

MATH 262 - Homework 4.1

12. Find a basis for the following linear space, and thus determine the dimension.

$$V = \{ f \in P_4 : f \text{ is even} \}$$

Note: A function is even if $f(-x) = f(x)$ for all x .

P_n is the set consisting of the zero polynomial combined with the set of all polynomials of degree less than or equal to n .

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= f(-x) \\ a_4x^4 + a_3x^3 + a_2x^2 + a_1x + a_0 &= a_4(-x)^4 + a_3(-x)^3 + a_2(-x)^2 + a_1(-x) + a_0 \\ \cancel{a_4x^4} + a_3x^3 + \cancel{a_2x^2} + a_1x + \cancel{a_0} &= \cancel{a_4x^4} - a_3x^3 + \cancel{a_2x^2} - a_1x + \cancel{a_0} \\ a_3x^3 + a_1x &= -a_3x^3 - a_1x \\ 2a_3x^3 + 2a_1x &= 0 \\ a_3x^3 + a_1x &= 0 \\ a_1x &= -a_3x^3 \end{aligned}$$

Any polynomial in V can be written as

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= a_4x^4 + a_3x^3 + a_2x^2 + a_1x + a_0 \\ &= a_4x^4 + \cancel{a_3x^3} + a_2x^2 - \cancel{a_3x^3} + a_0 \\ &= a_4x^4 + a_2x^2 + a_0 \end{aligned}$$

Notice that since the first and third degrees must sum to 0, they can just be excluded. Finally,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{basis of } V &= \{ x^4, x^2, 1 \} \\ \dim(V) &= 3 \end{aligned}$$