]
    L_ratio_juv_L[t] <- logit(ratio_juv_L[t])
    L_mu_p_langeac[t]<-L_ratio_juv_L[t] + adjust_p_L
    L_p_langeac[t]~dnorm(L_mu_p_langeac[t],tau_p_langeac)
```

```
res_p_langeac[t] <- L_p_langeac[t] - L_mu_p_langeac[t]
  for (t in 5:5){
    ratio_juv_prod_V[t] <-1 - ratio_juv_prod_L[t]
    ratio_juv_prod_L[t] <- Juv[t-3,2] / ( Juv[t-3,1] + Juv[t-3,2] )
    ratio_juv_L[t]<- rho_station * (ratio_habitat[t,2] / (1 - ratio_habitat[t,3] )) + (1 - rho_station) *
ratio_juv_prod_L[t]
    L_ratio_juv_L[t] <- logit(ratio_juv_L[t])
    L_mu_p_langeac[t]<-L_ratio_juv_L[t]+ adjust_p_L
    L_p_langeac[t]~dnorm(L_mu_p_langeac[t],tau_p_langeac)
    res_p_langeac[t] <- L_p_langeac[t] - L_mu_p_langeac[t]
  for (t in 6:6){
    ratio_juv_prod_V[t] <-1 - ratio_juv_prod_L[t]
    ratio_juv_prod_L[t] <- (Juv[t-3,2] + Juv[t-4,2] ) / ( Juv[t-3,1] + Juv[t-4,1] + Juv[t-3,2] + Juv[t-4,2] )
    ratio_juv_L[t]<- rho_station * (ratio_habitat[t,2] / (1 - ratio_habitat[t,3] )) + (1 - rho_station) *
ratio_juv_prod_L[t]
    L_ratio_juv_L[t] <- logit(ratio_juv_L[t])
    L_mu_p_langeac[t]<-L_ratio_juv_L[t]+ adjust_p_L
    L_p_langeac[t]~dnorm(L_mu_p_langeac[t],tau_p_langeac)
    res_p_langeac[t] <- L_p_langeac[t] - L_mu_p_langeac[t]
  for (t in 7:11){
    ratio_juv_prod_V[t] <-1 - ratio_juv_prod_L[t]
    ratio_juv_prod_L[t] <- Juv_tot[t,2] / ( Juv_tot[t,1] + Juv_tot[t,2] )
    ratio_juv_L[t]<- rho_station * (ratio_habitat[t,2] / (1 - ratio_habitat[t,3] )) + (1 - rho_station) *
ratio_juv_prod_L[t]
    L_ratio_juv_L[t] <- logit(ratio_juv_L[t])
    L_mu_p_langeac[t]<-L_ratio_juv_L[t]+ adjust_p_L
    L_p_langeac[t]~dnorm(L_mu_p_langeac[t],tau_p_langeac)
    res_p_langeac[t] <- L_p_langeac[t] - L_mu_p_langeac[t]
  for (t in 12:15){
    ratio_juv_prod_V[t] <-1 - ratio_juv_prod_L[t]
    ratio\_juv\_prod\_L[t] <- \ Juv\_tot[t,2] \ / \ (\ Juv\_tot[t,1] \ + \ Juv\_tot[t,2] \ )
    ratio_juv_L[t]<- rho_station * (ratio_habitat[t,2]+ratio_habitat[t,3]) + (1 - rho_station) * ratio_juv_prod_L[t]
    L_ratio_juv_L[t] <- logit(ratio_juv_L[t])
    L_mu_p_langeac[t]<-L_ratio_juv_L[t]+ adjust_p_L
    L_p_langeac[t]~dnorm(L_mu_p_langeac[t],tau_p_langeac)
    res_p_langeac[t] <- L_p_langeac[t] - L_mu_p_langeac[t]
    ratio_juv_prod_P[t] \leftarrow 0
   ratio_juv_P[t]<- rho_station * (S_juv_JP[t,3] / (S_juv_JP[t,2] + S_juv_JP[t,3]) ) + (1 - rho_station) *
ratio_juv_prod_P[t]
    L_ratio_juv_P[t] <- logit(ratio_juv_P[t])
    L_mu_p_poutes[t]<-L_ratio_juv_P[t] + adjust_p_P
    L_p_poutes[t]~dnorm(L_mu_p_poutes[t],tau_p_poutes)
    res_p_poutes[t] <- L_p_poutes[t] - L_mu_p_poutes[t]
  for (t in 16:T){
    ratio_juv_prod_V[t] <-1 - ratio_juv_prod_L[t]
    ratio_juv_prod_L[t] <- (Juv_tot[t,2] + Juv_tot[t,3]*rho_poutes) / (Juv_tot[t,1] + Juv_tot[t,2] + Juv_tot[t,3]
*rho_poutes)
    ratio_juv_L[t]<- rho_station * (ratio_habitat[t,2]+ratio_habitat[t,3]) + (1 - rho_station) * ratio_juv_prod_L[t]
    L_ratio_juv_L[t] <- logit(ratio_juv_L[t])
```

```
L_mu_p_langeac[t]<-L_ratio_juv_L[t]+ adjust_p_L
        L_p_langeac[t]~dnorm(L_mu_p_langeac[t],tau_p_langeac)
        res_p_langeac[t] <- L_p_langeac[t] - L_mu_p_langeac[t]
        ratio\_juv\_prod\_P[t] <- \ Juv\_tot[t,3] \ *rho\_poutes/ \ (\ Juv\_tot[t,2] + Juv\_tot[t,3] \ *rho\_poutes)
        ratio\_juv\_P[t] <- rho\_station * (S\_juv\_JP[t,3] / (S\_juv\_JP[t,2] + S\_juv\_JP[t,3])) + (1 - rho\_station) * (S\_juv\_JP[t,2] + S\_juv\_JP[t,3]) + (1 - rho\_station) * (S\_juv\_JP[t,2] + S\_juv\_JP[t,3]) + (1 - rho\_station) * (S\_juv\_JP[t,2] + S\_juv\_JP[t,3]) + (1 - rho\_station) * (S\_juv\_JP[t,3] + S\_juv\_JP[t,3]) + (S\_juv\_JP[t,3] + S\_juv\_JP[t,3] + S\_juv\_J
ratio_juv_prod_P[t]
        L_ratio_juv_P[t] <- logit(ratio_juv_P[t])
        L_mu_p_poutes[t]<-L_ratio_juv_P[t]+ adjust_p_P
        L_p_poutes[t]~dnorm(L_mu_p_poutes[t],tau_p_poutes)
        res_p_poutes[t] <- L_p_poutes[t] - L_mu_p_poutes[t]
     }
#$$$$$$$$$$$$$
# SECONDE PART #
#$$$$$$$$$$$$$
  # 1. LOOP FOR YEARS (only downstream Poutès)
  for (t in 1:11){
     #===========
     # 1.1 Redd/Spawners part
     logit(p_langeac[t])<- L_p_langeac[t]
     #mu_N_L[t]<-N[t,1] * p_langeac[t]
     #tau_N_L[t]<-1/ (N[t,1] * p_langeac[t] * (1-p_langeac[t]) )
     max_N_langeac[t]<- N_corrected[t] - 1 #N[t,1] - S_stocking[t] - 1
     #without fish caught for breeeding or rod catches
     N_corrected[t] <- N[t,1] - tot_C[t] - S_stocking[t]
     N[t,2] \sim dbin(p\_langeac[t],N\_corrected[t]) \quad \# \sim dnorm(mu\_N\_L[t],tau\_N\_L[t]) \\ I(min\_L[t],max\_N\_langeac[t])
#N[t,1]) ##
        #1.1.1 Number of potential spawners
        S_ts[t,1]<- max( N[t,1] - tot_C[t] - S_stocking[t] - N[t,2] ,1)
        S_{ts[t,2]} < -max(N[t,2],1)
        ratio_S[t,1] <- S_ts[t,1] / ( S_ts[t,1] + S_ts[t,2] )
        ratio_S[t,2] <- S_ts[t,2] / ( S_ts[t,1] + S_ts[t,2] )
     # 1.2 Loop for zones (1= Vichy-Langeac, 2= Langeac-Poutès, 3= upstream Poutès)
     for (i in 1:2){
        #1.2.1 Redd/Spawners part
           #.....
           # 1.2.1.1 estimation of the spawners
           #.....
           R[t,i] ~dpois(lambda[t,i])
           lambda[t,i] <- S_ts[t,i] *zone_effect[t,i] * hel_effect[1] *p_area[t,i]
           #residus calculés pour êtres centrés sur 0 avec varaince homogene
```

