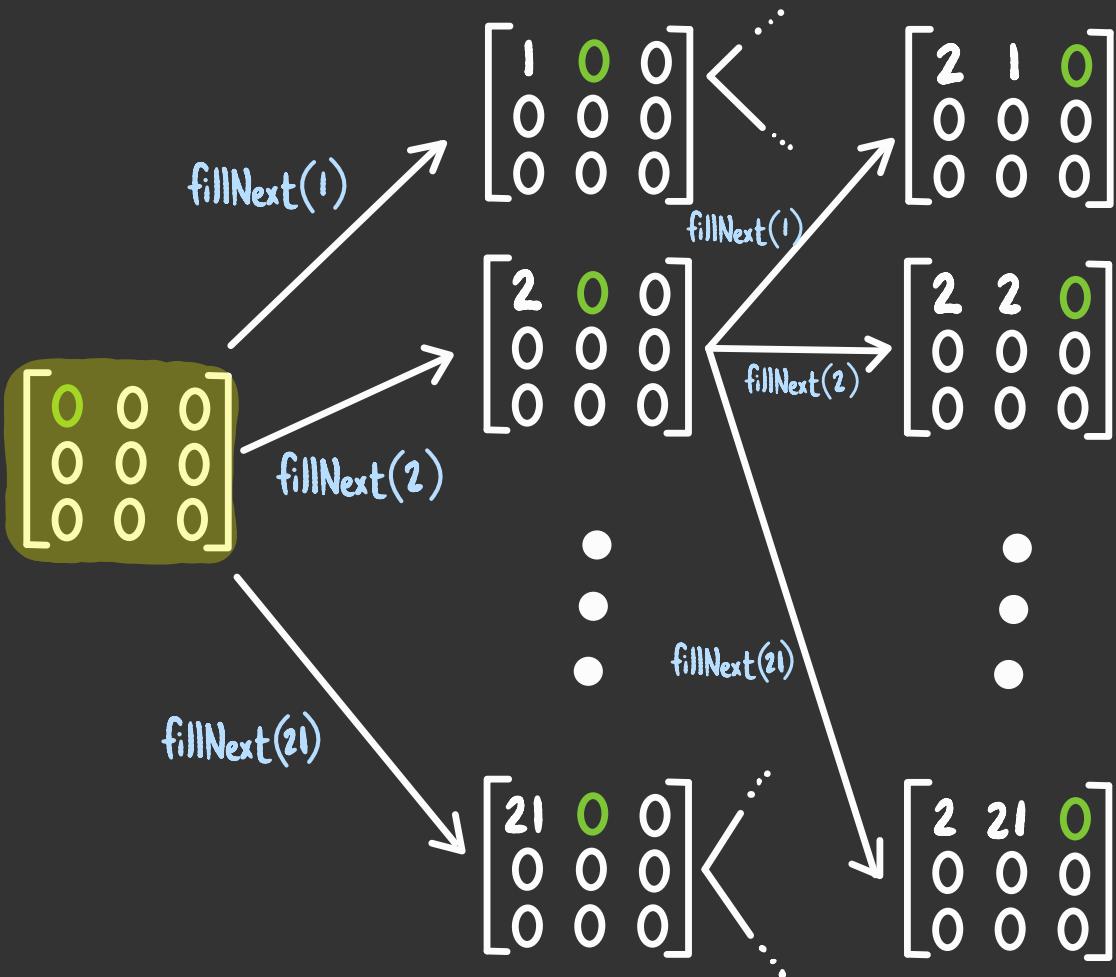
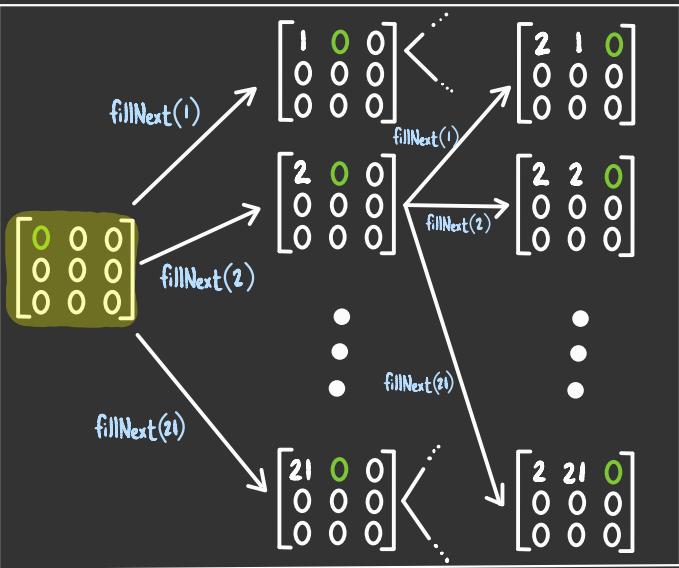


