

the value of
information

CSCI
373

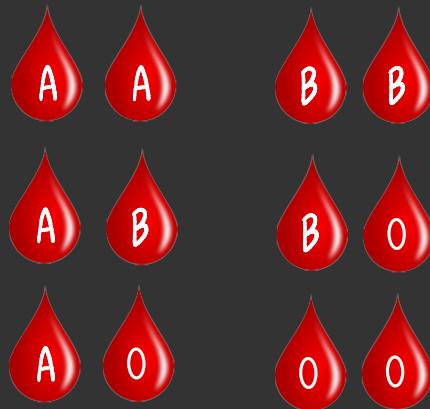
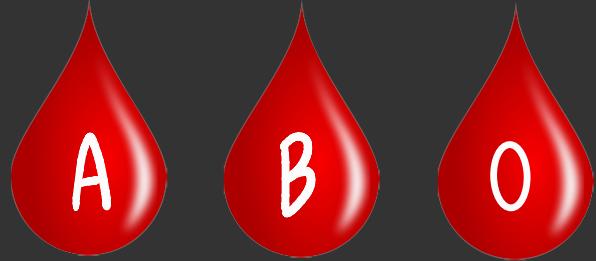
you are a vampire with
a taste for type AB blood

you have an unscrupulous
contact at the local
hospital who provides you
patient information...
for a price

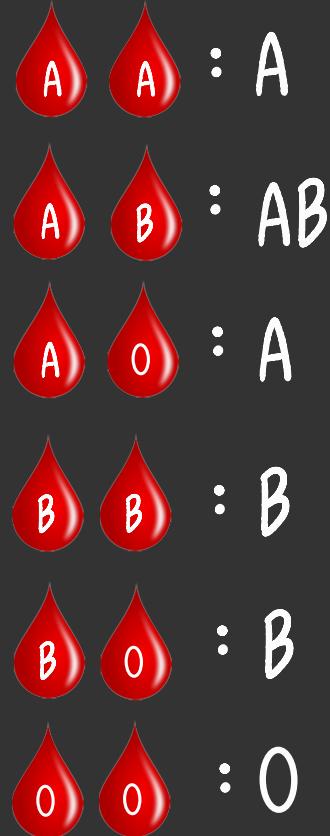


there are 3
blood type
genes

a person inherits one
gene from each parent,
resulting in 6 possible
genotypes



each genotype produces
one of four possible
blood types





Yves

you are starting
to get the sense
that your neighbor
Yves has "AB energy"

unfortunately Yves has never had his blood
drawn at the local hospital, so your hospital
contact cannot provide you his blood type



Xena

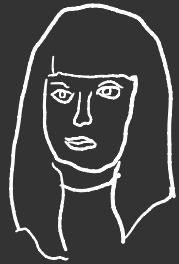


Yves

but your contact can offer you the
blood type of Yves' wife **Xena**
should you purchase it?

your answer here





Xena



Yves

but your contact can offer you the
blood type of Yves' wife **Xena**
should you purchase it?

no, they're not blood relatives





Xena



Yves



Zelda

undaunted, your contact comes back with the blood type of
Zelda, the daughter of
Xena and Yves

Should you purchase it?

your answer
here



Xena



Zelda



Yves

e.g. if Zelda is type O,
Yves cannot be type AB

undaunted, your contact comes back with the blood type of Zelda, the daughter of Xena and Yves

Should you purchase it?

yes, because it might us information about Yves' blood type



Xena



Yves



type A



Zelda

at this point, your contact reminds you that Xena's blood type is still available for sale

should you purchase it now?

your answer
here



Xena



Yves



type A

Zelda

if Xena is type B, then Yves cannot be O ,
given that Zelda is type A

at this point, your contact reminds you that Xena's blood type is still available for sale

should you purchase it now?

yes, now it might us information about Yves' blood type



the value of information is
conditional

without Zelda's blood type,
Xena's blood type **gives us**
no information about Yves'

knowing Zelda's blood type,
Xena's blood type **can give**
us information about Yves'



let X be Xena's blood type.



let Y be Yves's blood type.



let Z be Zelda's blood type.

