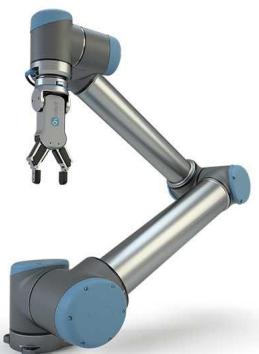
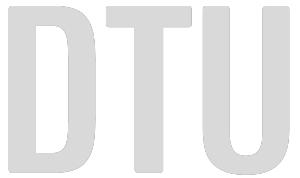


Group 1  
Lars Bach Sørensen (S235648) ,  
Lasse Manicus (S235655),  
Marius Millington (S235659)

# INDUSTRIAL PROGRAMMING





Group 1  
Lars Bach Sørensen (S235648) ,  
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Marius Millington (S235659)



# INDUSTRIAL PROGRAMMING



# Introduction / Problem (Scope)

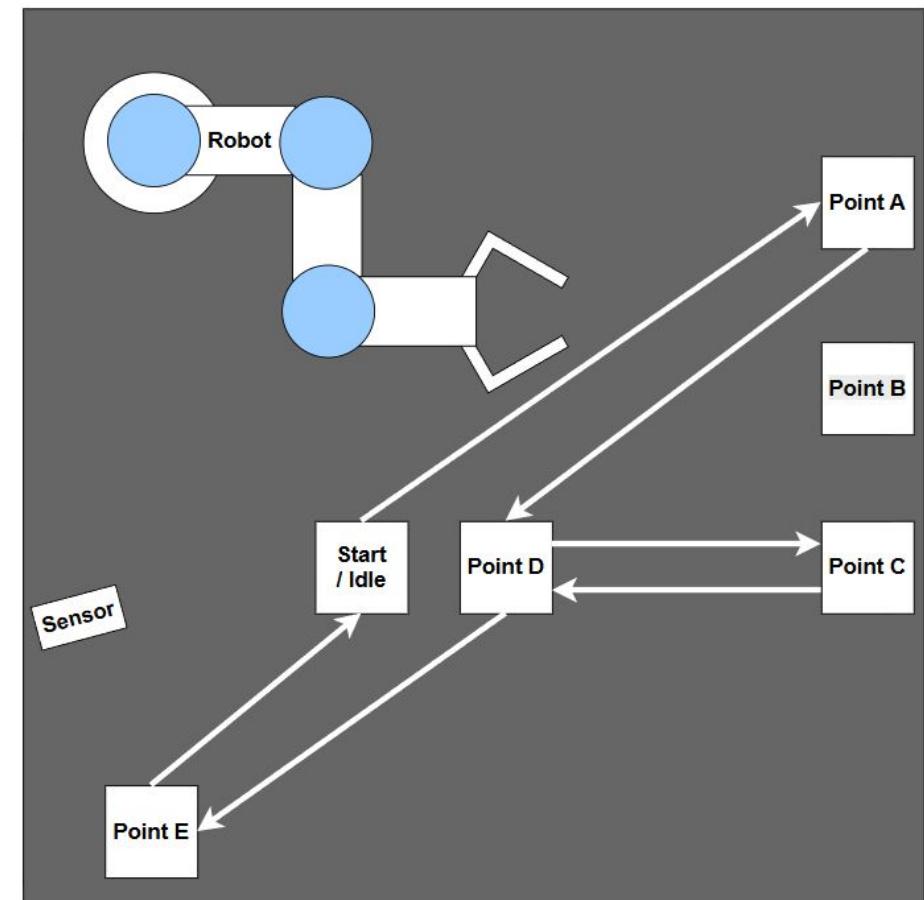


## Project context

- Automated assembly prototype for a toy box factory
- Developed as part of the *Industrial Programming* course
- Focus on integrating software, database, and an industrial UR robot

## Project objective

- Convert digital production orders into deterministic robot motion
- Demonstrate end-to-end flow:  
GUI → Database → Robot → Database
- Ensure predictable, safe, and repeatable robot behavior



Demonstration video



# Robot demonstration - Group 1



# System Architecture

## GUI / Operator Station

- Create & monitor queue & orders
- Start / control production

Inventory System — basic DB view

Robot IP: 172.20.254.201 Connect Process next order Total revenue: 0,00 kr. Check DB Reset DB

Opret ordre

Produkt: White Shell Antal: 1 Add line Submit order

Queued orders

Time	Lines	Total
21-01-2026 12:14:01	Black Shell x 2	100,00 kr.

