

**Atrybuty kursora**

		%FOUND	%ISOPEN	%NOTFOUND	%ROWCOUNT
OPEN	<u>before</u>	exception	FALSE	exception	exception
	<u>after</u>	NULL	TRUE	NULL	0
<u>First FETCH</u>	<u>before</u>	NULL	TRUE	NULL	0
	<u>after</u>	TRUE	TRUE	FALSE	1
<u>Next FETCH(es)</u>	<u>before</u>	TRUE	TRUE	FALSE	1
	<u>after</u>	TRUE	TRUE	FALSE	data dependent
<u>Last FETCH</u>	<u>before</u>	TRUE	TRUE	FALSE	data dependent
	<u>after</u>	FALSE	TRUE	TRUE	data dependent
CLOSE	<u>before</u>	FALSE	TRUE	TRUE	data dependent
	<u>after</u>	exception	FALSE	exception	exception

**Notes:**

1. Referencing %FOUND, %NOTFOUND, or %ROWCOUNT before a cursor is opened or after it is closed raises INVALID\_CURSOR.
2. After the first FETCH, if the result set was empty, %FOUND yields FALSE, %NOTFOUND yields TRUE, and %ROWCOUNT yields 0.

# Kursor niejawny

```
set serveroutput on

begin
  begin
    insert into dept(deptno,dname) values (21,'IMSI');
    insert into dept(deptno,dname) values (22,'IMSI');
    insert into dept(deptno,dname) values (23,'IMSI');
    insert into dept(deptno,dname) values (24,'IMSI');
    commit;
  end;
  begin
    delete dept where dname='IMSI';
    IF SQL%FOUND THEN
      dbms_output.put_line(SQL%ROWCOUNT || ' rekordy
zostały skasowane');
    END IF;
    commit;
  end;
end;
```

# Kursor jawny

- zadeklarowanie kursora np.:

```
CURSOR C IS SELECT ...FROM;
```

- otworzenie kursora, które powoduje wykonanie instrukcji SELECT:

```
OPEN c;
```

- pobranie danych z kursora instrukcją FETCH:

```
FETCH c INTO zmienne;
```

- zamknięcie kursora

```
CLOSE c;
```

*UWAGA:*

*Specjalna formuła pętli FOR- LOOP - umożliwia łatwiejsze przetwarzanie całych wyników zapytań zastępując wywołania OPEN, FETCH, CLOSE i wykonując zawartość pętli do momentu braku wyników.*

# Kursor jawny

```
set serveroutput on;
declare
cursor kurl is select
sal
from emp order by 1;
zm number(10);
begin
open kurl;
loop
fetch kurl into zm;
exit when kurl%notfound;
dbms_output.put_line(zm)
;
end loop;
close kurl;
end;
```

```
set serveroutput on;
declare
cursor kurl is select sal
from emp order by 1;
zm emp.sal%type;
begin
open kurl;
loop
fetch kurl into zm;
exit when kurl%notfound;
dbms_output.put_line(zm);
end loop;
close kurl;
end;
```

```
set serveroutput on;

declare
cursor kurl is select sal
from emp order by 1;
zm kurl%rowtype;
begin
open kurl;
loop
fetch kurl into zm;
--exit when kurl%notfound;
dbms_output.put_line(zm.sal
);
end loop;
close kurl;
end;
```

# Kursor jawny - cd.

```
set serveroutput on;
declare
    cursor kurl(n number) is
select sal from emp
where sal > n order by 1;
    zm kurl%ROWTYPE;
begin
    open kurl(2000);
    loop
    fetch kurl into zm;
    exit when kurl%notfound;
    dbms_output.put_line(zm.sal);
    end loop;
    close kurl;
end;
```

```
set serveroutput on;
    declare
    cursor kurl is select sal from
emp order by 1;
    zm kurl%rowtype;
begin
    for zm in kurl
    loop
    dbms_output.put_line(zm.sal);
    --exit when kurl%notfound;
    end loop;
end;
```