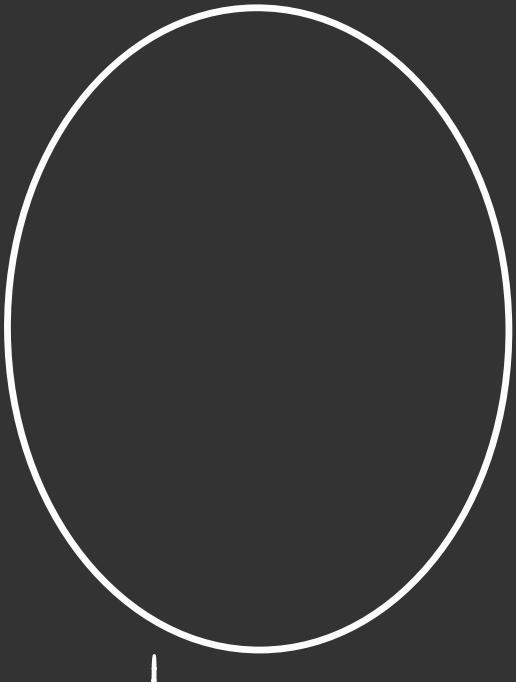
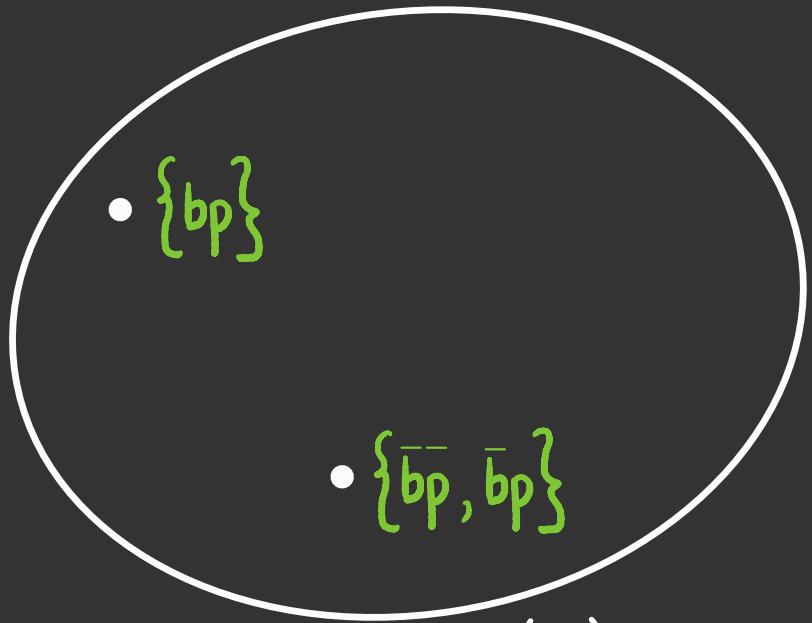