Processed orders

Time	Lines	Total



## Application Layer (Control Logic)

- Reads next queued order
- Maps order → predefined robot sequence
- Executes robot + update DB

## Data Layer (EF Core + SQLite)

- Orders (Queued / Processed)
- Persistent system state

## Robot Integration Layer

- URScript via TCP/IP
- Centralized motion sequences & positions

## Production flow:



Status: Order submitted

## Design Principles

- Single source of truth: Database
- Clear separation of layers
- Traceability & restart safe operation
- Robot logic decoupled from UI & data



# Domain / Inventory



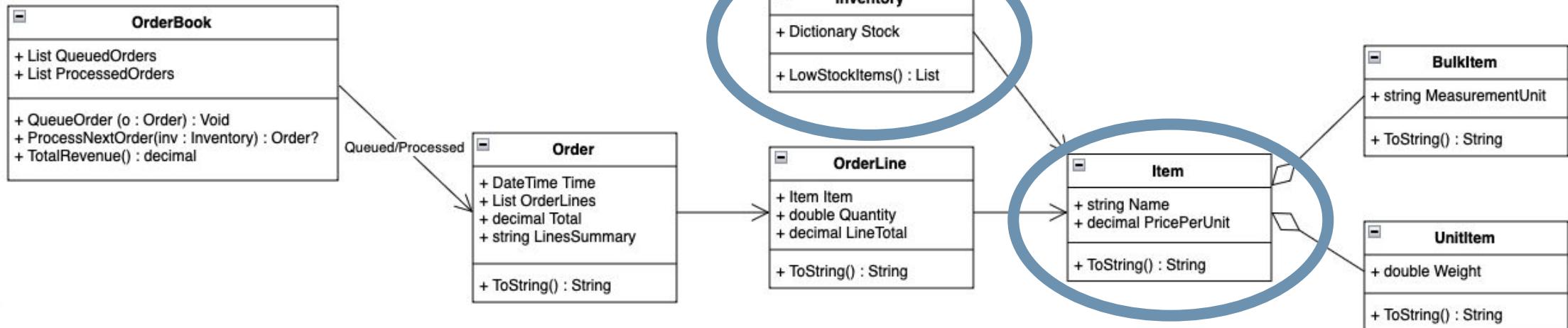
## Domain Model – Core Business Logic:

What is produced and in which order, rather than robot assembly. Independent of gui and robot.

### Inventory & item

- Represents physical components used in production
- Inventory = collection of items + quantities
- Common item abstraction with optional specialization
- Tracks stock and updates when orders are processed.

### Domain Class Diagram



# Domain / Inventory



## OrderBook & Order States

- Central production flow controller

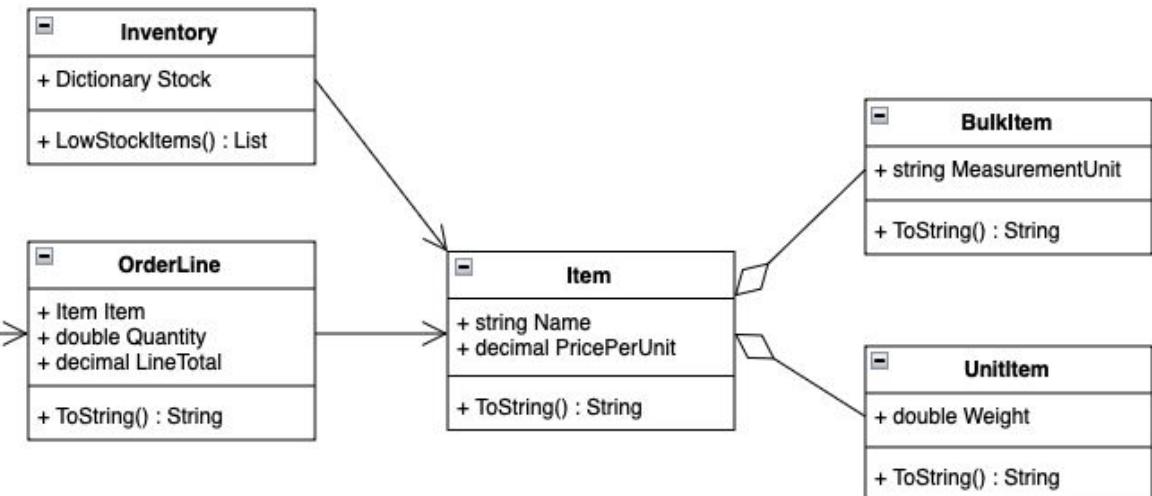
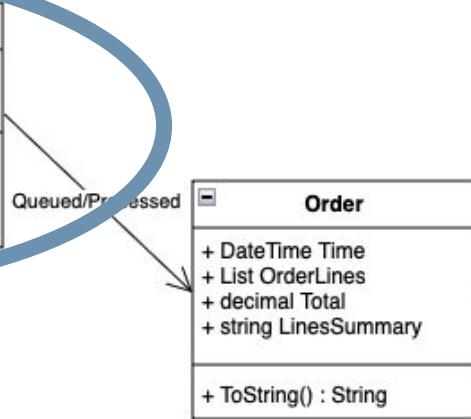
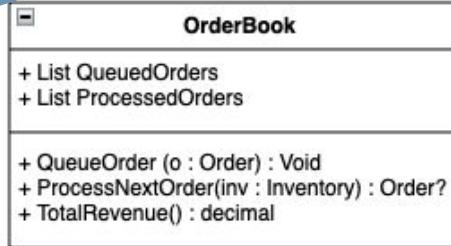
## Two states

