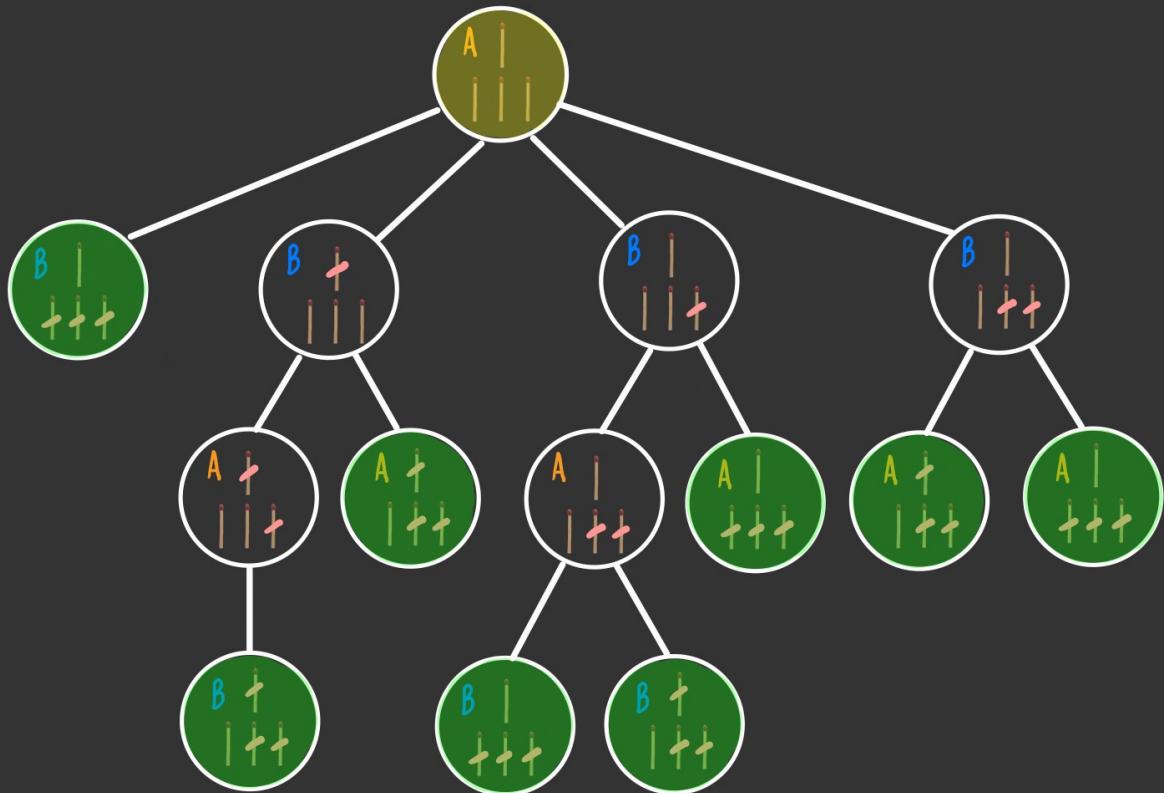


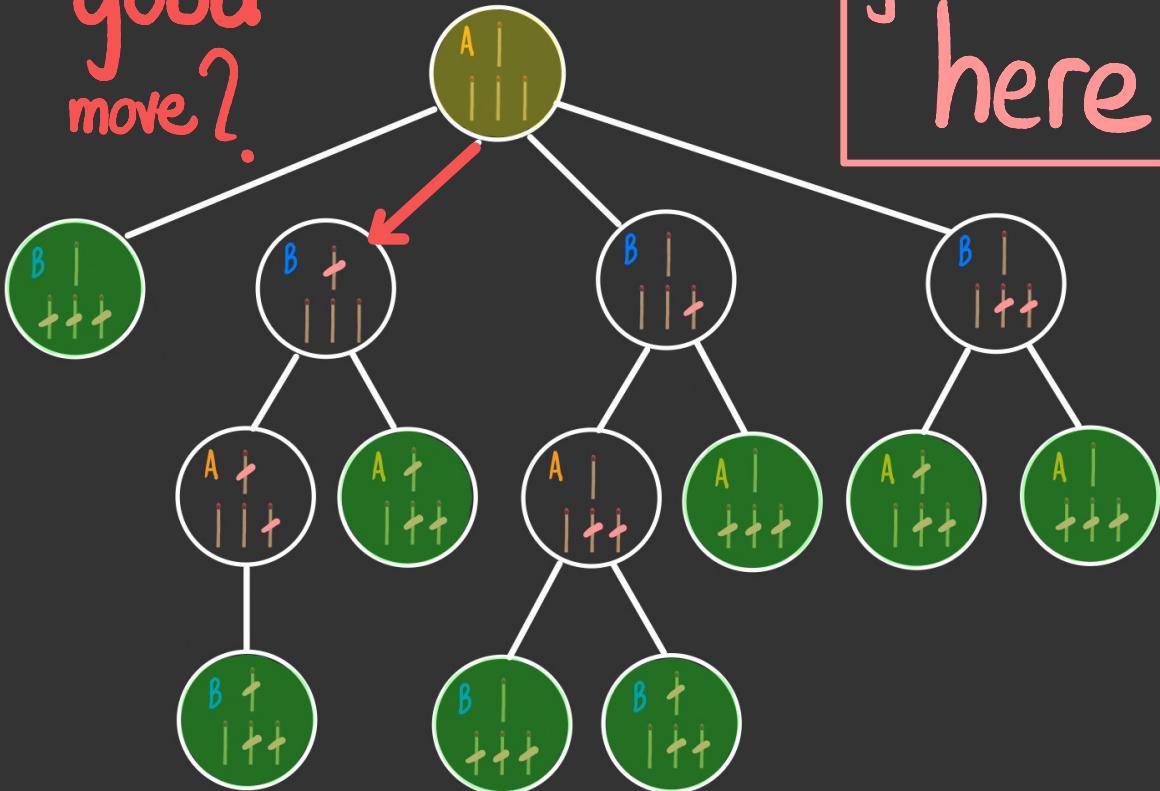
minimax

CSCI
373

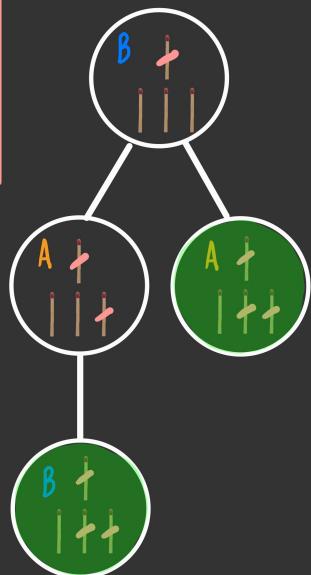


is this a
good
move?

your answer
here



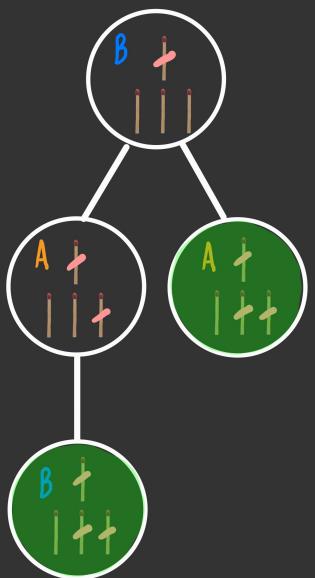
- a game with players P is a tuple (M, U) where:
- $M = (Q, \Sigma, \Delta, q_0, F)$ is a state machine where each state $q \in Q$ has the form $(p, q') \in P \times Q'$ for an auxiliary set Q' of states
 - utility function $U: F \times P \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ which gives the value of each final state for each player



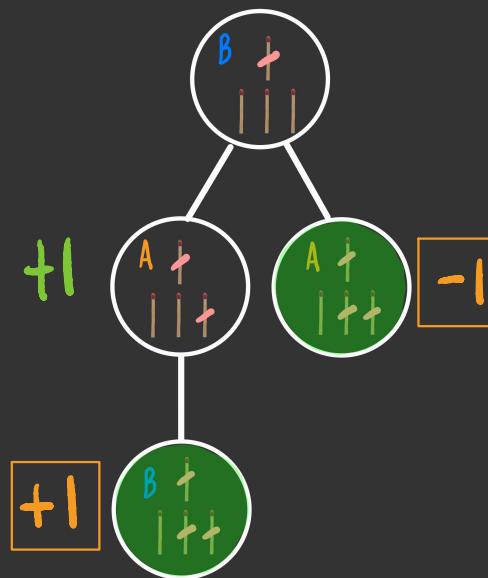
the minimax algorithm is based on the pessimistic principle that our opponent will always choose the move that is **worst for us**

how might we say this more rigorously?

