FIN3210 Week 2 Assignment Report Ma Kexuan 120090651

Abstract

This report provides a descriptive summary statistic for the dataset given, and construct several regressions to discover how borrower characteristics affect the outcome of default likelihood, the number of bids. Furthermore, we discover the relation between the platform default likelihood and platform characteristics.

Data Preprocessing

The preprocessing procedures and some interpretations of the code are described in each code blocks in the appendix, please check.

Questions

1) Present two tables for the summary statistics of the key variables in Renrendai loans.xlsx and p2p lending platforms.xlsx

In the table of Renrendai loans.xlsx, I choose 'BIDS', 'DEFAULT', 'AMOUNT', 'INTEREST', 'MONTHS', 'CREDIT', 'HOUSE', 'CAR', 'HOUSE_L', 'CAR_L', 'EDUCATION', 'WORKTIME', 'INCOME', 'AGE' as the key variables, the summary statistics is described as the left chart below. It's worth noting that the mean value of default is 0.15, meaning that about 85% percent of people have been rejected from loaning the money. In the table of p2p lending platforms.xlsx, I choose 'OnlineTime_YMD', 'Bankrupt_WDZJ', 'Collapse','Benign', 'Fraud', 'RegCapital', 'Capitaldeposit', 'Obtaininvest', 'Joinasso', 'Autobid', 'Transright','Riskdeposit','Thirdguarantee' as the key variables, the summary statistics is described as the right chart below. The Collapse variable has a mean of 78%, meaning that 78% percent of the platforms have already collapsed, indicating a high risk of default.

	count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%	max									
BIDS	10000.0	24.150600	41.342608	1.0	9.0	15.0	24.0	592.0									
DEFAULT	10000.0	0.151300	0.358359	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0		count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%	max
AMOUNT	10000.0	24545.835000	38280.756524	3000.0	8000.0	14400.0	26000.0	500000.0	Collapse	1000.0	0.782000	0.413094	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
INTEREST	10000.0	12.621900	2.273689	5.0	11.0	12.0	13.0	24.4	Benign	782.0	0.098465	0.298134	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
MONTHS	10000.0	12.237300	8.091090	3.0	6.0	12.0	12.0	36.0	Fraud	782.0	0.246803	0.431427	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
CREDIT	10000.0	2.146300	1.530990	1.0	1.0	2.0	3.0	7.0	RegCapital	1000.0	596.064330	2328.221711	2.0	100.0	300.0	500.0	50000.0
HOUSE	10000.0	0.564500	0.495847	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	Capitaldeposit		0.191000	0.393286		0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
CAR	10000.0	0.391700	0.488155	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0									
HOUSE_L	10000.0	0.228400	0.419823	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Obtaininvest	968.0	0.026860	0.161756	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
CAR_L	10000.0	0.082200	0.274683	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	Joinasso	968.0	0.054752	0.227613	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
EDUCATION	9996.0	2.165966	0.818108	1.0	2.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	Autobid	1000.0	0.244000	0.429708	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
WORKTIME	9994.0	2.838003	0.992755	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	Transright	1000.0	0.177000	0.381860	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
INCOME	9998.0	4.309162	1.335842	1.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	7.0	Riskdeposit	968.0	0.021694	0.145758	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0
AGE	10000.0	34.755500	6.682708	24.0	30.0	33.0	38.0	53.0	Thirdguarantee	968.0	0.034091	0.181557	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0

2) Perform a logit regression and examine the relation between the default likelihood and borrower characteristics such as credit, house, car, education, work time, etc.

In this Logit regression, I use 'CREDIT', 'HOUSE', 'CAR', 'HOUSE_L', 'CAR_L', 'EDUCATION', 'WORKTIME', 'INCOME', 'AGE' as the independent variables, the result at the left below shows that all the variables chosen except for CAR_L and WORKTIME have 99% significance level. Among the significant coefficients, CREDIT, CAR, HOUSE L and

EDUCATION are negatively correlated with the dependent variable default. This can show that the platform has an accurate credit rating for users, and the higher the credit, the lower the default risk. Users with cars are likely to have good living conditions and a low probability of default, just as those with mortgages are. Higher education may mean higher quality and lower probability of default. However, for the positive ones, the larger the AGE, the more likelihood to default, since they may not earn enough money. But for the INCOME, it's quite weird to get the result, to explain it, maybe we should do more research to figure out the logic underneath.