- Queued Orders (pending)
- Processed Orders (completed)

## Characteristics

- **Operator choice:** the GUI lets the operator *compose* an order (White/Black shell lines) and submit it.
- **Queue rule:** once submitted, orders are **queued** and executed **FIFO**.
- **Traceability:** queue/processed state is stored in the database (single source of truth).

## Domain Class Diagram



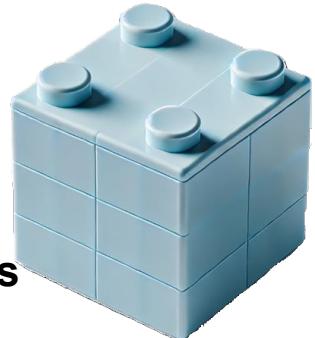
# Domain / Inventory

## Design Rationale

- Domain logic isolated from UI and robot execution
- Operator control improves transparency, safety, and testing
- Deterministic execution with option for future automation

## Result:

A simplified but realistic production control model combining **human supervision + data-driven automation**

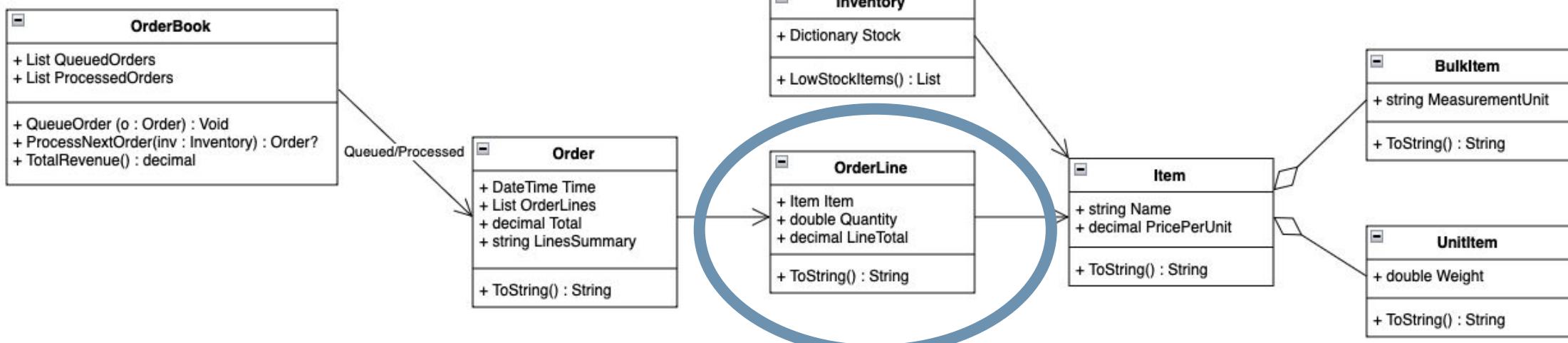


## Order Model

- **Order** = timestamp + list of **OrderLines**
- **OrderLine** = item + quantity
- Supports multi-item orders and future product expansion

**Technical Example:** Process Next Order -> Boolean (order queued condition)-> if else (stop or continue) -> Loop (based on quantity). Strings for items (reference text)

## Domain Class Diagram



# Database Design



## Database Technology and Access

- Ensures consistency between GUI, Application logic and physical robot execution.
- SQLite
- Operator controlled system (Human vs full automation)
- Entity Framework Core to persist production state
- Seeding & Reset

## Data Flow & Consistency

- All orders, inventory data, and production state are stored in the database
- Application logic reads this data and translates it into robot motion sequences.

