

~~MARCO ZE MAPE~~

(1)

In Mini-ML-joint-HMC-maxLike
code joint-nonlinear-optimisation
-weighted.mlx

Starts from $N=10$ initial points
and for each does 1000 randomisations
of experimental PCs

Does plat-matrix with optimisation
results

save param-freq-mat-weighted-joint-mat
-contains param-freq-mat-weighted
(the entire ~~matrix~~ matrix with parameters
sampled)

save param-frequentonist-optimisation
-weight-joint.mlx

param-freq-median-weight

param-freq-std-weight gamma gamma gamma
up to 1000

Joint optimisation (low + high p_+) (2)
load by data:

Code: Freq-optimisation-joint-single-point.mat
Start from param-freq-unionist-optimised
weight-joint.mat

contains: param-freq-median-weight
param-freq-std-weight

→ use this as initial point
for gradient descent

Do 10000 PC-1 to PC-3 perturbations
within errors

Do corresponding fitting and plot matrix
save param-freq-weight-joint-sampled-param-
save param-joint-sampled-moments, mat

contains: param-joint-sampled-median
param-joint-sampled-std

In the end check agreement of
the predictions with the optimised
parameters by comparing just PCs

③ comparing-sampled-dist-beta.mlx

start from param-freq-mat-joint-sampled



fit Beta distribution parameters



save prior-beta-parameters.mat



also displays fits of beta distribution
~~to~~ frequentist sampled parameters

④ HMC-optimization-lowPT-MaxLike

Takes initial point from
param-joint-sampled-moments.mat
input for comparison with frequentist;
prior-beta-parameters.mat

Sample initial points ~~from~~ for 8 chains
from Beta distribution, for mean
centered at MAPS and with $\alpha=15$

produced concatenated Samples-MaxLike.mat
In the end compares the sampled distribution
with Beta distributions fitted to frequentist
inference.

reconstruct_joint_data.mlx

(1)

starts from HMC sampling on
load concatenatedSamples_MachRe.mat

First reproduces experimental
and predicted PCs together with errors.
Errors include variations in the
sampled parameters.

First do high P_T data

i) check actual and reconstructed
simulation predictions

ii) comparison between actual
experiments, model predictions
(corresponding to median of sampled
parameters)

iii) comparison between experimental
data, predictions corresponding
to range of sampled parameters
and predictions corresponding to the
initial (prior) range of parameters.
Then the same for low P_T data