

spark-notes

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Part I

Project Setup

Chapter 1

Dependencies

1.1 Maven

```
<dependency>  
  <groupId>com.sparkjava</groupId>  
  <artifactId>spark-core</artifactId>  
  <version>2.7.2</version>  
</dependency>
```

Part II

Server Operations

Chapter 2

init()

Default behaviour if it fails:

```
private Consumer<Exception> initExceptionHandler = (e) -> {  
    LOG.error("ignite failed", e);  
    System.exit(100);  
};
```

The behaviour can be customised by invoking

```
initExceptionHandler(e -> ());
```

Chapter 3

stop()

Shuts down the server.

Part III

Routes

Chapter 4

Overview

- they are made of three pieces:
 - **a verb** - *get, post put, delete, head, trace, connect, options*
 - **a path** (*URL*)
 - **a callback** - (*request, response*) ->()
- they are matched in the order they are defined
- **static import is recommended** for improved readability

get() - shows something.

post() - creates something

put() - updates something

delete() - self-explanatory

options() - 'appease' something

Chapter 5

Named Paramaters

- preceded by a colon
- accessed by *params* method on *request* object.

```
get("/path/:param", (req, res) -> {  
  return "Hello " + req.params(":param");  
});
```

5.1 splat()

It works like a combination of wildcard and vararg. *splat()* return an arrays of those parameters.

```
get("/path/*", (req, res) -> {  
  return "Number of splat parameters is " + req.splat().length;  
});
```

Chapter 6

Grouping Routes

We need to call a *path(..)* method:

```
path("/api", () -> {
  before("/*", (q, a) -> log.info("Received api call"));
  path("/email", () -> {
    post("/add",      EmailApi.addEmail);
    put("/change",    EmailApi.changeEmail);
    delete("/remove", EmailApi.deleteEmail);
  });

  path("/username", () -> {
    post("/add",      UserApi.addUsername);
    put("/change",    UserApi.changeUsername);
    delete("/remove", UserApi.deleteUsername);
  });
});
```

Part IV

Request

Chapter 7

List of Methods

<code>request.attributes();</code>	the attributes list
<code>request.attribute("foo");</code>	value of foo attribute
<code>request.attribute("A", "V");</code>	sets value of attribute A to V
<code>request.body();</code>	request body sent by the client
<code>request.bodyAsBytes();</code>	request body as bytes
<code>request.contentLength();</code>	length of request body
<code>request.contentType();</code>	content type of request.body
<code>request.contextPath();</code>	the context path, e.g. <code>"/hello"</code>
<code>request.cookies();</code>	request cookies sent by the client
<code>request.headers();</code>	the HTTP header list
<code>request.headers("BAR")</code>	value of BAR header
<code>request.host</code>	the host, e.g. <code>"example.com"</code>
<code>request.</code>	client IP address
<code>request.params("foo")</code>	value of foo path parameter
<code>request.params();</code>	map with all parameters
<code>request.pathInfo();</code>	the path info
<code>request.port();</code>	the server port
<code>request.protocol();</code>	the protocol, e.g. <code>HTTP/1.1</code>
<code>request.queryMap();</code>	the query map
<code>request.queryMap("foo");</code>	query map for a certain parameter
<code>request.queryParams();</code>	the query param list
<code>request.queryParams("FOO");</code>	value of FOO query param
<code>request.queryParamsValues("FOO")</code>	all values of FOO query param
<code>request.raw();</code>	raw request handed in by Jetty
<code>request.requestMethod();</code>	The HTTP method (GET, ..etc)
<code>request.scheme();</code>	<code>"http"</code>
<code>request.servletPath();</code>	the servlet path, e.g. <code>/result.jsp</code>
<code>request.session();</code>	session management
<code>request.splat();</code>	splat (*) parameters
<code>request.uri();</code>	the uri, e.g. <code>"http://example.com/foo"</code>
<code>request.url();</code>	the url. e.g. <code>"http://example.com/foo"</code>
<code>request.userAgent();</code>	user agent

Part V

Respond

Chapter 8

List of Methods

<code>response.body();</code>	get response content
<code>response.body("Hello");</code>	sets content to Hello
<code>response.header("FOO", "bar");</code>	sets header FOO with value bar
<code>response.raw();</code>	raw response handed in by Jetty
<code>response.redirect("/example");</code>	browser redirect to /example
<code>response.status();</code>	get the response status
<code>response.status(401);</code>	set status code to 401
<code>response.type();</code>	get the content type
<code>response.type("text/xml");</code>	set content type to text/xml

Chapter 9

Query Maps, Cookies, Sessions, Halting

<http://sparkjava.com/documentation#sessions>

9.1 Query Maps

```
request.queryMap().get("user", "name").value();
request.queryMap().get("user").get("name").value();
request.queryMap("user").get("age").integerValue();
request.queryMap("user").toMap();
```

9.2 Cookies

```
request.cookies();                // get map of all request cookies
request.cookie("foo")             // access request cookie by name
response.cookie("foo", "bar");    // set cookie with a value
response.cookie("foo", "bar", 3600); // set cookie with a max-age
response.cookie("foo", "bar", 3600, true); // secure cookie
response.removeCookie("foo");     // remove cookie
```

9.3 Sessions

```
// create and return session
request.session(true);

// Get session attribute 'user'
request.session().attribute("user");

// Set session attribute 'user'
```

```
request.session().attribute("user","foo");

// Remove session attribute 'user'
request.session().removeAttribute("user");
request.session().attributes();           // Get all session attributes
request.session().id();                   // Get session id
request.session().isNew();                 // Check if session is new
request.session().raw();                   // Return servlet object
```

9.4 Halting

Stops immediately a request within a filter or route.

```
halt(); // halt
halt(401); // halt with status
halt("Body Message"); // halt with message
halt(401, "Go away!"); // halt with status and message
```

Chapter 10

Filters

10.1 Before

They are evaluated **before each request**:

```
before((request, response) -> {  
    boolean authenticated;  
  
    // ... check if authenticated  
  
    if (!authenticated) {  
        halt(401, "You are not welcome here");  
    }  
});
```

10.2 After

They are evaluated **after each request**:

```
after((request, response) -> {  
    response.header("foo", "set by after filter");  
});
```

10.3 afterAfter

Works similar to 'finally' blocks:

```
afterAfter((request, response) -> {  
    response.header("foo", "set by afterAfter filter");  
});
```

10.4 Filters Taking Patterns

They are evaluated **only if request path matches the pattern**:

```
before("/protected/*", (request, response) -> {  
    // ... check if authenticated  
  
    halt(401, "Go Away!");  
});
```

Part VI

TBC

<http://sparkjava.com/documentation#response-transformer>