Id	Time	ProcessedOrderBookId	QueuedOrderBookId
1	2026-01-19 10:15:15.641569	1	<null>



# Security

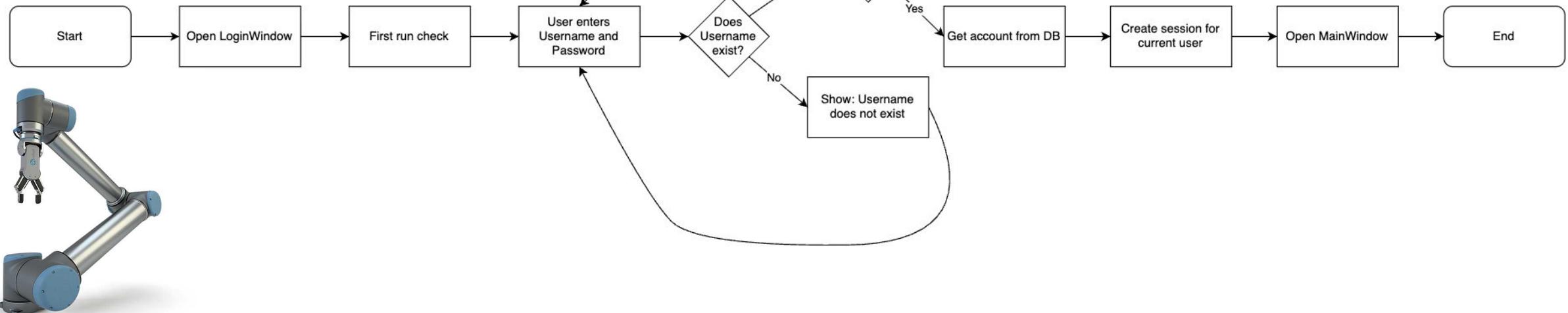


## Login feature

- Database controlled
- Has multiple verification levels
  - Does Username exist
  - Is password correct
- Creates a session for the logged in user

## Password Salting

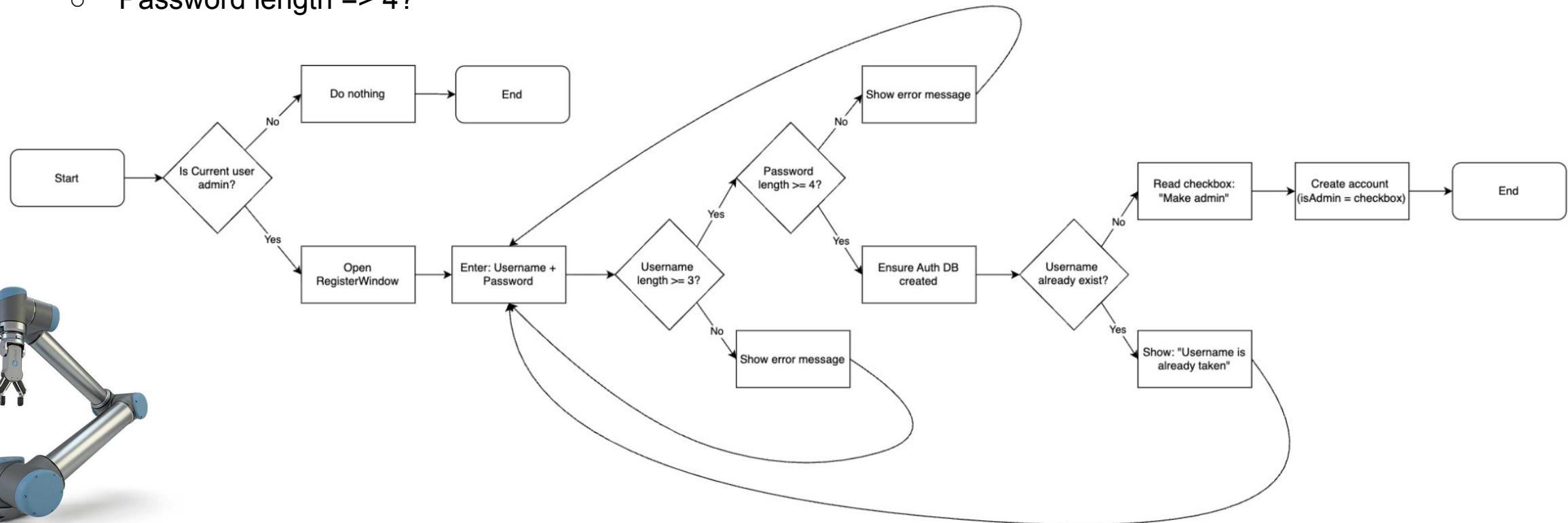
- The system uses salting in database
- Protects against precomputed attacks like Rainbow table



# Security

## Create User (Admin)

- Create new user is limited to admins
- Account requirements
  - Username length  $\geq 3$ ?
  - Password length  $\geq 4$ ?
- Option to make admin
- Creates account in database



