

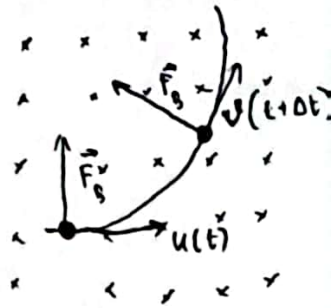
Diketahui

kecepatan partikel

$$\vec{v} = v_x \hat{i} + v_y \hat{j}$$

Medan magnet

$$\vec{B} = -B_z \hat{k}$$



(a) Hk 2 Newton

$$\sum \vec{F} = m\vec{a}$$

$$\vec{F}_B = m\vec{a}$$

$$q\vec{v} \times \vec{B} = m \frac{d\vec{v}}{dt}$$

$$q(v_x \hat{i} + v_y \hat{j}) \times (-B_z \hat{k}) = m \left( \frac{d}{dt} (v_x \hat{i}) + \frac{d}{dt} (v_y \hat{j}) \right)$$

(b) Persamaan terkopel, kedua kecepatan

$$+ \frac{qB_z}{m} (v_x \hat{j} - v_y \hat{i}) = \left( \frac{dv_x}{dt} \hat{i} + \frac{dv_y}{dt} \hat{j} \right), \text{ misal } k = \frac{qB_z}{m}$$

$$\text{Sumbu } x \quad -k v_y = \frac{dv_x}{dt} \quad \dots (1)$$

$$\text{Sumbu } y \quad k v_x = \frac{dv_y}{dt} \quad \dots (2)$$

Substitusi (1) ke (2),

$$k v_x = \frac{d}{dt} \left( -\frac{1}{k} \frac{dv_x}{dt} \right) \Rightarrow -k^2 v_x = \frac{d^2 v_x}{dt^2} \Rightarrow \frac{d^2 v_x}{dt^2} + k^2 v_x = 0 \dots$$

(c) Persamaan  $v_x(t)$ ,  $v_y(t)$ ,  $x(t)$ ,  $y(t)$

Dari persamaan (3), substitusi  $v_x = Ae^{mt}$ , maka

$$Ae^{mt} \left( \frac{d^2}{dt^2} (Ae^{mt}) + k^2 (Ae^{mt}) \right) = 0$$

$$Ae^{mt} (m^2 + k^2) = 0$$

persamaan auxiliary,  $m^2 + k^2 = 0$ , maka  $\sqrt{m^2} = \sqrt{-k^2} \rightarrow m = \pm ik$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} m_1 = 0 + ik \\ m_2 = 0 - ik \end{array} \right\} m = \alpha + i\beta$$

sehingga, persamaan general,

$$v_x(t) = e^{\alpha t} [C_1 \cos \beta t + C_2 \sin \beta t]$$

$$\therefore v_x(t) = C_1 \cos(kt) + C_2 \sin(kt) \dots (4)$$

Sedangkan kecepatan  $v_y$  dlm arah sb-y sebagai berikut

$$v_y(t) = -\frac{1}{k} \frac{d}{dt} (C_1 \cos(kt) + C_2 \sin(kt))$$

$$\therefore v_y(t) = C_3 \sin(kt) - C_4 \cos(kt)$$

Persamaan posisi,

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = v_x$$

$$\int dx = \int v_x dt$$

$$\therefore x(t) = \frac{1}{k} (C_5 \sin(kt) - C_6 \cos(kt)) + C_7$$

$$\int dy = \int v_y dt$$

$$\therefore y(t) = -\frac{1}{k} (C_8 \cos(kt) + C_9 \sin(kt)) + C_{10}$$