

Day 4

The one link you need to recall

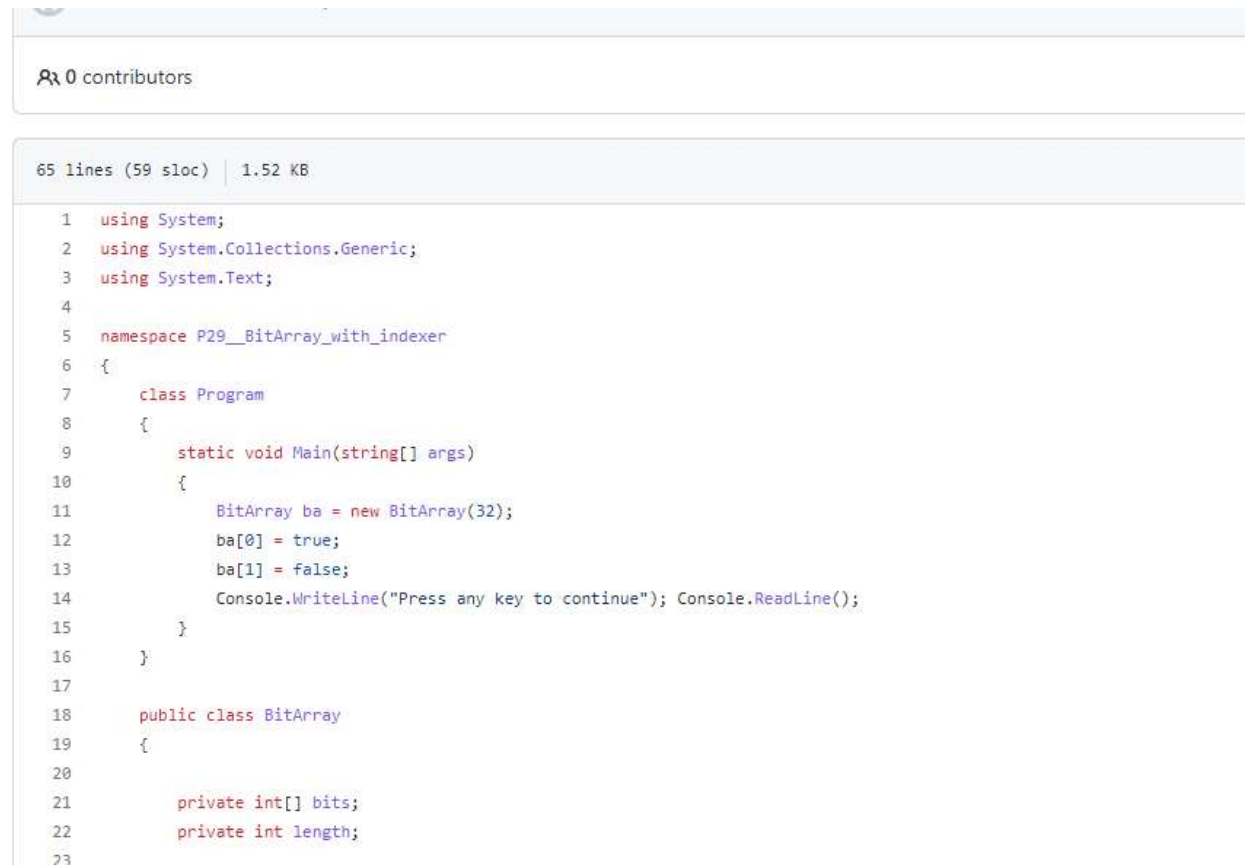
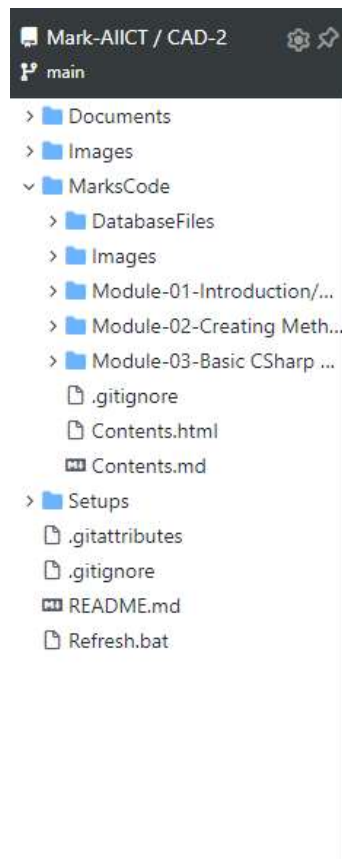
<https://ddl.s.to/20483>

Ready?

Do this every day BEFORE the class starts (takes about 15 minutes)
(<http://ddls.to/everyday>)

1. Launch Lab01.
2. Login to Lab01 as **Admin**.
3. While in the Lab01 environment,
 - i. run **cmd.exe** from the Windows Start button.
 - ii. Run the command **git clone --depth 1 <https://github.com/Mark-AIICT/CAD-2.git> C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\MarksFiles**
 - iii. Navigate to **C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\MarksFiles\setups**, then right-mouse click **bootstrap.cmd** and run as administrator
 - iv. While it's running, Sign in to Visual Studio on the Lab Environment. You can use any Microsoft account.
 - v. When the script end it reboots the Virtual Machine. That's necessary.
 - vi. Save the lab. (the save link is at the top right of the screen in the dropdown menu)

Remember Octotree?



Know this

double-click 4

double-click 1

double-click 2

drag-and-drop 3

Additional Materials.

File | C:/Users/Admin/Desktop/MarksFiles/MarksCode/Contents.html

Additional Materials for 20483

(Updated:5/07/2022 5:42:24 PM) -- Mark Walsh, AIICT

The examples in this folder **are additional materials provided by Mark Walsh (AIICT).**

Module-01-Introduction [Open Folder](#)

[Demos](#)

Title	Description
00-SimpleForEach	This is a simple example showing how a Foreach loop is better to write than a For loop in certain circumstances
1-StringVsStringBuilder	If you need to make many changes to a string variable then use the StringBuilder class. This application demonstrates the performance difference between a String and StringBuilder.
2-RegularExpression	Using a regular expression to validate the format of an email address
3-ForEach	A simple example of a foreach loop that loops through an array. In this case the array is created by using the GetFiles function method of a Directory class.
4-TryParse	The TryParse function included in many datatypes is a great way to validate user input for correct data type.
6-Recursion	You need to be able to recognise recursive code. While you might not often see it you need to be able to understand it.
7-DataTypes	This example shows a few C# (.net framework) datatypes. It includes allocating variables that are Structures and variables based on classes

Course Outline

- Module 1: Review of Visual C# Syntax
- Module 2: Creating Methods, Handling Exceptions, and Monitoring Applications
- Module 3: Developing the Code for a Graphical Application
- **Module 4: Creating Classes and Implementing Type-Safe Collections**
- Module 5: Creating a Class Hierarchy by Using Inheritance
- Module 6: Reading and Writing Local Data
- Module 7: Accessing a Database