User

Logout

Admin User

Create user

Logout



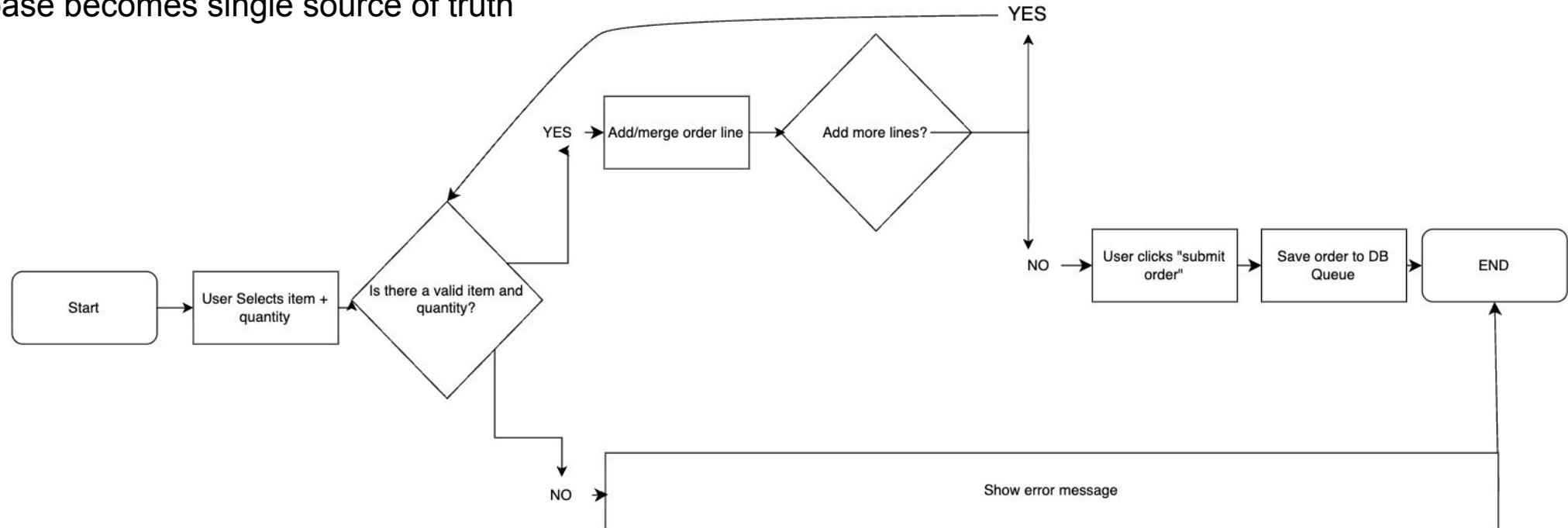


# GUI and ViewModel (MVVM)

*Interactive GUI able to both create orders and process orders.*

## Create order

- User able to select both item and quantity
- The order is first validated by the system
- Database stores as a queued order
  - Database becomes single source of truth



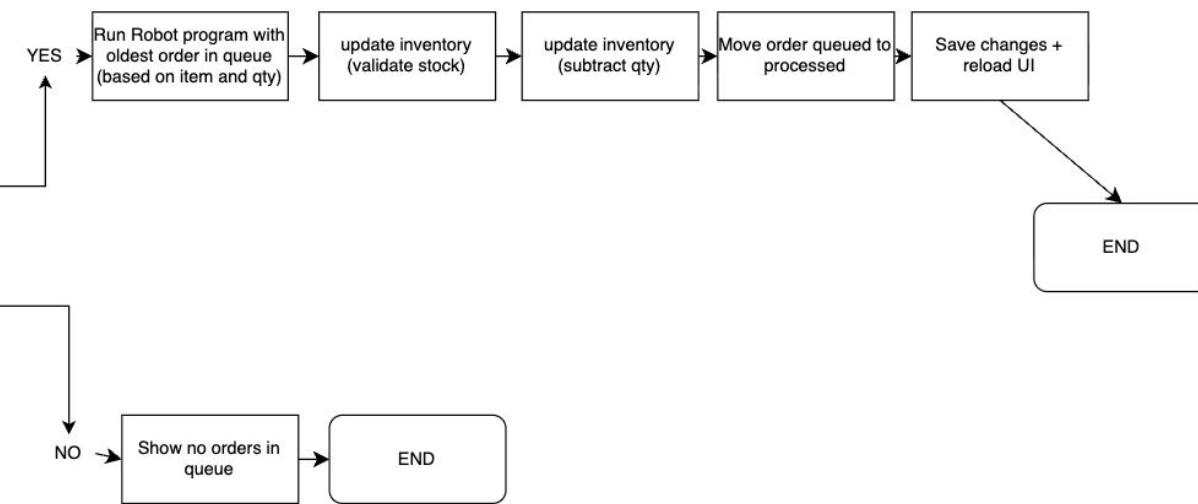


# GUI and ViewModel (MVVM)

*Interactive GUI able to both create orders and process orders.*

## Process order

- *Process Next Order* retrieves oldest queued order in database
- The order is translated to the robot
- When robot is done - Database is updated
  - Inventory updated
  - Queued → Processed
- Continuous status messages are displayed to inform the operator

