Math 107H, Section 1

Quiz number 5 Solution

Show all work. How you get your answer is just as important, if not more important, than the answer itself.

5. Find the following improper integral:

$$\int_2^\infty \frac{dx}{x(\ln x)^3} \ .$$

We need an antiderivative:

$$\int \frac{dx}{x(\ln x)^3} = \int \frac{1}{(\ln x)^3} \frac{1}{x} dx$$

Set $u = \ln x$, so $du = \frac{1}{x} dx$, then

$$\int \frac{dx}{x(\ln x)^3} = \int \frac{du}{u^3} \Big|_{u=\ln x} = \int u^{-3} du \Big|_{u=\ln x} = \frac{u^{-2}}{-2} \Big|_{u=\ln x} = \frac{-1}{2} (\ln x)^{-2}.$$

Sc

$$\int_{2}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{x(\ln x)^{3}} = \lim_{N \to \infty} \int_{2}^{N} \frac{dx}{x(\ln x)^{3}} = \lim_{N \to \infty} \frac{-1}{2} (\ln x)^{-2} \Big|_{2}^{N}$$

$$= \lim_{N \to \infty} \frac{-1}{2(\ln N)^{2}} - \frac{-1}{2(\ln 2)^{2}}$$

Since $\ln N \to \infty$ as $N \to \infty$, $\frac{-1}{2(\ln N)^2} \to 0$ as $N \to \infty$, and so

$$\int_2^\infty \frac{dx}{x(\ln x)^3} = 0 - \frac{-1}{2(\ln 2)^2} = \frac{1}{2(\ln 2)^2} \ .$$