```
res_R[t,i]<-(R[t,i]-lambda[t,i])/sqrt(lambda[t,i])
             #.....
             # 1.2.1.2 Cut of all parameters
             #.....
             lambda_cut[t,i]<-cut(lambda[t,i])
             R_rep[t,i]~dpois(lambda_cut[t,i])
          # 1.2.2 Juvenile production
          # I juv moy = indicator for stocking of 0+ or not
          # I egg_moy = indicator for stocking of eggs or not
          #d_tot_moy without taking into acount area for the stocked juveniles (data only from year 31)
          d_{tot_moy[t+1,i]} \leftarrow d_{wild_moy[t+1,i]} + l_{iuv_moy[t+1,i]} * d_{iuv_moy[t+1,i]}
          Juv[t+1,i] \leftarrow d_tot_mov[t+1,i] S_juv_JP[t+1,i]
             #.....
             # 1.2.2.1 Wild component
             #.....
             log(d_wild_moy[t+1,i]) \leftarrow L_d_wild_moy[t+1,i]
             L_d_wild_moy[t+1,i] \sim dnorm(L_mu_d_wild[t+1,i],tau_wild_moy)I(-6.91,1.09)
             L_mu_d_wild[t+1,i] \leftarrow log((S_ts[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]) / (alpha_dd + beta_dd * (S_ts[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]))) + log((S_ts[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i])) / (alpha_dd + beta_dd * (S_ts[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]))) / (alpha_dd * (S_ts[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i])) / (alpha_dd * (S_ts[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i])) / (alpha_dd * (S_ts[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i])) / (alpha_dd * (S_ts[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i])) / (alpha_dd * (S_ts[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i])) / (alpha_dd * (S_ts[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/S_iuv_JP[t,i]/
nu_wild[i]
             res_wild_moy[t+1,i] \leftarrow L_d_wild_moy[t+1,i] - L_mu_d_wild[t+1,i]
             #.....
             # 1.2.2.2 stocked juvenile component
             #.....
             log(d_juv_moy[t+1,i]) <- L_d_juv_moy[t+1,i]
             L_d_{juv_moy[t+1,i]} \sim dnorm(L_mu_d_{juv[t+1,i],tau_{juv_moy[l_{juv_moy[t+1,i]+1]})}(-6.91,1.09) #<-
L_mu_d_juv[t+1,i]
              Rmax_juv_temp[t+1,i] <- ( Rmax - ((S_ts[t,i]/S_juv_JP[t,i]) / (alpha_dd + beta_dd *
(S_ts[t,i]/S_juv_JP[t,i]))) ) * exp(nu_wild[i])
              Rmax_juv[t+1,i] \leftarrow max(Rmax_juv_temp[t+1,i],0.000001)
             beta dd juv[t+1,i] <- 1 / Rmax juv[t+1,i]
             L_mu_d_iv_[t+1,i] <- I_iv_moy[t+1,i] * log( (stock_iv_[t+1,i]/S_iv_JP[t+1,i]) / I_iv_JP[t+1,i] <- I_iv_moy[t+1,i] + I_iv_moy[t+1,i] | I_
(alpha_dd_juv/exp(nu_wild[i]) + beta_dd_juv[t+1,i] * (stock_juv[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]))) #+ (1 -
I_juv_moy[t+1,i]) * 0
             res_juv_moy[t+1,i] <- L_d_juv_moy[t+1,i] - L_mu_d_juv[t+1,i]
             # getting out of the zone loop, one loop for each zones and the local densitie
             # to avoid using 3 dimensions matrix
      }
          # 1.2.3 Successive removal fisheries
          # I site juv V/L/P = indicator for presence/absence of stocking on the site
          # loop for sites with successive removal EF (DE LURY)
             #.....
             # 1.2.3.1 zone 1 : Vichy Langeac
             #.....
             for (k in 1:J[t+1,1]){
                 d_V[t+1,k] < d_wild_V[t+1,k] + I_site_juv_V[t+1,k] * d_juv_V[t+1,k]
                 log(d_wild_V[t+1,k]) < -L_d_wild_V[t+1,k]
                 L_d_wild_V[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_wild_moy[t+1,1], tau_wild_site)I(-6.91,1.09)
                 log(d_iuv_V[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_iuv_V[t+1,k]
                 L d juv V[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L d juv mov[t+1,1], tau juv site[I site juv <math>V[t+1,k] + 1])[(-6.91,1.09)]
                 lambda_N_V[t+1,k] < -d_V[t+1,k] * S_depl_V[t+1,k]
                 #Abundance follows a Poisson distribution
                 N_{tot_{v[t+1,k]}\sim dpois(lambda_{v[t+1,k]})}
                 L_p_V[t+1,k]~dnorm(L_mu_p_cut,L_tau_p_cut)
                 logit(p_V[t+1,k]) < -L_p_V[t+1,k]
```

```
C_1_V[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_V[t+1,k],N_tot_V[t+1,k])
            N_1_V[t+1,k] < -N_tot_V[t+1,k] - C_1_V[t+1,k]
            #not all sites have 2 pass, this vector show which sites does
              for (h in 1:pass_2_V[t+1,k]){
                 C_2V[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_V[t+1,k],N_1V[t+1,k])
                 N_2V[t+1,k]<-N_1V[t+1,k]-C_2V[t+1,k]
              }
         }
         #1.2.3.2 zone 2: Langeac Poutes
         #.....
         for (k in 1:J[t+1,2]){
            d_L[t+1,k] < -d_wild_L[t+1,k] + l_site_juv_L[t+1,k] * d_juv_L[t+1,k]
            log(d_wild_L[t+1,k]) < -L_d_wild_L[t+1,k]
            L_d_wild_L[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_wild_moy[t+1,2], tau_wild_site)I(-6.91,1.09)
            log(d_juv_L[t+1,k]) <- L_d_juv_L[t+1,k]
            L_d_juv_L[t+1,k] ~ dnorm( L_d_juv_moy[t+1,2] , tau_juv_site[ l_site_juv_L[t+1,k] + 1])l(-6.91,1.09)
            lambda_N_L[t+1,k] < -d_L[t+1,k] *S_depl_L[t+1,k]
            #Abundance follows a Poisson distribution
            N_{tot_{l}} = N_{tot_{l}} = N_{l} = 
            L_p_L[t+1,k]\sim dnorm(L_mu_p_cut,L_tau_p_cut)
            logit(p_L[t+1,k]) < -L_p_L[t+1,k]
            C_1_L[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_L[t+1,k],N_tot_L[t+1,k])
            N_1_L[t+1,k] < -N_tot_L[t+1,k] - C_1_L[t+1,k]
            #not all sites have 2 pass, this vector show which sites does
              for (h in 1:pass_2_L[t+1,k]){
                 C_2_L[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_L[t+1,k],N_1_L[t+1,k])
                 N_2_{[t+1,k]} < N_1_{[t+1,k]} - C_2_{[t+1,k]}
                 #not all sites have 3 pass, this vector show which sites does
                 for (m in 1:pass_3_L[t+1,k]){
                   C_3_L[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_L[t+1,k],N_2_L[t+1,k])
                 }
              }
         }
    }
  # 2. LOOP FOR YEARS (all zones mais pas encore de juvéniles à Poutès - seulement en année T=16)
  for (t in 12:22){
    #======
    # 2.1 Redd/Spawners part
    #==========
    logit(p_langeac[t])<- L_p_langeac[t]
    logit(p_poutes[t])<- L_p_poutes[t]
    pool_juv[t]<-s_juv2ad * Juv_tot_system[t] + s_smolt * (0.5 * smolts_tot[t+1] + 0.5 * smolts_tot[t])
    L_mu_Vichy_nm[t]<-log(s_juv2ad * Juv_tot_system[t] + s_smolt * (0.5 * smolts_tot[t+1] + 0.5 * smolts_tot[t]
)) + level_s *I_surv[t]
    mean y surv[t] <- s juv2ad * exp(level s * I surv[t])
    \#\min_{N_1[t] < \max(N[t,3]+2, \min_{L[t]}) + S_{\text{stocking}[t]} + 2}
    min_N_1[t] < -max(N[t,3]+2,tot_C[t]+2)+S_stocking[t]
    N[t,1]\sim dlnorm(L_mu_Vichy_nm[t],tau_vichy)I(min_N_1[t],15000)
    #without fish caught for breeeding or rod catches
    N_corrected[t] <- N[t,1] - tot_C[t] - S_stocking[t]
    res_Vichy[t] <- log(N[t,1]) - L_mu_Vichy_nm[t]
```

```
#mu_N_L[t]<-N[t,1] * p_langeac[t]
     #tau_N_L[t]<-1/ (N[t,1] * p_langeac[t] * (1-p_langeac[t]) )
     max_N_langeac[t]<- N_corrected[t] - 1 #N[t,1] - S_stocking[t]-1
     min_LP[t] < -max(min_L[t], N[t,3]+1) # max(N[t,3]+1, min_L[t])
     N[t,2] \sim dbin(p\_langeac[t], N\_corrected[t]) I(min\_L\_P[t],)
#~dnorm(mu_N_L[t],tau_N_L[t])I(min_L_P[t],max_N_langeac[t]) # #
     #mu_N_P[t]<-N[t,2] * p_poutes[t]
     #tau_N_P[t]<-1/ (N[t,2] * p_poutes[t] * (1-p_poutes[t]) )
     max_N_poutes[t]<-N[t,2]-1
     N[t,3]~dbin(p_poutes[t],N[t,2]) #~dnorm(mu_N_P[t],tau_N_P[t])I(1,max_N_poutes[t])
       # 2.1.1 Number of potential spawners
       mu_S_ts[t,1]<- N[t,1] - N[t,2] - S_stocking[t]
       mu_S_{ts[t,2]} < N[t,2]-N[t,3]
       test[t] < -mu_S_ts[t,1] - S_ts[t,1]
       S_{ts}[t,1] < \max(N[t,1] - N[t,2] - S_{stocking}[t] - tot_C[t],1) #~dnorm(mu_S_ts[t,1],1)I(0.001,) #
       S_{ts[t,2]} - max(N[t,2]-N[t,3],1) #-dnorm(mu_S_{ts[t,2],1}) #
       S_{ts[t,3]}<-max(N[t,3],1)
       ratio_S[t,1] \leftarrow S_{ts}[t,1] / (S_{ts}[t,1] + S_{ts}[t,2] + S_{ts}[t,3])
       ratio_S[t,2] <- S_ts[t,2] / ( S_ts[t,1] + S_ts[t,2] + S_ts[t,3] )
       ratio_S[t,3] \leftarrow S_{ts}[t,3] / (S_{ts}[t,1] + S_{ts}[t,2] + S_{ts}[t,3])
#-----
     # 2.2 Loop for zones (1= Vichy-Langeac, 2= Langeac-Poutès, 3= upstream Poutès)
     for (i in 1:3){
       # 2.2.1 Redd/Spawners part
          #.....
          # 2.2.1.1 estimation of the spawners
          R[t,i]~dpois(lambda[t,i])
          lambda[t,i] <- S_ts[t,i] *zone_effect[t,i]* hel_effect[1] *p_area[t,i]
          res_R[t,i]<-(R[t,i]-lambda[t,i])/sqrt(lambda[t,i])
          #.....
          # 2.2.1.2 Cut of all parameters
          #.....
          lambda_cut[t,i]<-cut(lambda[t,i])
          R_rep[t,i]~dpois(lambda_cut[t,i])
           \#S\_counter[t,i] <- R[t,i] \; / \; (zone\_effect[t,i] \; *p\_area[t,i])
           #chisq_disc_R[t,i]<- (R[t,i]-lambda[t,i]) * (R[t,i]-lambda[t,i]) / (lambda[t,i])
           #chisq_disc_R_rep[t,i]<- (R_rep[t,i]-lambda[t,i]) * (R_rep[t,i]-lambda[t,i]) / (lambda[t,i])
       # 2.2.2 Juvenile production
       # I_juv_moy = indicator for stocking of 0+ or not
       # I_egg_moy = indicator for stocking of eggs or not
       #d_tot_moy without taking into acount area for the stocked juveniles (data only from year 31)
       d_{tot_{moy}[t+1,i]} <- d_{wild_{moy}[t+1,i]} + l_{juv_{moy}[t+1,i]} * d_{juv_{moy}[t+1,i]} + l_{egg_{moy}[t+1,i]} * d_{juv_{moy}[t+1,i]} * d_{juv_{moy}[t+1,i
d_egg_moy_surf[t+1,i]
       Juv[t+1,i] \leftarrow d_tot_moy[t+1,i]*S_juv_JP[t+1,i]
       d_{egg_moy_surf[t+1,i]} \leftarrow d_{egg_moy[t+1,i]}
```