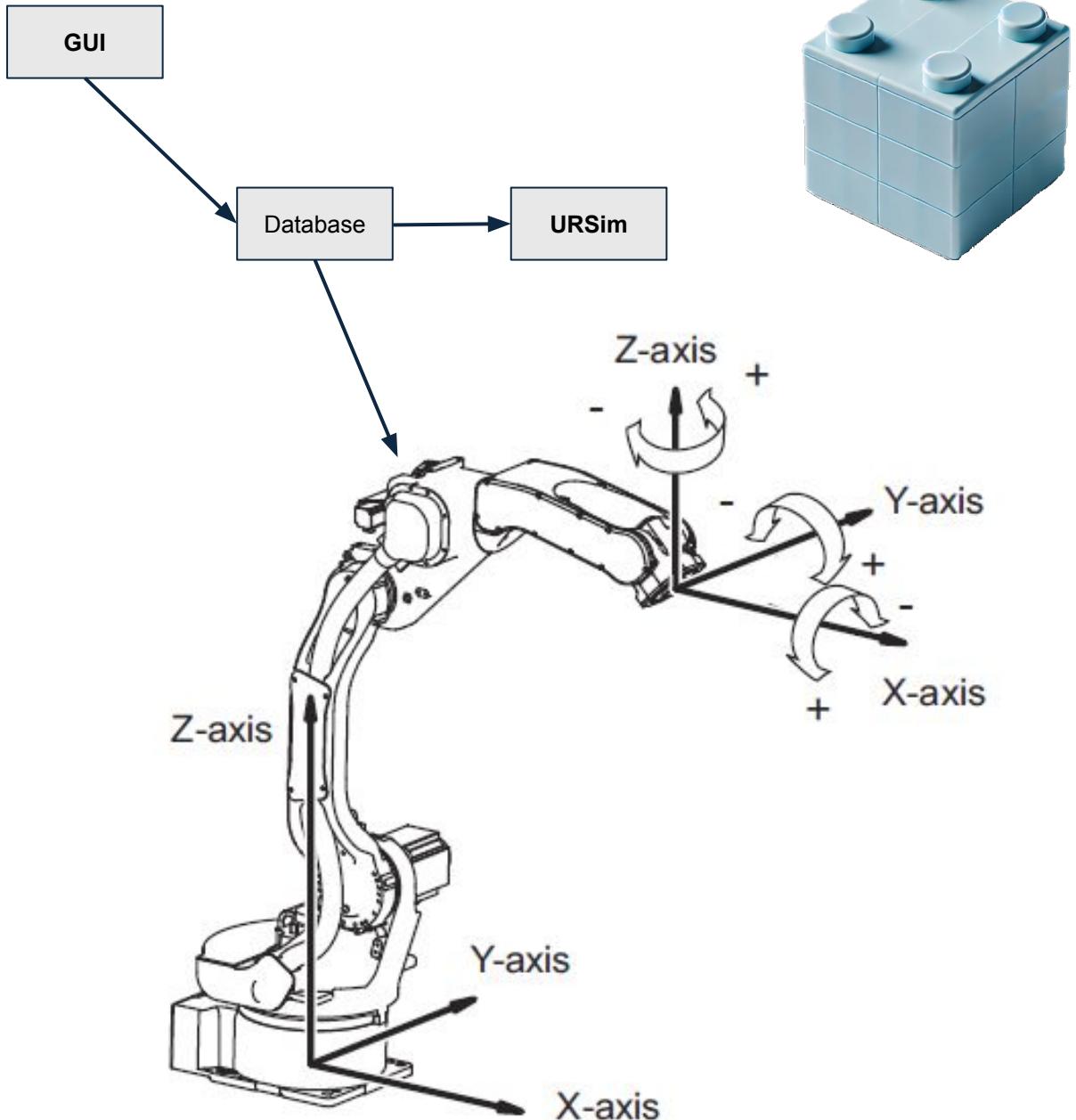


# Robot Integration

- Database driven
- Orders created in GUI
- Stored in Database
- Communicating via  
URScript → TCP/IP → Ethernet → Robot
- Connects to URSim & real robot