propositional  
logic

CSCI  
373

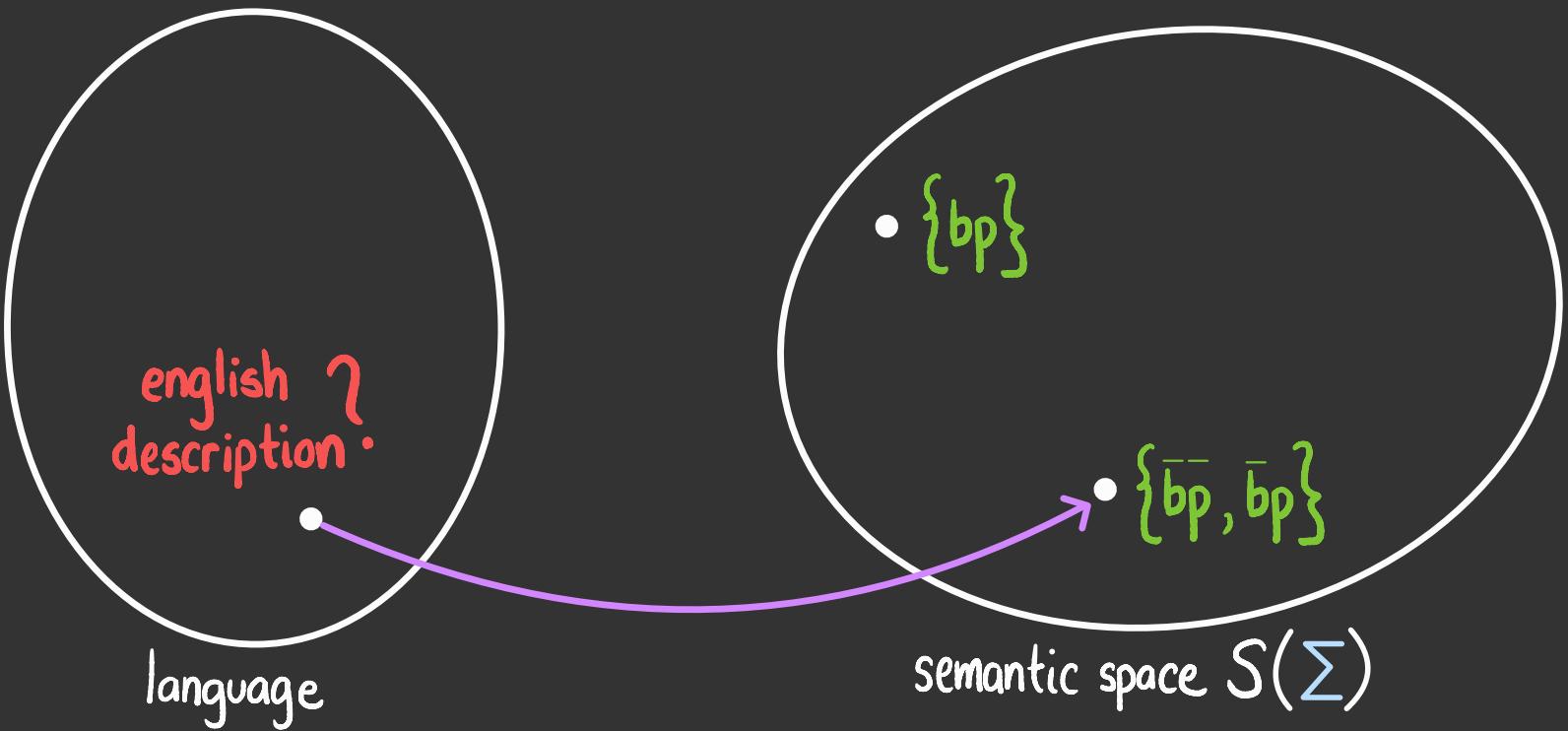


language

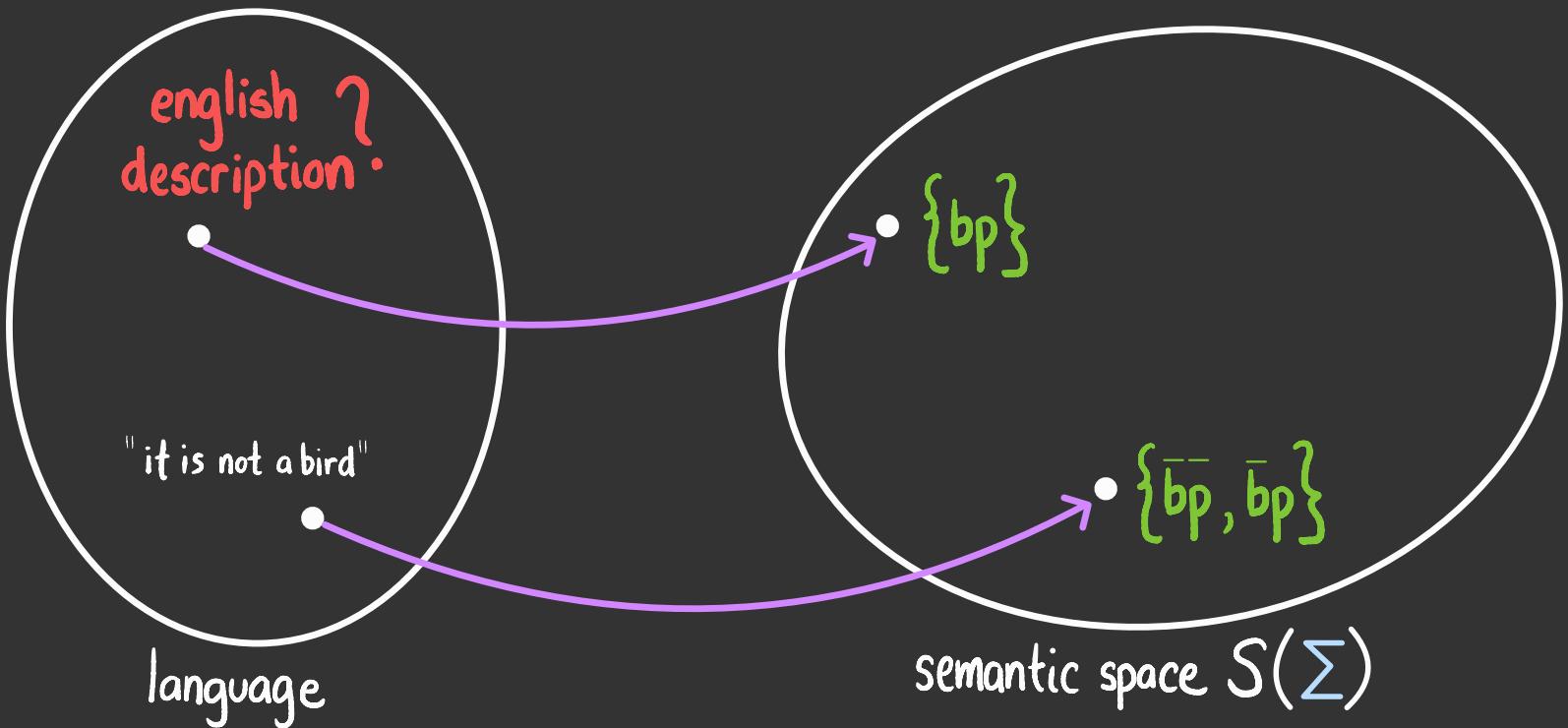


semantic space  $S(\Sigma)$

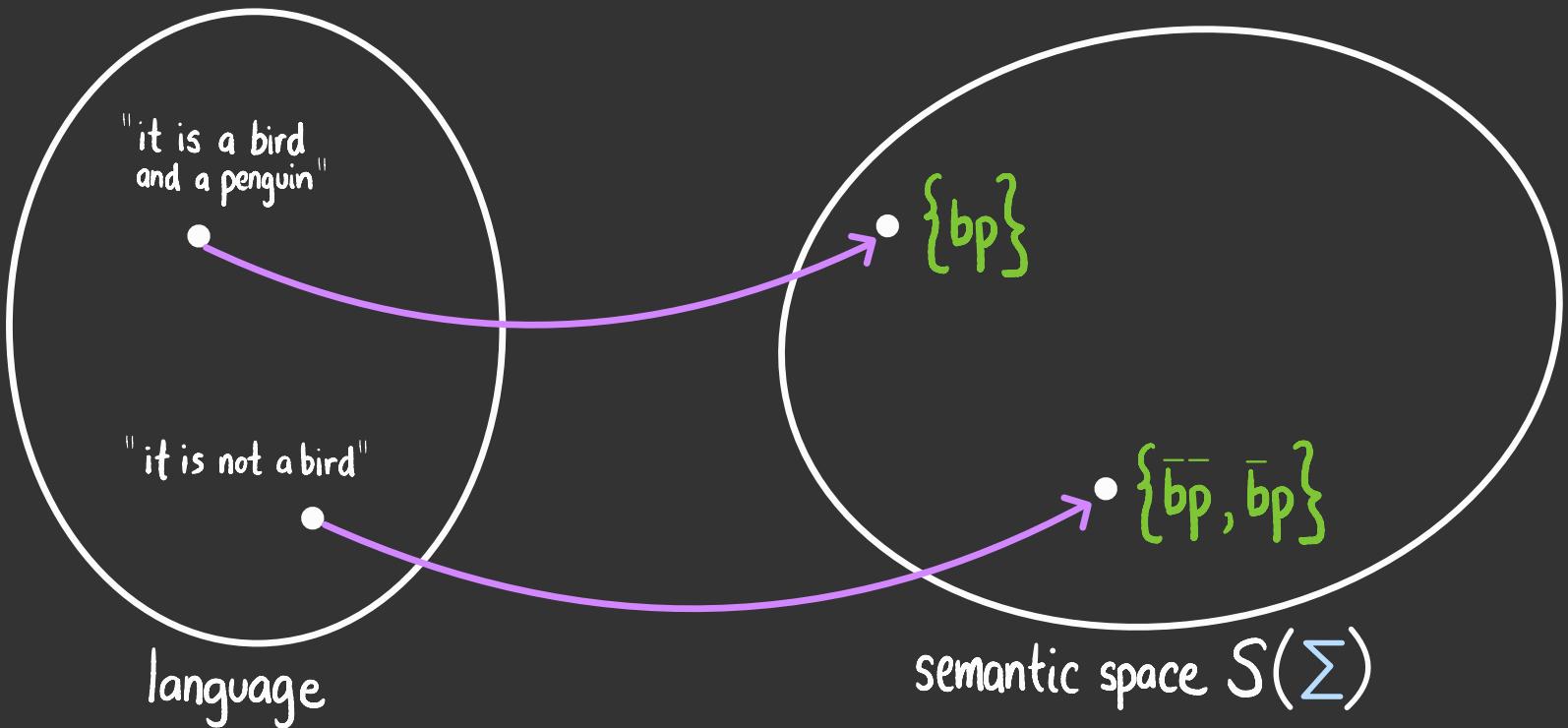
next we construct a **language** to  
represent elements of the semantic space



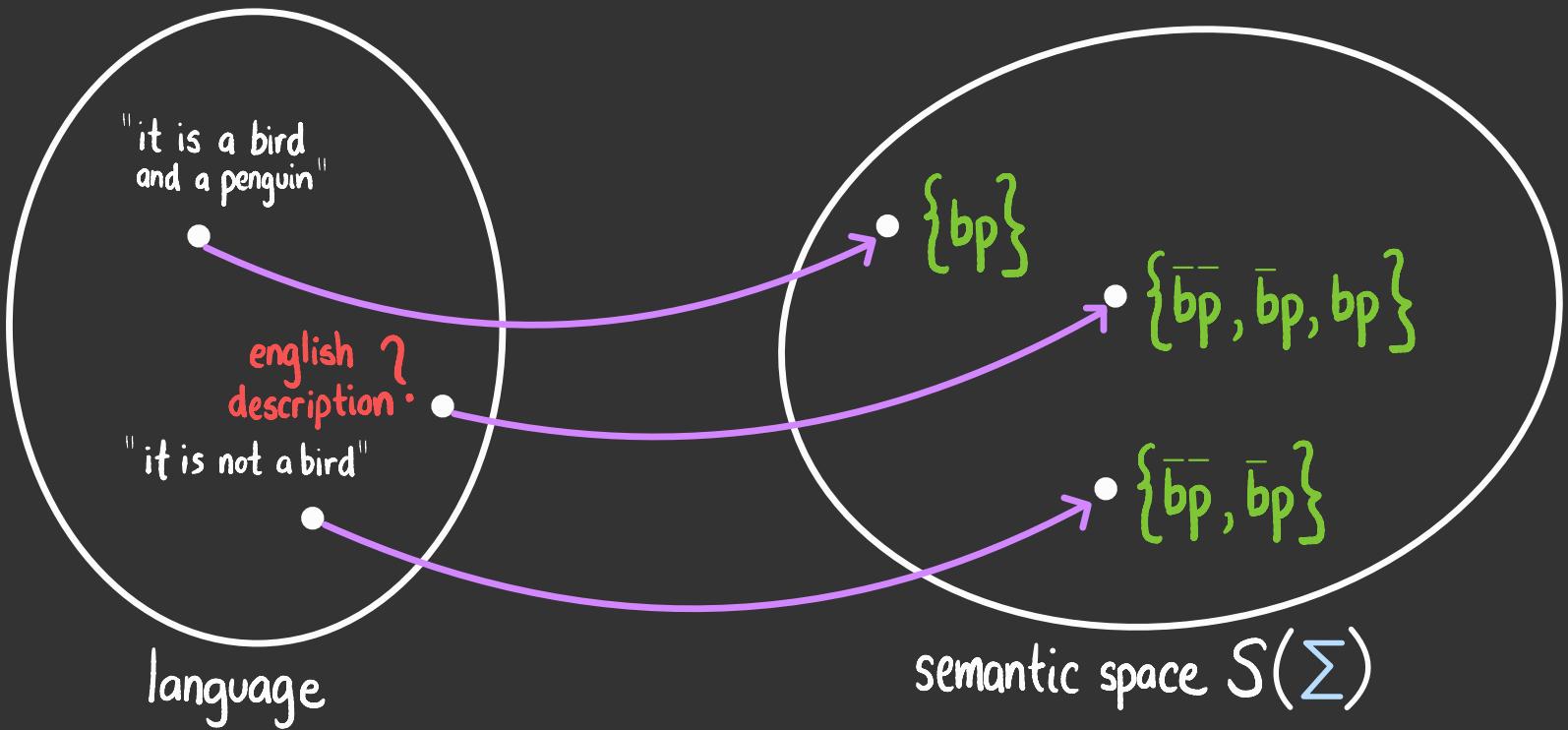
next we construct a **language** to  
represent elements of the semantic space