```
#.....
                # 2.2.2.1 Wild component
                #.....
                log(d_wild_moy[t+1,i]) \leftarrow L_d_wild_moy[t+1,i]
                L_d_wild_moy[t+1,i] \sim dnorm(L_mu_d_wild[t+1,i],tau_wild_moy)I(-6.91,1.09) #<- L_mu_d_wild[t+1,i]
#
                 L_mu_d\_wild[t+1,i] <- log((S_ts[t,i]/S_juv\_JP[t,i]) / (alpha_dd + beta_dd * (S_ts[t,i]/S_juv\_JP[t,i]))) + (alpha_dd + beta_dd * (S_ts[t,i]/S_juv\_JP[t,i])) + (alpha_dd * (S_ts[t,i]/S_juv\_JP[t,i]/S_juv\_JP[t,i])) + (alpha_dd * (S_ts[t,i]/S_juv\_JP[t,i]/S_juv\_JP[t,i])) + (alpha_dd * (S_ts[t,i]/S_juv\_JP[t,i]/S_j
nu_wild[i]
                res_wild_moy[t+1,i] \leftarrow L_d_wild_moy[t+1,i] - L_mu_d_wild[t+1,i]
                #.....
                # 2.2.2.2 stocked juvenile component
                #.....
                log(d_juv_moy[t+1,i]) \leftarrow L_d_juv_moy[t+1,i]
                L_d_{iuv_moy[t+1,i]} \sim dnorm(L_mu_d_{iuv[t+1,i],tau_{iuv_moy[}I_{iuv_moy[t+1,i]+1]})I(,1.09)
                # We recaculate the Rmax "available" to stocked 0+ by substracting wild 0+ density and stocked eggs
density
                # to the total Rmax of the density dependence relationship
                Rmax_juv_temp[t+1,i] <- ( Rmax - ((S_ts[t,i]/S_juv_JP[t,i]) / (alpha_dd + beta_dd *
(S_{ts[t,i]/S_{juv_JP[t,i]}))) * exp(nu_wild[i])
                Rmax_juv[t+1,i]<-max( Rmax_juv_temp[t+1,i] , 0.000001)
                beta_dd_juv[t+1,i] <- 1 / Rmax_juv[t+1,i]
                L_mu_d_juv[t+1,i] <- I_juv_moy[t+1,i] * log( (stock_juv[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]) / I_juv_moy[t+1,i] + I_juv
(alpha\_dd\_juv/exp(nu\_wild[i]) + beta\_dd\_juv[t+1,i]*(stock\_juv[t+1,i]/S\_juv\_JP[t+1,i])))
                res_{juv_{moy}[t+1,i]} \leftarrow L_{d_{juv_{moy}[t+1,i]}} - L_{mu_{d_{juv}[t+1,i]}}
                #.....
                # 2.2.2.3 stocked egg component
                #.....
                log(d_egg_mov[t+1,i]) \leftarrow L_d_egg_mov[t+1,i]
                L_d_{egg_moy[t+1,i]} \sim dnorm(L_mu_d_{egg[t+1,i],tau_{egg_moy[t+1,i]} + 1])l(-6.91,1.09) #
                res_egg_moy[t+1,i] <- L_d_egg_moy[t+1,i] - L_mu_d_egg[t+1,i]
                # I egg unit = indicator of presence of incubators or not: only zone 1 and 2 concerned
                # I_egg_VL = indicator for incubators in zone 1
                # I_egg_LP = indicator for incubators in zone 2
                # I_list_inc = indicator for each incabutors loaded or not
                L_mu_d_egg[t+1,i] <- equals(i,1) *
                                           log(
                                           (1-l_{egg_moy[t+1,1]}) +
                                           (s_egg * ((stock_egg[t+1,1] + stock_egg[t+1,2] + stock_egg[t+1,3] + stock_egg[t+1,4]) /
S_juv_JP[t+1,1] ))
                                          )
                                        equals(i,2) *
                                          log(
                                           (1-I_{egg_moy[t+1,2]}) +
                                           (s_egg * ((stock_egg[t+1,5] +stock_egg[t+1,6]) / S_juv_JP[t+1,2] ))
                # getting out of the zone loop, one loop for each zones and the local densitie
                # to avoid using 3 dimensions matrix
       }
          # 2.2.3 Successive removal fisheries
          # I_site_juv_V/L/P = indicator for presence/absence of stocking on the site
          # loop for sites with successive removal EF
              #.....
              # 2.2.3.1 zone 1 : Vichy Langeac
              #.....
              for (k in 1:J[t+1,1]){
```

```
d_V[t+1,k] < -d_wild_V[t+1,k] + I_site_iuv_V[t+1,k] * d_iuv_V[t+1,k]
  log(d_wild_V[t+1,k]) < -L_d_wild_V[t+1,k]
  L_d_wild_V[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_wild_moy[t+1,1], tau_wild_site)I(-6.91,1.09)
  log(d_iuv_V[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_iuv_V[t+1,k]
  L_d_iuv_V[t+1,k] ~ dnorm( L_d_iuv_moy[t+1,1] , tau_juv_site[I_site_juv_V[t+1,k] + 1])I(-6.91,1.09)
  lambda_N_V[t+1,k] < -d_V[t+1,k] *S_depl_V[t+1,k]
  #Abundance follows a Poisson distribution
  N tot V[t+1,k]~dpois(lambda N V[t+1,k])
  L_p_V[t+1,k]~dnorm(L_mu_p_cut,L_tau_p_cut)
  logit(p_V[t+1,k]) < -L_p_V[t+1,k]
  C_1V[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_V[t+1,k],N_tot_V[t+1,k])
  N_1_V[t+1,k] < -N_{tot_V[t+1,k]} - C_1_V[t+1,k]
  #not all sites have 2 pass, this vector show which sites does
     for (h in 1:pass_2_V[t+1,k]){
        C_2V[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_V[t+1,k],N_1V[t+1,k])
        N_2V[t+1,k]<-N_1V[t+1,k]-C_2V[t+1,k]
     }
}
# 2.2.3.2 zone 2 : Langeac Poutes
#.....
for (k in 1:J[t+1,2]){
  d_L[t+1,k]<- d_wild_L[t+1,k] + I_site_juv_L[t+1,k] * d_juv_L[t+1,k]
  log(d_wild_L[t+1,k]) < -L_d_wild_L[t+1,k]
  L_d_wild_L[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_wild_moy[t+1,2], tau_wild_site)I(-6.91,3)
  log(d_juv_L[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_juv_L[t+1,k]
  L_d_iuv_L[t+1,k] ~ dnorm( L_d_juv_moy[t+1,2] , tau_iuv_site[ l_site_iuv_L[t+1,k] + 1])l(-6.91,1.09)
  lambda_N_L[t+1,k]<-d_L[t+1,k]*S_depl_L[t+1,k]
  #Abundance follows a Poisson distribution
  N_{tot_{l}} = N_{tot_{l}} = N_{l} = 
  L_p_L[t+1,k]~dnorm(L_mu_p_cut,L_tau_p_cut)
  logit(p_L[t+1,k]) < -L_p_L[t+1,k]
  C_1_L[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_L[t+1,k],N_tot_L[t+1,k])
  N_1_L[t+1,k] < -N_{tot_L[t+1,k]} - C_1_L[t+1,k]
  #not all sites have 2 pass, this vector show which sites does
     for (h in 1:pass_2_L[t+1,k]){
        C_2L[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_L[t+1,k],N_1_L[t+1,k])
        N_2_L[t+1,k]<-N_1_L[t+1,k]-C_2_L[t+1,k]
        #not all sites have 2 pass, this vector show which sites does
          for (m in 1:pass_3_L[t+1,k]){
             C_3_L[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_L[t+1,k],N_2_L[t+1,k])
          }
     }
}
# 2.2.3.3 zone 3: upstream Poutes
#.....
for (k in 1:J[t+1,3]){
  d P[t+1,k] < -d wild P[t+1,k] + I site juv P[t+1,k] * d juv P[t+1,k]
  log(d_wild_P[t+1,k]) < -L_d_wild_P[t+1,k]
  L_d_wild_P[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_wild_moy[t+1,3], tau_wild_site)I(-6.91,1.09)
```