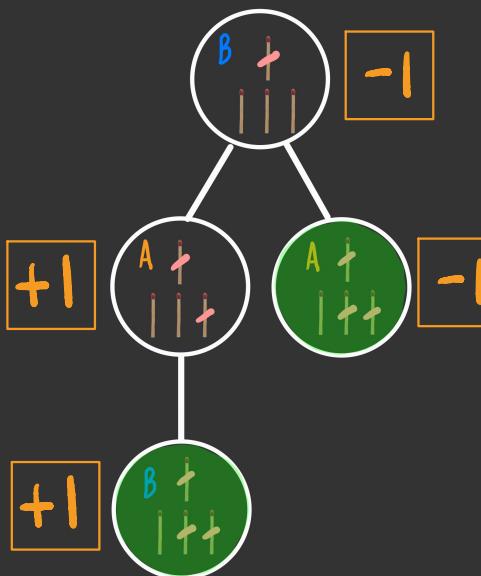
the minimax algorithm
is based on the
pessimistic principle
that our opponent
will always choose
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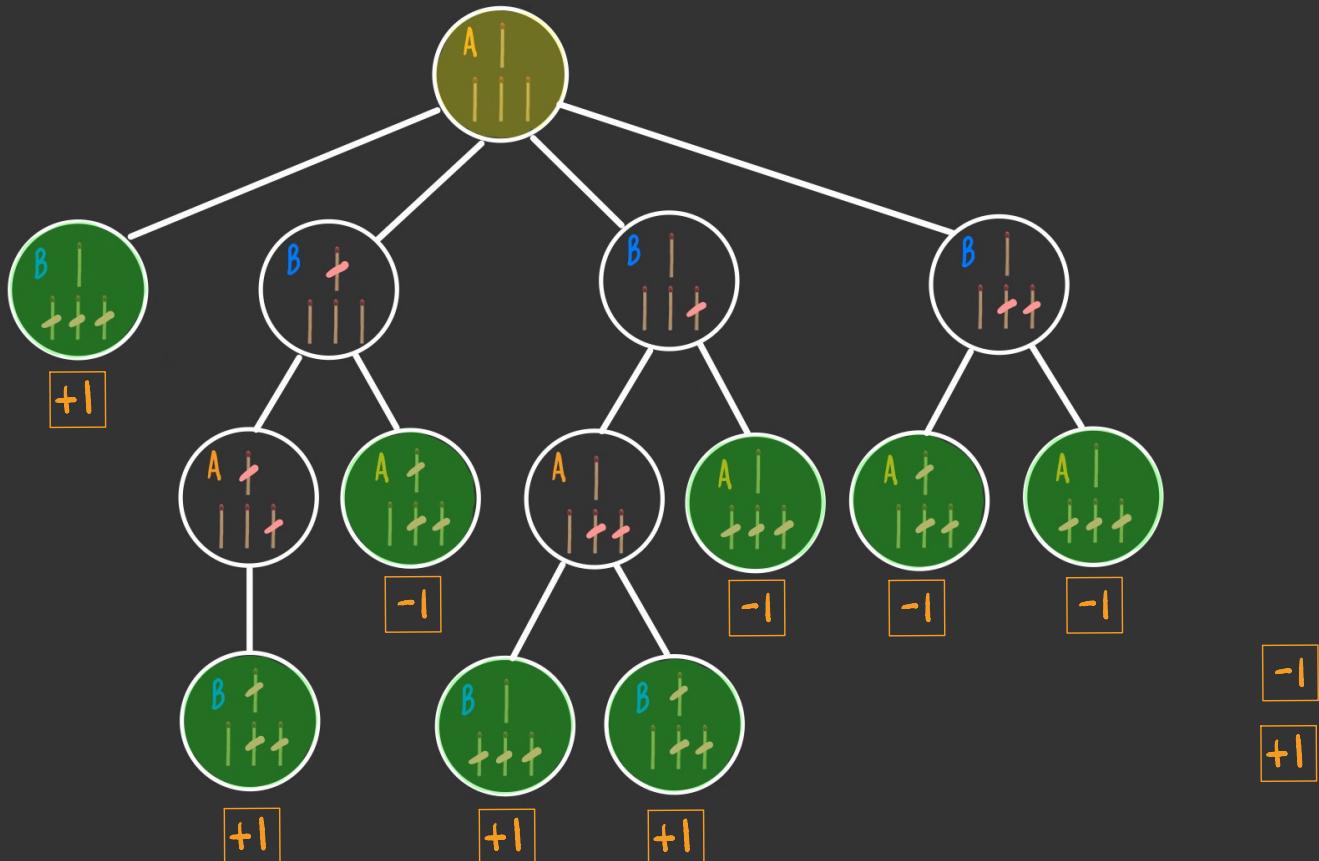