Xena's bloodtype gives us no information about Yves' bloodtype

$$P(y|x) = P(y) \quad \text{for all } y \in D(Y), x \in D(X)$$

if Zelda is type O, Yves cannot be type AB

$$P(y|z) \neq P(y) \quad \text{for some } y \in D(Y), z \in D(Z)$$

$$\text{e.g. } P(Y=AB | Z=O) \neq P(Y=AB)$$

if Xena is type B, then Yves cannot be O, given that Zelda is type A

$$P(y|z,x) \neq P(y|z) \quad \text{for some } y \in D(Y), z \in D(Z), x \in D(X)$$

$$\text{e.g. } P(Y=O | Z=A, X=B) \neq P(Y=O | Z=A)$$



let X be Xena's blood type.



let Y be Yves's blood type.



let Z be Zelda's blood type.

Y is marginally independent of X if

$$P(y|x) = P(y)$$

for all $y \in D(Y), x \in D(X)$

Xena's bloodtype gives us no information about Yves' bloodtype

$$P(y|x) = P(y) \quad \text{for all } y \in D(Y), x \in D(X)$$

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let X be Xena's blood type.



let Y be Yves's blood type.



let Z be Zelda's blood type.

$Y \perp\!\!\!\perp X$ if

$$P(y|x) = P(y) \quad \text{for all } y \in D(Y), x \in D(X)$$

Xena's bloodtype gives us no information about Yves' bloodtype

$$P(y|x) = P(y) \quad \text{for all } y \in D(Y), x \in D(X)$$

if Zelda is type O, Yves cannot be type AB

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let X be Xena's blood type.



let Y be Yves's blood type.



let Z be Zelda's blood type.

$Y \neq Z$ if

$$P(y|z) \neq P(y)$$

for some $y \in D(Y), z \in D(Z)$

Xena's bloodtype gives us no information about Yves' bloodtype

$$P(y|x) = P(y) \quad \text{for all } y \in D(Y), x \in D(X)$$

if Zelda is type O, Yves cannot be type AB

$$P(y|z) \neq P(y) \quad \text{for some } y \in D(Y), z \in D(Z)$$

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$$\text{e.g. } P(Y=O | Z=A, X=B) \neq P(Y=O | Z=A)$$



let X be Xena's blood type.



let Y be Yves's blood type.



let Z be Zelda's blood type.

Y is conditionally independent of X given Z if

$$P(y|z,x) = P(y|z)$$

for all $y \in D(Y), z \in D(Z), x \in D(X)$

Xena's bloodtype gives us no information about Yves' bloodtype

$$P(y|x) = P(y) \quad \text{for all } y \in D(Y), x \in D(X)$$

if Zelda is type O, Yves cannot be type AB

$$P(y|z) \neq P(y) \quad \text{for some } y \in D(Y), z \in D(Z)$$

e.g. $P(Y=AB|Z=O) \neq P(Y=AB)$

if Xena is type B, then Yves cannot be O, given that Zelda is type A

$$P(y|z,x) \neq P(y|z) \quad \text{for some } y \in D(Y), z \in D(Z), x \in D(X)$$

e.g. $P(Y=O|Z=A, X=B) \neq P(Y=O|Z=A)$



let X be Xena's blood type.



let Y be Yves's blood type.



let Z be Zelda's blood type.

$Y \perp\!\!\!\perp X | Z$ if

$$P(y|z,x) = P(y|z)$$

for all $y \in D(Y), z \in D(Z), x \in D(X)$

Xena's bloodtype gives us no information about Yves' bloodtype

$$P(y|x) = P(y) \quad \text{for all } y \in D(Y), x \in D(X)$$

if Zelda is type O, Yves cannot be type AB

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if Xena is type B, then Yves cannot be O, given that Zelda is type A

$$P(y|z,x) \neq P(y|z) \quad \text{for some } y \in D(Y), z \in D(Z), x \in D(X)$$

e.g. $P(Y=O | Z=A, X=B) \neq P(Y=O | Z=A)$



let X be Xena's blood type.



let Y be Yves's blood type.



let Z be Zelda's blood type.