```
log(d_iuv_P[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_iuv_P[t+1,k]
              L_d_iuv_P[t+1,k] ~ dnorm( L_d_iuv_moy[t+1,3], tau_iuv_site[ l_site_iuv_P[t+1,k] + 1])I(-6.91,1.09)
              lambda_N_P[t+1,k] < -d_P[t+1,k] *S_depl_P[t+1,k]
              #Abundance follows a Poisson distribution
              N_{tot_P[t+1,k]\sim dpois(lambda_N_P[t+1,k])}
              L_p_P[t+1,k]~dnorm(L_mu_p_cut,L_tau_p_cut)
              logit(p_P[t+1,k]) < -L_p_P[t+1,k]
              C_1_P[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_P[t+1,k],N_tot_P[t+1,k])
              N_1_P[t+1,k] < -N_{tot_P[t+1,k]} - C_1_P[t+1,k]
              #not all sites have 2 pass, this vector show which sites does
                 for (h in 1:pass_2_P[t+1,k]){
                     C_2P[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_P[t+1,k],N_1_P[t+1,k])
                    N_2P[t+1,k]<-N_1P[t+1,k]-C_2P[t+1,k]
                 }
           }
        # 2.2.4 5 min IA fisheries
         #-----
           #.....
           # 2.2.4.1 zone 1 : Vichy Langeac
           #.....
           for (k in 1:K[t+1,1]){
              d_V[t+1,k] < d_wild_V[t+1,k] + I_site_juv_V[t+1,k] * d_juv_V[t+1,k] + I_site_egg_V[t+1,k] *
d_egg_V[t+1,k]
               log(d_wild_V[t+1,k]) < -L_d_wild_V[t+1,k]
              L_d_wild_V[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_wild_moy[t+1,1], tau_wild_site)I(-6.91,3)
              log(d_iuv_V[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_iuv_V[t+1,k]
              L_d_iuv_V[t+1,k] ~ dnorm( L_d_iuv_moy[t+1,1] , tau_iuv_site[ I_site_iuv_V[t+1,k] + 1])I(-6.91,1.09)
              log(d_egg_V[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_egg_V[t+1,k]
              L_d_{egg_moy}V_{inc[t+1,k]} < I_{site_{egg_v[t+1,k]}} (L_d_{egg_moy}[t+1,1] + log(S_{iuv_v]P[t+1,1]}) -
log(S_inc_JP[t+1,1])
              L_d_{gg_v}[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_{gg_v}v_{inc}[t+1,k], tau_{gg_s}[t-1,k]+1])I(-1,k)
6.91,1.09)
              #5minute EF part
              lambda_IA_V[t+1,k]<-kappa_cut*d_V[t+1,k] #kappa_cut*pow(d_V[t+1,k],eta_cut)
              EF_IA_V[t+1,k]~dpois(lambda_IA_V[t+1,k])
           #.....
           # 2.2.4.2 zone 2 : Langeac Poutes
           #.....
           for (k in 1:K[t+1,2]){
              d_L[t+1,k]<- d_wild_L[t+1,k] + l_site_juv_L[t+1,k] * d_juv_L[t+1,k] + l_site_egg_L[t+1,k] *
d_egg_L[t+1,k]
              log(d_wild_L[t+1,k]) < -L_d_wild_L[t+1,k]
              L_d_wild_L[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_wild_moy[t+1,2], tau_wild_site)I(-6.91,1.09)
              log(d juv L[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L d juv L[t+1,k]
              L_d_juv_L[t+1,k] ~ dnorm( L_d_juv_moy[t+1,2] , tau_juv_site[ l_site_juv_L[t+1,k] + 1])l(-6.91,1.09)
              log(d_egg_L[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_egg_L[t+1,k]
              L_d_{egg_moy} = \lim_{t \to \infty} L_{t+1,k} - L_{site_{egg_t}} = \lim_{t \to \infty} L_{t+1,k} * (L_d_{egg_moy} = \lim_{t \to \infty} L_{t+1,2}) - L_{t+1,2} + L_{t+1,2} = \lim_{t \to \infty} L_{t+1,2} + L_{t+1,2} = \lim_{t \to \infty} L_{t+1,2}
log(S_inc_JP[t+1,2])
              6.91,1.09)
```

```
#5minute EF part
      lambda IA L[t+1,k]<-kappa cut*d L[t+1,k]
                                                #kappa_cut*pow(d_L[t+1,k],eta_cut)
      EF_IA_L[t+1,k]~dpois(lambda_IA_L[t+1,k])
     #.....
     # 2.2.4.3 zone 3 : upstream Poutes
     #.....
     for (k in 1:K[t+1,3]){
      d P[t+1,k] < -d wild P[t+1,k] + I site juv P[t+1,k] * d juv P[t+1,k]
      log(d_wild_P[t+1,k]) < -L_d_wild_P[t+1,k]
      L_d_wild_P[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_wild_moy[t+1,3], tau_wild_site)I(-6.91,1.09)
      log(d iuv P[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L d iuv P[t+1,k]
      L_d_juv_P[t+1,k] ~ dnorm( L_d_juv_moy[t+1,3] , tau_juv_site[ l_site_juv_P[t+1,k] + 1])I(-6.91,1.09)
      #5minute EF part
      lambda_IA_P[t+1,k]<-kappa_cut*d_P[t+1,k]
                                                #kappa_cut*pow(d_P[t+1,k],eta_cut)
      EF_IA_P[t+1,k]~dpois(lambda_IA_P[t+1,k])
 }
 # 3. Change in redd count methodology #
 for (t in 23:30){
  # 3.1 Redd/Spawners part
  logit(p_langeac[t])<- L_p_langeac[t]
  logit(p_poutes[t])<- L_p_poutes[t]
  pool_juv[t]<-s_juv2ad * Juv_tot_system[t] + s_smolt * (0.5 * smolts_tot[t+1] + 0.5 * smolts_tot[t])
  L_mu_Vichy_nm[t]<-log(s_juv2ad * Juv_tot_system[t] + s_smolt * (0.5 * smolts_tot[t+1] + 0.5 * smolts_tot[t]
)) + level_s *l_surv[t]
  mean_y_surv[t] <- s_juv2ad * exp(level_s * l_surv[t])
  \#\min_N_1[t] < \max(N[t,3]+2, \min_L[t]) + S_{\text{stocking}}[t] + 2
  # max is only added for the year we only have a minimum figure at vichy
  temp[t]<-max(tot_C[t] + S_stocking[t]+2,min_N_V[t])
  min_N_1[t] < -max(N[t,3]+2,temp[t]+2)+S_stocking[t]
  N[t,1]\sim dlnorm(L_mu_Vichy_nm[t],tau_vichy)I(min_N_1[t],15000)
  #without fish caught for breeeding or rod catches
  N_corrected[t] <- N[t,1] - tot_C[t] - S_stocking[t]
  res_Vichy[t] <- log(N[t,1]) - L_mu_Vichy_nm[t]
  #mu_N_L[t]<-N[t,1] * p_langeac[t]
  #tau_N_L[t]<-1/ (N[t,1] * p_langeac[t] * (1-p_langeac[t]) )
  max_N_langeac[t]<- N_corrected[t] - 1 #N[t,1] - S_stocking[t]-1
  \label{eq:min_L_P[t]<-max(min_L[t], N[t,3]+1)} \quad \# \quad \max(N[t,3]+1 \;,\; \min\_L[t])
  N[t,2]~dbin(p_langeac[t],N_corrected[t])I(min_L_P[t],) #
~dnorm(mu_N_L[t],tau_N_L[t])I(min_L_P[t],max_N_langeac[t])
  #mu_N_P[t]<-N[t,2] * p_poutes[t]
  #tau_N_P[t]<-1/ (N[t,2] * p_poutes[t] * (1-p_poutes[t]) )
  max_N_poutes[t]<-N[t,2]-1
  N[t,3]~dbin(p_poutes[t],N[t,2]) #~dnorm(mu_N_P[t],tau_N_P[t])I(1,max_N_poutes[t])
    # 3.1.1 Number of potential spawners
```

```
mu_S_ts[t,1]<- N[t,1] - N[t,2] - S_stocking[t]
             mu_S_{ts[t,2]} <- N[t,2]-N[t,3]
             test[t] < -mu_S_ts[t,1] - S_ts[t,1]
             S_{ts[t,1]} - max(N[t,1] - N[t,2] - S_{ts[t,1],1}) + (nu_S_{ts[t,1],1})I(0.001,) + (nu_S_{ts[t
             S_{ts[t,2]}<- max(N[t,2]-N[t,3],1) #~dnorm(mu_S_{ts[t,2],1) #
             S_{ts[t,3]}<-max(N[t,3],1)
             ratio_S[t,1] \leftarrow S_{ts}[t,1] / (S_{ts}[t,1] + S_{ts}[t,2] + S_{ts}[t,3])
             ratio_S[t,2] \leftarrow S_{ts}[t,2] / (S_{ts}[t,1] + S_{ts}[t,2] + S_{ts}[t,3])
             ratio_S[t,3] <- S_ts[t,3] / (S_ts[t,1] + S_ts[t,2] + S_ts[t,3])
       # 3.2 Loop for zones (1= Vichy-Langeac, 2= Langeac-Poutès, 3= upstream Poutès)
       for (i in 1:3){
           #-----
           # 3.2.1 Redd/Spawners part
           #-----
               #.....
               #3.2.1.1 Estimation of the spawners
               #.....
               R[t,i]~dpois(lambda[t,i])
               lambda[t,i] <- S_ts[t,i] *zone_effect[t,i]* hel_effect[2] *p_area[t,i]
               res_R[t,i]<-(R[t,i]-lambda[t,i])/sqrt(lambda[t,i])
               #.....
               #3.2.1.2 Cut of all parameters
               #.....
               lambda_cut[t,i]<-cut(lambda[t,i])
               R_rep[t,i]~dpois(lambda_cut[t,i])
               #S_counter[t,i]<-R[t,i] / (zone_effect[t,i] *p_area[t,i])
               \# chisq\_disc\_R\_rep[t,i] <- (R\_rep[t,i]-lambda[t,i]) * (R\_rep[t,i]-lambda[t,i]) / (lambda[t,i]) 
           # 3.2.2 Juvenile production
           # I_juv_moy = indicator for stocking of 0+ or not
           # I_egg_moy = indicator for stocking of eggs or not
           #d_tot_moy without taking into acount area for the stocked juveniles (data only from year 31)
           d_{tot_{moy}[t+1,i]} <- d_{wild_{moy}[t+1,i]} + l_{juv_{moy}[t+1,i]} * d_{juv_{moy}[t+1,i]} + l_{egg_{moy}[t+1,i]} *
d_egg_moy_surf[t+1,i]
           Juv[t+1,i] \leftarrow d_tot_moy[t+1,i]*S_juv_JP[t+1,i]
           d_{egg_moy_surf[t+1,i]} \leftarrow d_{egg_moy[t+1,i]}
               #.....
               #3.2.2.1 Wild component
               log(d_wild_moy[t+1,i]) \leftarrow L_d_wild_moy[t+1,i]
               L_d\_wild\_moy[t+1,i] \sim dnorm(L\_mu\_d\_wild[t+1,i],tau\_wild\_moy](-6.91,1.09) \quad \#<-L\_mu\_d\_wild[t+1,i]
                L_mu_d\_wild[t+1,i] <- log((S_ts[t,i]/S_juv\_JP[t,i]) / (alpha_dd + beta_dd * (S_ts[t,i]/S_juv\_JP[t,i]))) + (alpha_dd + beta_dd * (S_ts[t,i]/S_juv\_JP[t,i]/S_juv\_JP[t,i]))) + (alpha_dd + beta_dd * (S_ts[t,i]/S_juv\_JP[t,i]/S_juv\_JP[t,i]))) + (alpha_dd + beta_dd * (S_ts[t,i]/S_ju
               res_wild_moy[t+1,i] \leftarrow L_d_wild_moy[t+1,i] - L_mu_d_wild[t+1,i]
               #.....
               # 3.2.2.2 Stocked juvenile component
               #.....
               log(d_juv_moy[t+1,i]) \leftarrow L_d_juv_moy[t+1,i]
               L\_d\_juv\_moy[t+1,i] \sim dnorm(L\_mu\_d\_juv[t+1,i],tau\_juv\_moy[l\_juv\_moy[t+1,i]+1])I(,1.09)
```