## Positioning

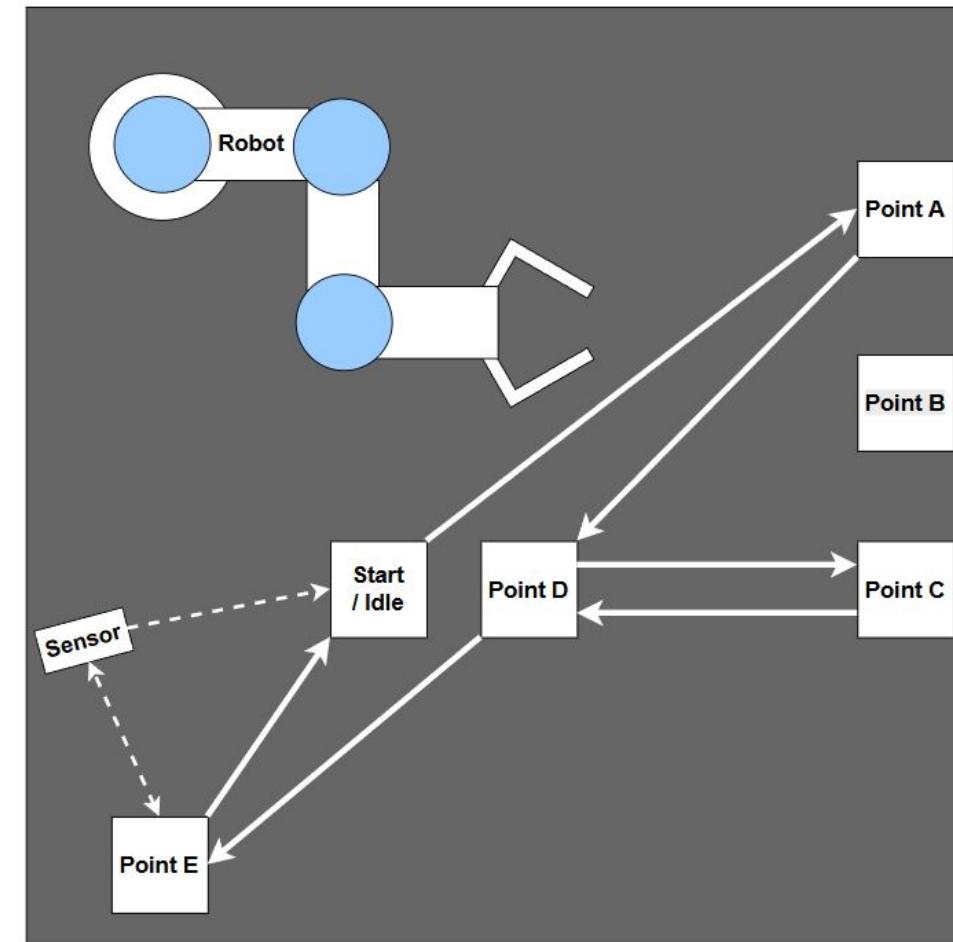
- Start position (Tool Center Point)
  - X = 0.125
  - Y = -0.300
  - Z = 0.100
- Start rotation (Tool Center Point)
  - RX = 3.14 (180° nedad)
  - RY = 0.00
  - RZ = 0.00