							Dep. Vari			BIDS		quared:	0.173
Dep. Varia	ble	DEE	AULT N	o Ohea	rvations:	9990	M	odel:		OLS	Adj. R-s	quared:	0.172
		DEI					Met	thod:	Least So	uares	F-s	tatistic:	232.1
Mo	del:		Logit	Df R	esiduals:	9980	1	Date: Th	u, 28 Sep	2023 Pi	ob (F-st	tatistic):	0.00
Meti	nod:		MLE		of Model:	9	1	Time:	00:	01:17	Log-Like	elihood:	-50383.
D	ate: Thu	u, 28 Sep	2023	Pseud	o R-squ.:	0.2236	No. Observat			9990		AIC:	1.008e+05
T	ime:	00:	01:17	Log Lik	kelihood:	-3298.0	Df Resid			9980		BIC:	1.009e+05
		00.1		Log-Lir			Df M			9			
conver	ged:		True		LL-Null:	-4247.9	Covariance 1	Гуре:	noni	robust			
Covariance T	ype:	nonr	obust	LLR	p-value:	0.000		coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
						0.0753	const	-50.8110	2.479	-20.497	0.000	-55.670	-45.952
	coef	std err	Z	P> z	[0.025	0.975]	CREDIT	1.8652	0.257	7.248	0.000	1.361	2.370
const	0.5155	0.212	2.427	0.015	0.099	0.932	HOUSE	1.6099	0.926	1.738	0.082	-0.206	3.426
CREDIT	-1.8927	0.082	-23.044	0.000	-2.054	-1.732	CAR	4.2582	0.918	4.637	0.000	2.458	6.059
HOUSE	0.1438	0.073	1.968	0.049	0.001	0.287	HOUSE_L	-7.1289	1.030	-6.924	0.000	-9.147	-5.111
		0.000	F 700	0.000	0.646	0.204	CAR_L	-7.1951	1.482	-4.854	0.000	-10.101	-4.290
CAR	-0.4586	0.080	-5.708	0.000	-0.616	-0.301	EDUCATION	-2.0042	0.475	-4.218	0.000	-2.936	-1.073
HOUSE_L	-0.3307	0.091	-3.633	0.000	-0.509	-0.152	WORKTIME	2.4355	0.426	5.721	0.000	1.601	3.270
CAR_L	0.1620	0.134	1.207	0.228	-0.101	0.425	INCOME	9.2260	0.308	29.918	0.000	8.622	9.831
EDUCATION	-0.4156	0.040	-10.426	0.000	-0.494	-0.337	AGE	0.8126	0.066	12.235	0.000	0.682	0.943
WORKTIME	0.0090	0.034	0.264	0.792	-0.058	0.076	Omnib	us: 1160	2.380	Durbin-W	latson:	1	1.743
INCOME	0.1160	0.025	4.592	0.000	0.066	0.165	Prob(Omnibu	s):	0.000 J	arque-Ber	a (JB):	1282780	1.294
					71777		Ske	ew:	6.139	Pro	b(JB):		0.00
AGE	0.0254	0.005	4.936	0.000	0.015	0.036	Kurtos	is: 5	7.139	Cor	nd. No.		239.

3) Perform an ols regression and examine the relation between the number of bids and borrower characteristics such as credit, house, car, education, work time, etc.

