#### 1. What exactly is []?

It's an empty list.

2. In a list of values stored in a variable called spam, how would you assign the value 'hello' as the third value? (Assume [2, 4, 6, 8, 10] are in spam.)

Let's pretend the spam includes the list ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd'] for the next three queries.

spam[2] = 'hello'

3. What is the value of spam[int(int('3' \* 2) / 11)]?

It's 'd'

4. What is the value of spam[-1]?

It's the last element of the list, 'd' again.

5. What is the value of spam[:2]?

['a','b'].

Let's pretend bacon has the list [3.14, 'cat,' 11, 'cat,' True] for the next three questions.

- 6. What is the value of bacon.index('cat')?
- 1. (I guess there's a typo in the request).
- 7. How does bacon.append(99) change the look of the list value in bacon?

[3.14, 'cat,' 11, 'cat,' True,99]

8. How does bacon.remove('cat') change the look of the list in bacon?

[3.14, 11, 'cat,' True,99]

- 9. What are the list concatenation and list replication operators?
- + is used to concatenate two lists.
- \* n replicates a certain list n times.
- 10. What is difference between the list methods append() and insert()?

Append allows us to add an element to the tail of a list.

Insert allows us to add an element to a certain position passed as a parameter.

11. What are the two methods for removing items from a list?

Remove and pop.

The first one removes the element passed as a parameter, the second removes the last element of the list. They play a similar role of insert and append.

### 12. Describe how list values and string values are identical.

They are both iterable objects.

## 13. What's the difference between tuples and lists?

Tuples are immutable, lists are mutable.

## 14. How do you type a tuple value that only contains the integer 42?

t = (14,)

## 15. How do you get a list value's tuple form? How do you get a tuple value's list form?

The question is not very clear to me.

I can get a value out of a tuple the same way as a list: t[index]

# 16. Variables that "contain" list values are not necessarily lists themselves. Instead, what do they contain?

Objects that contain nested list can be either Lists or Dictionaries. Dictionary contains key-values pairs.

### 17. How do you distinguish between copy.copy() and copy.deepcopy()?

A shallow copy creates a copy of the object but references each element of the object.

A deep copy creates a copy of the object and the elements of the object.