# 1D Project Report - SnapTrack Time Management App (Team 1-1)

SUTD 50.001 Introduction to Information Systems & Programming (2020)

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## **Problem Statements**

Working adults are finding it harder to separate between work and life. Similarly, students are finding it harder to partition time for studies and leisure. We hope to empower our users to make smarter time management choices by providing an all-encompassing, no-nonsense companion, to encourage them to compartmentalize their life and re-find their centre.

# **Our Solution**

An NFC-enabled mobile application that tracks your time spent on different activities effortlessly with a simple tap. With our intuitive data analytics and visualization, users can easily review past time investments and make future time management goals.

# **Main Features**

- General
  - User sign up and sign in
  - NFC tag tapping to start / end Event
- Today Page
  - Today Timeline Overview
  - User manually start / end Event
- Activities Page
  - User create UserActivity
  - User link NFC tag to UserActivity
- Analytics Page
  - Daily Overview for the past week
- Me Page
  - User sign out
  - User reset account
- For Development Testing and Demo

- Dev Button: Add dummy UserActivities
- Dev Button: Add dummy tracked Events

# **System Design and Architecture**

# **Key Custom Java Classes**

#### User

#### Attributes:

- string authID: generated and maintained by Firebase Authentication.
- string userID: App generated (specifically) 16-char unique ID.
- string userName: user's name for display
- string email: maintained by Firebase Authentication
- string password: maintained by Firebase Authentication

## UserActivity

UserActivity is the user-defined activity (e.g. "Work out", "Study", "CompStruct", "Entertainment", etc) for time tracking.

#### Attributes:

- string AID: stands for Activity ID, also App generated (specifically) 16-char.
- string activityName: name of the user-defined activity, must be unique.
- int color: color that ties to this user-defined activity for UI display.
- string category: the category of this user-defined activity.

#### Category

Category is used to group UserActivity.

#### Attributes:

- string name: name of the category.
- int color: color that ties to this category for UI display.

#### **Event**

Event is the object being created when a 'User' starts doing a UserActivity, either using NFC tapping or manual creation.

#### Attributes:

- string EID: stands for Event ID, randomly generated unique ID.
- string userID: current User's userID.
- string AID: current tracking UserActivity AID.
- long timeStart: start time of this event.
- long timeEnd: end time of this event.

# **Design Patterns**

## **RecyclerView (Adapter Design Pattern)**

## Objective:

In our application, users can define their own list of UserActivities, so we need a dynamic list view to show different UserActivities to different users.



## Implementation Details:

• Each UserActivity is presented to user as a androidx.cardview.widget.CardView as shown below:



- This CardView serves as a template for items in my androidx.recyclerview.widget.RecyclerView.
- Using Adapter, we can adapt an ArrayList of UserActivities into a list of CardView which populates the RecyclerView.

```
public class ActivitiesAdapter extends
RecyclerView.Adapter<ActivitiesAdapter.ActivityViewHolder> {
    ArrayList<UserActivityInfo> mActivityList;
    // ...
    @Override
    public void onBindViewHolder(@NonNull ActivityViewHolder holder, int position) {
        UserActivityInfo currentItem = mActivityList.get(position);
    }
}
```

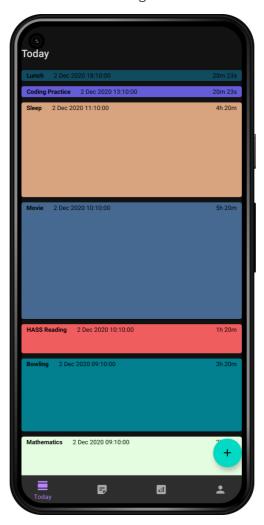
```
// set name
8
            holder.aTextView.setText(currentItem.getActivityName());
9
            // set category
            holder.cTextView.setText(currentItem.getCategory());
10
11
            // set color
            holder.mCardView.setCardBackgroundColor(currentItem.getColor());
12
            // set onClick action
13
            holder.mCardView.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
14
15
                @Override
16
                public void onClick(View v) {
                    // ...
17
18
19
            });
20
        }
21
```

• Result Screenshot:

# **Comparable Interface**

## Objective:

At the first page (Today page) of our application, users can view Events tracked for today in a timeline view, the height of each Event block should reflects the duration of the Event, and the list of events should be sorted in reverse chronological order.