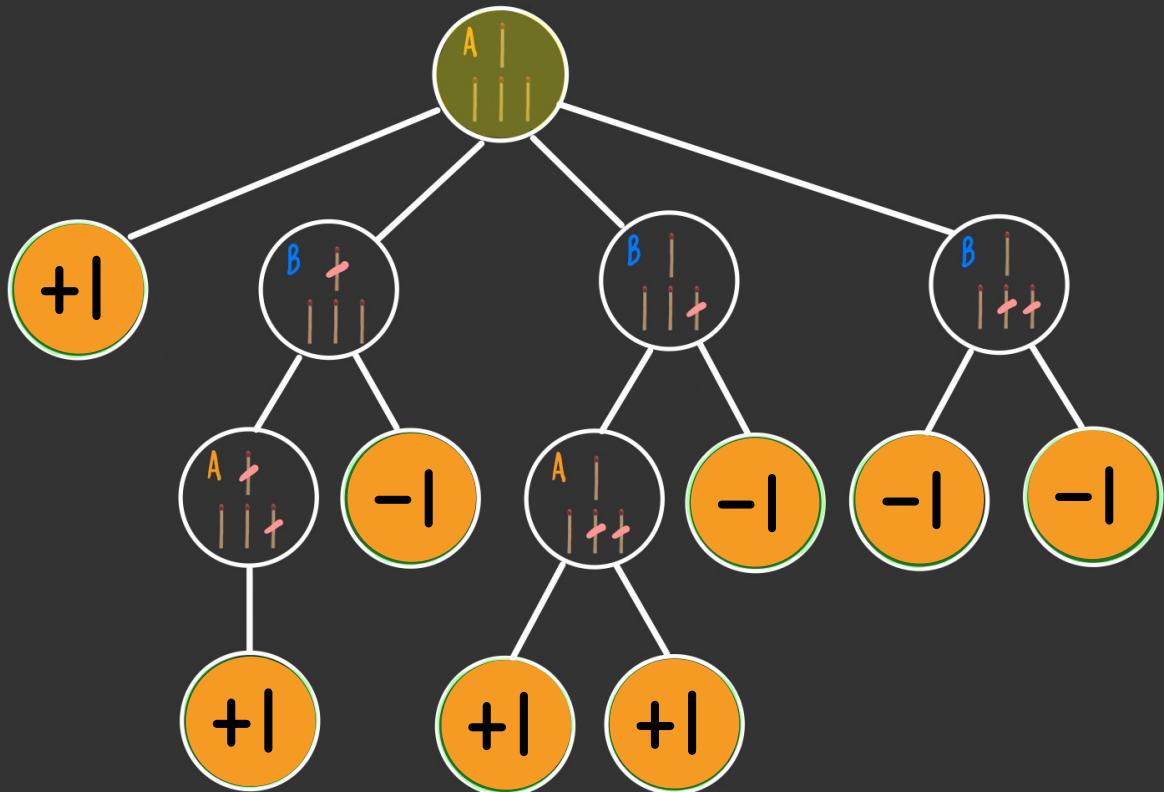
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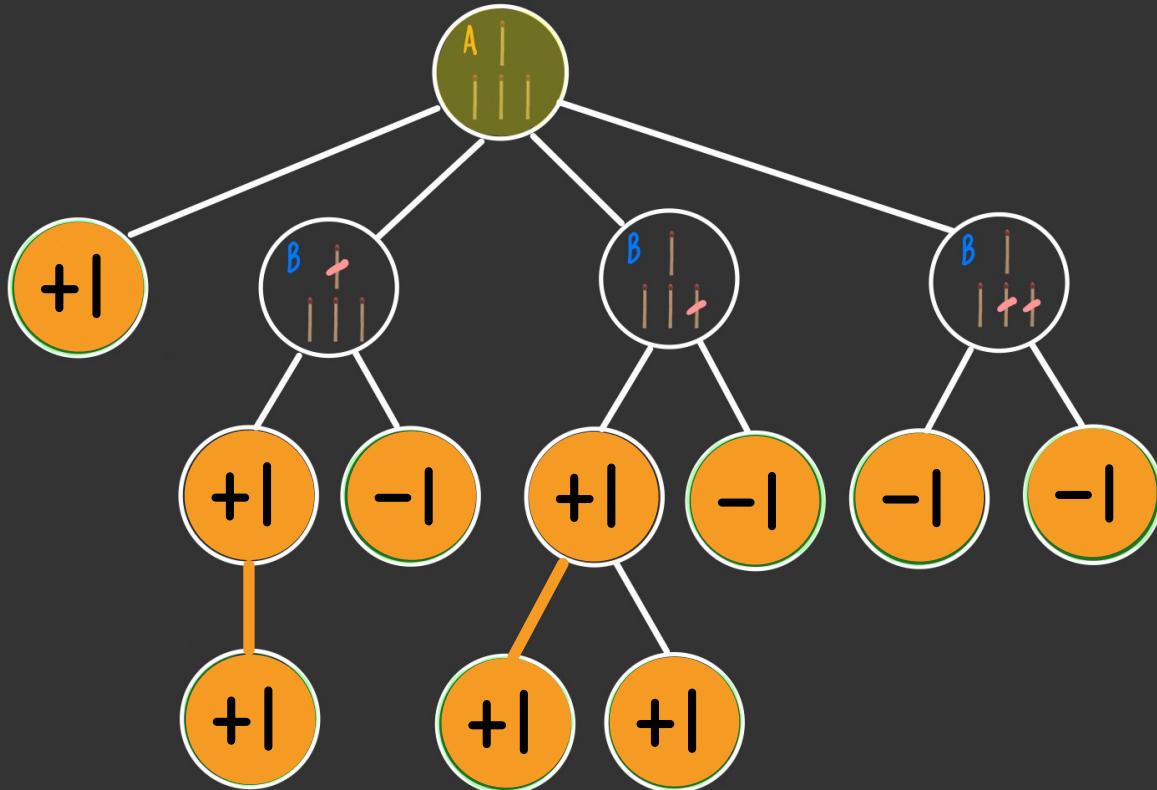