```
# We recaculate the Rmax "available" to stocked 0+ by substracting wild 0+ density and stocked eggs
density
         # to the total Rmax of the density dependence relationship
         Rmax_juv_temp[t+1,i] <- ( Rmax - ((S_ts[t,i]/S_juv_JP[t,i]) / (alpha_dd + beta_dd *
(S_{ts[t,i]/S_{juv_JP[t,i]}))) * exp(nu_wild[i])
         Rmax_juv[t+1,i] < -max(Rmax_juv_temp[t+1,i],0.000001)
         beta_dd_juv[t+1,i] <- 1 / Rmax_juv[t+1,i]
         L_mu_d_juv[t+1,i] <- I_juv_moy[t+1,i] * log( (stock_juv[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]) / I_juv_moy[t+1,i] + I_juv
(alpha_dd_iuv/exp(nu_wild[i]) + beta_dd_iuv[t+1,i] * (stock_iuv[t+1,i]/S_iuv_JP[t+1,i])))
         res_{iuv_moy[t+1,i]} \leftarrow L_d_{iuv_moy[t+1,i]} - L_mu_d_{iuv[t+1,i]}
         #.....
         #3.2.2.3 Stocked egg component
         #.....
         log(d_egg_mov[t+1,i]) <- L_d_egg_mov[t+1,i]
         L_d_{egg_moy[t+1,i]} \sim dnorm(L_mu_d_{egg[t+1,i],tau_{egg_moy[t+1,i]} + 1])l(-6.91,1.09) #
         res\_egg\_moy[t+1,i] \leftarrow L\_d\_egg\_moy[t+1,i] - L\_mu\_d\_egg[t+1,i]
         # I_egg_unit = indicator of presence of incubators or not: only zone 1 and 2 concerned
         # I_egg_VL = indicator for incubators in zone 1
         # I egg LP = indicator for incubators in zone 2
         # I list inc = indicator for each incabutors loaded or not
         L_mu_d_egg[t+1,i] <- equals(i,1) *
                                  log(
                                   (1-I_{egg_moy[t+1,1]}) +
                                   (s_egg * ((stock_egg[t+1,1] + stock_egg[t+1,2] + stock_egg[t+1,3] + stock_egg[t+1,4]) /
S_juv_JP[t+1,1] ))
                                equals(i,2) *
                                  log(
                                   (1-I_{egg_moy[t+1,2]}) +
                                   (s_egg * ((stock_egg[t+1,5] +stock_egg[t+1,6]) / S_juv_JP[t+1,2] ))
         # getting out of the zone loop, one loop for each zones and the local densitie
         # to avoid using 3 dimensions matrix
    }
       # 3.2.3 Successive removal fisheries
       # I_site_juv_V/L/P = indicator for presence/absence of stocking on the site
       # loop for sites with successive removal EF
         #.....
         # 3.2.3.1 zone 1 : Vichy Langeac
         #.....
         for (k in 1:J[t+1,1]){
            d_V[t+1,k] < d_wild_V[t+1,k] + I_site_juv_V[t+1,k] * d_juv_V[t+1,k]
            log(d_wild_V[t+1,k]) < -L_d_wild_V[t+1,k]
            L_d_wild_V[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_wild_moy[t+1,1], tau_wild_site)I(-6.91,1.09)
            log(d_juv_V[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_juv_V[t+1,k]
            L_d_iuv_V[t+1,k] ~ dnorm( L_d_iuv_moy[t+1,1] , tau_juv_site[I_site_juv_V[t+1,k] + 1])I(-6.91,1.09)
            lambda N V[t+1,k]<-d V[t+1,k]*S depl V[t+1,k]
            #Abundance follows a Poisson distribution
            N_{tot_{v[t+1,k]}\sim dpois(lambda_{v[t+1,k]})}
            L p V[t+1,k]~dnorm(L mu p cut,L tau p cut)
            logit(p_V[t+1,k]) <-L_p_V[t+1,k]
            C_1_V[t+1,k] \sim dbin(p_V[t+1,k], N_tot_V[t+1,k])
```

```
N_1_V[t+1,k] < -N_{tot_V[t+1,k]} - C_1_V[t+1,k]
 #not all sites have 2 pass, this vector show which sites does
  for (h in 1:pass 2 V[t+1,k]){
    C_2V[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_V[t+1,k],N_1V[t+1,k])
    N_2V[t+1,k]<-N_1V[t+1,k]-C_2V[t+1,k]
  }
}
#.....
#3.2.3.2 zone 2: Langeac Poutes
#.....
for (k in 1:J[t+1,2]){
 d_L[t+1,k]<- d_wild_L[t+1,k] + I_site_juv_L[t+1,k] * d_juv_L[t+1,k]
 log(d_wild_L[t+1,k]) < -L_d_wild_L[t+1,k]
 L_d_wild_L[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_wild_moy[t+1,2], tau_wild_site)I(-6.91,3)
 log(d_iuv_L[t+1,k]) <- L_d_iuv_L[t+1,k]
 L_d_iuv_L[t+1,k] ~ dnorm( L_d_iuv_moy[t+1,2] , tau_iuv_site[ l_site_juv_L[t+1,k] + 1])I(-6.91,1.09)
 lambda_N_L[t+1,k] < -d_L[t+1,k] *S_depl_L[t+1,k]
 #Abundance follows a Poisson distribution
 N tot L[t+1,k]~dpois(lambda N L[t+1,k])
 L_p_L[t+1,k]~dnorm(L_mu_p_cut,L_tau_p_cut)
 logit(p_L[t+1,k]) < -L_p_L[t+1,k]
  C_1_L[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_L[t+1,k],N_tot_L[t+1,k])
  N_1_L[t+1,k] < -N_tot_L[t+1,k] - C_1_L[t+1,k]
  #not all sites have 2 pass, this vector show which sites does
  for (h in 1:pass_2_L[t+1,k]){
    C_2L[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_L[t+1,k],N_1_L[t+1,k])
    N_2_{[t+1,k]} < N_1_{[t+1,k]} - C_2_{[t+1,k]}
    #not all sites have 2 pass, this vector show which sites does
     for (m in 1:pass_3_L[t+1,k]){
      C_3_L[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_L[t+1,k],N_2_L[t+1,k])
  }
}
#3.2.3.3 zone 3: upstream Poutes
#.....
for (k in 1:J[t+1,3]){
 d_{p[t+1,k]} < d_{wild_{p[t+1,k]}} + I_{site_{juv_{p[t+1,k]}}} * d_{juv_{p[t+1,k]}}
 log(d wild P[t+1,k]) < -L d wild P[t+1,k]
 L_d_wild_P[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_wild_moy[t+1,3], tau_wild_site)I(-6.91,1.09)
 log(d_iuv_P[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_iuv_P[t+1,k]
 L_d_juv_P[t+1,k] ~ dnorm( L_d_juv_moy[t+1,3] , tau_juv_site[ l_site_juv_P[t+1,k] + 1])I(-6.91,1.09)
 lambda_N_P[t+1,k]<-d_P[t+1,k]*S_depl_P[t+1,k]
 #Abundance follows a Poisson distribution
 N tot P[t+1,k]~dpois(lambda N P[t+1,k])
 L p P[t+1,k]~dnorm(L mu p cut,L tau p cut)
 logit(p_P[t+1,k]) < -L_p_P[t+1,k]
 C_1_P[t+1,k] \sim dbin(p_P[t+1,k], N_tot_P[t+1,k])
 N_1P[t+1,k] < -N_tot_P[t+1,k] - C_1P[t+1,k]
 #not all sites have 2 pass, this vector show which sites does
  for (h in 1:pass_2_P[t+1,k]){
    C_2P[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_P[t+1,k],N_1P[t+1,k])
```