- Firstly, the list of events cards is achieved using RecyclerView and CardView as well.
- We implemented the Comparable Interface for Event such that we can sort the list of events in an ArrayList before pass it to the RecyclerView Adapter.

```
public class EventInfo implements Comparable<EventInfo>{
2
       // ...
       @Override
3
4
       public int compareTo(EventInfo o) {
           if (this.start_time < o.start_time) return -1;</pre>
5
           else if (this.start_time > o.start_time) return 1;
6
7
           return 0;
8
       }
9
   }
```

```
1 ArrayList eventList = new ArrayList<>(events);
2 Collections.sort(eventList);
3 Collections.reverse(eventList);
```

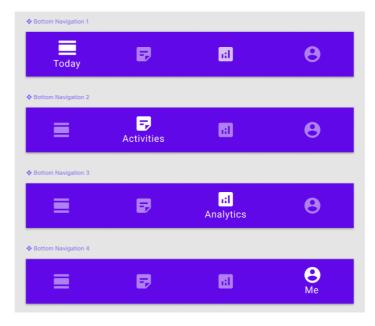
• Dynamic height of CardView is achieved by modifying CardView's LayoutParams based on Event duration. Minimum height is set to ensure proper display of information.

```
public class EventsAdapter extends
    RecyclerView.Adapter<EventsAdapter.EventViewHolder>{
        ArrayList<EventInfo> eventList;
2
3
        // ...
        @Override
 4
 5
        public void onBindViewHolder(@NonNull EventViewHolder holder, int
    position) {
            EventInfo currentItem = eventList.get(position);
6
 7
     holder.activityTextView.setText(currentItem.getUserActivityName());
8
     holder.startTimeTextView.setText(currentItem.getStartTimeAsString());
            holder.durationTextView.setText(
9
                String.valueOf(currentItem.getDurationString())
10
                );
11
12
            // set card height according to Event duration
13
            int heightValue = (int) currentItem.getDurationSeconds() / 36;
14
            if (heightValue < 50) heightValue = 50;</pre>
15
16
            ViewGroup.LayoutParams params =
    holder.mCardView.getLayoutParams();
17
            params.height = heightValue;
            holder.mCardView.setLayoutParams(params);
18
19
20
            // set card color according to activity color
21
     holder.mCardView.setCardBackgroundColor(currentItem.getUserActivityColo
    r());
22
23
        }
24
   }
```

## **Fragments Navigation**

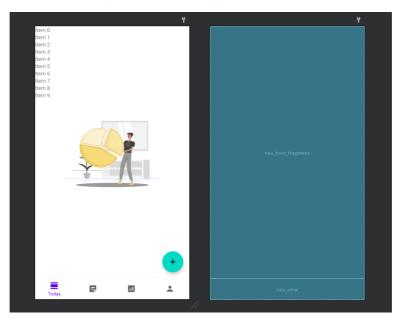
## Objective:

We have 4 top-level navigation destinations, namely Today, Activities, Analytics, and Me. According to Material Design Principal, App with three to five top-level destinations should use bottom navigation bar instead of side navigation panel.



#### Implementation Details:

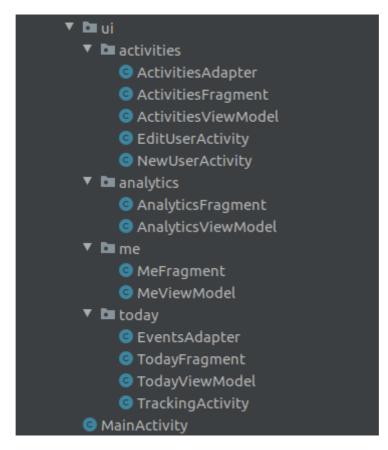
We decided to use fragments to achieve the navigation. So, at mainActivity Layout, we have a BottomNavigationView at the bottom to serve as the navigation bar. The rest of the screen space is filled with a fragment to serve as a fragment-holder / fragment-host. This fragment-host will be the parent of all fragments holding each different app pages.



## Model-View-ViewModel (MVVM) Design Pattern

## Objective:

To separate the backend data handling and the frontend UI handling. Making the project much more structured and clean.



