

Practical C++ Code Examples

Constructing a String Using Character Array

```
char name[] = "James";

char name[] = {'J', 'a', 'm', 'e', 's', '\0'};

char name[6] = "James";

char name[6] = {'J', 'a', 'm', 'e', 's', '\0'};
```

Checking if Two Strings are Anagrams

```
#include <algorithm>

#include <string>

#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

bool IsAnagram(string str1, string str2) {

    transform(str1.begin(), str1.end(), str1.begin(), ::toupper);

    transform(str2.begin(), str2.end(), str2.begin(), ::toupper);

    str1.erase(remove(str1.begin(), str1.end(), ' '), str1.end());

    str2.erase(remove(str2.begin(), str2.end(), ' '), str2.end());

    sort(str1.begin(), str1.end());

    sort(str2.begin(), str2.end());

    return str1 == str2;

}
```

```

int main() {

    cout << "Anagram Checker\n";

    string string1, string2;

    cout << "Input string 1 -> ";

    getline(cin, string1);

    cout << "Input string 2 -> ";

    getline(cin, string2);

    if (IsAnagram(string1, string2)) {

        cout << "The strings are anagrams.\n";

    } else {

        cout << "The strings are NOT anagrams.\n";

    }

    return 0;

}

```

Checking if a String is a Palindrome

```

#include <algorithm>

#include <string>

#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

bool IsPalindrome(string str) {

    transform(str.begin(), str.end(), str.begin(), ::toupper);

```

```

        str.erase(remove(str.begin(), str.end(), ' '), str.end());

        return equal(str.begin(), str.begin() + str.size() / 2, str.rbegin());
    }

int main() {

    cout << "Palindrome Checker\n";

    string str;

    cout << "Input string -> ";

    getline(cin, str);

    if (IsPalindrome(str)) {

        cout << "The string is a palindrome.\n";

    } else {

        cout << "The string is NOT a palindrome.\n";

    }

    return 0;
}

```

Converting Decimal to Binary String

```

#include <iostream>

#include <string>

#include <cmath>

using namespace std;

```

```

string DecimalToBinaryString(int decimalNumber) {

    string binaryString = "";

    if (decimalNumber > 0) {

        div_t dv{};

        dv.quot = decimalNumber;

        do {

            dv = div(dv.quot, 2);

            binaryString = to_string(dv.rem) + binaryString;

        } while (dv.quot);

    }

    return binaryString.empty() ? "0" : binaryString;

}

int main() {

    cout << "Decimal to Binary Converter\n";

    int decNum;

    cout << "Input decimal number -> ";

    cin >> decNum;

    cout << "Binary representation: " << DecimalToBinaryString(decNum) << endl;

    return 0;

}

```

Converting Binary String to Decimal

```
#include <iostream>
```

```

#include <string>

#include <cmath>

using namespace std;

int BinaryStringToDecimal(string binaryString) {

    int decimal = 0, power = 0;

    for (auto it = binaryString.rbegin(); it != binaryString.rend(); ++it, ++power) {

        if (*it == '1') {

            decimal += pow(2, power);

        }

    }

    return decimal;

}

int main() {

    cout << "Binary to Decimal Converter\n";

    string binaryString;

    cout << "Input binary string -> ";

    cin >> binaryString;

    cout << "Decimal representation: " << BinaryStringToDecimal(binaryString) << endl;

    return 0;

}

```

Generating Subsequences of a String

```
#include <iostream>

#include <vector>

#include <string>

#include <cmath>

using namespace std;

vector<string> GenerateSubsequences(string str) {

    vector<string> subsequences;

    int n = str.size();

    int total = pow(2, n);

    for (int i = 1; i < total; ++i) {

        string subsequence = "";

        for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {

            if (i & (1 << j)) {

                subsequence += str[j];

            }

        }

        subsequences.push_back(subsequence);

    }

    return subsequences;

}

int main() {

    cout << "Subsequence Generator\n";

    string str;
```

```

cout << "Input string -> ";

cin >> str;


auto subsequences = GenerateSubsequences(str);

for (const auto& sub : subsequences) {

    cout << sub << endl;

}

return 0;

}

```

Checking if a String is a Subsequence of Another

```

#include <iostream>

#include <string>

using namespace std;


bool IsSubSequence(string str1, string str2, int x, int y) {

    if (x == 0) return true;

    if (y == 0) return false;

    if (str1[x - 1] == str2[y - 1]) {

        return IsSubSequence(str1, str2, x - 1, y - 1);

    }

    return IsSubSequence(str1, str2, x, y - 1);

}


int main() {

```

```

cout << "Subsequence Checker\n";

string string1, string2;

cout << "Input 1st string -> ";

getline(cin, string1);

cout << "Input 2nd string -> ";

getline(cin, string2);

if (IsSubSequence(string1, string2, string1.size(), string2.size())) {

    cout << "The first string is a subsequence of the second.\n";

} else {

    cout << "The first string is NOT a subsequence of the second.\n";

}

return 0;

}

```

Pattern Searching in a String

```

#include <iostream>

#include <vector>

#include <string>

using namespace std;

vector<int> SearchPattern(string text, string pattern) {

    vector<int> indices;

    int n = text.size(), m = pattern.size();

```



```

if (m <= n) {

    for (int i = 0; i <= n - m; ++i) {

        int j;

        for (j = 0; j < m; ++j) {

            if (text[i + j] != pattern[j]) break;

        }

        if (j == m) indices.push_back(i);

    }

}

return indices;

}

```

```

int main() {

    cout << "Pattern Searching\n";

    string text, pattern;

    cout << "Input text -> ";

    getline(cin, text);

    cout << "Input pattern -> ";

    getline(cin, pattern);

    auto indices = SearchPattern(text, pattern);

    if (!indices.empty()) {

        cout << "Pattern found at indices: ";

        for (auto idx : indices) {

            cout << idx << " ";

        }

    }

}

```

```
        cout << endl;

    } else {

        cout << "Pattern not found.\n";

    }

    return 0;

}
```