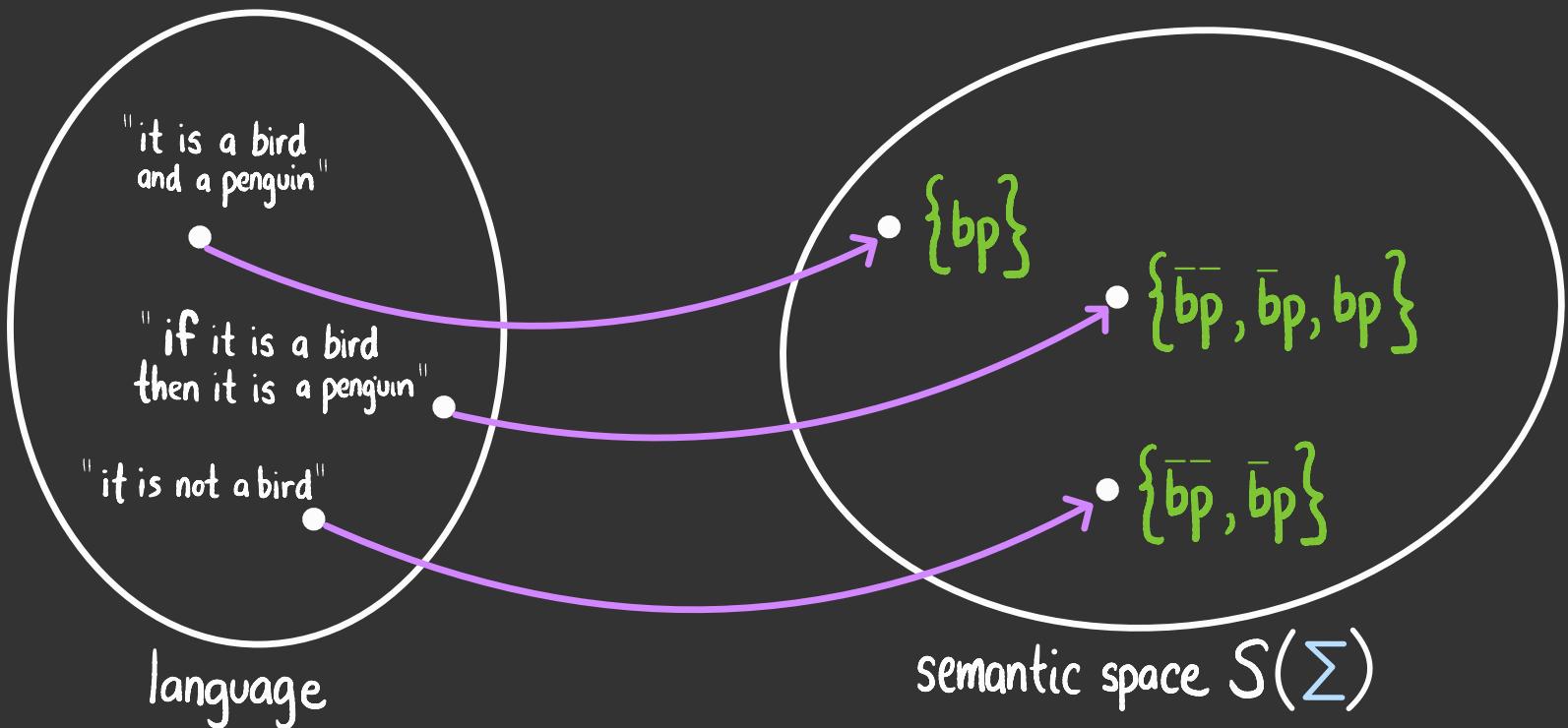
next we construct a **language** to  
represent elements of the semantic space



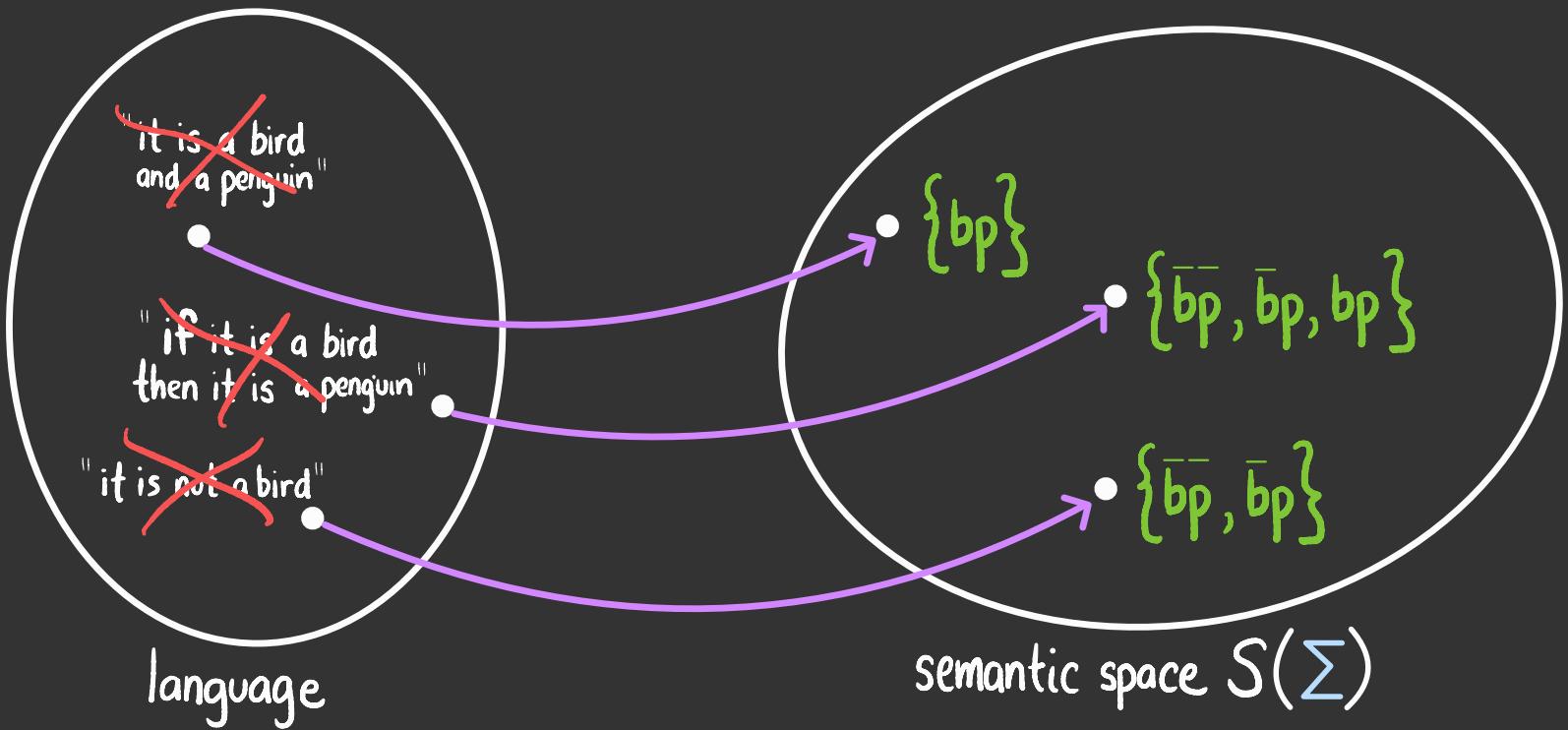
next we construct a **language** to  
represent elements of the semantic space



next we construct a **language** to  
represent elements of the semantic space



next we construct a **language** to  
represent elements of the semantic space



but we won't use english  
english is overly general



also english is ambiguous

## english

## propositional logic

"it is not a bird"

$$\neg B$$

not B

"it is a bird  
or a penguin"

$$B \vee P$$

B or P

"it is a bird  
and a penguin"

$$B \wedge P$$

B and P

"if it is a bird  
then it is a penguin"

$$B \Rightarrow P$$

B implies P

## english

"it is not a bird"

"it is a bird  
or a penguin"

"it is a bird  
and a penguin"

"if it is a bird  
then it is a penguin"

## propositional logic

$\neg B$

$B \vee P$

$B \wedge P$

$B \Rightarrow P$

let's define this language

the propositional language  $L(\Sigma)$  for signature  $\Sigma$  is the smallest set of strings such that:

- ▶  $\top \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\perp \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\sigma \in \Sigma$ , then  $\sigma \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$ , then  $\neg\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\beta \in L(\Sigma)$ , then:
  - ▶  $(\alpha \wedge \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - ▶  $(\alpha \vee \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - ▶  $(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$

example strings  
in  $L(\{B, P\})$

$\top$

$\perp$

the propositional language  $L(\Sigma)$  for signature  $\Sigma$  is the smallest set of strings such that:

- ▶  $\top \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\perp \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\sigma \in \Sigma$ , then  $\sigma \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$ , then  $\neg\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\beta \in L(\Sigma)$ , then:
  - ▶  $(\alpha \wedge \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - ▶  $(\alpha \vee \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - ▶  $(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$

example strings  
in  $L(\{B, P\})$

$\top$                    $\perp$   
 $B$                    $P$

the propositional language  $L(\Sigma)$  for signature  $\Sigma$  is the smallest set of strings such that:

- ▶  $\top \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\perp \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\sigma \in \Sigma$ , then  $\sigma \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$ , then  $\neg \alpha \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\beta \in L(\Sigma)$ , then:
  - ▶  $(\alpha \wedge \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - ▶  $(\alpha \vee \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - ▶  $(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$

example strings  
in  $L(\{B, P\})$

$\top$	$\perp$
$B$	$P$
$\neg B$	$\neg P$

the propositional language  $L(\Sigma)$  for signature  $\Sigma$  is the smallest set of strings such that:

- ▶  $\top \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\perp \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\sigma \in \Sigma$ , then  $\sigma \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$ , then  $\neg \alpha \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\beta \in L(\Sigma)$ , then:
  - ▶  $(\alpha \wedge \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - ▶  $(\alpha \vee \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - ▶  $(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$

example strings  
in  $L(\{B, P\})$

$\top$                    $\perp$

$B$                    $P$

$\neg B$                    $\neg P$   
 $\uparrow$                    $\uparrow$   
anything else?

the propositional language  $L(\Sigma)$  for signature  $\Sigma$  is the smallest set of strings such that:

- ▶  $\top \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\perp \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\sigma \in \Sigma$ , then  $\sigma \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$ , then  $\neg\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\beta \in L(\Sigma)$ , then:
  - ▶  $(\alpha \wedge \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - ▶  $(\alpha \vee \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - ▶  $(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$

example strings  
in  $L(\{B, P\})$

$\top$        $\perp$

$B$        $P$

$\neg\top$     $\neg B$     $\neg\neg B$     $\neg P$     $\neg\perp$

the propositional language  $L(\Sigma)$  for signature  $\Sigma$  is the smallest set of strings such that:

- ▶  $\top \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\perp \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\sigma \in \Sigma$ , then  $\sigma \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$ , then  $\neg\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\beta \in L(\Sigma)$ , then:
  - ▶  $(\alpha \wedge \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - ▶  $(\alpha \vee \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - ▶  $(\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$

example strings  
in  $L(\{B, P\})$

$\top$        $\perp$

$B$        $P$

$\neg\top$     $\neg B$     $\neg\neg B$     $\neg P$     $\neg\perp$

$(\neg B \wedge P)$     $((\neg B \wedge P) \wedge \perp)$

the propositional language  $L(\Sigma)$  for signature  $\Sigma$  is the smallest set of strings such that:

- ▶  $\top \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\perp \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\sigma \in \Sigma$ , then  $\sigma \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$ , then  $\neg \alpha \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\beta \in L(\Sigma)$ , then:
  - ▶  $(\alpha \wedge \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - ▶  $(\alpha \vee \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - ▶  $(\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$

example strings  
in  $L(\{B, P\})$

$\top$        $\perp$

$B$        $P$

$\neg T$     $\neg B$     $\neg \neg B$     $\neg P$     $\neg \perp$

$(\neg B \wedge P)$     $((\neg B \wedge P) \wedge \perp)$

$(\neg B \vee P)$     $((\neg B \wedge P) \vee \perp)$

the propositional language  $L(\Sigma)$  for signature  $\Sigma$  is the smallest set of strings such that:

- ▶  $\top \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\perp \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\sigma \in \Sigma$ , then  $\sigma \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$ , then  $\neg\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\beta \in L(\Sigma)$ , then:
  - ▶  $(\alpha \wedge \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - ▶  $(\alpha \vee \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - ▶  $(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$

example strings  
in  $L(\{B, P\})$

$\top$        $\perp$

$B$        $P$

$\neg\top$     $\neg B$      $\neg\neg B$      $\neg P$      $\neg\perp$

$(\neg B \wedge P)$     $((\neg B \wedge P) \wedge \perp)$

$(\neg B \vee P)$     $((\neg B \wedge P) \vee \perp)$

$(\neg B \Rightarrow P)$     $((\neg B \vee P) \Rightarrow \perp)$

the propositional language  $L(\Sigma)$  for signature  $\Sigma$  is the smallest set of strings such that:

- ▶  $\top \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\perp \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\sigma \in \Sigma$ , then  $\sigma \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$ , then  $\neg \alpha \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\beta \in L(\Sigma)$ , then:
  - ▶  $(\alpha \wedge \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - ▶  $(\alpha \vee \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - ▶  $(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$

which of these strings are in  $L(\{B, P\})$ ?

the empty string	✓ / ✗
$B$	✓ / ✗
$B \vee P$	✓ / ✗
$(B \wedge \neg B)$	✓ / ✗
$(F \Rightarrow B)$	✓ / ✗
$(B \wedge P \wedge \neg B)$	✓ / ✗
$\neg(\neg P \Rightarrow (B \vee \neg P))$	✓ / ✗

the propositional language  $L(\Sigma)$  for signature  $\Sigma$  is the smallest set of strings such that:

- ▶  $\top \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\perp \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\sigma \in \Sigma$ , then  $\sigma \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$ , then  $\neg \alpha \in L(\Sigma)$
- ▶ if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\beta \in L(\Sigma)$ , then:
  - ▶  $(\alpha \wedge \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - ▶  $(\alpha \vee \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - ▶  $(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$

which of these strings are in  $L(\{B, P\})$ ?

the empty string

B



$B \vee P$



$(B \wedge \neg B)$



$(F \Rightarrow B)$



$(B \wedge P \wedge \neg B)$



$\neg(\neg P \Rightarrow (B \vee \neg P))$



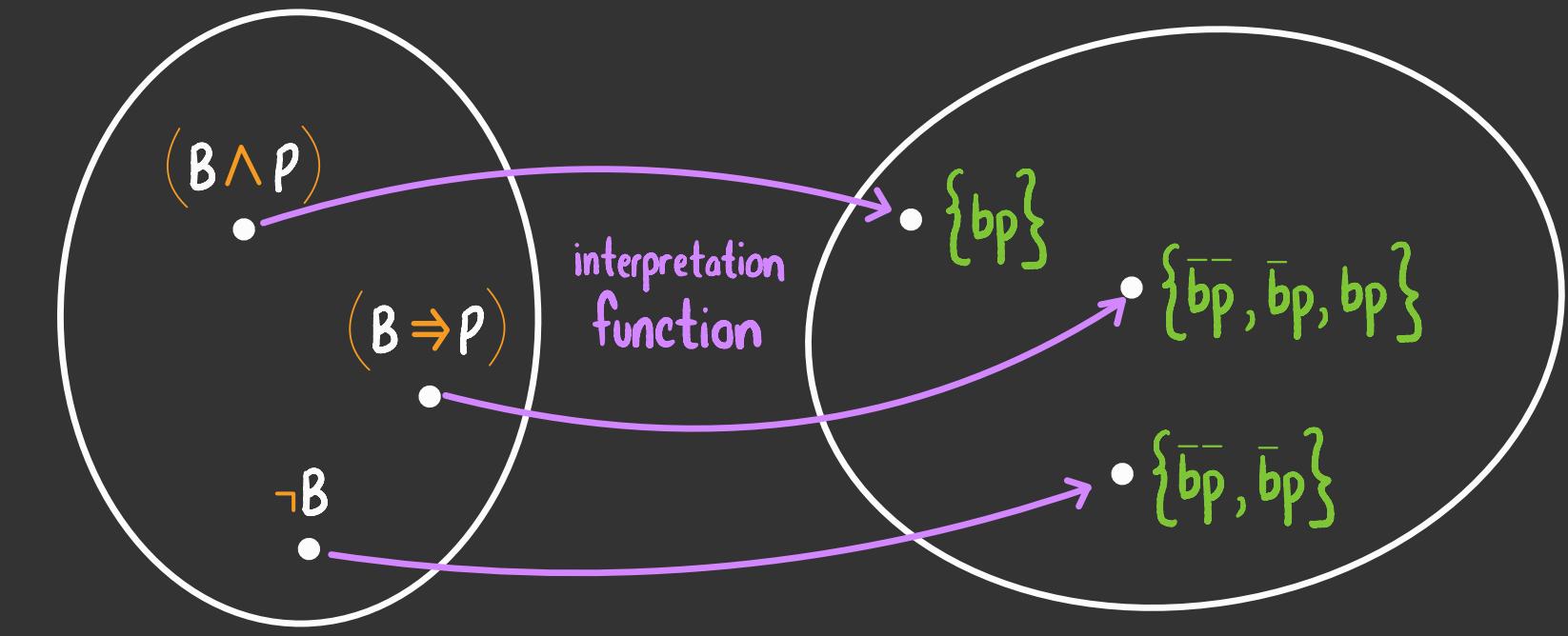
$(B \wedge P)$  $(B \Rightarrow P)$  $\neg B$ 

propositional language  $L(\Sigma)$

 $\{bp\}$  $\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}\}$  $\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$ 

semantic space  $S(\Sigma)$

we've defined the language and the meanings



propositional language  $L(\Sigma)$

semantic space  $S(\Sigma)$

the final step is to assign a meaning  
to each string of the language

the propositional language  $L(\Sigma)$   
for signature  $\Sigma$  is the smallest  
set of strings such that:

- $\top \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\perp \in L(\Sigma)$
- if  $\sigma \in \Sigma$ , then  $\sigma \in L(\Sigma)$
- if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$ , then  $\neg \alpha \in L(\Sigma)$
- if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\beta \in L(\Sigma)$ , then:
  - $(\alpha \wedge \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - $(\alpha \vee \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - $(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$

$\top$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	{	?	}
$\perp$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	{	?	}
$\rho$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	{	?	}
$\neg B$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	{	?	}
$(\rho \wedge \neg B)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	{	?	}
$(\rho \vee \neg B)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	{	?	}
$(B \Rightarrow \rho)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	{	?	}

propositional language

$L(\Sigma)$

semantic space

$S(\Sigma)$

the propositional language  $L(\Sigma)$   
for signature  $\Sigma$  is the smallest  
set of strings such that:

