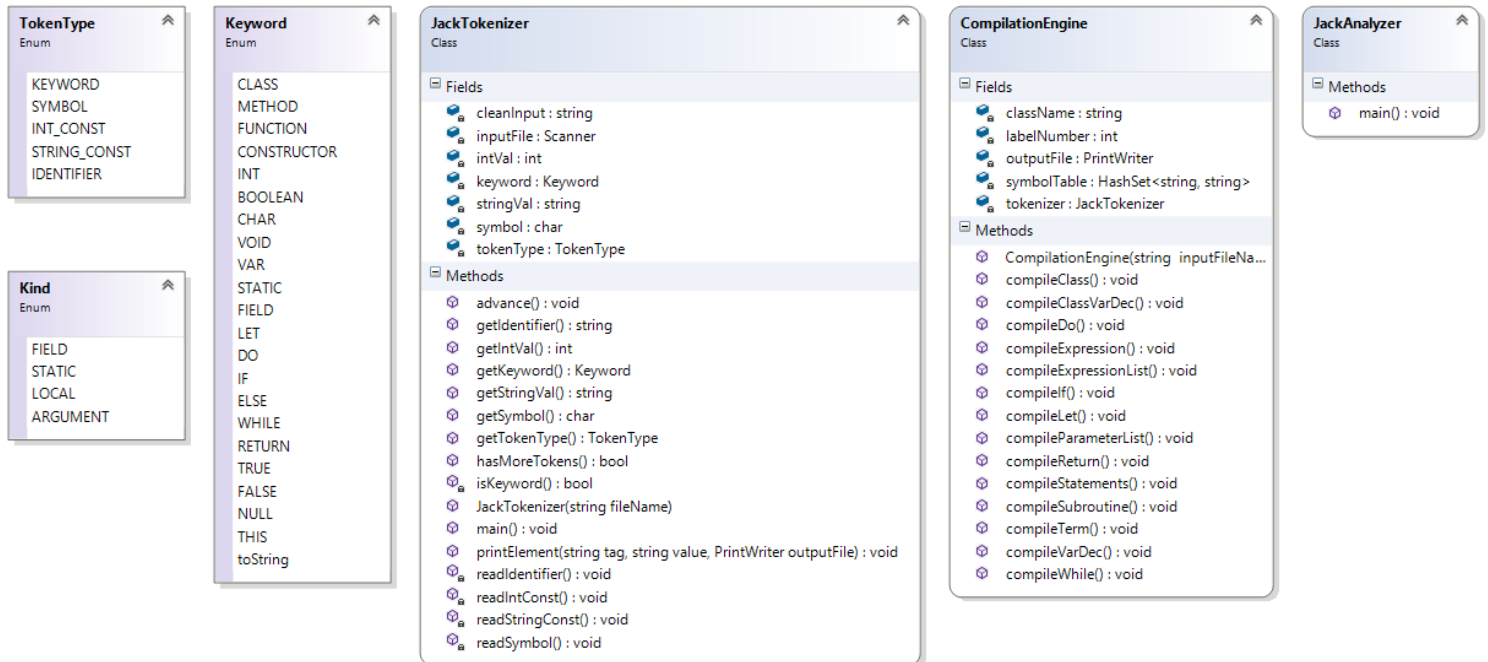


The Jack Compiler 1: Syntax Analysis



Jack tokens

keyword: 'class' | 'constructor' | 'function' | 'method' | 'field' | 'static' | 'var' | 'int' | 'char' | 'boolean' | 'void' | 'true' | 'false' | 'null' | 'this' | 'let' | 'do' | 'if' | 'else' | 'while' | 'return'

symbol: '{' | '}' | '(' | ')' | '[' | ']' | '.' | ':' | ';' | ',' | '+' | '-' | '*' | '/' | '%' | '<' | '>' | '=' | '~'

integerConstant: a decimal number in the range 0 ... 32767

StringConstant: "" a sequence of Unicode characters, not including double quote or newline ""

identifier: a sequence of letters, digits, and underscore ('_') not starting with a digit.

Jack tokenizer

TestClass.java

```

...
if (x < 0) {
    let sign = "negative";
}
...
  
