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CPTS 350

Homework 6

1. Design an algorithm that finds such a γ for any given α and β . Also, analyze its complexity.

Table definition.

Let $DP[i][j][k]$ be the length of the longest subsequence of strings $\alpha[1..i]$ and $\beta[1..j]$, k can represent an additional state k

Base case:

For $i=0$ or $j=0$

$DP[i][j][k] = 0$ for all k

Recurrence relation

For $i > 0$ and $j > 0$

if $\alpha[i] == \beta[j]$:

if $\alpha[i] != 'b'$ or $k != 1$:

$DP[i][j][0] = DP[i-1][j-1][0] + 1$

$DP[i][j][1] = DP[i-1][j-1][1] + 1$ (if $\alpha[i] == 'b'$ and $\alpha[i-1] == 'a'$)

else

$DP[i][j][0] = \max(DP[i-1][j-1][0], DP[i-1][j-1][1])$

else

$DP[i][j][0] = \max(DP[i-1][j][0], DP[i][j-1][0])$

$DP[i][j][1] = \max(DP[i-1][j][1], DP[i][j-1][1])$, if

Starting from $DP[n][m][k]$, 'abb' pattern is $\alpha[i]$ or $\beta[j] != 'b'$

never completed

* The Table has dimensions $n \times m \times 2$ which is for each entry $DP[i][j][k]$ since a constant # of operations is performed the time complexity is $O(nm)$.

	0	1	2	...	m
0	0	0	0	...	0
1	0				
2	0				
...					
n	0				

2. Design an algorithm that compute the number

$$D \text{ with } D = \max_{\alpha \in L_1, \beta \in L_2} d(\alpha, \beta)$$

- Here a high level way of explaining how to conceptualize an algorithm.

pseudocode could be

$N1 \leftarrow \text{ConstructNFA}(L1)$

$N2 \leftarrow \text{ConstructNFA}(L2)$

$P \leftarrow \text{ConstructProductAutomaton}(N1, N2)$

if has cycle(P)

return "D is infinite"

$D \leftarrow 0$

for each state pair (S1, S2) in P:

if ISAccepting(S1, N1) and ISAccepting(S2, N2):

length \leftarrow Find Longest Path to (P(S1, S2))

$D \leftarrow \max(D, \text{length})$

return D.

constructing an NFA from a regular expression

has a complexity of $O(r)$ for a regular

expression of size 'r'. The automaton P can be $O(nm)$

where n and m are values N1 and N2,

The has cycle check is $O(V+E)$ for # of vertices

V and edges E. Lastly computing the longest path

can be $O(V+E)$ also.

3. Is there any locality sensitive hashing scheme for strings?

Both min-Hashing and Sim Hash can be considered locality-sensitive hashing schemes because they tend to ensure that similar items hash to the same bucket more often than dissimilar items. Overall, yes there are locality-sensitive hashing LSH scheme for strings.