Node.JS

Practice – 1

Overview

In this hands-on session you will learning to work with **Node.js**. Upon completion of this hands-on session, you should be able to:

- Version of Node.js and npm
- Understand what is REPL
 - o AutoComplete in REPL
 - o REPL Special Commands
 - o Special _ (Underscore) Variable
- Execute Node.js Programs
- Command Line Arguments
- Enhance Program output with
 - o Format Specifier
 - o Colouring
- Compute time spent of executing Node.js program

Hands-on

- 1. Open a **terminal** and check the following:
 - [a] Version of Node.js you are working on
 - [b] Version of Node Package Manager (npm)

Tip: If you are unsure how to open your terminal, google "How to open terminal on your-operating-system".

- 2. Start your **Node.js REPL** session and perform the following:
 - [a] Try out some JavaScript code
 - Display 'Hello Node.js!' in your console
 - Check the behaviour of **Arithmetic Operators**
 - Check the behaviour of **Relational/Comparison Operators**
 - [b] Identify the **Special Commands** supported by **REPL** instance
 - Look into the .help command
 - Terminate your REPL session

[c] Once again start a new **REPL** session, using the **editor** feature of **REPL** define a function which takes **'name'** as its parameter and output's the following on its invocation/call

Assuming the name argument is 'Vijay', the output should look as shown below:

```
Hello Vijay
Welcome to <your_company_name>
Have a NICE day!!!
```

- [d] Save the **REPL** session in a file by name 'first.js'.
 - Remember the folder/directory where you have saved the file.
 - End the **REPL** session
- [e] Once again start a new REPL session.
 - Load the earlier saved file 'first.js'
 Record your observation
- [f] The shortcut key to clear the **REPL** session is **<CTRL>+L**

Try out some arithmetic expression and understand the behaviour of the **special** _ (underscore) variable

- [g] Clear the **REPL** session and understand the following:
 - Autocompletion using **TAB** key
 - Type the name of the JavaScript class, like 'Number' followed by a DOT and press the TAB key
 - Thus, explore the JavaScript objects which prints all the properties and methods
 - Similarly explore the global objects. Type 'global.' and press TAB key
 - End the **REPL** session
- 3. We can **import REPL** in a **JavaScript** file. To understand this behaviour, type the following JavaScript code in a file by name **'repl.js'**

```
// Using repl in JavaScript file
const local = require('repl');
local.start('$ '); // Starting a REPL session
```

Save the file. Now execute this Node.js file.

- Observe, the **PROMPT** which is being displayed.
- Try out some JavaScript code and end the **REPL** session.
- 4. Node.js provides us with a 'process' core module. It has the exit() method which will enable us to exit a Node.js program.

Modify the earlier created **'repl.js'** program which will end the REPL session with a message **'Exiting REPL...'**

HINT: Use the 'process' modules on() method

Moreover, check the **exit code** that you can give inside your terminal.

5. Create a Node.js program which will help us to understand the behaviour of **command line arguments.**

HINT: The process module has the 'argv' property will hold all the command line invocation arguments.

- 6. Node.js provides a **console** module which provides useful methods to interact with command line
 - [a] Look into the list of console **properties** and **methods**
 - [b] Write a Node.js program for the following:
 - Usage of format specifiers
 - Clearing the console
 - Counting elements
 - [c] Write yet another Node.js program to understand the following:
 - The 'trace()' method
 - Calculate the time spent to execute a JavaScript function

[d] We are aware that **console.log()** is great for displaying message on the Console.

- What happens when you perform REDIRECTION? **Record your observation.**
- What should be done if we don't want STDERRs to be redirected.

Write a Node.js program to understand the above topics

[e] An **Escape sequence** is a set of characters that identifies a colour.

Refer to the following URL:

https://gist.github.com/iamnewton/8754917

to get a list of some common colours.

HINT: It is generally a practice to display application messages in GREEN colour and error messages in RED colour

Write a Node.js program which will display text in different colours.