- $\top \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\perp \in L(\Sigma)$
- if  $\sigma \in \Sigma$ , then  $\sigma \in L(\Sigma)$
- if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$ , then  $\neg \alpha \in L(\Sigma)$
- if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\beta \in L(\Sigma)$ , then:
  - $(\alpha \wedge \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - $(\alpha \vee \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - $(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$

$\top$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}p, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$\perp$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$p$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{ ? \}$
$\neg B$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{ ? \}$
$(p \wedge \neg B)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{ ? \}$
$(p \vee \neg B)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{ ? \}$
$(B \Rightarrow p)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{ ? \}$

propositional language

$L(\Sigma)$

semantic space

$S(\Sigma)$

the propositional language  $L(\Sigma)$   
for signature  $\Sigma$  is the smallest  
set of strings such that:

- $\top \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\perp \in L(\Sigma)$
- if  $\sigma \in \Sigma$ , then  $\sigma \in L(\Sigma)$
- if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$ , then  $\neg \alpha \in L(\Sigma)$
- if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\beta \in L(\Sigma)$ , then:
  - $(\alpha \wedge \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - $(\alpha \vee \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - $(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$

$\top$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$\perp$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$p$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$\neg B$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{ ? \}$
$(p \wedge \neg B)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{ ? \}$
$(p \vee \neg B)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{ ? \}$
$(B \Rightarrow p)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{ ? \}$

propositional language

$L(\Sigma)$

semantic space

$S(\Sigma)$

the propositional language  $L(\Sigma)$   
for signature  $\Sigma$  is the smallest  
set of strings such that:

- $\top \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\perp \in L(\Sigma)$
- if  $\sigma \in \Sigma$ , then  $\sigma \in L(\Sigma)$
- if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$ , then  $\neg \alpha \in L(\Sigma)$
- if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\beta \in L(\Sigma)$ , then:
  - $(\alpha \wedge \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - $(\alpha \vee \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - $(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$

$\top$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$\perp$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$p$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$\neg B$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$(p \wedge \neg B)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{ ? \}$
$(p \vee \neg B)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{ ? \}$
$(B \Rightarrow p)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{ ? \}$

propositional language

$L(\Sigma)$

semantic space

$S(\Sigma)$

the propositional language  $L(\Sigma)$   
for signature  $\Sigma$  is the smallest  
set of strings such that:

- $\top \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\perp \in L(\Sigma)$
- if  $\sigma \in \Sigma$ , then  $\sigma \in L(\Sigma)$
- if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$ , then  $\neg \alpha \in L(\Sigma)$
- if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\beta \in L(\Sigma)$ , then:
  - $(\alpha \wedge \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - $(\alpha \vee \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - $(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$

$\top$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$\perp$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$p$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$\neg B$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$(p \wedge \neg B)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$(p \vee \neg B)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{ ? \}$
$(B \Rightarrow p)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{ ? \}$

propositional language

$L(\Sigma)$

semantic space

$S(\Sigma)$

the propositional language  $L(\Sigma)$   
for signature  $\Sigma$  is the smallest  
set of strings such that:

- $\top \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\perp \in L(\Sigma)$
- if  $\sigma \in \Sigma$ , then  $\sigma \in L(\Sigma)$
- if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$ , then  $\neg \alpha \in L(\Sigma)$
- if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\beta \in L(\Sigma)$ , then:
  - $(\alpha \wedge \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - $(\alpha \vee \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - $(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$

$\top$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$\perp$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$p$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$\neg B$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$(p \wedge \neg B)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$(p \vee \neg B)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$(B \Rightarrow p)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	{ ? }

propositional language

$L(\Sigma)$

semantic space

$S(\Sigma)$

the propositional language  $L(\Sigma)$   
for signature  $\Sigma$  is the smallest  
set of strings such that:

- $\top \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\perp \in L(\Sigma)$
- if  $\sigma \in \Sigma$ , then  $\sigma \in L(\Sigma)$
- if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$ , then  $\neg \alpha \in L(\Sigma)$
- if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\beta \in L(\Sigma)$ , then:
  - $(\alpha \wedge \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - $(\alpha \vee \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$
  - $(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \in L(\Sigma)$

$\top$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$\perp$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$p$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$\neg B$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$(p \wedge \neg B)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$(p \vee \neg B)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$
$(B \Rightarrow p)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp\}$

propositional language

$L(\Sigma)$

semantic space

$S(\Sigma)$

$$\top \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\text{bp}}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$\perp \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\text{bp}}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$P \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\text{bp}}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$\neg B \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\text{bp}}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$(P \wedge \neg B) \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\text{bp}}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$(P \vee \neg B) \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\text{bp}}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$(B \Rightarrow P) \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\text{bp}}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$\top \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

$$\perp \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

$$\sigma \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

$$\neg \alpha \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

$$(\alpha \wedge \beta) \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

$$(\alpha \vee \beta) \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

$$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

propositional language

$$\mathcal{L}(\Sigma)$$

semantic space

$$\mathcal{S}(\Sigma)$$

propositional language

$$\mathcal{L}(\Sigma)$$

semantic space

$$\mathcal{S}(\Sigma)$$

$$\top \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\text{bp}}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$\perp \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\text{bp}}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$P \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\text{bp}}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$\neg B \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\text{bp}}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$(P \wedge \neg B) \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\text{bp}}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$(P \vee \neg B) \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\text{bp}}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$(B \Rightarrow P) \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\text{bp}}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$\top \xrightarrow{I} M(\Sigma)$$

$$\perp \xrightarrow{I} \{\emptyset\}$$

$$\sigma \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

$$\neg \alpha \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

$$(\alpha \wedge \beta) \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

$$(\alpha \vee \beta) \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

$$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

propositional language

$$L(\Sigma)$$

semantic space

$$S(\Sigma)$$

propositional language

$$L(\Sigma)$$

semantic space

$$S(\Sigma)$$

$$\top \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\text{bp}}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$\perp \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\text{bp}}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$P \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\text{bp}}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$\neg B \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\text{bp}}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$(P \wedge \neg B) \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\text{bp}}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$(P \vee \neg B) \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\text{bp}}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$(B \Rightarrow P) \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\text{bp}}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$\top \xrightarrow{I} M(\Sigma)$$

$$\perp \xrightarrow{I} \{\}$$

$$\sigma \xrightarrow{I} \{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\}$$

$$\neg \alpha \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

$$(\alpha \wedge \beta) \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

$$(\alpha \vee \beta) \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

$$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

propositional language

$$L(\Sigma)$$

semantic space

$$S(\Sigma)$$

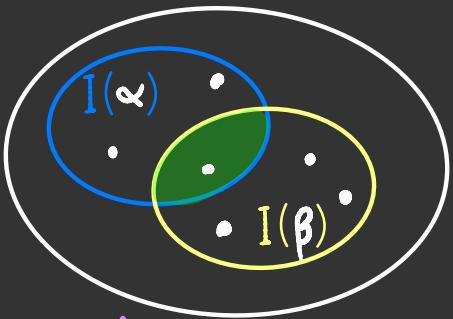
propositional language

$$L(\Sigma)$$

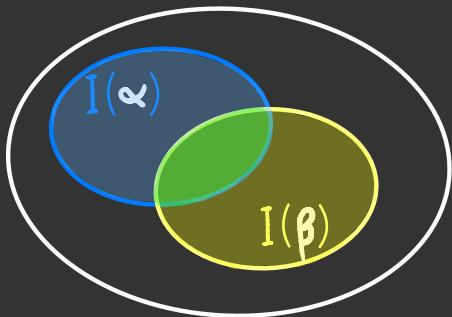
semantic space

$$S(\Sigma)$$

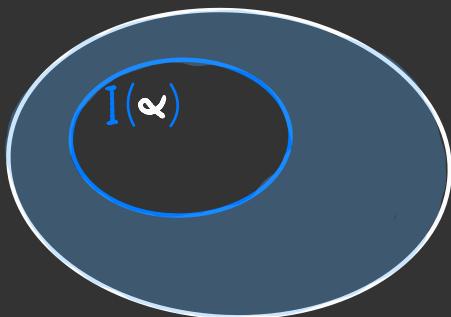
model space  
 $M(\Sigma)$



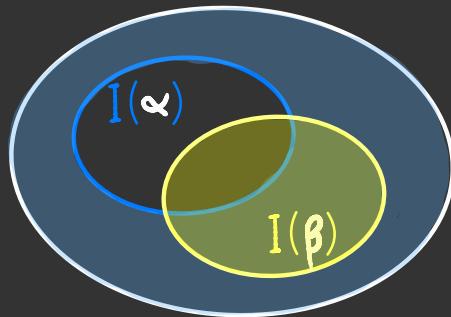
$$I((\varphi \wedge \beta))$$



$$I((\varphi \vee \beta))$$



$$I(\neg \varphi)$$



$$I((\varphi \rightarrow \beta))$$

$$\top \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\overline{b}}\bar{p}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$\perp \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\overline{b}}\bar{p}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$P \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\overline{b}}\bar{p}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$\neg B \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\overline{b}}\bar{p}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$(P \wedge \neg B) \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\overline{b}}\bar{p}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$(P \vee \neg B) \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\overline{b}}\bar{p}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$(B \Rightarrow P) \xrightarrow{I} \{\bar{\overline{b}}\bar{p}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}$$

