

Practical Final Revision

① DHCP:

* on The Routers assign The IP Then Sub-Mask:

* No Sh: `no`

`Conf t`

`int <interface>`

`ip Addr <ip> <sub>`

`no sh`

* enable `rip:`

`Conf t`

`Router rip`

`Version 2`

`network <ip>`

`network <ip>`

* DHCP on The Router We Make ip Pool For every network:

`Config t`

`ip dhcp excluded-address <ip> <ip> # if I'll exclude some`

`ip dhcp pool <name>`

`network <ip> <sub>`

`default-router <default gateway>`

`Dns-server <Dns>`

`domain-name <name>`

Do this for every pool

Date: / /

التاريخ: / /

Subject: الموضوع: الرمز:

* on the Router Connected To The network:
Config

ip helper-address < ip of the router got dhcp >

* enable DHCP on each device.

③ - inter-VLans:

- * We have 3 or whatever VLANs on the Switch
- * We got Router Connected to the Switch.
- * We create native Vlan on the Switch and enable The Trunk Mode & assign it as native:

Conf + *#on the Switch*

Vlan 99

name <native-Vlan>

<kit>, interface <switch to router interface>

Switch Port Mode trunk

Switch Port trunk native Vlan 99

Switch Port ~~allow~~ allowed Vlan 10, 20, 30

- * We create Sub-interface for each Vlan:

interface <router to switch interface>

#on the Router

interface 90/10.10

we created the first Sub-interface

encapsulation dot1Q 10

ip address 192.168.10.1 255.255.255.0

no sh

repeat for each Sub-interface

- * on each device assign the default gateway as it in its Vlan.

Date : / /

التاريخ : / /

Subject : موضوع الدرس :

4- OSPF: (Open-Shortest Path First)

OSPF V2 \rightarrow IPv4

OSPF V3 \rightarrow IPv6

* We need to Configure the Routers First and assign
IPs and Make them up (no sh)

DR \rightarrow Designated Router.

BDR \rightarrow Backup Designated Router.

Number of Adjacencies = $n(n-1)/2$

Number of Routers = 5

Number of Adjacencies = $5(5-1)/2 = 10$

Date: / /

التاريخ: / /

Subject: موضوع التمرين:

→ OSPF Configurations:

* We have 3 areas Area 0, Area 1, ABR (Area Border Router)
ABR: Area in between to make Area 0 recognize Area 1

* on the first Router:

Repeat for each router and change the area.

en, Config t

Router OSPF <PID> ^{wildcard}

network <network ip> 0.0.0.255 area 0

2nd net ← network <" " " " " " " "

Passive-interface <int>

on the Main Router Don't do this step:

passive-interface <int>

* on the Main Router to assign it's priority higher:

Config t

int G0/0

ip ospf priority 100

clear ip ospf process

[5] Port-Security:

* Secure unused ports by closing them:

```

Config
int range Fa13-24
  Shut down

```

* Mitigate MAC-Address table Attacks:

```

Config +
interface <int>
  Switch Port Mode <Access or trunk>
  Switch Port Port-Security
end

```

* Limit and Learn MAC Addresses:

Assign specific MAC:-

```

int <int>
  Switch Port Port-Security Mac-address <MAC>

```

Switch Port Port-Security Mac-Address Sticky

* Saving the current Conf will commit the dynamically learned MAC Address to NVRAM

Switch Port Port-Security Mac-Address MAX <num>

* Limit To specific Mac-Addresses number

* Aging :

```
int fa0/1
```

```
SwitchPort Port-Security Aging time 10
```

```
SwitchPort Port-Security Aging time inactivity
```

* Violation Modes:

```
SwitchPort Port-Security Violation {restrict | protect
```

* Mitigate Vlan Hopping:

* For The unused interfaces:

```
int range <range>
```

```
SwitchPort Mode Access
```

```
exit
```

```
int range <range> unused
```

```
SwitchPort Mode access
```

```
Switch Port access Vlan 1000
```

```
exit
```

```
int range <range> to close DTP
```

```
SwitchPort Mode trunk
```

```
SwitchPort nonegotiate
```

```
Switch trunk native Vlan 999
```

```
end
```


Date: / /

Page: / /

Subject:

* Mitigate DHCP Attacks:

DHCP Snooping:

Config + , IP dhcp Snooping

interface <int>

ip dhcp Snooping trust

exit

interface range <range>

ip dhcp Snooping limit rate 6

exit

ip dhcp Snooping Vlan 5, 10, 50-52

end