```
N_2P[t+1,k]<-N_1P[t+1,k]-C_2P[t+1,k]
                }
             # 3.2.4 5 min IA fisheries
                 #.....
                 # 3.2.4.1 zone 1 : Vichy Langeac
                 for (k in 1:K[t+1,1]){
                      d_{V[t+1,k]} <- d_{wild_{V[t+1,k]}} + I_{site_{juv_{V[t+1,k]}}} * d_{juv_{V[t+1,k]}} + I_{site_{egg_{V[t+1,k]}}} * d_{juv_{V[t+1,k]}} + I_{site_{egg_{V[t+1,k]}}} * d_{juv_{V[t+1,k]}} + I_{site_{egg_{V[t+1,k]}}} * d_{juv_{V[t+1,k]}} + I_{site_{egg_{V[t+1,k]}}} * d_{juv_{V[t+1,k]}} * d_{juv_{V[t+1,k]}
d_egg_V[t+1,k]
                      log(d_wild_V[t+1,k]) < -L_d_wild_V[t+1,k]
                     L_d_wild_V[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_wild_moy[t+1,1], tau_wild_site)I(-6.91,3)
                     log(d_juv_V[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_juv_V[t+1,k]
                     L_d_juv_V[t+1,k] ~ dnorm( L_d_juv_moy[t+1,1] , tau_juv_site[ I_site_juv_V[t+1,k] + 1])I(-6.91,1.09)
                     log(d_egg_V[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_egg_V[t+1,k]
                     L_d_{egg_moy}V_{inc[t+1,k]} < I_{site_{egg_v[t+1,k]}} (L_d_{egg_moy}[t+1,1] + log(S_{iuv_v]P[t+1,1]}) -
log(S_inc_JP[t+1,1])
                     L_d_{gg_v}[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_{gg_v}v_{inc}[t+1,k], tau_{gg_s}[t-1,k]+1])I(-1,k)
6.91,1.09)
                     #5minute EF part
                     lambda\_IA\_V[t+1,k] < -kappa\_cut^*d\_V[t+1,k] \quad \#kappa\_cut^*pow(d\_V[t+1,k],eta\_cut)
                     EF_IA_V[t+1,k]~dpois(lambda_IA_V[t+1,k])
                 #.....
                 # 3.2.4.2 zone 2 : Langeac Poutes
                 for (k in 1:K[t+1,2]){
                     d_L[t+1,k]<- d_wild_L[t+1,k] + l_site_juv_L[t+1,k] * d_juv_L[t+1,k] + l_site_egg_L[t+1,k] *
d_egg_L[t+1,k]
                     log(d_wild_L[t+1,k]) < -L_d_wild_L[t+1,k]
                     L_d_wild_L[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_wild_moy[t+1,2], tau_wild_site)I(-6.91,1.09)
                     log(d_juv_L[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_juv_L[t+1,k]
                     L_d_juv_L[t+1,k] ~ dnorm( L_d_juv_moy[t+1,2] , tau_juv_site[ l_site_juv_L[t+1,k] + 1])l(-6.91,1.09)
                     log(d_egg_L[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_egg_L[t+1,k]
                     L_d_{egg_moy} = \lim_{t \to \infty} L_{t+1,k} - L_{site_{egg_t}} = \lim_{t \to \infty} L_{t+1,k} * (L_d_{egg_moy} = \lim_{t \to \infty} L_{t+1,2}) - L_{site_{egg_t}} = \lim_{t \to \infty} L_{t+1,k} = \lim_{t \to \infty} L_{t
log(S_inc_JP[t+1,2])
                     L_d_{egg} L[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_{egg} moy_L_{inc}[t+1,k], tau_{egg}_{site}[l_{site} egg_L[t+1,k] + 1])(-1)
6.91,1.09)
                     #5minute EF part
                     lambda_IA_L[t+1,k]<-kappa_cut*d_L[t+1,k]
                                                                                                                                                                       #kappa_cut*pow(d_L[t+1,k],eta_cut)
                     EF_IA_L[t+1,k]~dpois(lambda_IA_L[t+1,k])
                 }
                 #.....
                 # 3.2.4.3 zone 3 : upstream Poutes
                 for (k in 1:K[t+1,3]){
                     \label{eq:control_problem} d\_P[t+1,k] <- \ d\_wild\_P[t+1,k] \ + \ l\_site\_juv\_P[t+1,k] \ * \ d\_juv\_P[t+1,k]
                     log(d_wild_P[t+1,k]) < -L_d_wild_P[t+1,k]
                     L_d_wild_P[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_wild_moy[t+1,3], tau_wild_site)I(-6.91,1.09)
                     log(d_juv_P[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_juv_P[t+1,k]
                     L_d_juv_P[t+1,k] ~ dnorm( L_d_juv_moy[t+1,3] , tau_juv_site[ l_site_juv_P[t+1,k] + 1])I(-6.91,1.09)
```

```
#5minute EF part
      lambda IA P[t+1,k]<-kappa cut*d P[t+1,k]
                                                #kappa_cut*pow(d_P[t+1,k],eta_cut)
      EF_IA_P[t+1,k]~dpois(lambda_IA_P[t+1,k])
    }
 }
 # 4. Take into acount the area used for stocked juveniles #
 for (t in 31:T-1){
  #===========
  # 4.1 Redd/Spawners part
  logit(p_langeac[t])<- L_p_langeac[t]
  logit(p_poutes[t])<- L_p_poutes[t]
  pool_juv[t]<-s_juv2ad * Juv_tot_system[t] + s_smolt * (0.5 * smolts_tot[t+1] + 0.5 * smolts_tot[t])
   L_mu_Vichy_nm[t]<-log(s_juv2ad * Juv_tot_system[t] + s_smolt * (0.5 * smolts_tot[t+1] + 0.5 *
smolts_tot[t] )) + level_s *l_surv[t]
  mean_y_surv[t] <- s_juv2ad * exp(level_s * I_surv[t])
  \#\min_{N_1[t] < \max(N[t,3]+2, \min_{L[t]}) + S_{\text{stocking}[t]} + 2}
  # max is only added for the year we only have a minimum figure at vichy
  temp[t]<-max(tot_C[t] + S_stocking[t]+2,min_N_V[t])
  min_N_1[t] < -max(N[t,3]+2,temp[t]+2)+S_stocking[t]
  N[t,1]\sim dlnorm(L_mu_Vichy_nm[t],tau_vichy)I(min_N_1[t],15000)
  #without fish caught for breeeding or rod catches
  N_corrected[t] <- N[t,1] - tot_C[t] - S_stocking[t]
  res_Vichy[t] <- log(N[t,1]) - L_mu_Vichy_nm[t]
  #mu_N_L[t]<-N[t,1] * p_langeac[t]
  #tau_N_L[t]<-1/ (N[t,1] * p_langeac[t] * (1-p_langeac[t]) )
  max_N_langeac[t]<- N_corrected[t] - 1 #N[t,1] - S_stocking[t]-1
  min_LP[t] < -max(min_L[t], N[t,3]+1) # max(N[t,3]+1, min_L[t])
  N[t,2]~dbin(p_langeac[t],N_corrected[t])I(min_L_P[t],) #
~dnorm(mu_N_L[t],tau_N_L[t])I(min_L_P[t],max_N_langeac[t])
  #mu_N_P[t]<-N[t,2] * p_poutes[t]
  #tau_N_P[t]<-1/ (N[t,2] * p_poutes[t] * (1-p_poutes[t]) )
  max_N_poutes[t]<-N[t,2]-1
  N[t,3]~dbin(p_poutes[t],N[t,2]) #~dnorm(mu_N_P[t],tau_N_P[t])I(1,max_N_poutes[t])
    # 4.1.1 Number of potential spawners
    mu_S_ts[t,1]<- N[t,1] - N[t,2] - S_stocking[t]
    mu_S_{ts[t,2]} < N[t,2]-N[t,3]
    test[t] < -mu_S_ts[t,1] - S_ts[t,1]
    S_{ts}[t,1] < -max(N[t,1] - N[t,2] - S_{stocking}[t] - tot_C[t],1) #~dnorm(mu_S_{ts}[t,1],1)I(0.001,) #
    S_{ts[t,2]} \sim max(N[t,2]-N[t,3],1) #~dnorm(mu_S_{ts[t,2],1})
    S_{ts[t,3]}<-max(N[t,3],1)
    ratio S[t,1] \leftarrow S ts[t,1] / (S ts[t,1] + S ts[t,2] + S ts[t,3])
    ratio S[t,2] \leftarrow S ts[t,2] / (S ts[t,1] + S ts[t,2] + S ts[t,3])
    ratio_S[t,3] \leftarrow S_ts[t,3] / (S_ts[t,1] + S_ts[t,2] + S_ts[t,3])
```

4.2 Loop for zones (1= Vichy-Langeac, 2= Langeac-Poutès, 3= upstream Poutès)

```
for (i in 1:3){
             # 4.2.1 Redd/Spawners part
                  #.....
                  # 4.2.1.1 Estimation of the spawners
                  #.....
                  R[t,i]\sim dpois(lambda[t,i])
                  lambda[t,i] <- S_ts[t,i] *zone_effect[t,i]* hel_effect[2] *p_area[t,i]
                  res_R[t,i]<-(R[t,i]-lambda[t,i])/sqrt(lambda[t,i])
                  #.....
                  # 4.2.1.2 Cut of all parameters
                  #.....
                  lambda_cut[t,i]<-cut(lambda[t,i])
                  R_rep[t,i]~dpois(lambda_cut[t,i])
                  #S_counter[t,i]<-R[t,i] / (zone_effect[t,i] *p_area[t,i])
                  \#chisq\_disc\_R[t,i] <- \ (R[t,i]-lambda[t,i]) \ ^* \ (R[t,i]-lambda[t,i]) \ / \ (lambda[t,i])
                  #chisq_disc_R_rep[t,i]<- (R_rep[t,i]-lambda[t,i]) * (R_rep[t,i]-lambda[t,i]) / (lambda[t,i])
             # 4.2.2 Juvenile production
             # I_juv_moy = indicator for stocking of 0+ or not
             # I_egg_moy = indicator for stocking of eggs or not
             #d_tot_moy with taking into acount area for the stocked juveniles (data only from year 31)
              d_tot_moy[t+1,i] <- d_wild_moy[t+1,i] + I_juv_moy[t+1,i] *
Juv[t+1,i] \leftarrow d_tot_moy[t+1,i]*S_juv_JP[t+1,i]
             d_{egg_moy_surf[t+1,i]} \leftarrow d_{egg_moy[t+1,i]}
                  # 4.2.2.1 Wild component
                  log(d_wild_moy[t+1,i]) <- L_d_wild_moy[t+1,i]
                  L_d_wild_moy[t+1,i] \sim dnorm(L_mu_d_wild[t+1,i],tau_wild_moy)|(-6.91,1.09) \quad \#<-L_mu_d_wild[t+1,i]
                   L_mu_d\_wild[t+1,i] <- log((S_ts[t,i]/S_juv\_JP[t,i]) / (alpha_dd + beta_dd * (S_ts[t,i]/S_juv\_JP[t,i]))) + (alpha_dd + beta_dd * (S_ts[t,i]/S_juv\_JP[t,i]/S_juv\_JP[t,i]))) + (alpha_dd + beta_dd * (S_ts[t,i]/S_juv\_JP[t,i]/S_juv\_JP[t,i]))) + (alpha_dd + beta_dd * (S_ts[t,i]/S_ju
nu_wild[i]
                  res\_wild\_moy[t+1,i] \leftarrow L\_d\_wild\_moy[t+1,i] - L\_mu\_d\_wild[t+1,i]
                  #.....
                  # 4.2.2.2 Stocked juvenile component
                  #.....
                  log(d_iuv_moy[t+1,i]) \leftarrow L_d_iuv_moy[t+1,i]
                  L\_d\_juv\_moy[t+1,i] \sim dnorm(L\_mu\_d\_juv[t+1,i],tau\_juv\_moy[l\_juv\_moy[t+1,i]+1])I(,1.09)
                  # We recaculate the Rmax "available" to stocked 0+ by substracting wild 0+ density and stocked eggs
density
                  # to the total Rmax of the density dependence relationship
                  Rmax_juv_temp[t+1,i] <- ( Rmax - ((S_ts[t,i]/S_juv_JP[t,i]) / (alpha_dd + beta_dd *
(S_{t,i}/S_{uv}JP[t,i]))) * exp(nu_wild[i])
                  Rmax_juv[t+1,i] <- max(Rmax_juv_temp[t+1,i] ,0.000001)
                  beta_dd_juv[t+1,i] <- 1 / Rmax_juv[t+1,i]
                  L_mu_d_iv_[t+1,i] <- I_juv_moy[t+1,i] * log( (stock_juv[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]) / I_juv_moy[t+1,i] <- I_juv_moy[t+1,i] * log( (stock_juv[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]) / I_juv_moy[t+1,i] * log( (stock_juv[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i]/S_jv_JP[t+1,i]/S_jv_JP[t+1,i]/S_jv_JP[t+1,i]/S_jv_JP[t+1,i]/S
(alpha_dd_juv/exp(nu_wild[i]) + beta_dd_juv[t+1,i] * (stock_juv[t+1,i]/S_juv_JP[t+1,i])))
                  res_juv_moy[t+1,i] <- L_d_juv_moy[t+1,i] - L_mu_d_juv[t+1,i]
                  #.....
                  # 4.2.2.3 Stocked egg component
                  #.....
                  log(d_egg_moy[t+1,i]) \leftarrow L_d_egg_moy[t+1,i]
                   L\_d\_egg\_moy[t+1,i] \sim \ dnorm(L\_mu\_d\_egg[t+1,i], tau\_egg\_moy[\ l\_egg\_moy[t+1,i]\ +1]) \\ I(-6.91,1.09) \quad \# (-6.91,1.09) \\ I(-6.91,1.09) \\ I(-
                  res\_egg\_moy[t+1,i] \leftarrow L\_d\_egg\_moy[t+1,i] - L\_mu\_d\_egg[t+1,i]
```

```
# I_egg_unit = indicator of presence of incubators or not: only zone 1 and 2 concerned
     # I_egg_VL = indicator for incubators in zone 1
     # I_egg_LP = indicator for incubators in zone 2
     # I_list_inc = indicator for each incabutors loaded or not
     L_mu_d_egg[t+1,i] <- equals(i,1) *
                   log(
                   (1- l_egg_moy[t+1,1]) +
                   (s_egg * ((stock_egg[t+1,1] + stock_egg[t+1,2] + stock_egg[t+1,3] + stock_egg[t+1,4]) /
S_juv_JP[t+1,1]))
                  equals(i,2) *
                   log(
                   (1- l_egg_moy[t+1,2]) +
                   (s_egg * ((stock_egg[t+1,5] +stock_egg[t+1,6]) / S_juv_JP[t+1,2] ))
     # getting out of the zone loop, one loop for each zones and the local densitie
     # to avoid using 3 dimensions matrix
  }
    #--
    # 4.2.3 Successive removal fisheries
    # I_site_juv_V/L/P = indicator for presence/absence of stocking on the site
    # loop for sites with successive removal EF
     #.....
     # 4.2.3.1 zone 1 : Vichy Langeac
     #.....
     for (k in 1:J[t+1,1]){
      d_V[t+1,k] < -d_wild_V[t+1,k] + I_site_iuv_V[t+1,k] * d_iuv_V[t+1,k]
      log(d_wild_V[t+1,k]) < -L_d_wild_V[t+1,k]
      L_d_wild_V[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_wild_moy[t+1,1], tau_wild_site)I(-6.91,1.09)
      log(d_iuv_V[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_iuv_V[t+1,k]
       L\_d\_juv\_V[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(\ L\_d\_juv\_moy[t+1,1]\ ,\ tau\_juv\_site[I\_site\_juv\_V[t+1,k]\ +\ 1])I(-6.91,1.09) 
      lambda_N_V[t+1,k] < -d_V[t+1,k] * S_depl_V[t+1,k]
      #Abundance follows a Poisson distribution
      N_{tot_{v[t+1,k]}\sim dpois(lambda_{v[t+1,k]})}
      L_p_V[t+1,k]~dnorm(L_mu_p_cut,L_tau_p_cut)
      logit(p_V[t+1,k]) < -L_p_V[t+1,k]
      C_1V[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_V[t+1,k],N_tot_V[t+1,k])
      N_1_V[t+1,k] < -N_{tot_V[t+1,k]} - C_1_V[t+1,k]
      #not all sites have 2 pass, this vector show which sites does
        for (h in 1:pass_2_V[t+1,k]){
         C_2V[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_V[t+1,k],N_1V[t+1,k])
         N_2V[t+1,k] < -N_1V[t+1,k] - C_2V[t+1,k]
        }
     }
     # 4.2.3.2 zone 2 : Langeac Poutes
     #.....
     for (k in 1:J[t+1,2]){
      d_L[t+1,k] < -d_wild_L[t+1,k] + I_site_juv_L[t+1,k] * d_juv_L[t+1,k]
      log(d wild L[t+1,k]) < -L d wild L[t+1,k]
      L_d_wild_L[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_wild_moy[t+1,2], tau_wild_site)I(-6.91,3)
      log(d_juv_L[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_juv_L[t+1,k]
```

```
L_d_iuv_L[t+1,k] ~ dnorm( L_d_juv_moy[t+1,2] , tau_iuv_site[ l_site_iuv_L[t+1,k] + 1])I(-6.91,1.09)
      lambda N L[t+1,k]<-d L[t+1,k]*S depl L[t+1,k]
      #Abundance follows a Poisson distribution
      N_tot_L[t+1,k]~dpois(lambda_N_L[t+1,k])
      L_p_L[t+1,k]\sim dnorm(L_mu_p_cut,L_tau_p_cut)
      logit(p_L[t+1,k]) < -L_p_L[t+1,k]
       C 1 L[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p L[t+1,k],N tot L[t+1,k])
       N_1_L[t+1,k] < -N_tot_L[t+1,k] - C_1_L[t+1,k]
       #not all sites have 2 pass, this vector show which sites does
        for (h in 1:pass_2_L[t+1,k]){
         C_2_{[t+1,k]}\sim dbin(p_{[t+1,k]},N_1_{[t+1,k]})
         N_2_L[t+1,k] < -N_1_L[t+1,k] - C_2_L[t+1,k]
         #not all sites have 2 pass, this vector show which sites does
          for (m in 1:pass_3_L[t+1,k]){
            C_3_L[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_L[t+1,k],N_2_L[t+1,k])
          }
        }
     }
     #.....
     # 4.2.3.3 zone 3: upstream Poutes
     #.....
     for (k in 1:J[t+1,3]){
      d_{P[t+1,k]} < d_{wild} P[t+1,k] + I_{site_juv_P[t+1,k]} * d_{juv_P[t+1,k]}
      log(d_wild_P[t+1,k]) < -L_d_wild_P[t+1,k]
      L_d_wild_P[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_wild_moy[t+1,3], tau_wild_site)I(-6.91,1.09)
      log(d_iuv_P[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_iuv_P[t+1,k]
      L_d_iuv_P[t+1,k] ~ dnorm( L_d_iuv_moy[t+1,3], tau_iuv_site[ l_site_iuv_P[t+1,k] + 1])I(-6.91,1.09)
      lambda_N_P[t+1,k] < -d_P[t+1,k] * S_depl_P[t+1,k]
      #Abundance follows a Poisson distribution
      N_{tot_P[t+1,k]\sim dpois(lambda_N_P[t+1,k])}
      L_p_P[t+1,k]~dnorm(L_mu_p_cut,L_tau_p_cut)
      logit(p_P[t+1,k]) < -L_p_P[t+1,k]
      C_1_P[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_P[t+1,k],N_tot_P[t+1,k])
      N_1_P[t+1,k] < -N_{tot_P[t+1,k]} - C_1_P[t+1,k]
      #not all sites have 2 pass, this vector show which sites does
        for (h in 1:pass_2_P[t+1,k]){
         C_2P[t+1,k]\sim dbin(p_P[t+1,k],N_1_P[t+1,k])
         N_2P[t+1,k]<-N_1P[t+1,k]-C_2P[t+1,k]
        }
     }
    # 4.2.4 5 min IA fisheries
    #-----
     #.....
     # 4.2.4.1 zone 1 : Vichy Langeac
     for (k in 1:K[t+1,1]){
      d_V[t+1,k] < d_wild_V[t+1,k] + I_site_juv_V[t+1,k] * d_juv_V[t+1,k] + I_site_egg_V[t+1,k] *
d_egg_V[t+1,k]
      log(d wild V[t+1,k]) < -L d wild V[t+1,k]
      L_d_wild_V[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_wild_moy[t+1,1], tau_wild_site)I(-6.91,3)
      log(d_juv_V[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_juv_V[t+1,k]
```