practice
problem 1

CSCI
373

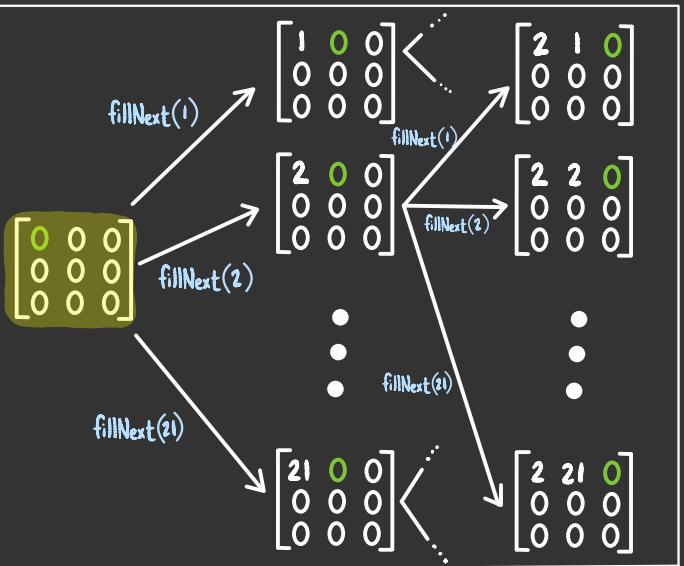
formulation I
(partial credit)





$Q = \text{all pairs } (n, X) \text{ where}$
 n is an int between 1 and 10,
and X is a 3×3 matrix
of non-negative integers

$$Q = \left\{ (n, X) \mid n \in \{1, \dots, 10\} \right. \\ \left. X \text{ is a } 3 \times 3 \text{ int matrix} \right\}$$



$$\sum = \{ \text{fillNext}(v) \mid v \in \{1, \dots, k\} \}$$

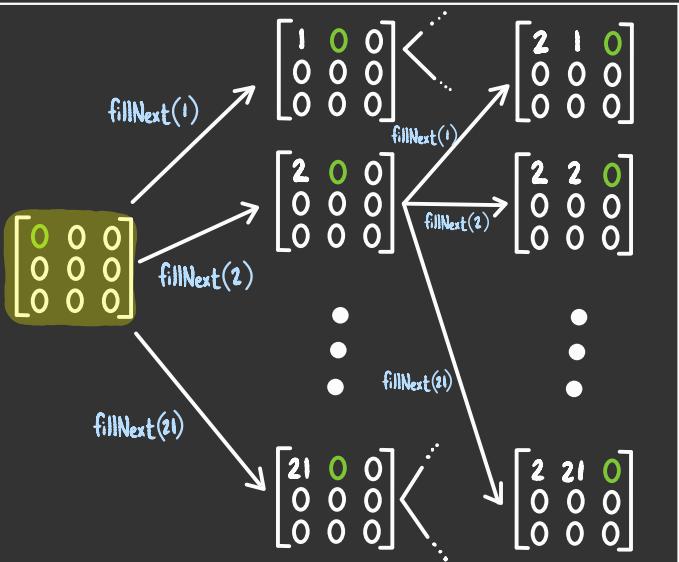
$\Delta =$ the set of triples of the form

$$\left\langle \left(1, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right), \text{fillNext}(v), \left(2, \begin{bmatrix} v & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right) \right\rangle$$