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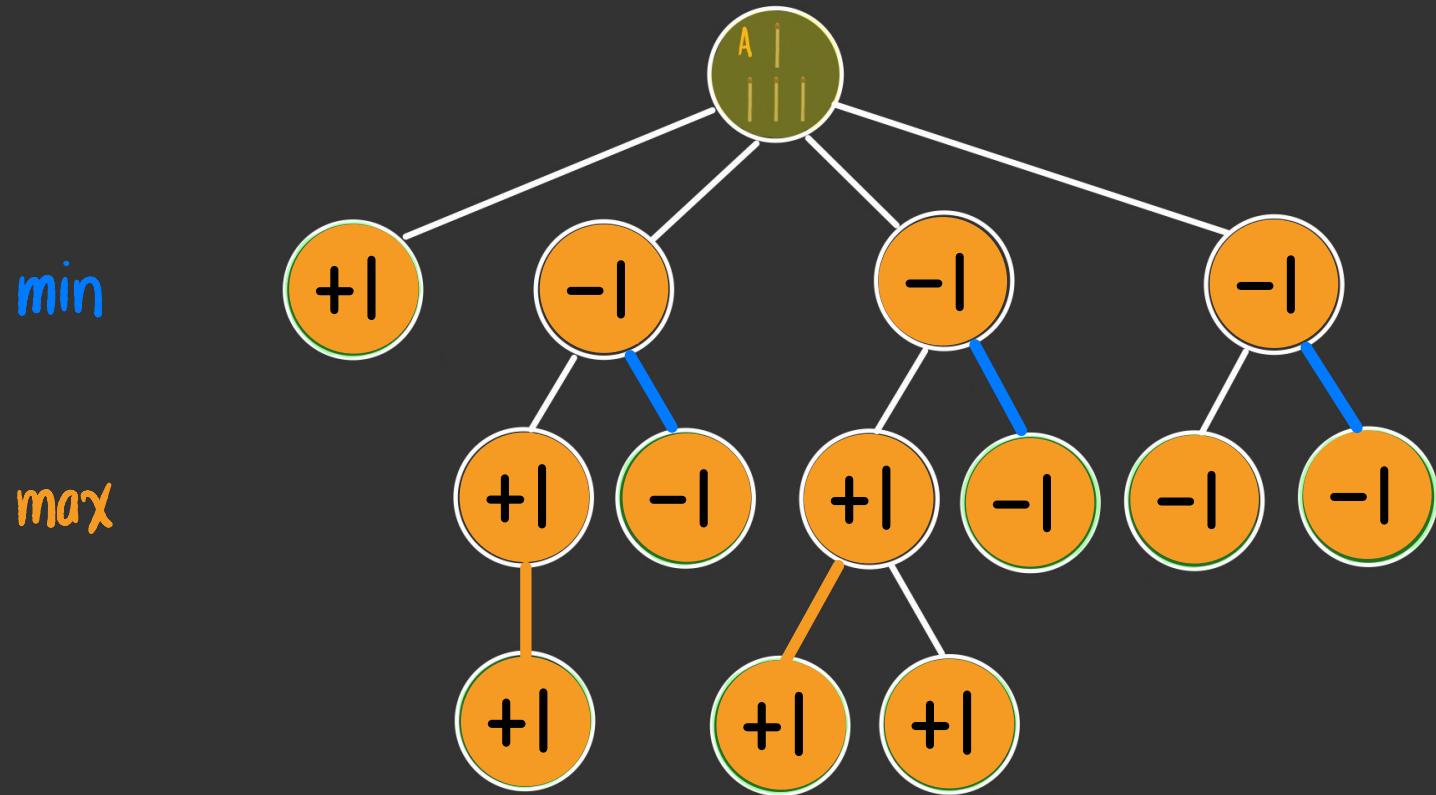