$$\top \xrightarrow{I} M(\Sigma)$$

$$\perp \xrightarrow{I} \{\emptyset\}$$

$$\sigma \xrightarrow{I} \{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\}$$

$$\neg \alpha \xrightarrow{I} \overline{I(\alpha)}$$

$$(\alpha \wedge \beta) \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

$$(\alpha \vee \beta) \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

$$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

propositional language

$$L(\Sigma)$$

semantic space

$$S(\Sigma)$$

propositional language

$$L(\Sigma)$$

semantic space

$$S(\Sigma)$$

$$\top \xrightarrow{I} \{\overline{\overline{bp}}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}\}$$

$$\perp \xrightarrow{I} \{\overline{\overline{bp}}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}\}$$

$$P \xrightarrow{I} \{\overline{\overline{bp}}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}\}$$

$$\neg B \xrightarrow{I} \{\overline{\overline{bp}}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}\}$$

$$(P \wedge \neg B) \xrightarrow{I} \{\overline{\overline{bp}}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}\}$$

$$(P \vee \neg B) \xrightarrow{I} \{\overline{\overline{bp}}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}\}$$

$$(B \Rightarrow P) \xrightarrow{I} \{\overline{\overline{bp}}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}\}$$

$$\top \xrightarrow{I} M(\Sigma)$$

$$\perp \xrightarrow{I} \{\emptyset\}$$

$$\sigma \xrightarrow{I} \{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\}$$

$$\neg \alpha \xrightarrow{I} \overline{I(\alpha)}$$

$$(\alpha \wedge \beta) \xrightarrow{I} I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta)$$

$$(\alpha \vee \beta) \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

$$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

propositional language

$$L(\Sigma)$$

semantic space

$$S(\Sigma)$$

propositional language

$$L(\Sigma)$$

semantic space

$$S(\Sigma)$$

$$\top \xrightarrow{I} \{\overline{\overline{bp}}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}\}$$

$$\perp \xrightarrow{I} \{\overline{\overline{bp}}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}\}$$

$$P \xrightarrow{I} \{\overline{\overline{bp}}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}\}$$

$$\neg B \xrightarrow{I} \{\overline{\overline{bp}}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}\}$$

$$(P \wedge \neg B) \xrightarrow{I} \{\overline{\overline{bp}}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}\}$$

$$(P \vee \neg B) \xrightarrow{I} \{\overline{\overline{bp}}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}\}$$

$$(B \Rightarrow P) \xrightarrow{I} \{\overline{\overline{bp}}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}\}$$

$$\top \xrightarrow{I} M(\Sigma)$$

$$\perp \xrightarrow{I} \{\emptyset\}$$

$$\sigma \xrightarrow{I} \{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\}$$

$$\neg \alpha \xrightarrow{I} \overline{I(\alpha)}$$

$$(\alpha \wedge \beta) \xrightarrow{I} I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta)$$

$$(\alpha \vee \beta) \xrightarrow{I} I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta)$$

$$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \xrightarrow{I} ?$$

propositional language

$$L(\Sigma)$$

semantic space

$$S(\Sigma)$$

propositional language

$$L(\Sigma)$$

semantic space

$$S(\Sigma)$$

$$\top \xrightarrow{I} \{\overline{\overline{bp}}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}, bp\}$$

$$\perp \xrightarrow{I} \{\overline{\overline{bp}}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}, bp\}$$

$$P \xrightarrow{I} \{\overline{\overline{bp}}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}, bp\}$$

$$\neg B \xrightarrow{I} \{\overline{\overline{bp}}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}, bp\}$$

$$(P \wedge \neg B) \xrightarrow{I} \{\overline{\overline{bp}}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}, bp\}$$

$$(P \vee \neg B) \xrightarrow{I} \{\overline{\overline{bp}}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}, bp\}$$

$$(B \Rightarrow P) \xrightarrow{I} \{\overline{\overline{bp}}, \overline{bp}, \overline{bp}, bp\}$$

$$\top \xrightarrow{I} M(\Sigma)$$

$$\perp \xrightarrow{I} \{\}$$

$$\sigma \xrightarrow{I} \{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\}$$

$$\neg \alpha \xrightarrow{I} \overline{I(\alpha)}$$

$$(\alpha \wedge \beta) \xrightarrow{I} I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta)$$

$$(\alpha \vee \beta) \xrightarrow{I} I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta)$$

$$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \xrightarrow{I} \overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)$$

propositional language

$$L(\Sigma)$$

semantic space

$$S(\Sigma)$$

propositional language

$$L(\Sigma)$$

semantic space

$$S(\Sigma)$$

the interpretation of a string of the propositional language  $L(\Sigma)$  is defined:

- $I(\top) = M(\Sigma)$
- $I(\perp) = \{\}$
- if  $\sigma \in \Sigma$ , then  $I(\sigma) = \{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\}$

- if  $\alpha \in \Sigma$ , then  $I(\neg \alpha) = \overline{I(\alpha)}$

- if  $\alpha \in L(\Sigma)$  and  $\beta \in L(\Sigma)$ , then:

$$I((\alpha \wedge \beta)) = I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta)$$

$$I((\alpha \vee \beta)) = I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta)$$

$$I((\alpha \Rightarrow \beta)) = \overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)$$

$\top$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$M(\Sigma)$
$\perp$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\}$
$\sigma$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\}$
$\neg \alpha$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\overline{I(\alpha)}$
$(\alpha \wedge \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \vee \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)$

propositional language

$L(\Sigma)$

semantic space

$S(\Sigma)$

let signature  $\Sigma = \{B, P\}$ .  
what is the interpretation of

$$(P \Rightarrow (\neg P \vee B)) ?$$

$\top$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$M(\Sigma)$
$\perp$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\}$
$\sigma$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\}$
$\neg \alpha$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\overline{I(\alpha)}$
$(\alpha \wedge \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \vee \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)$

propositional language

$$L(\Sigma)$$

semantic space

$$S(\Sigma)$$

$$I((\rho \Rightarrow (\neg \rho \vee \beta)))$$

$\top$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$M(\Sigma)$
$\perp$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\}$
$\sigma$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\}$
$\neg \alpha$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\overline{I(\alpha)}$
$(\alpha \wedge \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \vee \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)$

propositional language

$$L(\Sigma)$$

semantic space

$$S(\Sigma)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & I((\rho \Rightarrow (\neg \rho \vee \beta))) \\ & (\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \\ = & \overline{I(\rho)} \cup I((\neg \rho \vee \beta)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \top & \xrightarrow{I} & M(\Sigma) \\ \perp & \xrightarrow{I} & \{\} \\ \sigma & \xrightarrow{I} & \{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\} \\ \neg \alpha & \xrightarrow{I} & \overline{I(\alpha)} \\ (\alpha \wedge \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta) \\ (\alpha \vee \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta) \\ (\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & \overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta) \end{array}$$

propositional language      semantic space  
 $L(\Sigma)$        $S(\Sigma)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & I((\rho \Rightarrow (\neg \rho \vee B))) \\
 & \quad (\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \\
 & = \overline{I(\rho)} \cup I((\neg \rho \vee B)) \\
 & \quad (\alpha \vee \beta) \\
 & = \overline{I(\rho)} \cup I(\neg \rho) \cup I(B)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \top & \xrightarrow{I} & M(\Sigma) \\
 \perp & \xrightarrow{I} & \{\} \\
 \sigma & \xrightarrow{I} & \{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\} \\
 \neg \alpha & \xrightarrow{I} & \overline{I(\alpha)} \\
 (\alpha \wedge \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta) \\
 (\alpha \vee \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta) \\
 (\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & \overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)
 \end{array}$$

propositional language semantic space  
 $L(\Sigma)$   $S(\Sigma)$

$$\begin{aligned}
& I((\rho \Rightarrow (\neg \rho \vee B))) \\
& \quad (\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \\
& = \overline{I(\rho)} \cup I((\neg \rho \vee B)) \\
& \quad (\alpha \vee \beta) \\
& = \overline{I(\rho)} \cup I(\neg \rho) \cup I(B) \\
& = \overline{I(\rho)} \cup \overline{I(\neg \alpha)} \cup I(B)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\top & \xrightarrow{I} & M(\Sigma) \\
\perp & \xrightarrow{I} & \{\} \\
\sigma & \xrightarrow{I} & \{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\} \\
\neg \alpha & \xrightarrow{I} & \overline{I(\alpha)} \\
(\alpha \wedge \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta) \\
(\alpha \vee \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta) \\
(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & \overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)
\end{array}$$

propositional language L( $\Sigma$ ) semantic space S( $\Sigma$ )

$$\begin{aligned}
& I((\rho \Rightarrow (\neg \rho \vee B))) \\
& \quad (\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \\
& = \overline{I(\rho)} \cup I((\neg \rho \vee B)) \\
& \quad (\alpha \vee \beta) \\
& = \overline{I(\rho)} \cup I(\neg \rho) \cup I(B) \\
& = \overline{I(\rho)} \cup \overline{I(\neg \alpha)} \cup I(B) \\
& = \overline{I(\rho)} \cup I(B)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\top & \xrightarrow{I} & M(\Sigma) \\
\perp & \xrightarrow{I} & \{\} \\
\sigma & \xrightarrow{I} & \{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\} \\
\neg \alpha & \xrightarrow{I} & \overline{I(\alpha)} \\
(\alpha \wedge \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta) \\
(\alpha \vee \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta) \\
(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & \overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)
\end{array}$$

propositional language L( $\Sigma$ ) semantic space S( $\Sigma$ )

$$\begin{aligned}
& I((P \Rightarrow (\neg P \vee B))) \\
& \quad (\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \\
= & \overline{I(P)} \cup I(\neg P \vee B) \\
& \quad (\alpha \vee \beta) \\
= & \overline{I(P)} \cup I(\neg P) \cup I(B) \\
= & \overline{I(P)} \cup \overline{I(\neg P)} \cup I(B) \\
= & I(P) \cup I(B) \\
= & \overline{\{bp, \bar{bp}, b\bar{p}, \bar{b}p\}} \cup \{ \bar{b}\bar{p}, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp \}
\end{aligned}$$