```

tokenizer

TestClassT.xml

```

<tokens>
  <keyword> if </keyword>
  <symbol> ( </symbol>
  <identifier> x </identifier>
  <symbol> &lt; </symbol>
  <integerConstant> 0 </integerConstant>
  <symbol> ) </symbol>
  <symbol> { </symbol>
  <keyword> let </keyword>
  <identifier> sign </identifier>
  <symbol> = </symbol>
  <stringConstant> negative </stringConstant>
  <symbol> ; </symbol>
  <symbol> } </symbol>
</tokens>
  
```

string constants are outputted without the double-quotes

<, >, ", and & are outputted as <, >, ", and &

JackTokenizer API

JackTokenizer: Ignores all comments and white space in the input stream, and serializes it into Jack-language tokens. The token types are specified according to the Jack grammar.

Routine	Arguments	Returns	Function
Constructor	input file / stream		Opens the input .jack file and gets ready to tokenize it.
hasMoreTokens	—	boolean	Are there more tokens in the input?
advance	—		Gets the next token from the input, and makes it the current token. This method should be called only if hasMoreTokens is true. Initially there is no current token.
tokenType	—	KEYWORD, SYMBOL, IDENTIFIER, INT_CONST, STRING_CONST	Returns the type of the current token, as a constant.

keyword	—	CLASS, METHOD, FUNCTION, CONSTRUCTOR, INT, BOOLEAN, CHAR, VOID, VAR, STATIC, FIELD, LET, DO, IF, ELSE, WHILE, RETURN, TRUE, FALSE, NULL, THIS	Returns the keyword which is the current token, as a constant. This method should be called only if tokenType is KEYWORD.
symbol	—	char	Returns the character which is the current token. Should be called only if tokenType is SYMBOL.
identifier	—	string	Returns the identifier which is the current token. Should be called only if tokenType is IDENTIFIER.
intVal	—	int	Returns the integer value of the current token. Should be called only if tokenType is INT_CONST.
stringVal	—	string	Returns the string value of the current token, without the two enclosing double quotes. Should be called only if tokenType is STRING_CONST.

The Jack Language Grammar

Lexical elements:	The Jack language includes five types of terminal elements (tokens):
keyword:	'class' 'constructor' 'function' 'method' 'field' 'static' 'var' 'int' 'char' 'boolean' 'void' 'true' 'false' 'null' 'this' 'let' 'do' 'if' 'else' 'while' 'return'
symbol:	'{' '}' '(' ')' '[' ']' '.' ' ,' ';' '+' '-' '*' '/' '&' ' ' '<' '>' '=' '~'
integerConstant:	A decimal number in the range 0 .. 32767.
StringConstant	'"' A sequence of Unicode characters not including double quote or newline '"'
identifier:	A sequence of letters, digits, and underscore ('_') not starting with a digit.
Program structure:	A Jack program is a collection of classes, each appearing in a separate file. The compilation unit is a class. A class is a sequence of tokens structured according to the following context free syntax:
class:	'class' className '{' classVarDec* subroutineDec* '}'
classVarDec:	('static' 'field') type varName (',' varName)* ';'
type:	'int' 'char' 'boolean' className
subroutineDec:	('constructor' 'function' 'method') ('void' type) subroutineName '(' parameterList ')' subroutineBody
parameterList:	((type varName) (',' type varName)*)?
subroutineBody:	'{' varDec* statements '}'
varDec:	'var' type varName (',' varName)* ';'
className:	identifier
subroutineName:	identifier
varName:	identifier

The Jack Language Grammar (continued)

Statements:

```

statements: statement*
statement: letStatement | ifStatement | whileStatement |
           doStatement | returnStatement
letStatement: 'let' varName ( '[' expression ' ] ' )? '=' expression ';'
ifStatement: 'if' '(' expression ')' '{' statements '}'
            ('else' '{' statements '}')?
whileStatement: 'while' '(' expression ')' '{' statements '}'
doStatement: 'do' subroutineCall ';'
ReturnStatement: 'return' expression? ';'

```

Expressions:

```

expression: term (op term)*
term: integerConstant | stringConstant | keywordConstant |
      varName | varName '[' expression ']' | subroutineCall |
      '(' expression ')' | unaryOp term
subroutineCall: subroutineName '(' expressionList ')' | (className |
varName) '.' subroutineName '(' expressionList ')'
expressionList: (expression (',' expression)* )?
op: '+' | '-' | '*' | '/' | '&' | '|' | '<' | '>' | '='
unaryOp: '-' | '~'
KeywordConstant: 'true' | 'false' | 'null' | 'this'

```