Maximizing the number of green sticks

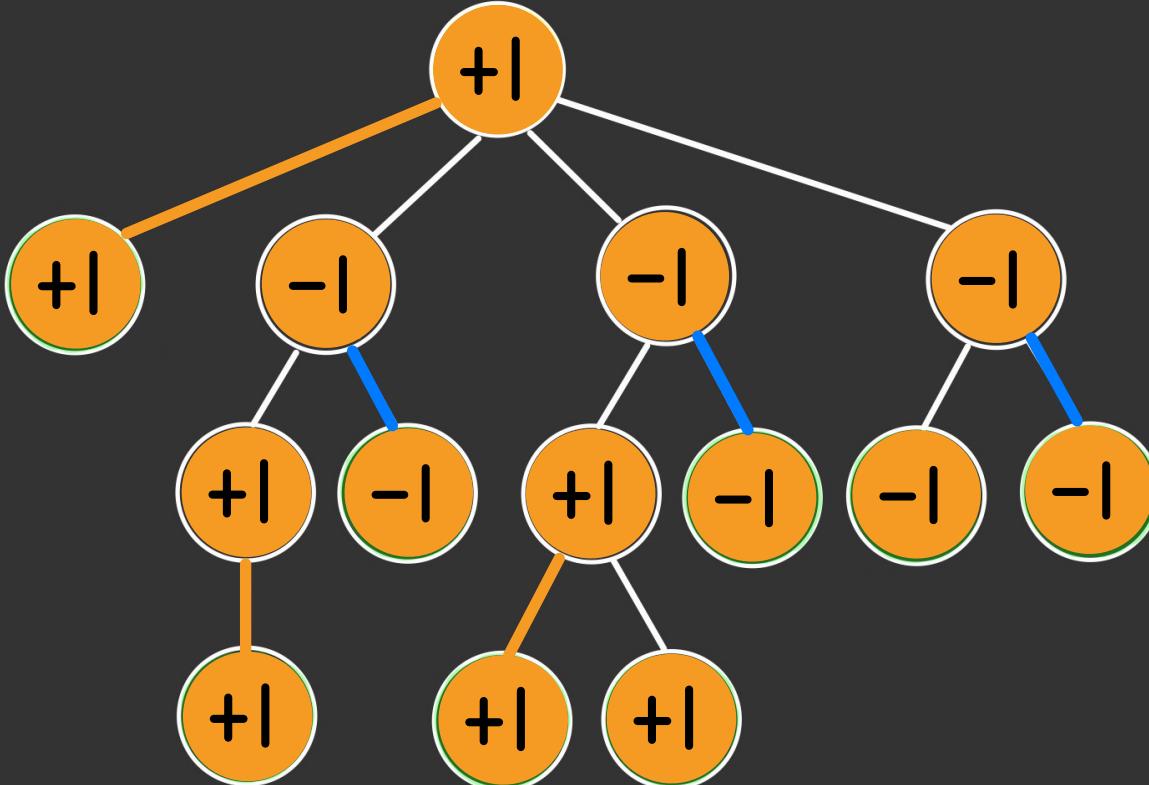




max

min

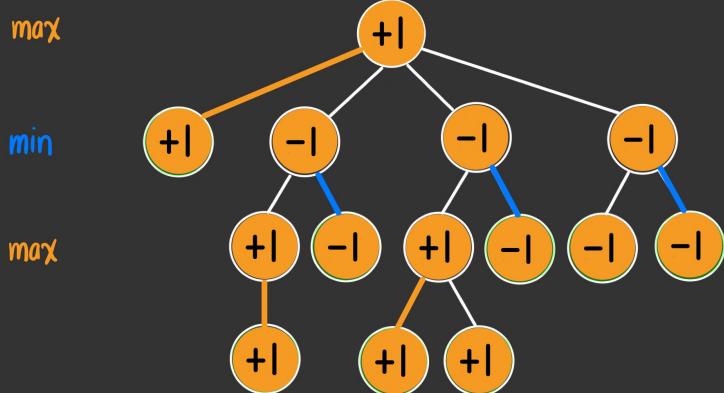
max



player whose utility we're interested in

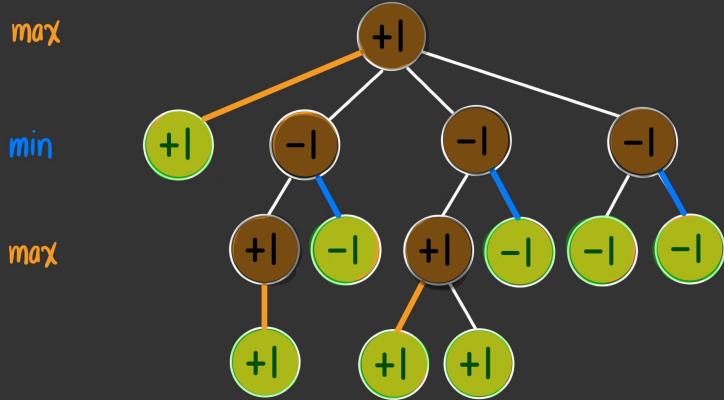
$\minimax(q, p)$

$$= \begin{cases} U(q, p) & \text{if } q \in F \\ \max_{q'} \left\{ \minimax(q', p) \mid \langle q, \sigma, q' \rangle \in \Delta \right\} & \text{if } q \notin F \text{ and } p(q) = p \\ \min_{q'} \left\{ \minimax(q', p) \mid \langle q, \sigma, q' \rangle \in \Delta \right\} & \text{if } q \notin F \text{ and } p(q) \neq p \end{cases}$$