$\top$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$M(\Sigma)$
$\perp$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\}$
$\sigma$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\}$
$\neg \alpha$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\overline{I(\alpha)}$
$(\alpha \wedge \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \vee \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)$

propositional language

$$L(\Sigma)$$

semantic space

$$S(\Sigma)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& I((P \Rightarrow (\neg P \vee B))) \\
& \quad (\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \\
= & \overline{I(P)} \cup I(\neg P \vee B) \\
& \quad (\alpha \vee \beta) \\
= & \overline{I(P)} \cup I(\neg P) \cup I(B) \\
& \quad \overline{\neg \alpha} \\
= & \overline{I(P)} \cup \overline{I(P)} \cup I(B) \\
= & \overline{I(P)} \cup I(B) \\
= & \overline{\{bp, \bar{bp}, b\bar{p}, \bar{bp}\}} \cup \{ \bar{bp}, bp, b\bar{p}, \bar{bp} \} \\
= & \{ \bar{bp}, bp, b\bar{p}, \bar{bp} \} \cup \{ \bar{bp}, \bar{bp}, b\bar{p}, \bar{bp} \}
\end{aligned}$$

$\top$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$M(\Sigma)$	
$\perp$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\}$	
$\sigma$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\}$	
$\neg \alpha$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\overline{I(\alpha)}$	
$(\alpha \wedge \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta)$	
$(\alpha \vee \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta)$	
$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)$	
propositional language		semantic space	
$L(\Sigma)$		$S(\Sigma)$	

$$\begin{aligned}
& I((P \Rightarrow (\neg P \vee B))) \\
& (\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \\
& = \overline{I(P)} \cup I(\neg P \vee B) \\
& \quad (\alpha \vee \beta) \\
& = \overline{I(P)} \cup I(\neg P) \cup I(B) \\
& = \overline{I(P)} \cup \overline{I(P)} \cup I(B) \\
& = I(P) \cup I(B) \\
& = \overline{\{ \bar{b}p, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp \}} \cup \{ \bar{b}p, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp \} \\
& = \{ \bar{b}p, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp \} \cup \{ \bar{b}p, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp \} \\
& = \{ \bar{b}p, \bar{b}p, b\bar{p}, bp \}
\end{aligned}$$

$\top$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$M(\Sigma)$
$\perp$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\}$
$\sigma$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\}$
$\neg \alpha$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\overline{I(\alpha)}$
$(\alpha \wedge \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \vee \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)$
propositional language		$L(\Sigma)$
semantic space		$S(\Sigma)$

let signature  $\Sigma = \{B, P\}$ .  
what is the interpretation of

$(B \wedge (B \Rightarrow P))?$

$\top$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$M(\Sigma)$
$\perp$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{\}$
$\sigma$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\}$
$\neg \alpha$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\overline{I(\alpha)}$
$(\alpha \wedge \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \vee \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$	$\overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)$

propositional language

$L(\Sigma)$

semantic space

$S(\Sigma)$

$$\mathbf{I}((\mathbf{B} \wedge (\mathbf{B} \Rightarrow \mathbf{P})))$$

$$\top \xrightarrow{\mathbf{I}} \mathsf{M}(\Sigma)$$

$$\perp \xrightarrow{\mathbf{I}} \{\}$$

$$\sigma \xrightarrow{\mathbf{I}} \{m \mid m \in \mathsf{M}(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\}$$

$$\neg \alpha \xrightarrow{\mathbf{I}} \overline{\mathbf{I}(\alpha)}$$

$$(\alpha \wedge \beta) \xrightarrow{\mathbf{I}} \mathbf{I}(\alpha) \cap \mathbf{I}(\beta)$$

$$(\alpha \vee \beta) \xrightarrow{\mathbf{I}} \mathbf{I}(\alpha) \cup \mathbf{I}(\beta)$$

$$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) \xrightarrow{\mathbf{I}} \overline{\mathbf{I}(\alpha)} \cup \mathbf{I}(\beta)$$

propositional language

$$\mathbf{L}(\Sigma)$$

semantic space

$$\mathcal{S}(\Sigma)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbb{I}((\beta \wedge (\beta \Rightarrow \rho))) \\ &= \mathbb{I}(\beta) \cap \mathbb{I}((\beta \Rightarrow \rho)) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \top & \xrightarrow{\text{I}} & \mathsf{M}(\Sigma) \\ \perp & \xrightarrow{\text{I}} & \{\} \\ \sigma & \xrightarrow{\text{I}} & \{m \mid m \in \mathsf{M}(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\} \\ \neg \alpha & \xrightarrow{\text{I}} & \overline{\mathbb{I}(\alpha)} \\ (\alpha \wedge \beta) & \xrightarrow{\text{I}} & \mathbb{I}(\alpha) \cap \mathbb{I}(\beta) \\ (\alpha \vee \beta) & \xrightarrow{\text{I}} & \mathbb{I}(\alpha) \cup \mathbb{I}(\beta) \\ (\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) & \xrightarrow{\text{I}} & \overline{\mathbb{I}(\alpha)} \cup \mathbb{I}(\beta) \end{array}$$

propositional language

$$\mathbb{L}(\Sigma)$$

semantic space

$$S(\Sigma)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & I((B \wedge (B \Rightarrow P))) \\
 &= I(B) \cap I(B \Rightarrow P) \\
 &= I(B) \cap (I(\neg B) \cup I(P))
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \top & \xrightarrow{I} & M(\Sigma) \\
 \perp & \xrightarrow{I} & \{\} \\
 \sigma & \xrightarrow{I} & \{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\} \\
 \neg \alpha & \xrightarrow{I} & \overline{I(\alpha)} \\
 (\alpha \wedge \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta) \\
 (\alpha \vee \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta) \\
 (\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & \overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)
 \end{array}$$

propositional language L( $\Sigma$ ) semantic space S( $\Sigma$ )

$$\begin{aligned}
& I((B \wedge (B \Rightarrow P))) \\
&= I(B) \cap I(B \Rightarrow P) \\
&= I(B) \cap (I(\neg B) \cup I(P)) \\
&= I(B) \cap (\overline{I(B)} \cup I(P))
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\top & \xrightarrow{I} & M(\Sigma) \\
\perp & \xrightarrow{I} & \{\} \\
\sigma & \xrightarrow{I} & \{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\} \\
\neg \varphi & \xrightarrow{I} & \overline{I(\varphi)} \\
(\varphi \wedge \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & I(\varphi) \cap I(\beta) \\
(\varphi \vee \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & I(\varphi) \cup I(\beta) \\
(\varphi \Rightarrow \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & \overline{I(\varphi)} \cup I(\beta)
\end{array}$$

propositional language

$$L(\Sigma)$$

semantic space

$$S(\Sigma)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& I((B \wedge (B \Rightarrow P))) \\
&= I(B) \cap I(B \Rightarrow P) \\
&= I(B) \cap (I(\neg B) \cup I(P)) \\
&= I(B) \cap (\overline{I(B)} \cup I(P)) \\
&= \{\overline{bp}, bp\} \cap \left( \{\overline{bp}, bp\} \cup \{\overline{bp}, bp\} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\top & \xrightarrow{I} & M(\Sigma) \\
\perp & \xrightarrow{I} & \{\} \\
\sigma & \xrightarrow{I} & \{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\} \\
\neg \alpha & \xrightarrow{I} & \overline{I(\alpha)} \\
(\alpha \wedge \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta) \\
(\alpha \vee \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta) \\
(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & \overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)
\end{array}$$

propositional language

$$L(\Sigma)$$

semantic space

$$S(\Sigma)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& I((B \wedge (B \Rightarrow P))) \\
&= I(B) \cap I(B \Rightarrow P) \\
&= I(B) \cap (I(\neg B) \cup I(P)) \\
&= I(B) \cap (\overline{I(B)} \cup I(P)) \\
&= \{\bar{b}, \bar{p}\} \cap (\{\bar{b}, \bar{p}, \bar{b}\bar{p}\} \cup \{\bar{b}, \bar{p}, \bar{b}\bar{p}\}) \\
&= \{\bar{b}, \bar{p}\} \cap \{\bar{b}, \bar{p}, \bar{b}\bar{p}\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
\top & \xrightarrow{I} & M(\Sigma) \\
\perp & \xrightarrow{I} & \{\} \\
\sigma & \xrightarrow{I} & \{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\} \\
\neg \alpha & \xrightarrow{I} & \overline{I(\alpha)} \\
(\alpha \wedge \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta) \\
(\alpha \vee \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta) \\
(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta) & \xrightarrow{I} & \overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)
\end{array}$$

propositional language

$$L(\Sigma)$$

semantic space

$$S(\Sigma)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& I((B \wedge (B \Rightarrow P))) \\
&= I(B) \cap I(B \Rightarrow P) \\
&= I(B) \cap (I(\neg B) \cup I(P)) \\
&= I(B) \cap (\overline{I(B)} \cup I(P)) \\
&= \{\bar{b}, \bar{p}\} \cap (\{\bar{b}, \bar{p}, \bar{b}\bar{p}\} \cup \{\bar{b}, \bar{p}, b\bar{p}\}) \\
&= \{\bar{b}, \bar{p}\} \cap \{\bar{b}, \bar{p}, b\bar{p}\} \\
&= \{\bar{b}\}
\end{aligned}$$

