Supplementary materials for expanded experimental contents

May 15, 2019

In this supplementary materials, we provide expanded experimental results. First, we explain our DAM module with a visualization. Second, we present experimental results on more datasets(Pascal-5ⁱ, FMD and Opensurface) to further illustrate the performance of our proposed network.

1 Visualization of DAM Module

We provide a visualization of DAM module to explain it. As show in figure 1, each arrow in the second row represents the direction in which the corresponding texture image is most activated in the DAM module. We choose the one with the largest value from the 8 directions. We can see that when different spatial deformations are imposed on the texture images, we can still achieve consistent directional feature responses.

2 Pascal- 5^i

To validate the effectiveness of our model, we conduct experiments on a more general setting. Since OSLSM is a good benchmark in one-shot segmentation and the code is public, we compare with it on Pascal- 5^i datasets. The setting of experiment is the same as OSLSM. It can be seen in Tabel 1 that although our network is not designed for this task, we still get comparable results. Figure 2 shows some qualitative results of our model.

Method	i=0	i=1	i=2	i=3	mean
OSLSM	33.6	55.3	40.9	33.5	40.8
Our	37.2	50.2	41.8	35.1	41.1

Table 1: Our comparison with other methods on the PASCAL-5 datasets in terms of mean IoU.

Method	IoU		
OSTC	0.216		
OSLSM	0.326		
Our	0.357		

Table 2: Our comparison with other methods on the FMD datasets in terms of mean IoU.

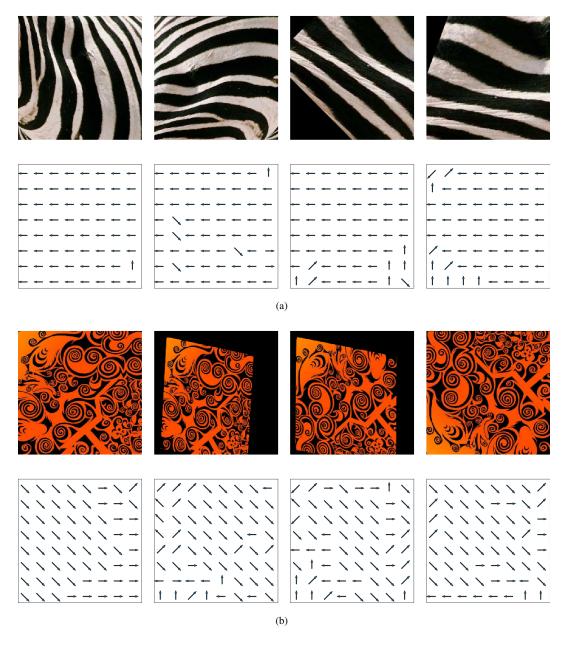


Figure 1: The first row represents the reference images after affine transformation, and the second row is the corresponding results of visualization. a and b represent two sets of texture image results.

3 FMD

To validate the effectiveness of our model on more texture datasets, we perform experiments on FMD datasets. We selected the last five classes of textures in the FMD dataset as test sets, and the rest as training sets. The other setting of

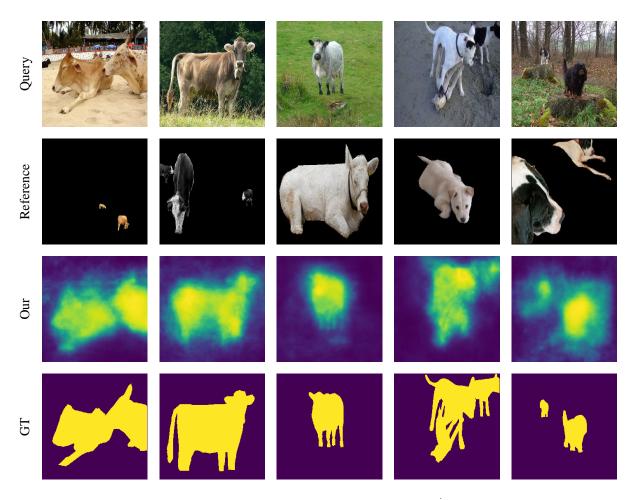


Figure 2: Some qualitative results of our model on Pascal- 5^i datasets.

experiment is the same as DTD in our paper. As shown in Figure 3 and Tabel 2, we achieve better results compared to other methods.

4 Opensurface

To validate the effectiveness of our model on large-scale datasets, we present the subjective and objective results in the Pascal-5 datasets as shown above. We also show some subjective test results of Opensurface(OS) images in Figure 6 of our original paper, here we add some more(Figure 4). As can be seen, our model can still achieve qualitative results in natural scenes even though it is trained on synthetic datasets.

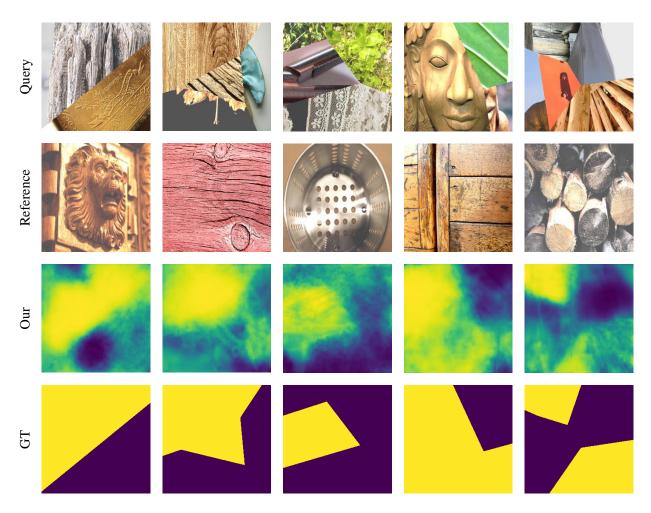


Figure 3: Some qualitative results of our model on FMD datasets.

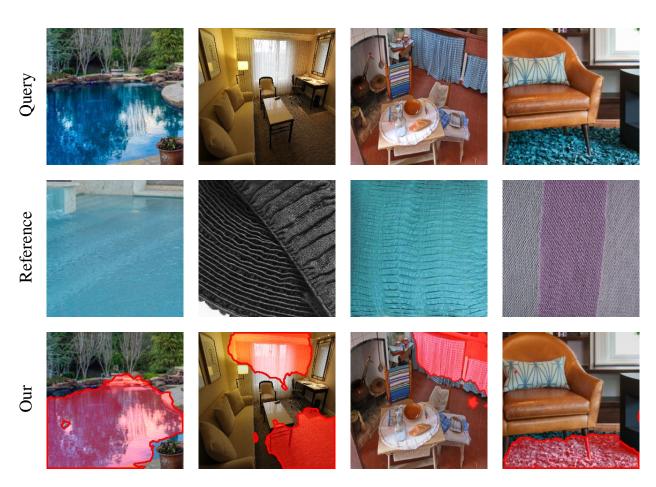


Figure 4: Some qualitative results of our model on OS datasets.