```
L_d_iuv_V[t+1,k] ~ dnorm( L_d_iuv_moy[t+1,1] , tau_iuv_site[ I_site_iuv_V[t+1,k] + 1])I(-6.91,1.09)
                    log(d_egg_V[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_egg_V[t+1,k]
                    L_d_{egg_moy}V_{inc[t+1,k]} < I_{site_{egg_v[t+1,k]}} (L_d_{egg_moy[t+1,1]} + log(S_{iuv_JP[t+1,1]}) - I_{site_{egg_v[t+1,k]}} (L_d_{egg_v[t+1,k]}) = I_{site_{egg_v[t+1,k]}} (I_d_{egg_v[t+1,k]}) - I_{site_{egg_v[t+1,k]}} (I_d_{egg_v[t+1,k]}) = I_{site_{egg_v[t+1,k]}} (I_d_{egg_v[t+1,k]}) - I_{site_{egg_v[t+1,k]}} (I_d_{egg_v[t+1,k]}) = I_{site_{egg_v[t+1,k]}} (I_d_{egg_v[t+1,k]}) - I_{site_{egg_v
log(S_inc_JP[t+1,1])
                    L_d_{egg_v}[t+1,k] \sim d_{egg_mov_v}[t+1,k] + 1] L_d_{egg_v}[t+1,k] \sim d_{egg_v}[t+1,k] + 1]
6.91,1.09)
                    #5minute EF part
                    lambda IA V[t+1,k]<-kappa cut*d V[t+1,k]
                                                                                                                                                            #kappa cut*pow(d V[t+1,k],eta cut)
                    EF_IA_V[t+1,k]~dpois(lambda_IA_V[t+1,k])
                #.....
                #4.2.4.2 zone 2: Langeac Poutes
                #.....
                for (k in 1:K[t+1,2]){
                    d_L[t+1,k] < d_wild_L[t+1,k] + l_site_iuv_L[t+1,k] * d_iuv_L[t+1,k] + l_site_egg_L[t+1,k] *
d_egg_L[t+1,k]
                    log(d_wild_L[t+1,k]) < -L_d_wild_L[t+1,k]
                    L_d_wild_L[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_wild_moy[t+1,2], tau_wild_site)I(-6.91,1.09)
                    log(d_juv_L[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_juv_L[t+1,k]
                    L_d_iuv_L[t+1,k] ~ dnorm( L_d_iuv_moy[t+1,2] , tau_iuv_site[ l_site_iuv_L[t+1,k] + 1])I(-6.91,1.09)
                    log(d_egg_L[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_egg_L[t+1,k]
                    L_d_{egg_moy} = \lim_{t \to \infty} L_{t+1,k} - L_{site_{egg_t}} = \lim_{t \to \infty} L_{t+1,k} * (L_d_{egg_moy} = \lim_{t \to \infty} L_{t+1,2}) - L_{site_{egg_t}} = \lim_{t \to \infty} L_{t+1,k} = \lim_{t \to \infty} L_{t
log(S_inc_JP[t+1,2]))
                     L_d_{egg}[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_{egg}[t+1,k] + 1])(-1)
6.91,1.09)
                    #5minute EF part
                    lambda IA L[t+1,k]<-kappa cut*d L[t+1,k]
                                                                                                                                                           #kappa cut*pow(d L[t+1,k],eta cut)
                    EF_IA_L[t+1,k]~dpois(lambda_IA_L[t+1,k])
                #.....
                # 4.2.4.3 zone 3 : upstream Poutes
                #.....
                for (k in 1:K[t+1,3]){
                    d_P[t+1,k] \leftarrow d_wild_P[t+1,k] + I_site_juv_P[t+1,k] * d_juv_P[t+1,k]
                    log(d_wild_P[t+1,k]) < -L_d_wild_P[t+1,k]
                    L_d_wild_P[t+1,k] \sim dnorm(L_d_wild_moy[t+1,3], tau_wild_site)I(-6.91,1.09)
                    log(d_iuv_P[t+1,k]) \leftarrow L_d_iuv_P[t+1,k]
                    L_d_iuv_P[t+1,k] ~ dnorm( L_d_iuv_moy[t+1,3], tau_iuv_site[ l_site_iuv_P[t+1,k] + 1])I(-6.91,1.09)
                    #5minute EF part
                    lambda_IA_P[t+1,k]<-kappa_cut*d_P[t+1,k]
                                                                                                                                                           #kappa_cut*pow(d_P[t+1,k],eta_cut)
                    EF_IA_P[t+1,k]~dpois(lambda_IA_P[t+1,k])
                }
    }
    # 5. Just the last year to estimate spawners
    for (t in T:T){
        #==========
        # 5.1 Redd/Spawners part
        #==========
         logit(p_langeac[t])<- L_p_langeac[t]
          logit(p_poutes[t])<- L_p_poutes[t]
```

```
pool_iuv[t] < -s_iuv2ad^* Juv_tot_system[t] + s_smolt * (0.5 * smolts_tot[t+1] + 0.5 * smolts_tot[t])
   L_mu_Vichy_nm[t]<-log(s_juv2ad *Juv_tot_system[t] + s_smolt * (0.5 * smolts_tot[t+1] + 0.5 * smolts_tot[t]
)) + level_s *I_surv[t]
   min_N_1[t] < -max(N[t,3]+2,tot_C[t]+2)+S_stocking[t]
   N[t,1]\sim dlnorm(L_mu_Vichy_nm[t],tau_vichy)I(min_N_1[t],15000)
   res_Vichy[t] <- log(N[t,1]) - L_mu_Vichy_nm[t]
   N_corrected[t]<-N[t,1]-S_stocking[t]
   max N langeac[t]<- N corrected[t] -1 #N[t,1] - S stocking[t]-1
   min_LP[t]<-N[t,3]+1 	 #max(N[t,3]+2 , min_L[t])
   #mu_N_L[t]<-N[t,1] * p_langeac[t]
   #tau_N_L[t]<-1/ (N[t,1] * p_langeac[t] * (1-p_langeac[t]) )
   N[t,2]~dbin(p_langeac[t],N_corrected[t])I(min_L_P[t],) #
~dnorm(mu_N_L[t],tau_N_L[t])I(min_L_P[t],max_N_langeac[t])
   #mu_N_P[t]<-N[t,2] * p_poutes[t]
   #tau_N_P[t]<-1/ (N[t,2] * p_poutes[t] * (1-p_poutes[t]) )
   max_N_poutes[t]<-N[t,2]-1
   N[t,3]\sim dbin(p_poutes[t],N[t,2]) #\sim dnorm(mu_N_P[t],tau_N_P[t])I(1,max_N_poutes[t])
#~dnorm(mu_N_P[t],tau_N_P[t])I(1,max_N_poutes[t])
   #5.1.1 Number of potential spawners
   S_{ts[t,1]} < max(N[t,1] - S_{stocking[t] - tot_C[t] - N[t,2],1)
   S_{ts[t,2]} < max(N[t,2]-N[t,3],1)
   S_{ts[t,3]}<-max(N[t,3],1)
   ratio_S[t,1] \leftarrow S_ts[t,1] / (S_ts[t,1] + S_ts[t,2] + S_ts[t,3])
   ratio_S[t,2] \leftarrow S_{ts}[t,2] / (S_{ts}[t,1] + S_{ts}[t,2] + S_{ts}[t,3])
   ratio_S[t,3] <- S_ts[t,3] / (S_ts[t,1] + S_ts[t,2] + S_ts[t,3])
   # 5.2 Loop for zones (1= Vichy-Langeac, 2= Langeac-Poutès, 3= upstream Poutès)
   for (i in 1:3){
    #5.2.1 Redd/Spawners part
    #-----
      #.....
      # 5.2.1.1 Estimation of the spawners
      #.....
      R[t,i]~dpois(lambda[t,i])
      lambda[t,i] <- S_ts[t,i] *zone_effect[t,i] * hel_effect[2]*p_area[t,i]
      res_R[t,i]<-(R[t,i]-lambda[t,i])/sqrt(lambda[t,i])
      #.....
      # 5.2.1.2 Cut of all parameters
      #.....
      lambda_cut[t,i]<-cut(lambda[t,i])
      R_rep[t,i]~dpois(lambda_cut[t,i])
      #S_counter[t,i]<-R[t,i] / (zone_effect[t,i] *p_area[t,i])
      #chisq disc R[t,i]<- (R[t,i]-lambda[t,i]) * (R[t,i]-lambda[t,i]) / (lambda[t,i])
      #chisq_disc_R_rep[t,i]<- (R_rep[t,i]-lambda[t,i]) * (R_rep[t,i]-lambda[t,i]) / (lambda[t,i])
   # 5.2.2 Juvenile production (wild only)
   d_{tot_moy[t+1,i]} \leftarrow d_{wild_moy[t+1,i]}
   Juv[t+1,i] \leftarrow d_tot_moy[t+1,i] S_juv_JP[t+1,i]
     #.....
```