指景:电路(电子),电磁





以軟体: PSIM

同心協力後电

第一個動物是 為3負數達265 Power System Analysis

/ 蘇龍 (0 Hz) 愛迪生 供電一用電

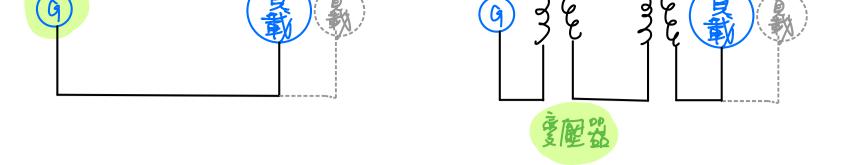
Arthur R. Bergen

授課:侯中權 博士

(Prof. Chung-Chuan Hou)







目錄(Contents)

- 1.前言(Background)
- 2.基本原理(Basic Principles)
- 3. 輸電線參數(Transmission-Line Parameters)
- 4.輸電線模型(Transmission-Line Modeling)
- 5.變壓器模型與標么系統(Transformer Modeling and the Per unit System)
- 6.電力潮流分析(Power Flow Analysis)
- 7.電力系統的經濟操作(Power System Economic Operation)
- 8.發電機模型I (機械觀點)(Generator Modeling I: Machine Viewpoint)
- 9.電力系統穩定度(Power System Stability)
- 10.發電機模型II(電路觀點)(Generator Modeling II: Circuit Viewpoint)
- 11.電壓控制系統(Voltage Control System)
- 12.電力控制系統(Power Control System)
- 13.不均衡系統操作(Unbalanced System Operation)
- 14.系統保護(System Protection)

1.前言(Background)

- 1.0簡介(Introduction)
- 1.1電能(Electric Energy)
- 1.2化石燃料電廠(Fossil-Fuel Plant)
- 1.3核能電廠(Nuclear Power Plant)
- 1.4水力電廠(Hydroelectric Power Plant)
- 1.5其他能源(Other Energy Sources)
- 1.6輸電與配電系統(Transmission and Distribution Systems)

(The Deregulated Electric Power Industry)

2.基本原理(Basic Principles)

- 2.0簡介(Introduction)
- 2.1供應單埠的複數功率(Complex Power Supplied to a One-Port)
- 2.2複數功率守恆(Conservation of Complex Power)
- 2.3平衡三相(Balanced Three-Phase)
- 2.4單相分析(Per Phase Analysis)
- 2.5平衡三相功率(Balanced Three-Phase Power)
- 2.6複數功率傳輸(短程)(Complex Power Transmission: Short Line)
- 2.7複數功率傳輸(輻射線路)(Complex Power Transmission: Radial Line)
- 2.8結論與習題(Summary)

以真動角度來看

V=IR R 筆电,针换转能感動

/被動 V=L dt L] 不消耗能量,是储在能量(操性) i=C dt C] (富發熱是因為等主电阻,不會放實懶字 理想上不會 主動 —— 一 發熱)。

(非線性) (非線性)

> *复壓器是編性元件, 確议复領率

直流电和交流电影 正刻性 垂直正交

0 重直

- (3) Fourier 重流,交流 STIMWt COSNWt
- 3 (, X, X, 110)

曲が电子:电能轉換

/直流 0 Hz

D ACADO

交流 60/17

- O DC DC
- 3 pc→AU
- Ø AC→AC

- 连續技術發機難 3.輸電線參數(Transmission-Line Parameters)
- 3.0簡介(Introduction)

$$V = L \frac{dz'}{dt} = Lsi$$

3.1磁學回顧(Review of Magnetics) dwt xdt = coswt x w

- 3.2無限長直電線的磁通鏈(Flux Linkages of Infinite Straight Wire)
- 3.3多導體情況下的磁通鏈(Flux Linkages of Multi-Conductors)
- 3.4捆束導體(Conductor Bundling)
- 3.5移位(Transposition)
- 3.6電場回顧(Review of Electric Fields)
- 3.7線路電容(Line Capacitance)
- 3.8典型參數值(Typical Parameter Values)
- 3.9結論與習題(Summary)