## Implementation Details:

• Each page has a ViewModel which handles data for this page. For example: MeViewModel.java

```
public class MeViewModel extends ViewModel {
    // ...
}
```

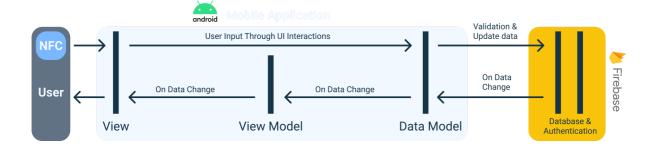
• Each page has a View Controller made of fragment with its corresponding Layout file in XML. For example: MeFragment.java

```
public class MeFragment extends Fragment {
1
2
       // ...
       @Override
3
        public void onActivityCreated(@Nullable Bundle savedInstanceState) {
4
5
       super.onActivityCreated(savedInstanceState);
6
       // Get the View Model
        meViewModel = new ViewModelProvider(this).get(MeViewModel.class);
7
8
        // ...
9
10
        }
11
   }
```

## Realtime Data Binding using MutableLiveData

#### Objective:

- To establish data linkage between View Controller and View Model.
- To establish realtime data synchronization between Firebase database and User-end UI.
- To optimize for performance, update UI only when data changes.



• At View Controller, asynchronous listener is set to listen to changes on MutableLiveData object from ViewModel. For example, we use MutableLiveData to contain the list of Events:

1 MutableLiveData<ArrayList<EventInfo>> eventListLive;

- At ViewModel, we set asynchronous database listeners.
- Data is retrieved from database using our Data Model
- Data is then put to MutableLiveData
- At View Controller, UI elements get updated due to OnChange listener being triggered.

## **Analytics**

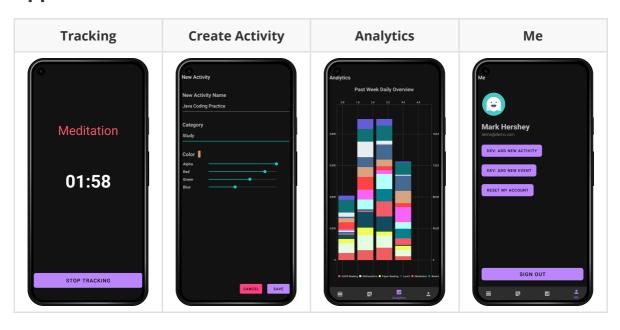
For analytics page, we made use of an external library: MPAndroidChart.

#### **NFC Read / Write**

- We defined our own NFC info schema to store user activity on an NFC tag.
- We defined our own NFC signature to double-check data validity.
- For detailed technical description of NFC implementation, please refer to another document here.

# **User Flow**

# **App Screenshots**



# **User Journey**

- 1. Create Personal Activities
- 2. Pair NFC to activity
  - Activities screen → Create activity → Select Activity → Pair NFC
- 3. Start activity tracking
  - Manual
    - Today Screen → Press Floating button → Choose created activity → Start activity tracking
  - NFC Tapping
    - Tap NFC → NFC starts timer for paired Activity
- 4. Stop activity tracking
  - o Manual
    - Press STOP TIMER
  - Automatic
    - Scan NFC Again

# **Source Code**

Source code is available at GitHub - MarkHershey / SnapTrack.

# **Project Responsibilities**

Name	Student ID	Responsibilities
Huang He (Mark)	1004561	Lead Developer, Feature ideation, System Architecture Design, Integration and more.
Daniel Low Yu Hian	1004372	Software Developer, Data Model Implementation, Database Design, Data Utilities and more.
Chan Jun Hern, Cawin	1004487	Software Developer, Implementation of NFC Functionalities (Reading / Writing / Pairing), App Testing and more.
Sim Jia Ren	1004401	Software Developer, Feature ideation, UI Implementations, Today Page and more.
Ong Zhi Yi	1004664	Software Developer, Feature ideation, UI Implementations, Analytics Page and more.

# **Future Work**

- The current analytics page is very limited, what we could do in the future is to provide more advanced analytics based on user selection and filtering. We can also derive insights, suggestions from the data we collected, and present those insights to our user.
- To allow user setting categorical or activity-based time goals. Assist user in achieving their goals.
- To allow user backup/ download data.
- UI/ UX Improvements.

# **Conclusion**

The development journey was very fruitful, we have learned various software design patterns and why do we need them, we have also encountered many problems along the way, but we managed to solve most of them. We have gained a great amount of practical development knowledge and experiences, and the end result is a fully functional mobile application that all of us are proud and satisfied. Even though the app is far from perfect and complete, but we also learned how to balance and prioritize during software development.