## HOL-#02

## ======

- Q1. Create a directory and write TypeScript code and compile them to ES5.
- [a] Declare variables for THREE different basic data types assign values to them and display the same.
- [b] Try to assign different data type than the one which is specified to the variables and record your observation.
- [c] Compile the TS code and get ES5 JS code. Run the JS code.
- Q2. Write functions for the following:
- [a] A function which will help the user to greet/wish a user
- The parameter to be passed is the user name. Use appropriate type.
- [b] A function which take a string and capitalizes it.
- [c] Invoke the functions with appropriate parameter Record your observation
- [d] Invoke the function with in-appropriate data type as the parameter. Record your observation
- Q3. You next challenge! Write function to implement the enhanced function features of TS
- [a] A function to compute the Simple Interest. Hope you remember the formula. si = (p \* t \* r) / 100 Where  $p \rightarrow$  Principle amount,  $t \rightarrow$  Time period in years and  $r \rightarrow$  Rate of interest p.a.

NOTE: The default rate of interest is 10%

- Invoke the function with all the required parameters
- Invoke the function with only the 'p' and 't'
- [b] A function by name `range` which will generate a range of integers.

It takes THREE parameters: start, stop and step values However, the 'step' parameter is optional. In such case the next value will be increment by 1

On the other hand if the 'step' value is specified the next value will be increment by the given step value.

```
Sample call to the function could be as follows: range(1, 5); // 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 range(1, 10, 2); // 1, 3, 5, 7, 9
```

[c] A function to find the sum of the arguments passed.

The function could take variable number of parameters.

HINT: The 'rest' type of function

```
summing();
summing(1, 2, 3, 4, 5);
summing(10, 20, 33);
```

[d] A function which take the 'title', 'name' and
'msg' as named parameters and display the output as
follows:

We should to able to pass the named parameters in an arbitrary order.

[e] Implement the `printStatusCode()` function which can take the parameters as a string or a number.

Refer PPTs.

Check what happens if you pass other than string or number.

Record your observation.

Q4. Your Next Challenge!

Can we put the above defined functions in a Module and expose the functionality.

Import the module in another TS file and check the functionality of the functions.

Q5. Define a class to represent a point in x-y plane.

A line in an x-y plane is represented by two points. Create two point instance to represent the line.

Find the Slope of the line.

Q6. Implement a point in a 3D plan. This will have x co-ordinate value, y co-ordinate value besides the z co-ordinate value.

Create an instance of the 3D point object.

Display it's different co-ordinate values.