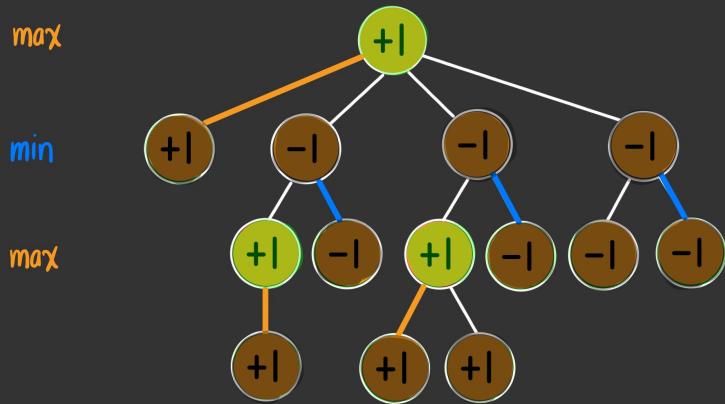
$\text{minimax}(q, p)$

$$= \begin{cases} U(q, p) & \text{if } q \in F \\ \max_{q'} \left\{ \min_{\sigma} \max_{q'} \left\{ \text{minimax}(q', p) \mid \langle q, \sigma, q' \rangle \in \Delta \right\} \right\} & \text{if } q \notin F \text{ and } p(q) = p \\ \max_{q'} \left\{ \min_{\sigma} \max_{q'} \left\{ \text{minimax}(q', p) \mid \langle q, \sigma, q' \rangle \in \Delta \right\} \right\} & \text{if } q \notin F \text{ and } p(q) \neq p \end{cases}$$



