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MAS 3105

Homework 6

Problem 1 All 7 statements are True

Problem 2

For a matrix
$$M = (\begin{bmatrix} \vec{v_1} & \vec{v_2} & \dots & \vec{v_m} \end{bmatrix})$$
, $\operatorname{im}(M) = \mathbb{R}^3$ iff $\operatorname{span}(\vec{v_1}, \vec{v_2}, \dots, \vec{v_m}) = \mathbb{R}^3$
For A , $\operatorname{span}\begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix} \end{pmatrix} \neq \mathbb{R}^3$ because $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} - 3 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$
For B , $\operatorname{span}\begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 10086 \\ 2048 \\ 3105 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \neq \mathbb{R}^3$
For C , $\operatorname{span}\begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{pmatrix} \neq \mathbb{R}^3$ because $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$
For D , $\operatorname{span}\begin{pmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} \end{pmatrix} = \mathbb{R}^3$ because these 3 vectors are linearly independent

Hence D is the only matrix where $\operatorname{im}(D) = \mathbb{R}^3$

Problem 3

- 1. $\vec{v_1}$ and $\vec{v_2}$ are linearly independent
- 2. These are not linearly independent: $\vec{v_3} = 675\vec{v_1} + 674\vec{v_2}$
- 3. These are not linearly independent: $\vec{v_3} = 2\vec{v_1} + \vec{v_2}$
- 4. These are not linearly independent: $\vec{v_2} = 2\vec{v_1}$

Problem 4

 $\vec{v_3} \notin \operatorname{span}(\vec{v_1}, \vec{v_2}), \text{ hence } \operatorname{span}(\vec{v_1}, \vec{v_2}) \neq \operatorname{span}(\vec{v_1}, \vec{v_2}, \vec{v_3})$

Problem 5

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 5 & 7 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \vec{v_1} & \vec{v_2} & \vec{v_3} \end{bmatrix}$$

We have
$$\vec{v_3} = 2\vec{v_2} - \vec{v_1}$$
, which implies $\operatorname{im}(A) = \operatorname{span}(\vec{v_1}, \vec{v_2})$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\3\\5 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 2\\3\\5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\-1 \end{bmatrix} \notin \operatorname{span}(\vec{v_1}, \vec{v_2}), \text{ so } \begin{bmatrix} 1\\1\\-1 \end{bmatrix} \notin \operatorname{im}(A)$$