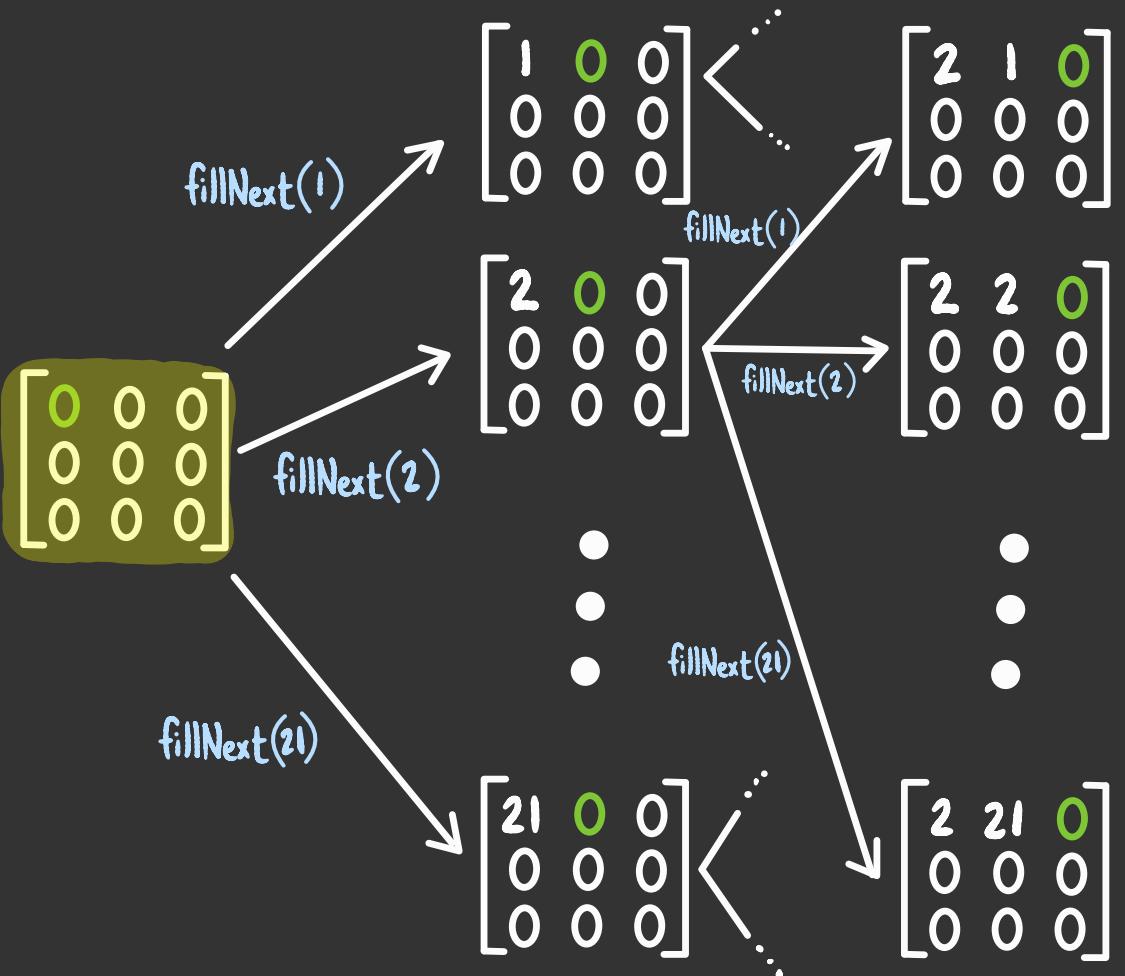
or $\left\langle \left(2, \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right), \text{fillNext}(v), \left(3, \begin{bmatrix} a & v & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right) \right\rangle$

or $\left\langle \left(3, \begin{bmatrix} a & b & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right), \text{fillNext}(v), \left(4, \begin{bmatrix} a & b & v \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right) \right\rangle$

etc.

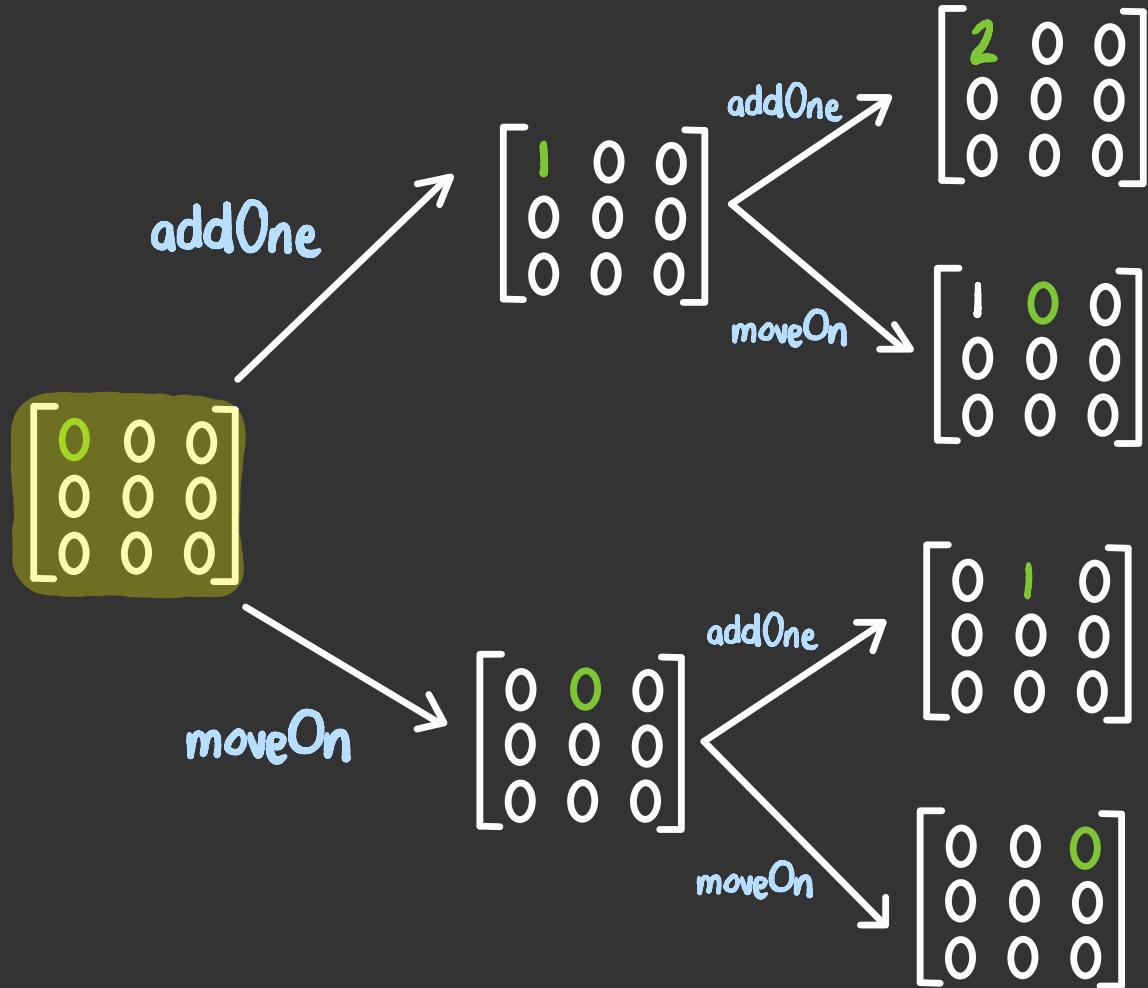


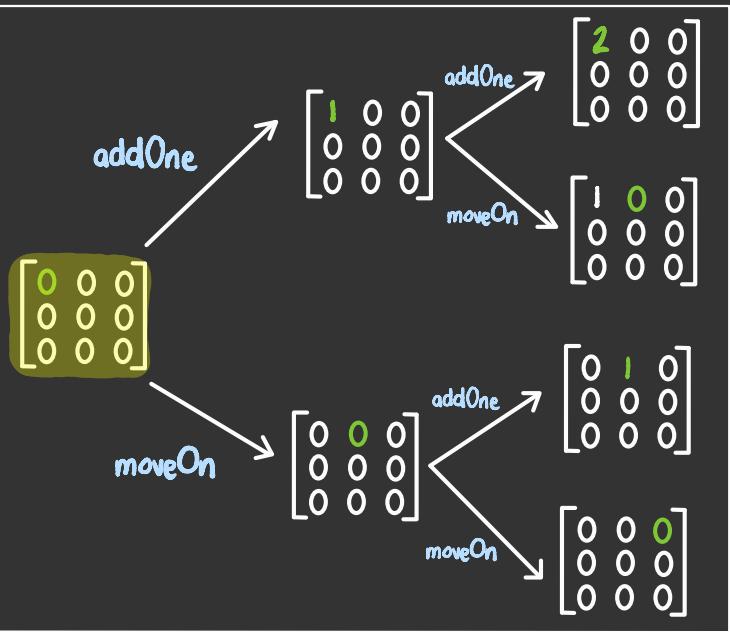
$$F = \left\{ \left(10, \begin{bmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{bmatrix} \right) \middle| \begin{array}{l} a, b, \dots, i \text{ distinct} \\ a + b + c = k \\ d + e + f = k \\ \text{etc.} \end{array} \right\}$$



but this
state
machine
has 21
successors
per state!