- 4.輸電線模型(Transmission-Line Modeling)
- 4.0簡介(Introduction)
- 4.1端點處V,I關係的推導(Derivation of Terminal V,I Relations)
- 4.2輸電線上的電波(Waves on Transmission Lines)
- 4.3傳輸矩陣(Transmission Matrix)
- 4.4等效集總電路(Lumped-Circuit Equivalent)
- 4.5簡化模型(Simplified Models)
- 4.6複數功率傳輸(長程或中程線路)(Complex Power Transmission: Long or Medium Lines)
- 4.7線路的功率處理容量(Power-Handling Capability of Lines)
- 4.8結論與習題(Summary)

5.變壓器模型與標么系統(Transformer Modeling and The Per Unit System)

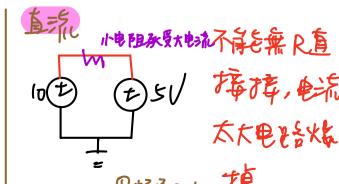
- 5.0簡介(Introduction)
- 5.1單相變壓器模型(Single-Phase Transformer Model)
- 5.2三相變壓器接法(Three-Phase Transformer Connections)
- 5.3單相分析(Per Phase Analysis)
- 5.4正規系統(Normal Systems)
- 5.5標么正規化(Per Unit Normalization)
- 5.6三相標么物理量(Per Unit Three-Phase Quantities)
- 5.7基準的改變(Change of Base)
- 5.8正規系統的標么分析(Per Unit Analysis of Normal System)
- 5.9電壓與相角控制用的調節變壓器(Regulating Transformers for Voltage and Phase Angle Control)
- 5.10輸電線與變壓器(Transmission Line and Transformer)
- 5.11結論與習題(Summary)

6.電力潮流分析(Power Flow Analysis)

- 6.0簡介(Introduction)
- 6.1電力潮流方程式(Power Flow Equations)
- 6.2電力潮流問題(The Power Flow Problem)
- 6.3利用高斯疊代法求解(Solution by Gauss Iteration)
- 6.4通用疊代法(More General Iteration Scheme)
- 6.5牛頓-拉夫生疊代法(Newton-Raphson Iteration)
- 6.6應用於電力潮流方程式(Application to Power Flow Equations)
- 6.7分解電力潮流(Decoupled Power Flow)
- 6.8控制上的含意(Control Implications)
- 6.9結論與習題(Summary)

 Summary

 S



7.電力系統的經濟操作

9相角0 9 电配

(Economic Operation of Power System)

- 7.0簡介(Introduction)
- 7.1經濟調度問題的形成)(Formulation of the Economic Dispatch Problem)
- 7.2古典經濟調度(忽略線路損失) (Classical Economic Dispatch (Line Losses Neglected))
- 7.3考慮發電機極限(Generator Limits Included)
- 7.4考慮線路損失(Line Losses Considered)
- 7.5償罰因數的計算(方法1)(Calculation of Penalty Factors: Method I)
- 7.6償罰因數的計算(方法2)(Calculation of Penalty Factors:Method II)
- 7.7結論與習題(Summary)

8. 發電機模型I (機械觀點)(Generator Modeling I:

Machine Viewpoint)

- 8.0簡介(Introduction)
- 8.1古典機械描述(Classical Machine Description)
- 8.2電壓的產生(Voltage Generation)
- 8.3開路電壓(Open-Circuit Voltage)
- 8.4電樞反應(Armature Reaction)
- 8.5端電壓(Terminal Voltage)
- 8.6發電機送出的功率(Power Delivered by Generator)
- 8.7使發電機同步於無限滙流排(Synchronizing Generator to an Infinite Bus)
- 8.8同步電容器(Synchronous Condensor)
- 8.9結論與習題(Summary)
- Role of Synchronous Machine Excitation in Controlling Reactive Power

- 9.電力系統穩定度(Power System Stability)
- 9.0簡介(Introduction)
- 9.1模型(Model)
- 9.2能量平衡(Energy Balance)
- 9.3搖擺方程式的線性化(Linearization of Swing Equation)
- 9.4非線性搖擺方程式的解(Solution of Nonlinear Swing Equation)
- 9.5其他應用(Other Applications)
- 9.6擴展至兩個電機的情形(Extension to Two-Machine Case)
- 9.7多電機應用(Multi-Machine Application)
- 9.8結論與習題(Summary)
- (Multi-Machine Stability Studies)