$\text{minimax}(q, p)$

$$= \begin{cases} \cup(q, p) & \text{if } q \in F \\ \max_{q'} \left\{ \text{minimax}(q', p) \mid \langle q, \sigma, q' \rangle \in \Delta \right\} & \text{if } q \notin F \text{ and } p(q) = p \\ \min_{q'} \left\{ \text{minimax}(q', p) \mid \langle q, \sigma, q' \rangle \in \Delta \right\} & \text{if } q \notin F \text{ and } p(q) \neq p \end{cases}$$

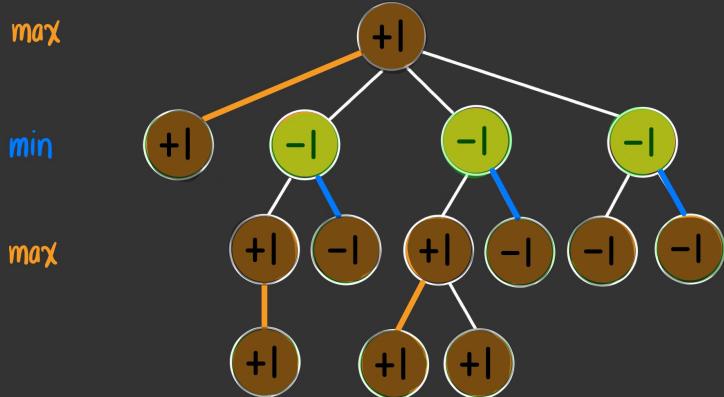


player whose turn it is in state q

player whose utility we're interested in

$\text{minimax}(q, p)$

$$= \begin{cases} U(q, p) & \text{if } q \in F \\ \max_{q'} \left\{ \text{minimax}(q', p) \mid \langle q, \sigma, q' \rangle \in \Delta \right\} & \text{if } q \notin F \text{ and } p(q) = p \\ \min_{q'} \left\{ \text{minimax}(q', p) \mid \langle q, \sigma, q' \rangle \in \Delta \right\} & \text{if } q \notin F \text{ and } p(q) \neq p \end{cases}$$



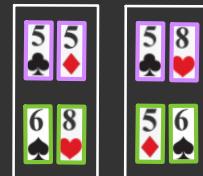
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$\text{minimax}(q, p)$

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or, as pseudocode:

MINIMAX($q, p, (m, u)$):

- ▶ if $q \in F$: return $U(q, p)$
- ▶ children = $\left\{ \text{minimax}(q', p, (m, u)) \mid \langle q, \sigma, q' \rangle \in \Delta(m) \right\}$
- ▶ return $\max(\text{children})$ if $p(q) = p$ else $\min(\text{children})$

$\text{minimax}(q, p)$

$$= \begin{cases} U(q, p) & \text{if } q \in F \\ \max_{q'} \left\{ \text{minimax}(q', p) \mid \langle q, \sigma, q' \rangle \in \Delta \right\} & \text{if } q \notin F \text{ and } p(q) = p \\ \min_{q'} \left\{ \text{minimax}(q', p) \mid \langle q, \sigma, q' \rangle \in \Delta \right\} & \text{if } q \notin F \text{ and } p(q) \neq p \end{cases}$$

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what is
this?

$\text{minimax}(q, p)$

$$= \begin{cases} U(q, p) & \text{if } q \in F \\ \max_{q'} \left\{ \text{minimax}(q', p) \mid \langle q, \sigma, q' \rangle \in \Delta \right\} & \text{if } q \notin F \text{ and } p(q) = p \\ \min_{q'} \left\{ \text{minimax}(q', p) \mid \langle q, \sigma, q' \rangle \in \Delta \right\} & \text{if } q \notin F \text{ and } p(q) \neq p \end{cases}$$

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