formulation 2

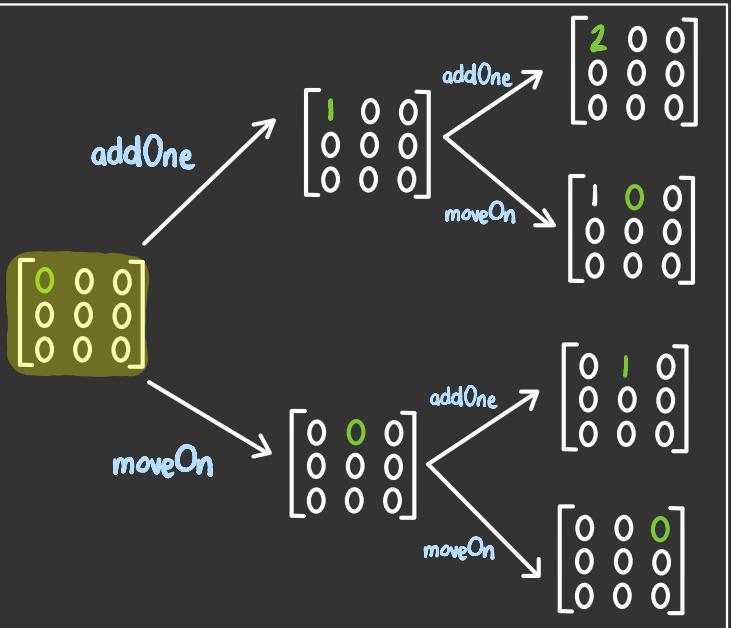




$Q = \text{all pairs } (n, X) \text{ where}$
 $n \text{ is an int between 1 and 9,}$
 $\text{and } X \text{ is a } 3 \times 3 \text{ matrix}$
 $\text{of non-negative integers}$

$$Q = \left\{ (n, X) \mid \begin{array}{l} n \in \{1, \dots, 9\} \\ X \text{ is a } 3 \times 3 \text{ int matrix} \end{array} \right\}$$

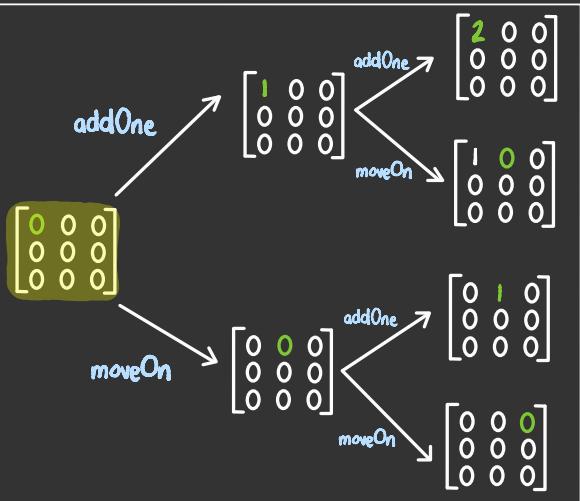
Same as formulation one



$$F = \left\{ \left(10, \begin{bmatrix} a & b & c \\ d & e & f \\ g & h & i \end{bmatrix} \right) \middle| \begin{array}{l} a, b, \dots, i \text{ distinct} \\ a + b + c = k \\ d + e + f = k \\ \dots \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\Sigma = \{ \text{addOne}, \text{moveOn} \}$$

Same as formulation one



$$\Sigma = \{ \text{moveOn} , \text{addOne} \}$$

$$\Delta = \left\{ \langle (n, M), \text{moveOn}, (n+1, M) \rangle \mid (n, M), (n+1, M) \in Q \right\}$$

$$\cup \left\{ \langle (n, M), \text{addOne}, (n, M') \rangle \mid \begin{array}{l} M' \text{ is identical to } M, \\ \text{except square } n \text{ has} \\ \text{been incremented by 1} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\left\{ \langle (n, M), \text{addOne}, (n, M') \rangle \mid \begin{array}{l} M' \text{ is identical to } M, \\ \text{except square } n \text{ has} \\ \text{been incremented by 1} \end{array} \right\}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

Can also be expressed:

$\left\{ \langle (n, M), \text{addOne}, (n, M + E_{ij}) \rangle \mid \begin{array}{l} (n, M) \in Q, \\ i = 1 + \left\lfloor \frac{n-1}{3} \right\rfloor \\ j = 1 + (n-1) \bmod 3 \end{array} \right\}$

where E_{ij} is a 3×3 matrix s.t. entry (i, j) is 1,
and all other entries are zeroes