

Theorem 21. Consider a system of m equations in n unknowns. Let $\begin{bmatrix} A & | & \vec{b} \end{bmatrix}$ be the augmented matrix associated to this system and let $\begin{bmatrix} H & | & \vec{c} \end{bmatrix}$ be the reduced row-echelon form of $\begin{bmatrix} A & | & \vec{b} \end{bmatrix}$. The matrices A and H are $m \times n$ matrices and

1. $\text{rank}(A) \leq n$ and $\text{rank}(A) \leq m$
2. If $\text{rank}(A) = m$ then the system has at least one solution.
3. If $\text{rank}(A) = n$ then the system has at most one solution.
4. If $\text{rank}(A) < n$ then the system has either infinitely many or no solutions.

Claim. It is false that there exists a 5×5 matrix A of rank 4 such that the system $A\vec{x} = \vec{0}$ has only the solution $\vec{x} = \vec{0}$.

Proof. Let $n = 5$, the number of columns in the matrix A . Notice that for A

$$\begin{aligned} \text{rank}(A) &< n \\ 4 &< 5 \end{aligned}$$

By Theorem 21, the system has either infinitely many or no solutions. Therefore, the claim is true. \square