## Math 107 Practice Exam 1

**Show all work.** How you get your answer is just as important, if not more important, than the answer itself.

1. (10 pts. each) Find the following indefinite integrals:

(a) 
$$\int Arcsin(x) dx$$

(b) 
$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx$$

2. (15 pts.) Find the following definite integral:

$$\int_{1}^{3} \frac{x}{(x+1)(x+5)} \ dx$$

**3.** (20 pts.) Find the volume of the region obtained by revolving the region under the graph of  $f(x) = \sin x$  from x = 0 to  $x = \pi$  around the y-axis (see figure).

**4.** (15 pts.) Find the improper integral  $\int_2^\infty \frac{1}{x(\ln x)^3} \ dx$ .

**5.** (15 pts.) If we were to compute an approximation to the integral  $\int_0^3 \sin(2x) dx$  using the Trapezoidal Rule, using n=6 subintervals, how close to the correct answer can we expect our answers to be?

$$\left| \int_{a}^{b} f(x) \ dx - M(f,n) \right| \le K \frac{(b-a)^{3}}{24n^{2}} \qquad \left| \int_{a}^{b} f(x) \ dx - T(f,n) \right| \le K \frac{(b-a)^{3}}{12n^{2}}$$

**6.** (15 pts.) Set up, **but do not evaluate**, the integral which will compute the arclength of the graph of  $y = x\sqrt{1+x^2}$  from x = 0 to x = 3.

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