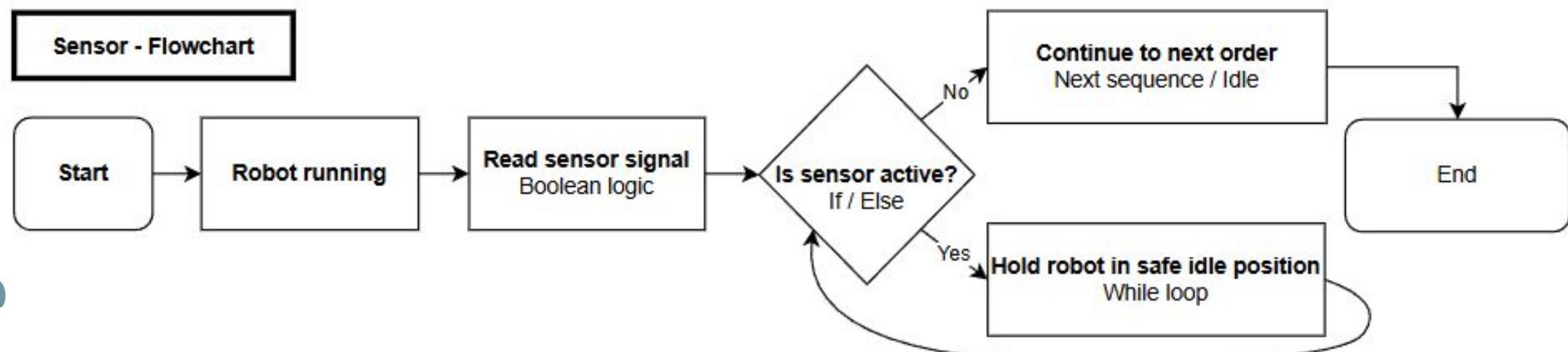
# Robot Integration

- Robot motion structure
  - Determined motion from A→E
  - Using Move L
- Pick & place - Height
  - Gripper - RG2
    - open\_mm = 60
    - open\_pick\_mm= 85
    - close\_mm = 31
    - f\_open = 30
    - f\_close = 30
- Predefined predictable sequences



# Sensor (Safety)

- Why safety is needed?
  - Due to human interaction
  - Error minimizing in production loop
- Sensor
  - Photoelectric
  - Detects products
  - Signals robot to wait or proceed
- Uses robot logic



# Discussion

## What worked well

- Easy operator-controlling
- Stable robot communication
- Predictable robot behavior due to fixed positions
- Clear separation between GUI, database, and robot logic
- Easy testing using URSim



## Challenges

- Robot calibration required significant testing
- Fixed positions reduce flexibility
- System relies on operator-controlling



## Trade-offs

- Manual operator control chosen over full automation
- Fixed positions instead of vision system
- Safety prioritized over production

# Solution

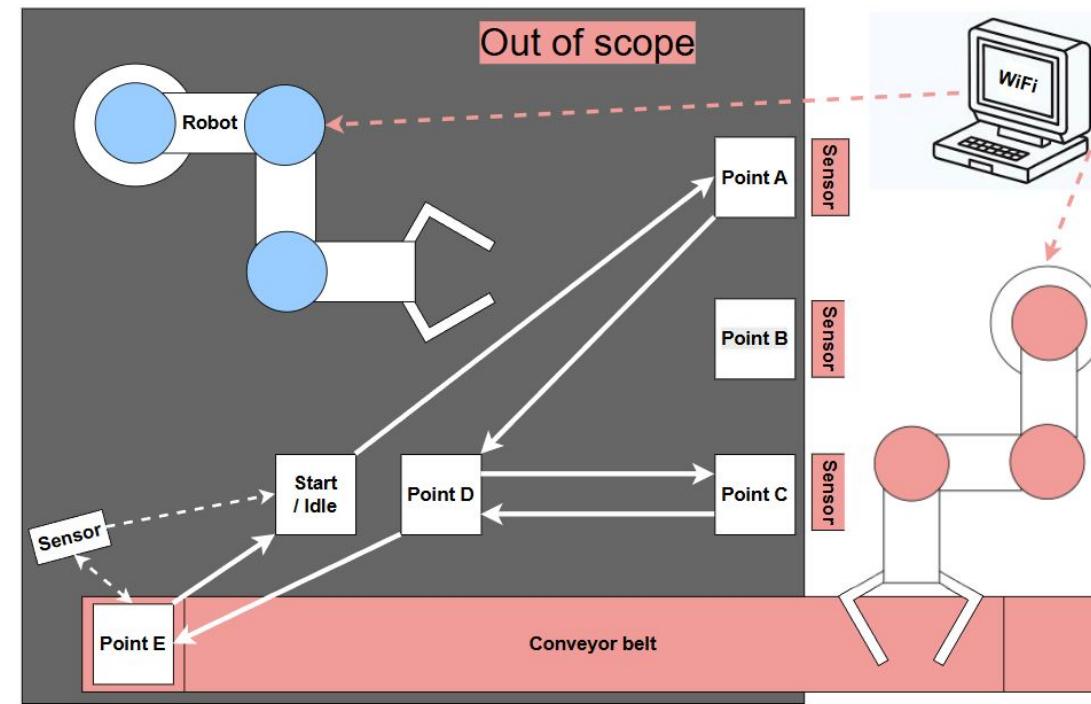
- Functional automated assembly prototype with human interaction
- End-to-end digital flow:
  - GUI → Database → Robot → Database
- Modular and maintainable architecture



# Future implementation

## Minimize human interaction

- Robot automatically replenish A, B & C
- Conveyor belt moves finished product
- Machine vision senses location/size



# Conclusion

- Project objectives were met
- System behaves like a realistic industrial prototype
- Demonstrates principles from:
  - Industrial programming
  - Industry 4.0 & 5.0
  - Automation
  - Security & safety
  - Modular software design





**Thank you!**



# Program overview



**InventorySystem2**  
Hele applikationen  
(GUI + DB + login + robot)