$Y \not\perp\!\!\!\perp X | Z$ if

$$P(y|z,x) \neq P(y|z)$$

for **some** $y \in D(Y), z \in D(Z), x \in D(X)$

Xena's bloodtype gives us no information about Yves' bloodtype

$$P(y|x) = P(y) \quad \text{for all } y \in D(Y), x \in D(X)$$

if Zelda is type O, Yves cannot be type AB

$$P(y|z) \neq P(y) \quad \text{for some } y \in D(Y), z \in D(Z)$$

$$\text{e.g. } P(Y=AB | Z=O) \neq P(Y=AB)$$

if Xena is type B, then Yves cannot be O, given that Zelda is type A

$$P(y|z,x) \neq P(y|z) \quad \text{for some } y \in D(Y), z \in D(Z), x \in D(X)$$

$$\text{e.g. } P(Y=O | Z=A, X=B) \neq P(Y=O | Z=A)$$

$Y \perp\!\!\!\perp X$ if

$$P(y|x) = P(y)$$

for all $y \in D(Y), x \in D(X)$

marginal independence is commutative:

if $Y \perp\!\!\!\perp X$, then $X \perp\!\!\!\perp Y$

$Y \perp\!\!\!\perp X | Z$ if

$$P(y|z,x) = P(y|z)$$

for all $y \in D(Y), z \in D(Z), x \in D(X)$

conditional independence is commutative:

if $Y \perp\!\!\!\perp X | Z$, then $X \perp\!\!\!\perp Y | Z$

| C | S | $P(c, s)$ |
|-------|----------|-----------------|
| red | circle | $\frac{3}{25}$ |
| red | square | $\frac{2}{25}$ |
| red | triangle | $\frac{2}{25}$ |
| white | circle | $\frac{2}{25}$ |
| white | square | $\frac{6}{25}$ |
| white | triangle | $\frac{10}{25}$ |

is $C \perp\!\!\!\perp S$?

$Y \perp\!\!\!\perp X$ if
 $P(y|x) = P(y)$
 for all $y \in D(Y), x \in D(X)$

| C | S | $P(c, s)$ | |
|-------|-----|-----------------|--|
| red | ● | $\frac{3}{25}$ | $P(C = \text{red} S = \bullet) \stackrel{?}{=} P(C = \text{red})$ |
| red | □ | $\frac{2}{25}$ | $P(C = \text{red} S = \square) \stackrel{?}{=} P(C = \text{red})$ |
| red | ▲ | $\frac{2}{25}$ | $P(C = \text{red} S = \blacktriangle) \stackrel{?}{=} P(C = \text{red})$ |
| white | ● | $\frac{2}{25}$ | $P(C = \text{white} S = \bullet) \stackrel{?}{=} P(C = \text{white})$ |
| white | □ | $\frac{6}{25}$ | $P(C = \text{white} S = \square) \stackrel{?}{=} P(C = \text{white})$ |
| white | ▲ | $\frac{10}{25}$ | $P(C = \text{white} S = \blacktriangle) \stackrel{?}{=} P(C = \text{white})$ |

$Y \perp\!\!\!\perp X$ if
 $P(y|x) = P(y)$
for all $y \in D(Y), x \in D(X)$

| C | S | $P(C, S)$ | $P(C = \text{red} S = \bullet) \stackrel{?}{=} P(C = \text{red})$ |
|-------|-----|-----------------|--|
| red | ● | $\frac{3}{25}$ | $P(C = \text{red} S = \bullet)$ |
| red | □ | $\frac{2}{25}$ | $\stackrel{y x}{=} \frac{P(C = \text{red}, S = \bullet)}{P(S = \bullet)}$ |
| red | ▲ | $\frac{2}{25}$ | $\stackrel{\text{total}}{=} \frac{P(C = \text{red}, S = \bullet)}{\sum_c P(c, S = \bullet)}$ |
| white | ● | $\frac{2}{25}$ | $= \frac{\frac{3}{25}}{\frac{3}{25} + \frac{2}{25}}$ |
| white | □ | $\frac{6}{25}$ | $= \frac{3}{7}$ |
| white | ▲ | $\frac{10}{25}$ | $\nearrow \text{not equal, so } C \not\perp\!\!\!\perp S$ |