Dictionaries

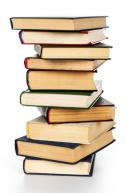
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Dictionary Basics

- Generic mapping from keys to values
- Create:
 - let capitals = new Dictionary<string,string>()
- Add values:
 - capitals.Add("United Kingdom","London")
 - □ capitals.Add("France", "Paris")
- Access values:
 - printfn "The capital of France is %s" capitals.["France"]



Adding by Assignment

- Assigning using <- to the indexed value...
 - □ capitals.["Spain"] <- "Madrid"</pre>
- Adds if the value doesn't pre-exist
- Or updates if the value does pre-exist

Key	Value
United Kingdom	London
France	Paris

Key	Value
United Kingdom	London
France	Paris
Spain	Madrid

Dictionary Methods

- Count how many key-value pairs?
- Keys sequence of keys
- Values sequence of values
- ContainsKey/ContainsValue does the key or value exist?
- ContainsValue is O(n)
- ContainsKey approaches O(1)



Immutable Style

- Create and populate in one
- Never in an invalid state
- Use 'dict'

```
□ let dictionary = dict myValues
```

- □ let dictionary = myValues |> dict
- Input must consist of tuples

```
let capitals =
    [
        "United Kingdom", "London"
        "United States of America", "Washington D.C."
        "France", "Paris"
        ] |> dict
```

Immutability by Exception!

- IDictionary returned by 'dict' has Add,
 Clear methods etc...
- ...but they raise a NotSupportedException
- ...at runtime!
- Consider using Map



In-depth Demos

- Mutable style
- Immutable style

79.4	80	
72.3	74.4	
74.5	77.3	
79.5	80.1	
71.8	73.4	
69.3	71	
71.2	74.3	
79.4	80.2	
77.1	79.7	
73.2	76.9	V /
79.3	80.1	V
	72.3 74.5 79.5 71.8 69.3 71.2 79.4 77.1 73.2	72.3 74.4 74.5 77.3 79.5 80.1 71.8 73.4 69.3 71 71.2 74.3 79.4 80.2 77.1 79.7 73.2 76.9

In-depth Demo – Immutable Dictionary

- Store MD5 hashes of files in directory
- Is another file already there? (by MD5 hash)



Dictionary and Concurrency

System.Collections.Generic.KeyNotFoundException: The given key was not present in the dictionary at System.Collections.Generic.Dictionary`2.get_Item(TKey key)

- Put locks round every mutation, or...
- ...ConcurrentDictionary to the rescue!

Concurrent Dictionary. Add Or Update

As Dictionary, access via .[index]

```
open System.Collections.Concurrent
let capitals = ConcurrentDictionary<string, string>()
capitals.["Italy"] <- "Rome"
let x = capitals.["Italy"]</pre>
```

- AddOrUpdate(key, value, updateDelegate)
 - If key isn't in dictionary, add it using value
 - If key is in dictionary, call updateDelegate to get a value for update



ConcurrentDictionary Limitation

- All methods are atomic and thread safe
- But are your delegates?
 - AddOrUpdate()
 - GetOrAdd()



Summary

- A generic .NET class, maps keys to values
- Use in mutable style
 - new Dictionary<keytype, valuetype>()
 - dictionary.Add(key, value)
 - □ dictionary.[key] <- value
 - let x = dictionary.[key]
- Use in immutable style
 - □ collection |> dict
 - dictionary.[key]
- Multi-threaded updates?
 - Consider ConcurrentDictionary