10.發電機模型II (電路觀點)(Generator Modeling II:

- 10.0簡介(Introduction)Circuit Viewpoint)
- 10.1能量轉換(Energy Conversion)
- 10.2應用於同步電機(Application to Synchronous Machine)
- 10.3帕克變換(The Park Transformation)
- 10.4帕克電壓方程式(Park's Voltage Equation)
- 10.5帕克機械方程式(Park's Mechanical Equation)
- 10.6電路模型(Circuit Model)
- 10.7瞬間功率輸出(Instantaneous Power Output)
- 10.8應用(Applications)
- 10.9同步操作(Synchronous Operation)
- 10.10定態模型(Steady-State Model)
- 10.11簡化動態模型(Simplified Dynamic Model)
- 10.12發電機接至無限滙流排(線性模型)(Generator Connected to Infinite Bus: Linear Model)
- 10.13結論與習題(Summary)

11.電壓控制系統(Voltage Control System)

- 11.0簡介(Introduction)
- 11.1激磁器系統方塊圖(Exciter System Block Diagram)
- 11.2發電機模型(Generator Models)
- 11.3激磁系統的穩定度(Stability of Excitation System)
- 11.4電壓調整(Voltage Regulation)
- 11.5發電機接至無限滙流排(Generator Connected to Infinite Bus)
- 11.6結論與習題(Summary)

12.電力控制系統(Power Control System)

- 12.0簡介(Introduction)
- 12.1電力控制系統模型(Power Control System Modeling)
- 12.2應用於單電機-無限滙流排系統(Application to Single Machine-Infinite Bus System)
- 12.3功率控制系統的簡化分析(Simplified Analysis of Power Control System)
- 12.4功率控制-多發電機的情形(Power Control, Multigenerator Case)
- 12.5特例:兩個發電機組(Special Case: Two Generating Units)
- 12.6將電力系統分成控制區域(Division of Power Into Control Area)
- 12.7結論與習題(Summary)

13.不均衡系統操作(Unbalanced System Operation)

- 13.0簡介(Introduction)
- 13.1對稱分量(Symmetrical Components)
- 13.2使用對稱分量做故障分析(Use of Symmetrical Components for Fault Analysis)
- 13.3單線接地故障的序網路連接(Single Line-ground Fault Sequence Networks)
- 13.4使用角形網路做故障計算
- 13.5零序網路(Zero Sequence Networks)
- 13.6雙線接地故障的序網路連接(Double Line-ground Fault Sequence Networks)
- 13.7線間故障的序網路連接(Sequence Networks Connections for Line-line Fault)
- 13.8一般故障電路分析(More General Fault Circuit Analysis)
- 13.9序變數的功率(Power from Sequence Variables)
- 13.10序網路的發電機模型(Generator Models for Sequence Networks)
- 13.11序網路的變壓器模型(Transformer Models for Sequence Networks)
- 13.12序網路的輸電線模型(Sequence Representation of Transmission Line)
- 13.13序網路的組合(Assembly of Sequence Networks)
- 13.14問題的形成(Formulation of Problem)
- 13.15矩陣法(Matrix Methods)
- 13.16 Z矩陣的計算(Z Matrix Calculation)
- 13.17結論與習題(Summary)

14.系統保護(System Protection)

- 14.0簡介(Introduction)
- 14.1輻射狀系統的保護(Protection of Radial Systems)
- 14.2兩個電源的系統(System with two Sources)
- 14.3阻抗(測距)電驛(Impedance (Distance) Relays)
- 14.4修正阻抗電驛(Modified Impedance Relays)
- 14.5發電機的差動保護(Differential Protection of Generators)
- 14.6變壓器的差動保護(Differential Protection of Transformer)
- 14.7滙流排與線路的差動保護(Differential Protection of Buses and Lines)
- 14.8保護區的重疊(Overlapping Zones of Protection)
- 14.9序過濾器(Sequence Filters)
- 14.10計算機電驛(Computer Relaying)
- 14.11結論與習題(Summary)