$\top$ $\perp$ $\sigma$ $\neg \alpha$	$\xrightarrow{I}$ $\xrightarrow{I}$ $\xrightarrow{I}$ $\xrightarrow{I}$	$M(\Sigma)$ $\{\}$ $\{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\}$ $\overline{I(\alpha)}$
$(\alpha \wedge \beta)$ $(\alpha \vee \beta)$ $(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I}$ $\xrightarrow{I}$ $\xrightarrow{I}$	$I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta)$ $I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta)$ $\overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)$
propositional language $L(\Sigma)$		semantic space $S(\Sigma)$

we will refer to a string of propositional language  $L(\Sigma)$   
as a **Sentence**.

there are a few helpful shorthands:

	example sentence	example shorthand
drop exterior parens	$(A \wedge (B \Rightarrow C))$	$A \wedge (B \Rightarrow C)$
drop parens around adjacent ands	$(A \wedge (\neg B \wedge C))$	$A \wedge \neg B \wedge C$
drop parens around adjacent ors	$(A \vee (\neg B \vee C))$	$A \vee \neg B \vee C$

# how are these justified?

drop parens around  
adjacent ands

drop parens around  
adjacent ors

example  
sentence

$$(A \wedge (\neg B \wedge C))$$

example  
shorthand

$$A \wedge \neg B \wedge C$$

$$(A \vee (\neg B \vee C))$$

$$A \vee \neg B \vee C$$

$\top$	$\xrightarrow{I} M(\Sigma)$
$\perp$	$\xrightarrow{I} \{\}$
$\sigma$	$\xrightarrow{I} \{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\}$
$\neg \alpha$	$\xrightarrow{I} \overline{I(\alpha)}$
$(\alpha \wedge \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I} I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \vee \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I} I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I} \overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)$

show associativity:

$$I((A \wedge (B \wedge C))) = I(((A \wedge B) \wedge C))$$

drop parens around  
adjacent ands

drop parens around  
adjacent ors

example  
sentence

$$(A \wedge (B \wedge C))$$

example  
shorthand

$$A \wedge B \wedge C$$

$$(A \vee (\neg B \vee C))$$

$$A \vee \neg B \vee C$$

$\top$	$\xrightarrow{I} M(\Sigma)$
$\perp$	$\xrightarrow{I} \{\}$
$\sigma$	$\xrightarrow{I} \{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\}$
$\neg \alpha$	$\xrightarrow{I} \overline{I(\alpha)}$
$(\alpha \wedge \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I} I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \vee \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I} I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I} \overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 I((A \wedge (B \wedge C))) &= I(A) \cap I((B \wedge C)) \\
 &= I(A) \cap (I(B) \cap I(C)) \\
 &= (I(A) \cap I(B)) \cap I(C) \\
 &= I((A \wedge B)) \cap I(C) \\
 &= I(((A \wedge B) \wedge C))
 \end{aligned}$$

drop parens around adjacent ands

drop parens around adjacent ors

example sentence

$$(A \wedge (B \wedge C))$$

example shorthand

$$A \wedge B \wedge C$$

$$(A \vee (\neg B \vee C))$$

$$A \vee \neg B \vee C$$

$\top$	$\xrightarrow{I} M(\Sigma)$
$\perp$	$\xrightarrow{I} \{\}$
$\sigma$	$\xrightarrow{I} \{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\}$
$\neg \alpha$	$\xrightarrow{I} \overline{I(\alpha)}$
$(\alpha \wedge \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I} I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \vee \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I} I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I} \overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 I((A \wedge (B \wedge C))) &= I(A) \cap I((B \wedge C)) \\
 &= I(A) \cap (I(B) \cap I(C)) \\
 &= (I(A) \cap I(B)) \cap I(C) \\
 &= I((A \wedge B)) \cap I(C) \\
 &= I(((A \wedge B) \wedge C))
 \end{aligned}$$

drop parens around adjacent ands

drop parens around adjacent ors

example sentence

$$(A \wedge (B \wedge C))$$

example shorthand

$$A \wedge B \wedge C$$

$$(A \vee (\neg B \vee C))$$

$$A \vee \neg B \vee C$$

$\top$	$\xrightarrow{I} M(\Sigma)$
$\perp$	$\xrightarrow{I} \{\}$
$\sigma$	$\xrightarrow{I} \{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\}$
$\neg \alpha$	$\xrightarrow{I} \overline{I(\alpha)}$
$(\alpha \wedge \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I} I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \vee \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I} I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I} \overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)$

drop parens around adjacent ands

drop parens around adjacent ors

$$\begin{aligned}
 I((A \wedge (B \wedge C))) &= I(A) \cap I(B \wedge C) \\
 &= I(A) \cap (I(B) \cap I(C)) \\
 &= (I(A) \cap I(B)) \cap I(C) \\
 &= I((A \wedge B) \wedge C) \\
 &= I(((A \wedge B) \wedge C))
 \end{aligned}$$

intersection  
is associative

example sentence

$$(A \wedge (B \wedge C))$$

example shorthand

$$A \wedge B \wedge C$$

$$(A \vee (\neg B \vee C))$$

$$A \vee \neg B \vee C$$

$\top$	$\xrightarrow{I} M(\Sigma)$
$\perp$	$\xrightarrow{I} \{\}$
$\sigma$	$\xrightarrow{I} \{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\}$
$\neg \alpha$	$\xrightarrow{I} \overline{I(\alpha)}$
$(\alpha \wedge \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I} I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \vee \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I} I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I} \overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 I((A \wedge (B \wedge C))) &= I(A) \cap I((B \wedge C)) \\
 &= I(A) \cap (I(B) \cap I(C)) \\
 &= (I(A) \cap I(B)) \cap I(C) \\
 &= I((A \wedge B)) \cap I(C) \\
 &= I(((A \wedge B) \wedge C))
 \end{aligned}$$

drop parens around adjacent ands

drop parens around adjacent ors

example sentence

$$(A \wedge (B \wedge C))$$

example shorthand

$$A \wedge B \wedge C$$

$$(A \vee (\neg B \vee C))$$

$$A \vee \neg B \vee C$$

$\top$	$\xrightarrow{I} M(\Sigma)$
$\perp$	$\xrightarrow{I} \{\}$
$\sigma$	$\xrightarrow{I} \{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = 1\}$
$\neg \alpha$	$\xrightarrow{I} \overline{I(\alpha)}$
$(\alpha \wedge \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I} I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \vee \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I} I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I} \overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 I((A \wedge (B \wedge C))) &= I(A) \cap I((B \wedge C)) \\
 &= I(A) \cap (I(B) \cap I(C)) \\
 &= (I(A) \cap I(B)) \cap I(C) \\
 &= I((A \wedge B)) \cap I(C) \\
 &= I(((A \wedge B) \wedge C))
 \end{aligned}$$

drop parens around adjacent ands

drop parens around adjacent ors

example sentence

$$(A \wedge (B \wedge C))$$

example shorthand

$$A \wedge B \wedge C$$

$$(A \vee (\neg B \vee C))$$

$$A \vee \neg B \vee C$$

$\top$	$\xrightarrow{I} M(\Sigma)$
$\perp$	$\xrightarrow{I} \{\}$
$\sigma$	$\xrightarrow{I} \{m \mid m \in M(\Sigma), m(\sigma) = I\}$
$\neg \alpha$	$\xrightarrow{I} \overline{I(\alpha)}$
$(\alpha \wedge \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I} I(\alpha) \cap I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \vee \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I} I(\alpha) \cup I(\beta)$
$(\alpha \Rightarrow \beta)$	$\xrightarrow{I} \overline{I(\alpha)} \cup I(\beta)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 I((A \vee (B \vee C))) &= I(A) \cup I(B \vee C) \\
 &= I(A) \cup (I(B) \cup I(C)) \\
 &= (I(A) \cup I(B)) \cup I(C) \\
 &= I((A \vee B)) \cup I(C) \\
 &= I(((A \vee B) \vee C))
 \end{aligned}$$

drop parens around  
adjacent ands

drop parens around  
adjacent ors

example  
sentence

$$(A \wedge (B \wedge C))$$

example  
shorthand

$$A \wedge B \wedge C$$

$$(A \vee (\neg B \vee C))$$

$$A \vee \neg B \vee C$$