The OLS result is shown on the right above. By observing the p-value of all the independent variables, we find that they are all 99% significant except for HOUSE. For HOUSE_L and CAR_L, since there's a loan on them, there may not be many investors to give money to them. For CREDIT, HOUSE, CAR, WORKTIME, INCOME, AGE, these characteristics describe the social status for certain person, thus if they're larger, it implies that there should be larger probability for them to give the money back, hence more BIDS for them. Nevertheless, the negative relation between BIDS and EDUCATION is quite elaborate. We may need further research to figure out the abnormal phenomenon.

			model	lifelines	.CoxPHFitter						
		durat	ion col		'deltatime'						
		ev	ent col		'Collapse'						
	bas	eline esti	mation		breslow		Concordance			0.62	
nu	mber	of observ	ations		774		Dantiel AIC		00		
numb	er of e	vents ob	served		774		Partial AIC		80	58.98	
	partial log-likelihood				-4321.49	log-likelih	ood ratio test	114.	14 0	n 8 df	
	time fit was run			2023-09-27 1	16:25:06 LITC	log2(p)					
		unie ni w	ras ruii	2023-03-21	10.25.00 UTC	-log2(p) (of II-ratio test			67.34	
	coef	exp(coef)					exp(coef) upper 95%	cmp to	z		-log2(p)
RegCapital	coef							cmp to			
RegCapital Joinasso	coef	exp(coef)	se(coef)	coef lower 95%	coef upper 95%	exp(coef) lower 95%	exp(coef) upper 95%	1000	z 0.03	р	-log2(p) 0.03 6.81
	coef 0.00 -0.59	exp(coef)	se(coef)	coef lower 95%	coef upper 95%	exp(coef) lower 95%	exp(coef) upper 95% 1.00	0.00	z 0.03	p 0.98	0.03
Joinasso	0.00 -0.59 -0.24	exp(coef) 1.00 0.56	se(coef) 0.00 0.22	coef lower 95% -0.00 -1.03	coef upper 95% 0.00 -0.15	exp(coef) lower 95% 1.00 0.36	exp(coef) upper 95% 1.00 0.86	0.00	0.03 -2.62	p 0.98 0.01	0.03 6.81
Joinasso Autobid	0.00 -0.59 -0.24 -0.71	exp(coef) 1.00 0.56 0.79	se(coef) 0.00 0.22 0.09	coef lower 95% -0.00 -1.03 -0.41	coef upper 95% 0.00 -0.15 -0.06	exp(coef) lower 95% 1.00 0.36 0.66	exp(coef) upper 95% 1.00 0.86 0.94	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.03 -2.62 -2.61	p 0.98 0.01 0.01	0.03 6.81 6.80
Joinasso Autobid Capitaldeposit	0.00 -0.59 -0.24 -0.71 -0.35	exp(coef) 1.00 0.56 0.79 0.49	se(coef) 0.00 0.22 0.09 0.14	coef lower 95% -0.00 -1.03 -0.41 -0.99	coef upper 95% 0.00 -0.15 -0.06 -0.44	exp(coef) lower 95% 1.00 0.36 0.66 0.37	exp(coef) upper 95% 1.00 0.86 0.94 0.65	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	2 0.03 -2.62 -2.61 -5.05	p 0.98 0.01 0.01 <0.005	0.03 6.81 6.80 21.07
Joinasso Autobid Capitaldeposit Obtaininvest	0.00 -0.59 -0.24 -0.71 -0.35 -0.37	exp(coef) 1.00 0.56 0.79 0.49 0.71	se(coef) 0.00 0.22 0.09 0.14 0.27	coef lower 95% -0.00 -1.03 -0.41 -0.99 -0.88	coef upper 95% 0.00 -0.15 -0.06 -0.44 0.19	exp(coef) lower 95% 1.00 0.36 0.66 0.37 0.42	exp(coef) upper 95% 1.00 0.86 0.94 0.65 1.21	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	2 0.03 -2.62 -2.61 -5.05 -1.27	p 0.98 0.01 0.01 <0.005 0.20	0.03 6.81 6.80 21.07 2.29

4) Perform the Cox model (Proportional hazards model) and examine the relation between the platform default (survival) likelihood and platform characteristics such as RegCapital, Joinasso, etc.

RegCapital has slight effect on the likelihood of collapse, the rest of the variables except Riskdeposit and Thirdguarantee have negative relationship with the likelihood of collapse, and the exp(coef) are all smaller than 0.8, indicating that there's a significant impact. For Riskdeposit and Thirdguarantee, they have little impact on the likelihood. The concordance value is 0.62, indicating the model's ability to distinguish between different survival times. The p-value for the log-likelihood ratio test is very close to zero, reflecting the strong statistical significance of the model.

Below is the appendix for the code: